

# 74ALVT162821DL,518 Datasheet



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DiGi Electronics Part Number 74ALVT162821DL,518-DG

Manufacturer Nexperia USA Inc.

Manufacturer Product Number 74ALVT162821DL,518

Description IC FF D-TYPE DUAL 10BIT 56SSOP

Detailed Description Flip Flop 2 Element D-Type 10 Bit Positive Edge 56-

BSSOP (0.295", 7.50mm Width)



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# **Purchase and inquiry**

Manufacturer Product Number:	Manufacturer:
74ALVT162821DL,518	Nexperia USA Inc.
Series:	Product Status:
74ALVT	Obsolete
Function:	Type:
Standard	D-Type
Output Type:	Number of Elements:
Tri-State, Non-Inverted	2
Number of Bits per Element:	Clock Frequency:
10	150 MHz
Max Propagation Delay @ V, Max CL:	Trigger Type:
5ns @ 3.3V, 50pF	Positive Edge
Current - Output High, Low:	Voltage - Supply:
8mA, 12mA; 12mA, 12mA	2.3V ~ 2.7V, 3V ~ 3.6V
Input Capacitance:	Operating Temperature:
3 pF	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type:	Supplier Device Package:
Surface Mount	56-SSOP
Package / Case:	Base Product Number:
56-BSSOP (0.295", 7.50mm Width)	74ALVT162821

# **Environmental & Export classification**

8542.39.0001

RoHS Status:	Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL):
ROHS3 Compliant	2 (1 Year)
REACH Status:	ECCN:
REACH Unaffected	EAR99
HTSUS:	

# 74ALVT162821

20-bit bus interface D-type flip-flop; positive-edge trigger with 30  $\Omega$  termination resistors; 3-state

Rev. 6 — 25 June 2024

Product data sheet

### 1. General description

The 74ALVT162821 is a 20-bit positive-edge triggered D-type flip-flop with 30  $\Omega$  termination resistors and 3-state outputs

The device can be used as two 10-bit flip-flops or one 20-bit flip-flop. The device features two clocks (1CP and 2CP) and two output enables ( $1\overline{OE}$  and  $2\overline{OE}$ ), each controlling 10-bits. The flip-flops will store the state of their individual D-inputs that meet the set-up and hold time requirements on the LOW-to-HIGH clock (nCP) transition. A HIGH on  $n\overline{OE}$  causes the outputs to assume a high-impedance OFF-state. Operation of the  $n\overline{OE}$  input does not affect the state of the flip-flops. Bus hold data inputs eliminate the need for external pull-up resistors to define unused inputs

#### 2. Features and benefits

- Wide supply voltage range from 2.3 V to 3.6 V
- Overvoltage tolerant inputs to 5.5 V
- BiCMOS high speed and output drive
- Outputs include series resistance of 30 Ω making external termination resistors unnecessary
- No bus current loading when output is tied to 5 V bus
- · Direct interface with TTL levels
- I<sub>OFF</sub> circuitry provides partial Power-down mode operation
- 20-bit positive-edge triggered register
- 5 V I/O compatible
- Multiple V<sub>CC</sub> and GND pins minimize switching noise
- · Bus hold on data inputs
- Live insertion and extraction permitted
- Power-up reset
- · Power-up 3-state
- Output capability: +12 mA and -12 mA
- Latch-up protection:
  - JESD17: exceeds 500 mA
- · ESD protection:
  - HBM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 class 2 exceeds 2000 V
  - CDM: ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 class C3 exceeds 1000 V
- Specified from -40 °C to 85 °C

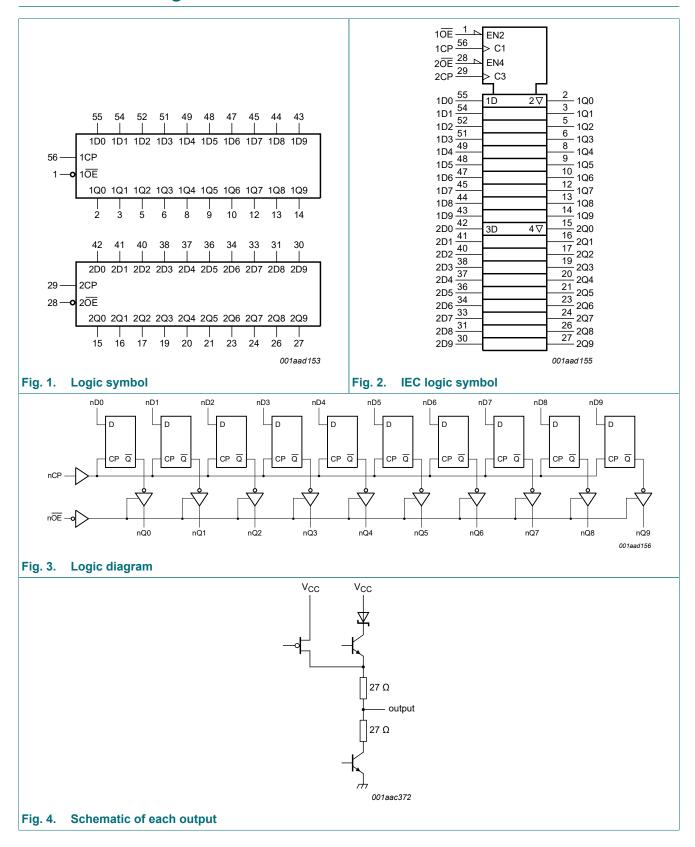
# 3. Ordering information

#### **Table 1. Ordering information**

Туре	number	Package							
		Temperature range	Name	Description	Version				
74AL	VT162821DGG	-40 °C to +85 °C	TSSOP56	plastic thin shrink small outline package; 56 leads; body width 6.1 mm	SOT364-1				

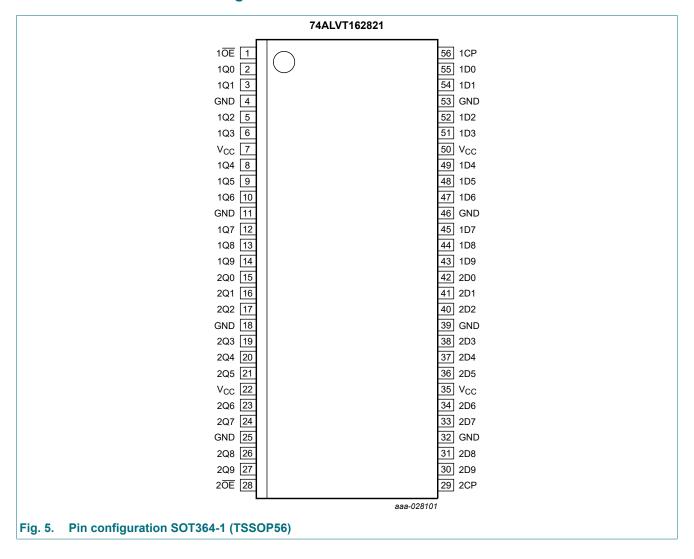


# 4. Functional diagram



# 5. Pinning information

#### 5.1. Pinning



# 5.2. Pin description

Table 2. Pin description

Symbol	Pin	Description
1D0, 1D1, 1D2, 1D3, 1D4, 1D5, 1D6, 1D7, 1D8, 1D9	55, 54, 52, 51, 49, 48, 47, 45, 44, 43	data inputs
1Q0, 1Q1, 1Q2, 1Q3, 1Q4, 1Q5, 1Q6, 1Q7, 1Q8, 1Q9	2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 14	data outputs
2D0, 2D1, 2D2, 2D3, 2D4, 2D5, 2D6, 2D7, 2D8, 2D9	42, 41, 40, 38, 37, 36, 34, 33, 31, 30	data inputs
2Q0, 2Q1, 2Q2, 2Q3, 2Q4, 2Q5, 2Q6, 2Q7, 2Q8, 2Q9	15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 26, 27	data outputs
10E, 20E	1, 28	output enable inputs (active LOW)
1CP, 2CP	56, 29	clock pulse inputs (active rising edge)
GND	4, 11, 18, 25, 32, 39, 46, 53	ground (0 V)
V <sub>CC</sub>	7, 22, 35, 50	supply voltage

# 6. Functional description

#### **Table 3. Function table**

H = HIGH voltage level; h = HIGH voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH clock transition;

L = LOW voltage level; I = LOW voltage level one set-up time prior to the LOW-to-HIGH clock transition;

NC = no change; X = don't care;

 $Z = high-impedance OFF-state; \uparrow = LOW-to-HIGH clock transition.$ 

Operating mode	Input		Internal register	Output	
	nŌĒ	nCP	nDn		nQn
Load and read register	L	1	I	L	L
	L	1	h	Н	Н
Hold	L	NC	X	NC	NC
Disable outputs	Н	NC	X	NC	Z
	Н	1	nDn	nDn	Z

# 7. Limiting values

#### **Table 4. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		-0.5	+4.6	V
VI	input voltage	[1]	-1.2	+7.0	V
Vo	output voltage	output in OFF-state or HIGH-state [1]	-0.5	+7.0	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0 V	-	-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	output clamping current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0 V	-	-50	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	output current	output in LOW-state	-	128	mA
		output in HIGH-state	-	-64	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	storage temperature		-65	+150	°C
Tj	junction temperature	[2]	-	150	°C

<sup>[1]</sup> The input and output negative voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp current ratings are observed.

# 8. Recommended operating conditions

Table 5. Recommended operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	$V_{CC} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V$		$V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	
V <sub>CC</sub>	supply voltage		2.3	2.7	3.0	3.6	V
VI	input voltage		0	5.5	0	5.5	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output current		-	-8	-	-12	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output current	none	-	12	-	12	mA
Δt/ΔV	input transition rise and fall rate	outputs enabled	-	10	-	10	ns/V
T <sub>amb</sub>	ambient temperature	free-air	-40	+85	-40	+85	°C

#### 9. Static characteristics

#### **Table 6. Static characteristics**

At recommended operating conditions;  $T_{amb}$  = -40 °C to +85 °C; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit		
$V_{CC} = 2.9$	$I_{CC} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$							
V <sub>IK</sub>	input clamping voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V; I <sub>IK</sub> = -18 mA	-	-0.85	-1.2	V		
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH-level input voltage		1.7	-	-	V		
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW-level input voltage		-	-	0.7	V		
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 3.6 V; $I_{O}$ = -100 $\mu A$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	V		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V; I}_{O} = -8 \text{ mA}$	1.8	2.1	-	V		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 100 μA	-	0.07	0.2	V		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 24 mA	-	0.3	0.5	V		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V; I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA	-	-	0.4	V		
V <sub>OL(pu)</sub>	power-up LOW-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V; } I_O = 1 \text{ mA; } V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$ [2]	-	-	0.55	V		

<sup>[2]</sup> The performance capability of a high-performance integrated circuit in conjunction with its thermal environment can create junction temperatures which are detrimental to reliability.

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#### 20-bit bus interface D-type flip-flop; positive-edge trigger with 30 $\Omega$ termination resistors; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	all input pins				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V or 2.7 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V	-	0.1	10	μΑ
		control pins				
		$V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V; $V_{I}$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND	-	0.1	±1	μΑ
		data pins; [3]				
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V; } V_{I} = V_{CC}$	-	0.1	1	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V	-	0.1	-5	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} \text{ or } V_{O} = 0 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}$	-	0.1	±100	μΑ
I <sub>BHL</sub>	bus hold LOW current	data inputs; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 0.7 V	-	90	-	μΑ
I <sub>BHH</sub>	bus hold HIGH current	data inputs; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 1.7 V	-	-10	-	μΑ
I <sub>EX</sub>	external current	output in HIGH-state when $V_O > V_{CC}$ ; $V_O = 5.5 \text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$	-	10	125	μΑ
I <sub>O(pu/pd)</sub>	power-up/power-down output current	$V_{CC} \le 1.2 \text{ V}; V_O = 0.5 \text{ V to } V_{CC};$ $V_I = \text{GND or } V_{CC}; \text{ n} \overline{\text{OE}} = \text{don't care}$ [4]	-	1	±100	μA
l <sub>oz</sub>	OFF-state output current	$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}; V_I = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$				
		output HIGH-state; V <sub>O</sub> = 2.3 V	-	0.5	5	μΑ
		output LOW-state; V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V	-	0.5	-5	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V; $V_I$ = GND or $V_{CC}$ ; $I_O$ = 0 A				
		outputs HIGH-state	-	0.04	0.1	mA
		outputs LOW-state	-	2.3	4.5	mA
		outputs disabled [5]		0.04	0.1	mA
Δl <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input pin; $V_{CC}$ = 2.3 V to 2.7 V; [6] one input at $V_{CC}$ - 0.6 V; other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND	-	0.04	0.4	mA
Cı	input capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	3	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>	-	9	-	pF
V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.	3 V ± 0.3 V					
$V_{IK}$	input clamping voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; I <sub>IK</sub> = -18 mA	-	-0.85	-1.2	V
$V_{IH}$	HIGH-level input voltage		2.0	-	-	V
$V_{IL}$	LOW-level input voltage		-	-	8.0	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH-level output voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 3.0 V to 3.6 V; $I_{O}$ = -100 $\mu A$	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	V <sub>CC</sub>	-	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V; I <sub>O</sub> = -32 mA	2.0	2.3	-	V
$V_{OL}$	LOW-level output voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V				
		Ι <sub>Ο</sub> = 100 μΑ	-	0.07	0.2	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 16 mA	-	0.25	0.4	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 32 mA	-	0.3	0.5	V
		I <sub>O</sub> = 64 mA	-	0.4	0.55	V
$V_{OL(pu)}$	power-up LOW-level output voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}; I_O = 1 \text{ mA}; V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or GND}$ [2]	-	-	0.55	V

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#### 20-bit bus interface D-type flip-flop; positive-edge trigger with 30 $\Omega$ termination resistors; 3-state

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
I <sub>I</sub>	input leakage current	all input pins;					
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 0 V or 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5V		-	0.1	10	μA
		control pins					
		$V_{CC}$ = 3.6 V; $V_I$ = $V_{CC}$ or GND		-	0.1	±1	μA
		data pins;	[3]				
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub>		-	0.5	1	μΑ
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V		-	0.1	-5	μΑ
I <sub>OFF</sub>	power-off leakage current	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ V}; V_{I} \text{ or } V_{O} = 0 \text{ V to } 4.5 \text{ V}$		-	0.1	±100	μΑ
I <sub>BHL</sub>	bus hold LOW current	data inputs; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V		75	130	-	μΑ
I <sub>BHH</sub>	bus hold HIGH current	data inputs; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 2.0 V		-75	-140	-	μΑ
I <sub>BHLO</sub>	bus hold LOW overdrive current	data inputs; V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V; V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V to 3.6 V	[7]	500	-	-	μΑ
I <sub>внно</sub>	bus hold HIGH overdrive current	data inputs; $V_{CC}$ = 3.6 V; $V_I$ = 0 V to 3.6 V	[7]	-500	-	-	μΑ
I <sub>EX</sub>	external current	output in HIGH-state when $V_O > V_{CC}$ ; $V_O = 5.5 \text{ V}$ ; $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$		-	10	125	μΑ
I <sub>O(pu/pd)</sub>	power-up/power-down output current	$V_{CC} \le 1.2 \text{ V}; V_O = 0.5 \text{ V to } V_{CC};$ $V_I = \text{GND or } V_{CC}; \text{ n} \overline{\text{OE}} = \text{don't care}$	[8]	-	1	±100	μΑ
l <sub>OZ</sub>	OFF-state output current	$V_{CC}$ = 3.6 V; $V_I$ = $V_{IL}$ or $V_{IH}$					
		output HIGH-state; V <sub>O</sub> = 3.0 V		-	0.5	5	μΑ
		output LOW-state; V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V		-	0.5	-5	μΑ
I <sub>CC</sub>	supply current	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}; V_I = \text{GND or } V_{CC}; I_O = 0 \text{ A}$					
		outputs HIGH-state		-	0.07	0.1	mA
		outputs LOW-state		-	5.1	7	mA
		outputs disabled	[5]	-	0.07	0.1	mA
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	additional supply current	per input pin; $V_{CC}$ = 3 V to 3.6 V; one input at $V_{CC}$ - 0.6 V; other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND	[6]	-	0.04	0.4	mA
Cı	input capacitance	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>		-	3	-	pF
Co	output capacitance	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 V or V <sub>CC</sub>		-	9	-	pF

- [1] All typical values for  $V_{CC}$  = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V are measured at  $V_{CC}$  = 2.5 V and  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C. All typical values for  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V are measured at  $V_{CC}$  = 3.3 V and  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C.
- [2] For valid test results, data must not be loaded into the flip-flops (or latches) after applying power.
- [3] Unused pins at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.
- This parameter is valid for any  $V_{CC}$  between 0 V and 1.2 V with a transition time of up to 10 ms. From  $V_{CC} = 1.2$  V to  $(2.5 \pm 0.2)$  V a transition time of 100  $\mu$ s is permitted. This parameter is valid for  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C only.
- [5]  $I_{CC}$  with outputs disabled is measured with outputs pulled to  $V_{CC}$  or GND.
- [6] This is the increase in supply current for each input at the specified voltage level other than V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.
- [7] This is the bus hold overdrive current required to force the input to the opposite logic state.
- [8] This parameter is valid for any  $V_{CC}$  between 0 V and 1.2 V with a transition time of up to 10 ms. From  $V_{CC}$  = 1,2 V to (3.3 ± 0.3) V a transition time of 100  $\mu$ s is permitted. This parameter is valid for  $T_{amb}$  = 25 °C only.

# 10. Dynamic characteristics

**Table 7. Dynamic characteristics** 

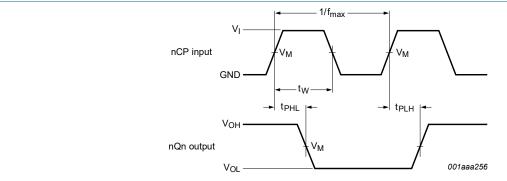
Voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V); T<sub>amb</sub> = -40 °C to +85 °C; for test circuit see Fig. 9.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ[1]	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.	5 V ± 0.2 V					
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	nCP to nQn; see Fig. 6	1.0	4.4	7.0	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	nCP to nQn; see Fig. 6	1.0	3.8	6.4	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	nOE to nQn; see Fig. 8	1.5	4.6	7.5	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	nOE to nQn; see Fig. 8	1.0	2.8	4.6	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	nOE to nQn; see Fig. 8	1.5	3.5	5.5	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	nOE to nQn; see Fig. 8	1.0	3.7	5.7	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time	nDn to nCP HIGH; see Fig. 7	1.5	0.1	-	ns
		nDn to nCP LOW; see Fig. 7	2.0	0.5	-	ns
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time	nDn to nCP HIGH; see Fig. 7	0.3	-0.5	-	ns
		nDn to nCP LOW; see Fig. 7	0.5	-0.1		ns
t <sub>W</sub>	pulse width	nCP HIGH or LOW; see Fig. 6	1.5	-	-	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum frequency	nCP; see Fig. 6	150	-	-	MHz
V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.	3 V ± 0.3 V					
t <sub>PLH</sub>	LOW to HIGH propagation delay	nCP to nQn; see Fig. 6	1.0	3.2	5.0	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	HIGH to LOW propagation delay	nCP to nQn; see Fig. 6	1.0	3.2	4.7	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OFF-state to HIGH propagation delay	nOE to nQn; see Fig. 8	1.0	3.4	5.6	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OFF-state to LOW propagation delay	nOE to nQn; see Fig. 8	0.5	2.3	3.7	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	HIGH to OFF-state propagation delay	nOE to nQn; see Fig. 8	1.5	3.7	5.4	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	LOW to OFF-state propagation delay	nOE to nQn; see Fig. 8	1.5	3.0	4.3	ns
t <sub>su</sub>	set-up time	nDn to nCP HIGH or LOW; see Fig. 7	1.5	0.1	-	ns
t <sub>h</sub>	hold time HIGH	nDn to nCP HIGH or LOW; see Fig. 7	0.5	0.1	-	ns
t <sub>W</sub>	pulse width	nCP HIGH or LOW; see Fig. 6	1.5	-	-	ns
f <sub>max</sub>	maximum frequency	nCP; see Fig. 6	150	-	-	MHz

<sup>[1]</sup> All typical values for V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V  $\pm$  0.2 V are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V and T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C. All typical values for V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V  $\pm$  0.3 V are measured at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V and T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C.

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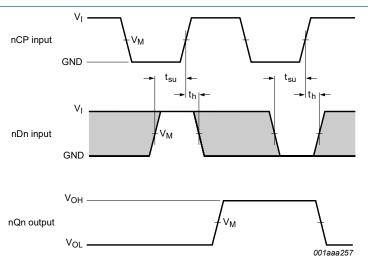
#### 10.1. Waveforms and test circuit



Measurement points are given in <u>Table 8</u>.

 $V_{\text{OL}}$  and  $V_{\text{OH}}$  are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

Fig. 6. Propagation delay clock input (nCP) to output (nQn), clock pulse (nCP) width and maximum clock frequency



Measurement points are given in Table 8.

V<sub>OL</sub> and V<sub>OH</sub> are typical voltage output levels that occur with the output load.

The shaded areas indicate when the input is permitted to change for predictable output performance.

Fig. 7. Set-up times and hold times from input (nDn) to clock (nCP)

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#### 20-bit bus interface D-type flip-flop; positive-edge trigger with 30 $\Omega$ termination resistors; 3-state

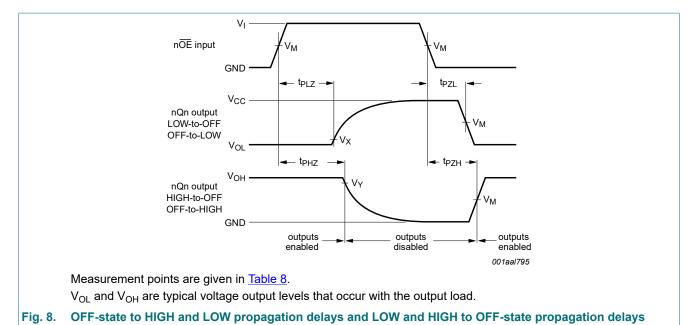
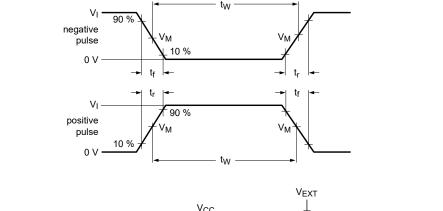
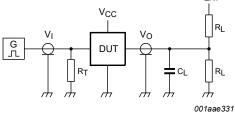


Table 8. Measurement points

idadio of moderationic points							
V <sub>CC</sub>	Input		Output	Output			
	Vı	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>M</sub> V <sub>M</sub>		V <sub>Y</sub>		
$V_{CC} \le 2.7 \text{ V}$	V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 x V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 x V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.15 V		
V <sub>CC</sub> ≥ 3.0 V	3.0 V	1.5 V	1.5 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> - 0.3 V		





Test data is given in Table 9.

Definitions test circuit:

R<sub>L</sub> = Load resistance;

C<sub>L</sub> = Load capacitance including jig and probe capacitance;

R<sub>T</sub> = Termination resistance should be equal to output impedance Z<sub>o</sub> of the pulse generator;

V<sub>EXT</sub> = Test voltage for switching times.

Fig. 9. Test circuit for measuring switching times

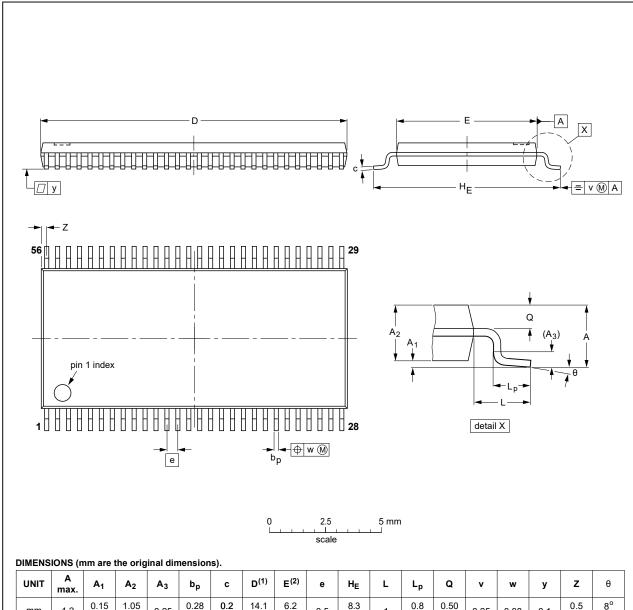
Table 9. Test data

Input	Load		V <sub>EXT</sub>					
$V_{l}$	fi	t <sub>W</sub>	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	CL	$R_L$	t <sub>PHZ</sub> , t <sub>PZH</sub>	t <sub>PLZ</sub> , t <sub>PZL</sub>	t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>
3.0 V or V <sub>CC</sub> whichever is less	≤ 10 MHz	500 ns	≤ 2.5 ns	50 pF	500 Ω	GND	6 V or V <sub>CC</sub> x 2	open

# 11. Package outline

#### TSSOP56: plastic thin shrink small outline package; 56 leads; body width 6.1 mm

SOT364-1



UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	bp	С	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	е	HE	L	Lp	Q	v	w	у	Z	θ
mm	1.2	0.15 0.05	1.05 0.85	0.25	0.28 0.17	0.2 0.1	14.1 13.9	6.2 6.0	0.5	8.3 7.9	1	0.8 0.4	0.50 0.35	0.25	0.08	0.1	0.5 0.1	8° 0°

#### Notes

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE			REFER	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE		
	VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	JEITA		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	SOT364-1		MO-153				<del>99-12-27</del> 03-02-19

Fig. 10. Package outline SOT364-1 (TSSOP56)

# 12. Abbreviations

#### **Table 10. Abbreviations**

Acronym	Description
ANSI	American National Standards Institute
BiCMOS	Bipolar Complementary Metal Oxide Semiconductor
CDM	Charged Device Model
DUT	Device Under Test
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
ESDA	ElectroStatic Discharge Association
НВМ	Human Body Model
JEDEC	Joint Electron Device Engineering Council

# 13. Revision history

#### **Table 11. Revision history**

Document ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
74ALVT162821 v.6	20240625	Product data sheet	-	74ALVT162821 v.5
Modifications:	Section 2: E	SD specification updated	according to the la	atest JEDEC standard.
74ALVT162821 v.5	20201019	Product data sheet	-	74ALVT162821 v.4
Modifications:	• <u>Section 1</u> a	er 74ALVT162821DGG (S nd <u>Section 2</u> updated. rating values for P <sub>tot</sub> total		,
74ALVT162821 v.4	20180124	Product data sheet	-	74ALVT162821 v.3
Modifications:	guidelines o	of this data sheet has been f Nexperia.  have been adapted to the	· ·	
74ALVT162821 v.3	19981002	Product data sheet	-	74ALVT162821 v.2
74ALVT162821 v.2	19980213	Product specification	-	74ALVT162821 v.1
74ALVT162821 v.1	19971117	Product specification	-	-

### 14. Legal information

#### Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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# 74ALVT162821

20-bit bus interface D-type flip-flop; positive-edge trigger with 30  $\Omega$  termination resistors; 3-state

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