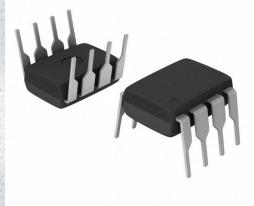


MAX692ACPA+ Datasheet

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DiGi Electronics Part Number	MAX692ACPA+-DG
Manufacturer	Analog Devices Inc./Maxim Integrated
Manufacturer Product Number	MAX692ACPA+
Description	IC SUPERVISOR 1 CHANNEL 8DIP
Detailed Description	Supervisor Push-Pull, Totem Pole 1 Channel 8-

-PDIP

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Purchase and inquiry

Manufacturer Product Number:	Manufacturer:				
MAX692ACPA+	Analog Devices Inc./Maxim Integrated				
Series:	Product Status:				
	Active				
DiGi-Electronics Programmable:	Туре:				
Not Verified	Battery Backup Circuit				
Number of Voltages Monitored:	Voltage - Threshold:				
1	4.4V				
Output:	Reset:				
Push-Pull, Totem Pole	Active Low				
Reset Timeout:	Operating Temperature:				
140ms Minimum	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)				
Mounting Type:	Package / Case:				
Through Hole	8-DIP (0.300", 7.62mm)				
Supplier Device Package:	Base Product Number:				
8-PDIP	MAX692				

Environmental & Export classification

RoHS Status:	Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL):
ROHS3 Compliant	1 (Unlimited)
REACH Status:	ECCN:
REACH Unaffected	EAR99
HTSUS:	
8542.39.0001	

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

General Description

The MAX690A/MAX692A/MAX802L/MAX802M/MAX805L reduce the complexity and number of components required for power-supply monitoring and battery-control functions in microprocessor (μ P) systems. They significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

These parts provide four functions:

- 1) A reset output during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.
- 2) Battery-backup switching for CMOS RAM, CMOS μ P, or other low-power logic.
- 3) A reset pulse if the optional watchdog timer has not been toggled within 1.6s.
- A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning or low-battery detection, or to monitor a power supply other than +5V.

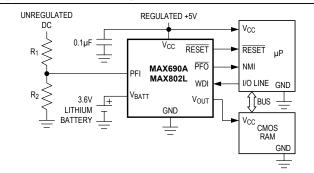
The parts differ in their reset-voltage threshold levels and reset outputs. The MAX690A/MAX802L/MAX805L generate a reset pulse when the supply voltage drops below 4.65V, and the MAX692A/MAX802M generate a reset below 4.40V. The MAX802L/MAX802M guarantee power-fail accuracies to $\pm 2\%$. The MAX805L is the same as the MAX690A except that RESET is provided instead of RESET.

All parts are available in 8-pin DIP and SO packages. The MAX690A/MAX802L are pin compatible with the MAX690 and MAX694. The MAX692A/MAX802M are pin compatible with the MAX692.

Applications

- Battery-Powered Computers and Controllers
- Intelligent Instruments
- Critical µP Power Monitoring

Typical Operating Circuit



Features

- Precision Supply Voltage Monitor: 4.65V for MAX690A/MAX802L/MAX805L 4.40V for MAX692A/MAX802M
- Reset Time Delay: 200ms
- Watchdog Timer: 1.6s Timeout
- Battery-Backup Power Switching
- 200µA Quiescent Supply Current
- 50nA Quiescent Supply Current in Battery-Backup Mode
- Voltage Monitor for Power-Fail or Low-Battery Warning
- Power-Fail Accuracy Guaranteed to ±2% (MAX802L/M)
- Guaranteed RESET Assertion to V_{CC} = 1V
- 8-Pin SO and DIP Packages

Ordering Information

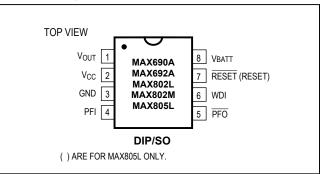
PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX690ACPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX690ACSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX690AC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX690AEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX690AESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX690AMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

*Dice are specified at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$

**Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL STD-883. Devices in PDIP and SO packages are available in both leaded and lead(Pb)-free packaging. Specify lead free by adding the + symbol at the end of the part number when ordering. Lead free not available for CERDIP package.

Pin Configurations





Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GN	ND)	Rate of Rise, V _{CC} , V _{BATT} 100V/µs
V _{CC}		Continuous Power Dissipation
V _{BATT}	0.3V to +6.0V	Plastic DIP (derate 9.09mW/°C above +70°C)727mW
All Other Inputs (Note 1)	0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)	SO (derate 5.88mW/°C above +70°C) 471mW
Input Current		CERDIP (derate 8.00mW/°C above +70°C)640mW
V _{CC}	200mA	Operating Temperature Ranges:
V _{BATT}	50mA	MAX69_AC, MAX80 C0°C to +70°C
GND	20mA	MAX69_AE, MAX80 E40°C to +85°C
Output Current		MAX69_AMJA, MAX805LMJA55°C to +125°C
V _{OUT} Short-Ci	cuit Protected for up to 10s	Storage Temperature Range65°C to +160°C
All Other Outputs	20mA	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) +300°C

Note 1: The input voltage limits on PFI and WDI may be exceeded if the current into these pins is limited to less than 10mA.

or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{CC} = 4.75V to 5.5V for MAX690A/MAX802L/MAX805L, V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V for MAX692A/MAX802M, V_{BATT} = 2.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	ITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
		MAX69_AC, MAX802_C		1.0		5.5	
Operating Voltage Range, V _{CC} , V _{BATT} (Note 2)		MAX805LC	MAX805LC			5.5	V
		MAX69_AE/M, MAX80)E	1.2		5.5	
Supply Current (Evoluting L		MAX69_AC, MAX802_	_C		200	350	
Supply Current (Excluding I _{OUT})	ISUPPLY	MAX69_AE/M, MAX80	02_E, MAX805LE/M		200	500	μA
I _{SUPPLY} in Battery-Backup		V _{CC} = 0V,	T _A = +25°C		0.05	1.0	
Mode (Excluding I _{OUT})		V _{BATT} = 2.8V	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}			5.0	μA
VBATT Standby Current		5.5V > V _{CC} >	T _A = +25°C	-0.1		0.02	
(Note 3)		V _{BATT} +0.2V	$T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}	-1.0		0.02	μA
V Output		I _{OUT} = 5mA I _{OUT} = 50mA		V _{CC} - 0.05	V _{CC} - 0.025		- V
V _{OUT} Output				V _{CC} - 0. 5	V _{CC} - 0. 25		
V _{OUT} in Battery-Backup Mode		I _{OUT} = 250μA, V _{CC} < V _{BATT} - 0.2V		V _{BATT} - 0.1	V _{BATT} - 0.02		V
Battery Switch Threshold, V _{CC}			Power-up		20		
to V _{BATT}		V _{CC} < V _{RT}	Power-down		-20		mV
Battery Switchover Hysteresis					40		mV
Reset Threshold		MAX690A, MAX802L, MAX805L		4.50	4.65	4.75	
	N N	MAX692A, MAX802M		4.25	4.40	4.50	
	V _{RT} MA	MAX802L, T_A = +25°C, V_{CC} falling		4.55		4.70	v
		MAX802M, T _A = +25°C, V _{CC} falling		4.30		4.45	
Reset Threshold Hysteresis					40		mV
Reset Pulse Width	t _{RS}			140	200	280	ms

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

(V_{CC} = 4.75V to 5.5V for MAX690A/MAX802L/MAX805L, V_{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V for MAX692A/MAX802M, V_{BATT} = 2.8V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONI	DITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
		I _{SOURCE} = 800μA						
		I _{SINK} = 3.2mA	I _{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4		
RESET Output Voltage		MAX69_AC, MAX802 I _{SINK} = 50µA	2_C, V _{CC} = 1.0V			0.3	V	
		MAX69_AE/M, MAX8 V _{CC} = 1.2V, I _{SINK} = 1				0.3		
		MAX805LC, I _{SOURCE}	_Ξ = 4μΑ, V _{CC} = 1.1V	0.8				
		MAX805LE/M, I _{SOUR}	_{RCE} = 4µA, V _{CC} = 1.2V	0.9				
RESET Output Voltage		MAX805L, I _{SOURCE} = 800µA		V _{CC} - 1.	.5		V	
		MAX805L, I _{SINK} = 3.2	MAX805L, I _{SINK} = 3.2mA			0.4	1	
Watchdog Timeout	t _{WD}			1.00	1.60	2.25	S	
WDI Pulse Width	t _{WP}	V _{IL} = 0.4V, V _{IH} = (0.8	6) (V _{CC})	50			ns	
WDI Input Threshold (Note 4)		V _{CC} = 5V	Logic low			0.8	- v	
		VCC - 3V	Logic high	3.5				
WDI Input Current		WDI = V _{CC}			50	150		
		WDI = 0V		-150	-50		μA	
DEL Input Throphold		MAX69_A, MAX805L, V _{CC} = 5V		1.20	1.25	1.30	v	
PFI Input Threshold		MAX802_C/E, V _{CC} =	1.225	1.250	1.275			
PFI Input Current				-25	0.01	25	nA	
		I _{SOURCE} = 800µA		V _{CC} - 1.	.5		- V	
PFO Output Voltage		I _{SINK} = 3.2mA				0.4	v	

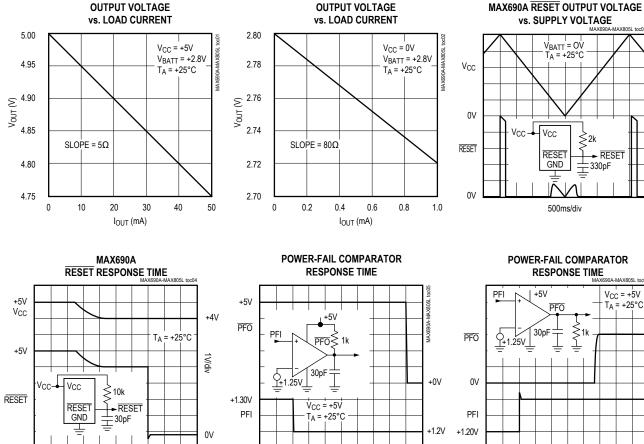
Note 2: Either V_{CC} or V_{BATT} can go to 0V, if the other is greater than 2.0V.

Note 3: "-" = battery-charging current, "+" = battery-discharging current.

Note 4: WDI is guaranteed to be in an intermediate, non-logic level state if WDI is floating and V_{CC} is in the operating voltage range. WDI is internally biased to 35% of V_{CC} with an input impedance of 50k Ω .

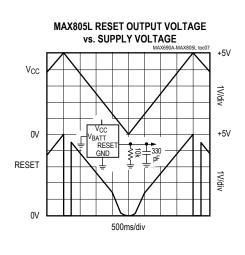
Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

Typical Operating Characteristics

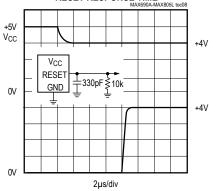


400ns/div

2µs/div



MAX805L RESET RESPONSE TIME



POWER-FAIL COMPARATOR RESPONSE TIME

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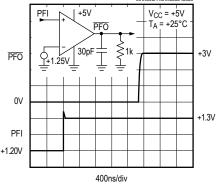
► RESET

+5V

1V/div

+5V

1V/div



Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

Pin Description

PIN					
MAX690A/MAX692A MAX802L/MAX802M	MAX805L	NAME	FUNCTION		
1	1	V _{OUT}	Supply Output for CMOS RAM. When V _{CC} is above the reset threshold, V _{OUT} connects to V _{CC} through a P-channel MOSFET switch. When V _{CC} is below the reset threshold, the higher of V _{CC} or V _{BATT} will be connected to V _{OUT} .		
2	2	V _{CC}	+5V Supply Input		
3	3	GND	Ground		
4	4	PFI	Power-Fail Comparator Input. When PFI is less than 1.25V, \overline{PFO} goes low. Connect PFI to GND or V_{CC} when not used.		
5	5	PFO	Power-Fail Output. When PFI is less than 1.25V, $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ goes low; otherwise $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ stays high.		
6	6	WDI	Watchdog Input. If WDI remains high or low for 1.6sec, the internal watchdog timer runs out and reset is triggered. If WDI is left floating or connected to a high-impedance three-state buffer, the watchdog feature is disabled. The internal watchdog timer clears whenever reset is asserted, WDI is three-stated, or WDI sees a rising or falling edge.		
7	7	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$			
_	_	RESET Active-High Reset Output is the inverse of $\overline{\text{RESET}}$. When RESET asserted, the RESET output voltage = V _{CC} or V _{BATT} , whichever is higher.			
8	8	V _{BATT}	Backup-Battery Input. When V _{CC} falls below the reset threshold, V _{BATT} will be switched to V _{OUT} if V _{BATT} is 20mV greater than V _{CC} . When V _{CC} rises to 20mV above V _{BATT} , V _{OUT} will be reconnected to V _{CC} . The 40mV hysteresis prevents repeated switching if V _{CC} falls slowly.		

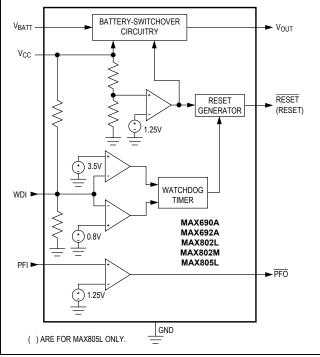


Figure 1. Block Diagram

Detailed Description

Reset Output

A microprocessor's (μ P's) reset input starts the μ P in a known state. When the μ P is in an unknown state, it should be held in reset. The MAX690A/MAX692A/ MAX802L/MAX802M assert reset during power-up and prevent code execution errors during power-down or brownout conditions.

On power-up, once V_{CC} reaches 1V, RESET is guaranteed to be a logic low. As V_{CC} rises, RESET remains low. When V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, an internal timer keeps RESET low for a time equal to the reset pulse width; after this interval, RESET goes high (Figure 2). If a brownout condition occurs (if V_{CC} dips below the reset threshold), RESET is triggered. Each time RESET is triggered, it stays low for the reset pulse width interval. Any time V_{CC} goes below the reset threshold, the internal timer restarts the pulse. If a brownout condition interrupts a previously initiated reset pulse, the reset pulse continues for another 200ms. On powerdown, once V_{CC} goes below the threshold, RESET is guaranteed to be logic low until V_{CC} droops below 1V.

RESET is also triggered by a watchdog timeout. If a high or low is continuously applied to the WDI pin for 1.6sec, RESET pulses low. As long as RESET is asserted, the

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

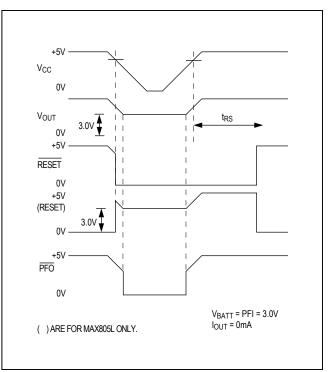


Figure 2. Timing Diagram

watchdog timer remains clear. When $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$ comes high, the watchdog resumes timing and must be serviced within 1.6sec. If WDI is tied high or low, a $\overrightarrow{\text{RESET}}$ pulse is triggered every 1.8s (t_{WD} plus t_{RS}).

The MAX805L active-high $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output is the inverse of the MAX690A/MAX692A/MAX802L/MAX802M $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output, and is guaranteed to be valid with V_{CC} down to 1.1V. Some μPs , such as Intel's 80C51, require an active-high reset pulse.

Watchdog Input

The watchdog circuit monitors the μ P's activity. If the μ P does not toggle the watchdog input (WDI) within 1.6sec, a reset pulse is triggered. The internal 1.6sec timer is cleared by either a reset pulse or by open circuiting the WDI input. As long as reset is asserted or the WDI input is open circuited, the timer remains cleared and does not count. As soon as reset is released or WDI is driven high or low, the timer starts counting. It can detect pulses as short as 50ns.

Power-Fail Comparator

The PFI input is compared to an internal 1.25V reference. If PFI is less than 1.25V, PFO goes low. The powerfail comparator is intended for use as an undervoltage detector to signal a failing power supply; it need not be

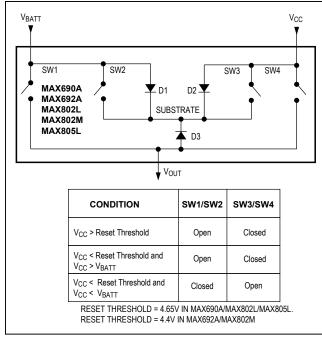


Figure 3. Backup-Battery Switchover Block Diagram

dedicated to this function though, as it is completely separate from the rest of the circuitry. The external voltage divider drives PFI to sense the unregulated DC input to the +5V regulator (see *Typical Operating Circuit*). The voltage-divider ratio can be chosen such that the voltage at PFI falls below 1.25V just before the +5V regulator drops out. \overrightarrow{PFO} then triggers an interrupt which signals the μ P to prepare for power-down.

To conserve backup-battery power, the power-fail detector comparator is turned off and $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ is forced low when V_{BATT} connects to $\text{V}_{\text{OUT}}.$

Backup-Battery Switchover

In the event of a brownout or power failure, it may be necessary to preserve the contents of RAM. With a back-up battery installed at V_{BATT} , the devices automatically switch RAM to backup power when V_{CC} fails.

As long as V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, V_{OUT} connects to V_{CC} through a 5 Ω PMOS power switch. Once VCC falls below the reset threshold, V_{CC} or V_{BATT} (whichever is higher) switches to V_{OUT}. Unlike the MAX690/MAX692, the MAX690A/MAX692A/MAX802L/

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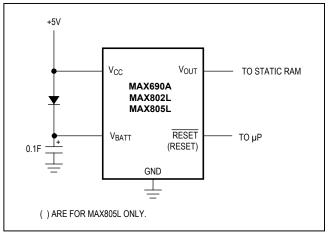


Figure 4. Using a SuperCap as a Backup Power Source with a MAX690A/MAX802L/MAX805L and a +5V $\pm5\%$ Supply

Table 1. Wiper Position and Attenuation

SIGNAL	STATUS
V _{CC}	Disconnected from V _{OUT}
V _{OUT}	Connected to V_{BATT} through an internal 80 Ω PMOS switch
V _{BATT}	Connected to V_{OUT} . Current drawn from the battery is less than 1µA, as long as $V_{CC} < V_{BATT}$ - 1V.
PFI	Power-fail comparator is disabled.
PFO	Logic low
RESET	Logic low
RESET	Logic high (MAX805L only)
WDI	Watchdog timer is disabled

MAX802M/MAX805L don't always connect V_{BATT} to V_{OUT} when V_{BATT} is greater than V_{CC}. V_{BATT} connects to V_{OUT} (through an 80 Ω switch) only when V_{CC} is below the reset threshold **and** V_{BATT} is greater than V_{CC}.

When V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, it is connected to the MAX690A/MAX692A/MAX802L/MAX802M/MAX805L substrate, regardless of the voltage applied to V_{BATT} (Figure 3). During this time, the diode (D1) between V_{BATT} and the substrate will conduct current from V_{BATT} to V_{CC} if V_{BATT} is 0.6V or greater than V_{CC}.

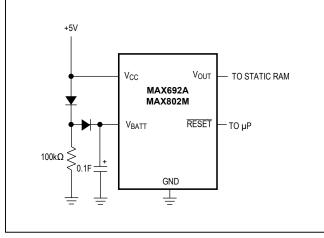


Figure 5. Using a SuperCap as a Backup Power Source with the MAX692A/MAX802M and a +5V \pm 10% Supply

When V_{BATT} connects to V_{OUT}, backup mode is activated and the internal circuitry is powered from the battery (Table 1). When V_{CC} is just below V_{BATT}, the current drawn from V_{BATT} is typically 30µA. When V_{CC} drops to more than 1V below V_{BATT}, the internal switchover comparator shuts off and the supply current falls to less than 1µA.

Applications Information

Using a SuperCap as a Backup Power Source

SuperCaps are capacitors with extremely high capacitance values, on the order of 0.1F. Figure 4 shows a SuperCap used as a backup power source. Do not allow the SuperCap's voltage to exceed the maximum reset threshold by more than 0.6V. In Figure 4's circuit, the SuperCap rapidly charges to within a diode drop of V_{CC}. However, after a long time, the diode leakage current will pull the SuperCap voltage up to V_{CC}. When using a SuperCap with the MAX690A/MAX802L/MAX805L, V_{CC} may not exceed 4.75V + 0.6V = 5.35V.

Use the SuperCap circuit of Figure 5 with a MAX692A or MAX802M and a $\pm 10\%$ supply. This circuit ensures that the SuperCap only charges to V_{CC} - 0.5V. At the maximum V_{CC} of 5.5V, the SuperCap charges up to 5.0V, only 0.5V above the maximum reset threshold—well within the requisite 0.6V.

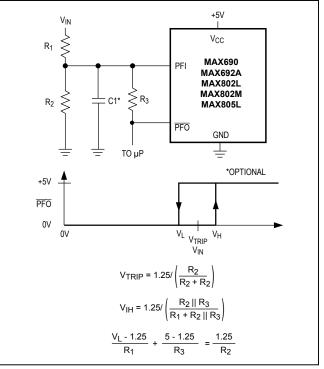


Figure 6. Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

Table 2. Allowable Backup-BatteryVoltages

(see Using a SuperCap as a Backup Power Source section for use with a SuperCap)

PART NO.	MAXIMUM BACKUP-BATTERY VOLTAGE (V)
MAX690A/ MAX802L/MAX805L	4.80
MAX692A/ MAX802M	4.55

Allowable Backup Power-Source Batteries

Lithium batteries work very well as backup batteries due to very low self-discharge rates and high energy density. Single lithium batteries with open-circuit voltages of 3.0V to 3.6V are ideal. Any battery with an open-circuit voltage less than the minimum reset threshold plus 0.3V can be connected directly to the V_{BATT} input of the MAX690A/MAX692A/MAX802L/MAX802M/MAX805L with no additional circuitry (see the *Typical Operating Circuit*). However, batteries with open-circuit voltages that are greater **cannot** be used for backup, as current is sourced into the substrate through the diode (D1 in Figure 3) when V_{CC} is close to the reset threshold.

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

Operation Without a Backup Power Source

If a backup power source is not used, ground V_{BATT} and connect V_{OUT} to V_{CC}. Since there is no need to switch over to any backup power source, V_{OUT} does not need to be switched. A direct connection to V_{CC} eliminates any voltage drops across the switch which may push V_{OUT} below V_{CC}.

Replacing the Backup Battery

The backup battery can be removed while V_{CC} remains valid, without danger of triggering RESET/RESET. As long as V_{CC} stays above the reset threshold, battery-backup mode cannot be entered. In other switchover ICs where battery-backup mode is entered whenever V_{BATT} gets close to V_{CC}, an unconnected V_{BATT} pin accumulates leakage charge and triggers RESET/RESET in error.

Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

Hysteresis adds a noise margin to the power-fail comparator and prevents repeated triggering of PFO when V_{IN} is close to its trip point. Figure 6 shows how to

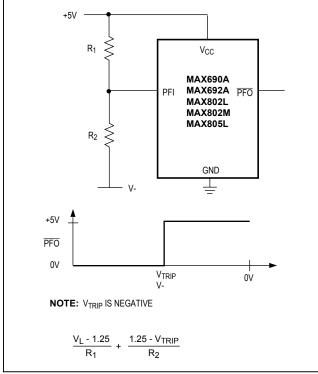


Figure 7. Monitoring a Negative Voltage

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

add hysteresis to the power-fail comparator. Select the ratio of R₁ and R₂ such that PFI sees 1.25V when V_{IN} falls to its trip point (V_{TRIP}). R₃ adds the hysteresis. It will typically be an order of magnitude greater than R₁ or R₂ (about 10 times either R₁ or R₂). The current through R₁ and R₂ should be at least 1µA to ensure that the 25nA (max) PFI input current does not shift the trip point. R₃ should be larger than 10k Ω so it does not load down the \overline{PFO} pin. Capacitor C1 adds additional noise rejection.

Monitoring a Negative Voltage

The power-fail comparator can be used to monitor a negative supply rail using the circuit of Figure 7. When the negative rail is good (a negative voltage of large magnitude), \overrightarrow{PFO} is low. When the negative rail is degraded (a negative voltage of lesser magnitude), \overrightarrow{PFO} goes high. This circuit's accuracy is affected by the PFI threshold tolerance, the V_{CC} line, and the resistors.

Interfacing to μPs with Bidirectional Reset Pins

 μ Ps with bidirectional reset pins, such as the Motorola 68HC11 series, can contend with the MAX690A/MAX692A/ MAX802L/MAX802M RESET output. If, for example, the RESET output is driven high and the μ P wants to pull it low, indeterminate logic levels may result. To correct this, connect a 4.7k Ω resistor between the RESET output and the μ P reset I/O, as in Figure 8. Buffer the RESET output to other system components.

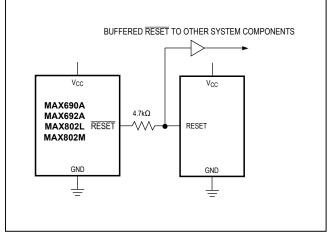


Figure 8. Interfacing to μPs with Bidirectional Reset I/O

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Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

µP Supervisory Circuits

Part Number MAX690A/692A	Nominal Reset Threshold (V) 4.65/4.40	Minimum Reset Pulse Width (ms) 140	Nominal Watchdog Timeout Period (s) 1.6	Backup- Battery Switch √	CE - Write Protect	Power- Fail Comparator ✓	Manual- Reset Input	Watch- dog Output	Low- Line Output	Active- High Reset	Battery- On Output
MAX691A/693A	4.65/4.40	140/adj.	1.6/adj.	~	√/10ns	✓		√	✓	✓	√
MAX696	Adj.	35/adj.	1.6/adj.	~		✓		✓	✓	✓	~
MAX697	Adj.	35/adj.	1.6/adj.		\checkmark	✓		✓	~	✓	-
MAX700	4.65/adj.	200	_				~			✓	
MAX703/704	4.65/4.40	140	_	~		✓	\checkmark				
MAX705/706	4.65/4.40	140	1.6			✓	~	~			
MAX706P	2.63	140	1.6			✓	~	~		✓	
MAX706R/S/T	2.63/2.93/ 3.08	140	1.6			✓	~	~			
MAX707/708	4.65/4.40	140	_			\checkmark	~			✓	
MAX708R/S/T	2.63/2.93/ 3.08	140	_			~	~			~	
MAX709L/M/ R/S/T	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	_								
MAX791	4.65	140	1	~	√/10ns	✓	√	✓	✓	✓	\checkmark
MAX792L/M/ R/S/T	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	1		√/10ns	✓	\checkmark	✓	~	~	
MAX800L/M	4.60/4.40	140	1.6/adj.	~	√/10ns	√/±2%		~	~	✓	~
MAX802L/M	4.60/4.40	140	1.6	~		√/±2%					
MAX805L	4.65	140	1.6	~		✓				✓	
MAX813L	4.65	140	1.6			✓	√	√		✓	
MAX820L/M/ R/S/T	4.65/4.40/ 2.63/2.93/3.08	140	1		√/10ns	√/±2%	\checkmark	\checkmark	√	√	
MAX1232	4.37/4.62	250	0.15/0.60/1.2				√			✓	
MAX1259	-	_	-	~		\checkmark					

Ordering Information (continued)

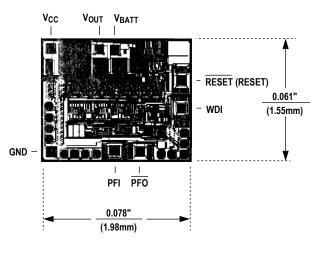
PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX692ACPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX692ACSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX692AC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX692AEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX692AESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX692AMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**
MAX802LCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX802LCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX802LEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX802LESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX802MCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX802MCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX802MEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX802MESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX805LCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX805LCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO
MAX805LC/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX805LEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic DIP
MAX805LESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO
MAX805LMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP**

*Dice are specified at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$

**Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL STD-883. Devices in PDIP and SO packages are available in both leaded and lead(Pb)-free packaging. Specify lead free by adding the + symbol at the end of the part number when ordering. Lead free not available for CERDIP package.

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

Chip Topography



() ARE FOR MAX805L ONLY. TRANSISTOR COUNT: 573; SUBSTRATE MUST BE LEFT UNCONNECTED.

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE e CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
8 PDIP	P8+1	<u>21-0043</u>	—
8 CDIP	J8+2	<u>21-0045</u>	_
8 SOIC	S8+2	21-0041	90-0096

Microprocessor Supervisory Circuits

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
5	4/15	No /V OPNs in Ordering Information; deleted Automotive Systems in Applications Information section; added Package Information and Revision History tables	1, 12, 13

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