

# BC807-16H-QR Datasheet



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DiGi Electronics Part Number	BC807-16H-QR-DG
Manufacturer	<a href="#">Nexperia USA Inc.</a>
Manufacturer Product Number	BC807-16H-QR
Description	BC807-16H-Q/SOT23/TO-236AB
Detailed Description	Bipolar (BJT) Transistor PNP 45 V 500 mA 80MHz 320 mW Surface Mount TO-236AB



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## Purchase and inquiry

**Manufacturer Product Number:**

BC807-16H-QR

**Series:**

BC807H

**Transistor Type:**

PNP

**Voltage - Collector Emitter Breakdown (Max):**

45 V

**Current - Collector Cutoff (Max):**

100nA (ICBO)

**Power - Max:**

320 mW

**Operating Temperature:**

175°C (TJ)

**Qualification:**

AEC-Q101

**Package / Case:**

TO-236-3, SC-59, SOT-23-3

**Manufacturer:**

Nexperia USA Inc.

**Product Status:**

Active

**Current - Collector (Ic) (Max):**

500 mA

**Vce Saturation (Max) @ Ib, Ic:**

700mV @ 50mA, 500mA

**DC Current Gain (hFE) (Min) @ Ic, Vce:**

100 @ 100mA, 1V

**Frequency - Transition:**

80MHz

**Grade:**

Automotive

**Mounting Type:**

Surface Mount

**Supplier Device Package:**

TO-236AB

## Environmental & Export classification

**RoHS Status:**

ROHS3 Compliant

**REACH Status:**

REACH Unaffected

**HTSUS:**

8541.21.0095

**Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL):**

1 (Unlimited)

**ECCN:**

EAR99



# BC807H-Q series

45 V, 500 mA PNP general-purpose transistors

Rev. 1 — 18 October 2023

Product data sheet

## 1. General description

PNP general-purpose transistors in a small SOT23 Surface-Mounted Device (SMD) plastic package.

Table 1. Product overview

Type number	Package		NPN complement:
	Nexperia	JEDEC	
BC807-16H-Q	SOT23	TO-236AB	BC817K-16H-Q
BC807-25H-Q			BC817K-25H-Q
BC807-40H-Q			BC817K-40H-Q

## 2. Features and benefits

- Three current gain selections
- High-temperature applications up to 175 °C
- Qualified according to AEC-Q101 and recommended for use in automotive applications

## 3. Applications

- General-purpose switching and amplification

## 4. Quick reference data

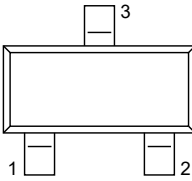
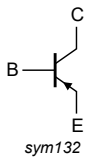
Table 2. Quick reference data

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base	-	-	-45	V
$I_C$	collector current	$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-	-500	mA
$I_{CM}$	peak collector current	single pulse; $t_p \leq 1\text{ ms}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-	-1	A
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain					
	BC807-16H-Q	$V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -100\text{ mA}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	[1]	100	-	250
	BC807-25H-Q		[1]	160	-	400
	BC807-40H-Q		[1]	250	-	600

[1] pulsed;  $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ;  $\delta \leq 0.02$

## 5. Pinning information

Table 3. Pinning

Pin	Symbol	Description	Simplified outline	Graphic symbol
1	B	base	 <p style="text-align: center;">SOT23</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">sym132</p>
2	E	emitter		
3	C	collector		

## 6. Ordering information

Table 4. Ordering information

Type number	Package		
	Name	Description	Version
<a href="#">BC807-16H-Q</a>	SOT23	plastic, surface-mounted package; 3 leads	<a href="#">SOT23</a>
<a href="#">BC807-25H-Q</a>			
<a href="#">BC807-40H-Q</a>			

## 7. Marking

Table 5. Marking

Type number	Marking code [1]
BC807-16H-Q	[1] 6S%
BC807-25H-Q	[1] 6T%
BC807-40H-Q	[1] 6U%

[1] % = placeholder for manufacturing site code

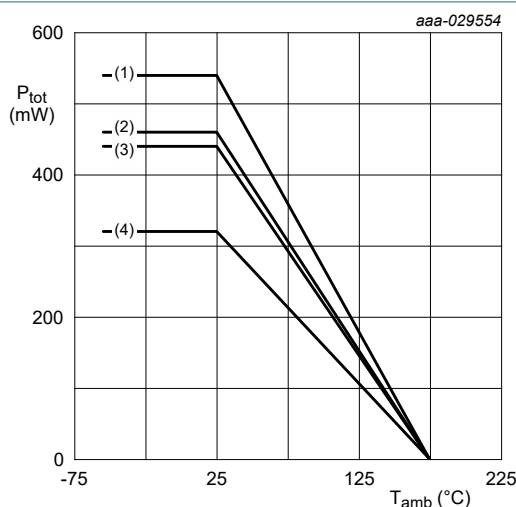
## 8. Limiting values

**Table 6. Limiting values**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134).

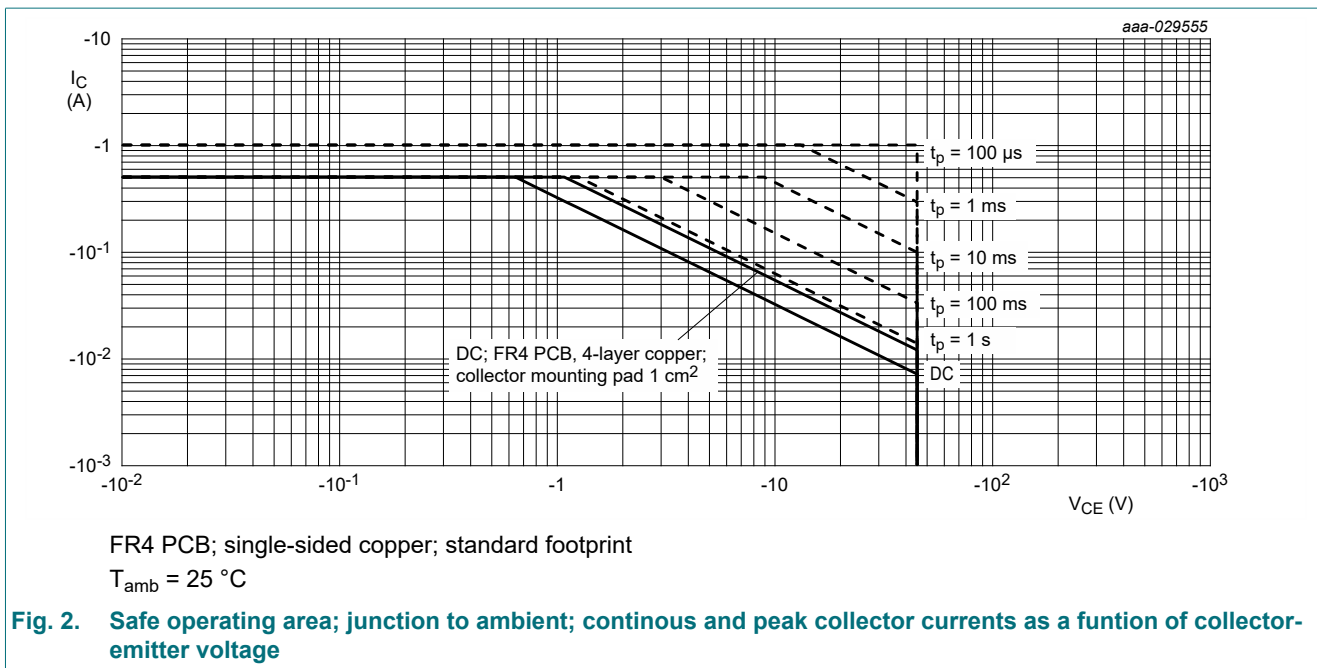
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit	
$V_{CBO}$	collector-base voltage	open emitter; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-50	V	
$V_{CEO}$	collector-emitter voltage	open base; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-45	V	
$V_{EBO}$	emitter-base voltage	open collector; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-7	V	
$I_C$	collector current	$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-500	mA	
$I_{CM}$	peak collector current	single pulse; $t_p \leq 1\text{ ms}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-1	A	
$I_{BM}$	peak base current	single pulse; $t_p \leq 1\text{ ms}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	-	-200	mA	
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \leq 25\text{ °C}$ ; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	[1]	-	320	mW
			[2]	-	440	mW
			[3]	-	460	mW
			[4]	-	540	mW
$T_j$	junction temperature		-	175	°C	
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature		-55	175	°C	
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature		-65	175	°C	

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit-Board (PCB); single-sided copper; tin-plated and standard footprint.  
 [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB; single-sided copper; tin-plated; mounting pad for collector  $1\text{ cm}^2$ .  
 [3] Device mounted on an FR4 Printed-Circuit-Board (PCB); 4-layer copper; tin plated and standard footprint.  
 [4] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB; 4-layer copper; tin-plated; mounting pad for collector  $1\text{ cm}^2$ .



- (1) FR4 PCB; 4-layer copper,  $1\text{ cm}^2$   
 (2) FR4 PCB; 4-layer copper; standard footprint  
 (3) FR4 PCB; single-sided copper,  $1\text{ cm}^2$   
 (4) FR4 PCB; single-sided copper; standard footprint

**Fig. 1. Power derating curves**



## 9. Thermal characteristics

Table 7. Thermal characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	[1]	-	-	470	K/W
			[2]	-	-	340	K/W
			[3]	-	-	325	K/W
			[4]	-	-	280	K/W
$R_{th(j-sp)}$	thermal resistance from junction to solder point		-	-	110	K/W	

- [1] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB; single-sided copper; tin-plated and standard footprint.  
 [2] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB; single-sided copper; tin-plated; mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.  
 [3] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB; 4-layer copper; tin-plated and standard footprint.  
 [4] Device mounted on an FR4 PCB; 4-layer copper; tin-plated; mounting pad for collector 1 cm<sup>2</sup>.

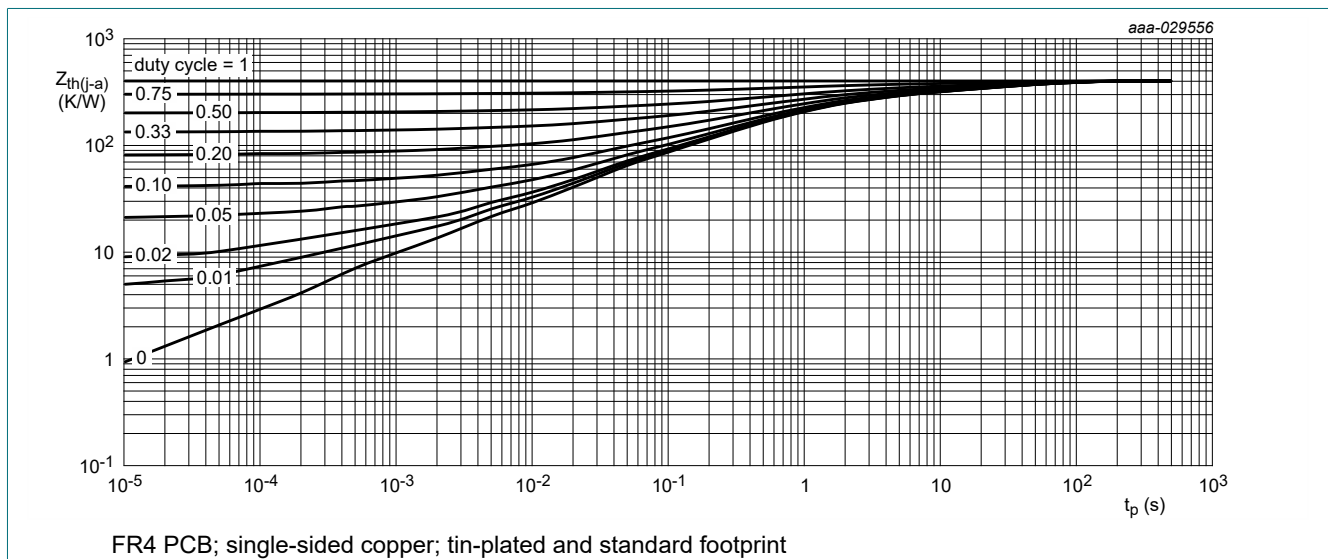


Fig. 3. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

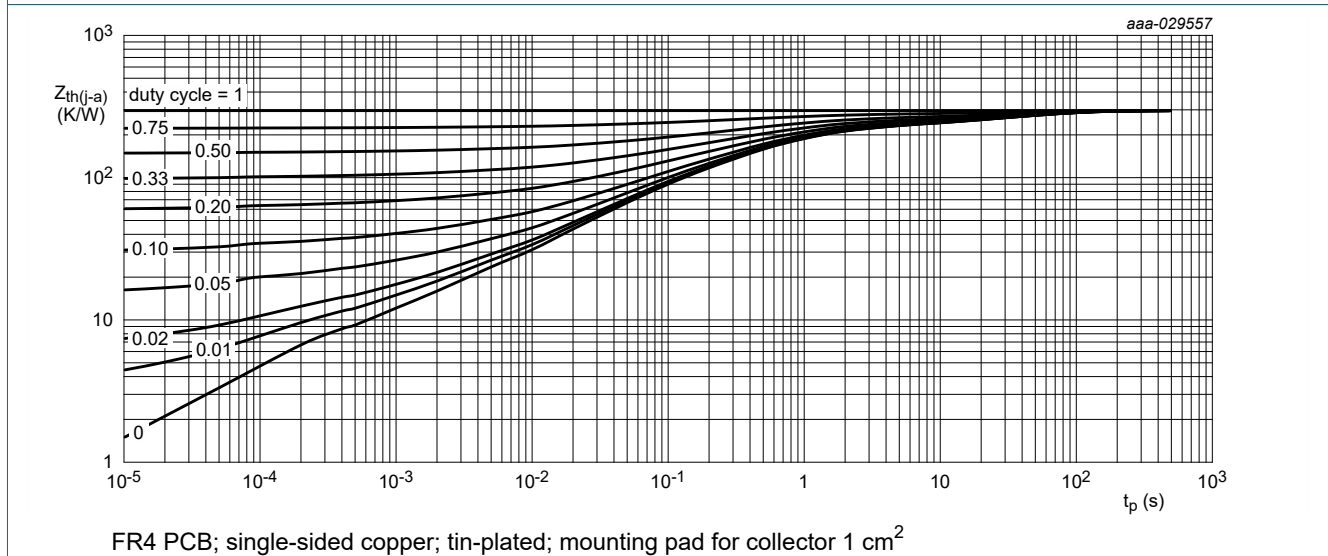


Fig. 4. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

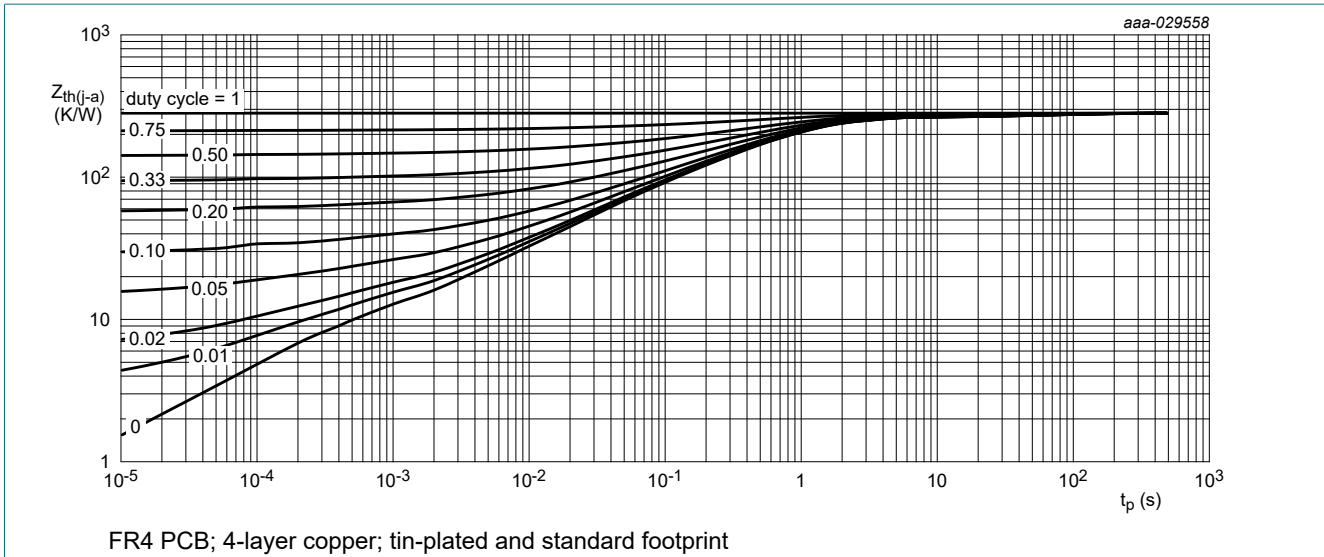


Fig. 5. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

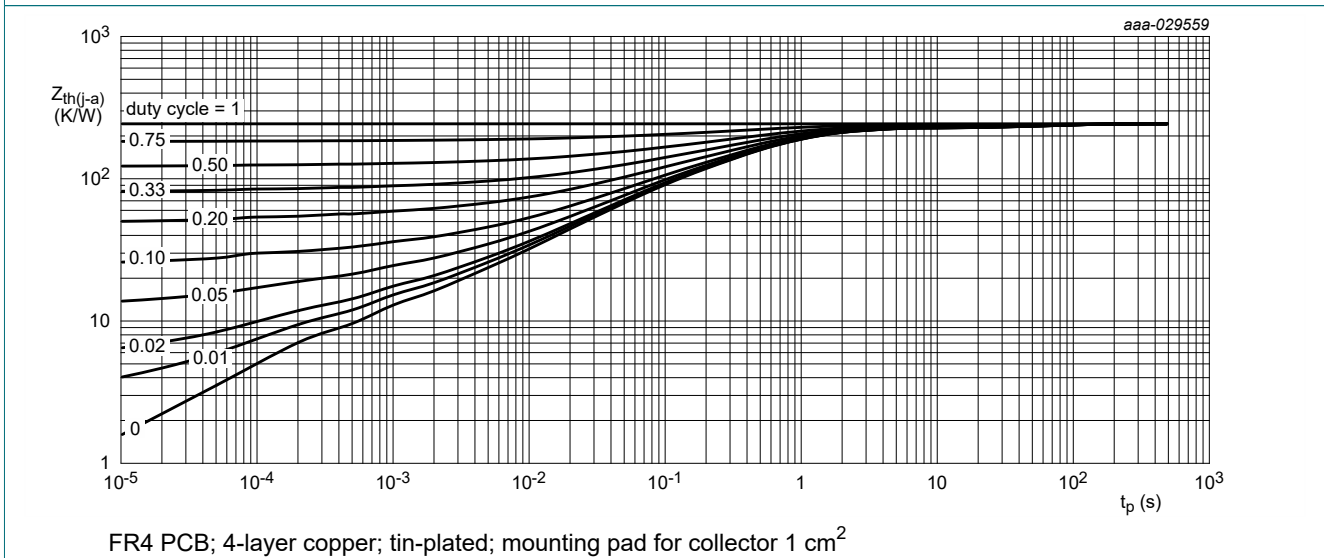


Fig. 6. Transient thermal impedance from junction to ambient as a function of pulse duration; typical values

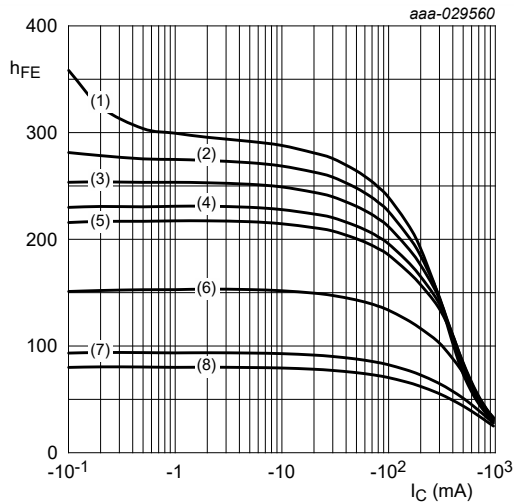


## 10. Characteristics

**Table 8. Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	collector-base breakdown voltage	$I_C = -100 \mu\text{A}$ ; $I_E = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-50	-		V
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ ; $I_B = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-45	-		V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	emitter-base breakdown voltage	$I_E = -100 \mu\text{A}$ ; $I_C = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-7	-		V
$I_{CBO}$	collector-base cut-off current	$V_{CB} = -25 \text{ V}$ ; $I_E = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-100	nA
		$V_{CB} = -25 \text{ V}$ ; $I_E = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $T_j = 150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{EBO}$	emitter-base cut-off current	$V_{EB} = -5 \text{ V}$ ; $I_C = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	-100	nA
$h_{FE}$	DC current gain					
	BC807-16H-Q	$V_{CE} = -1 \text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -100 \text{ mA}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	[1]	100	-	250
	BC807-25H-Q		[1]	160	-	400
	BC807-40H-Q		[1]	250	-	600
	DC current gain	$V_{CE} = -1 \text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	[1]	40	-	-
$V_{CEsat}$	collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$ ; $I_B = -50 \text{ mA}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	[1]	-	-	-700 mV
$V_{BEsat}$	base-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$ ; $I_B = -50 \text{ mA}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	[1]	-	-	-1.2 V
$V_{BE}$	base-emitter voltage	$V_{CE} = -1 \text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -500 \text{ mA}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	[1]	-	-	-1.2 V
$f_T$	transition frequency	$V_{CE} = -5 \text{ V}$ ; $I_C = -10 \text{ mA}$ ; $f = 100 \text{ MHz}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		80	-	- MHz
$C_c$	collector capacitance	$V_{CB} = -10 \text{ V}$ ; $I_E = i_e = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		-	7	- pF
$C_e$	emitter capacitance					
	BC807-16H-Q	$V_{EB} = -0.5 \text{ V}$ ; $I_C = i_c = 0 \text{ A}$ ; $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ ; $T_{\text{amb}} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		-	50	- pF
	BC807-25H-Q			-	45	- pF
	BC807-40H-Q			-	37	- pF

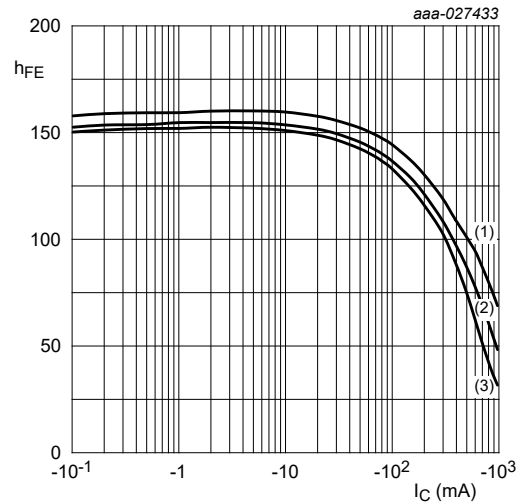
[1] pulsed;  $t_p \leq 300 \mu\text{s}$ ;  $\delta \leq 0.02$



$V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
- (5)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
- (6)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (7)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- (8)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

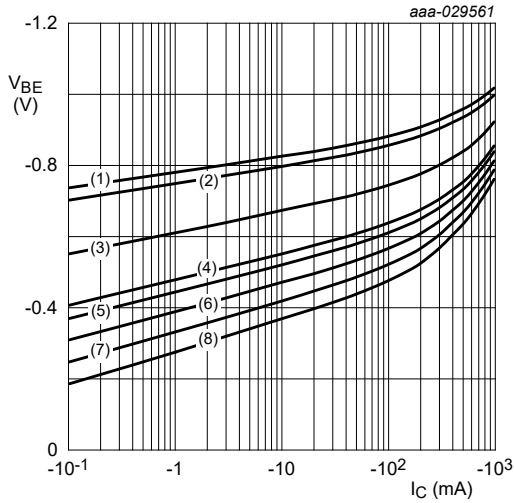
Fig. 7. BC807-16H-Q: DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

- (1)  $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$

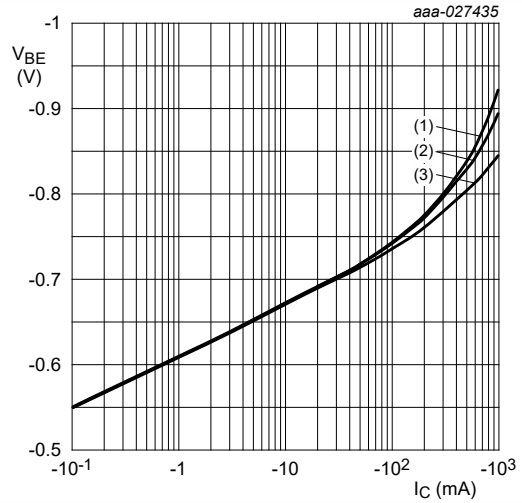
Fig. 8. BC807-16H-Q: DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



$V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
- (5)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
- (6)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
- (7)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$
- (8)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$

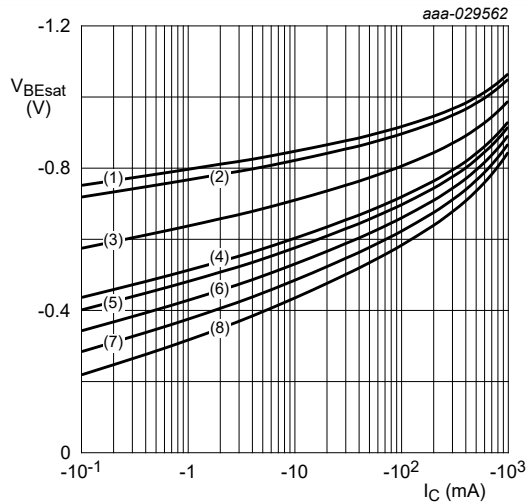
Fig. 9. BC807-16H-Q: Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

- (1)  $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$

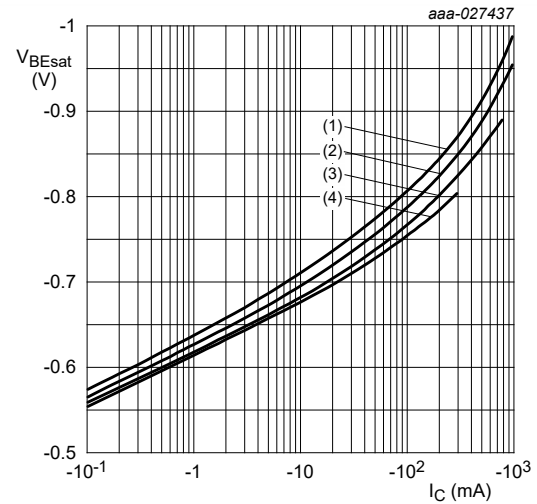
Fig. 10. BC807-16H-Q: Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



$I_C/I_B = 10$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
- (5)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
- (6)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
- (7)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$
- (8)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$

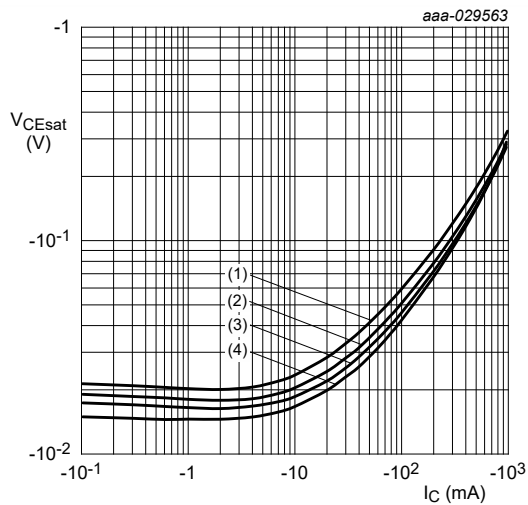
**Fig. 11. BC807-16H-Q: Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 10$
- (2)  $I_C/I_B = 20$
- (3)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (4)  $I_C/I_B = 100$

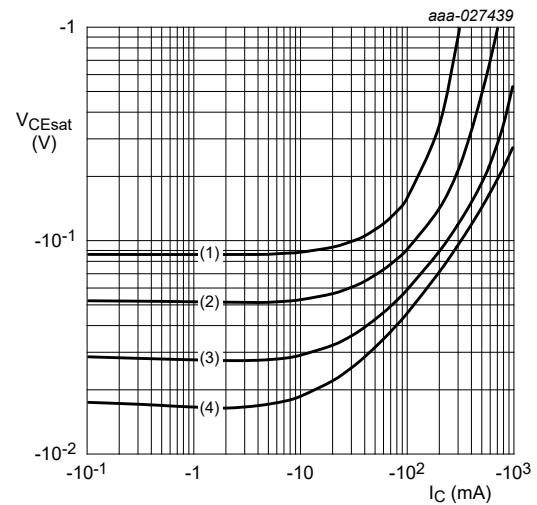
**Fig. 12. BC807-16H-Q: Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



$I_C/I_B = 10$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$

**Fig. 13. BC807-16H-Q: Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$
- (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (3)  $I_C/I_B = 20$
- (4)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

**Fig. 14. BC807-16H-Q: Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**

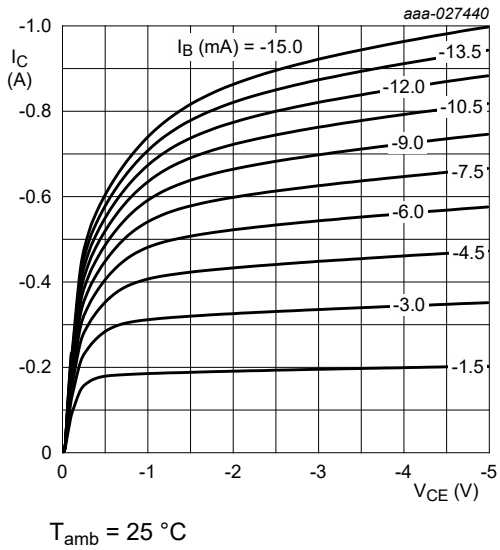


Fig. 15. BC807-16H-Q: Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values

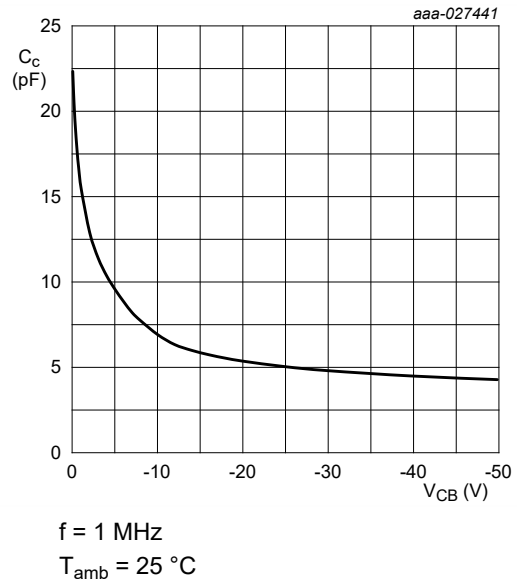


Fig. 16. BC807-16H-Q: Collector capacitance as a function of collector-base voltage; typical values

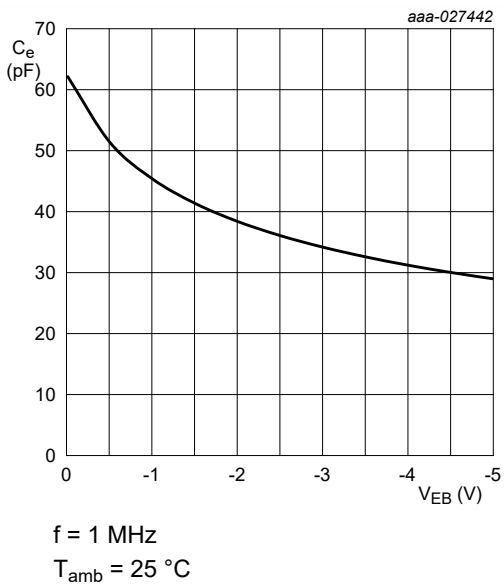


Fig. 17. BC807-16H-Q: Emitter capacitance as a function of emitter-base voltage; typical values

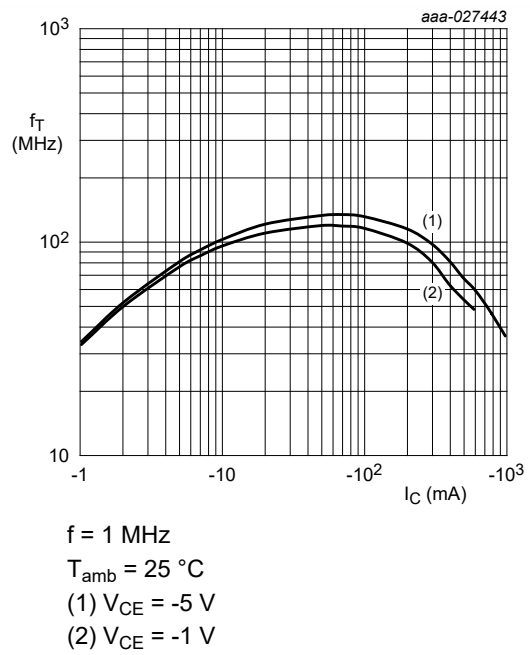
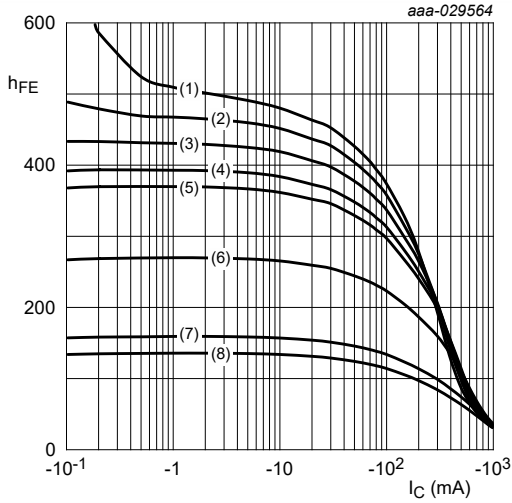


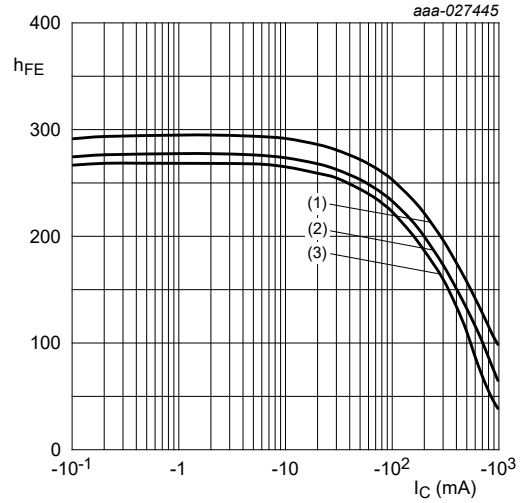
Fig. 18. BC807-16H-Q: Transition frequency as a function of collector current; typical values



$V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
- (5)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
- (6)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (7)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- (8)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

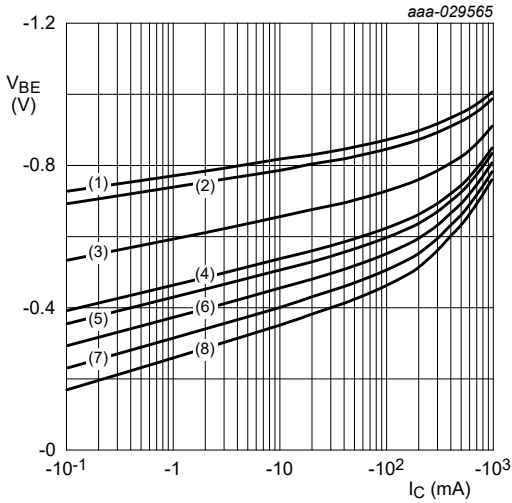
Fig. 19. BC807-25H-Q: DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

- (1)  $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$

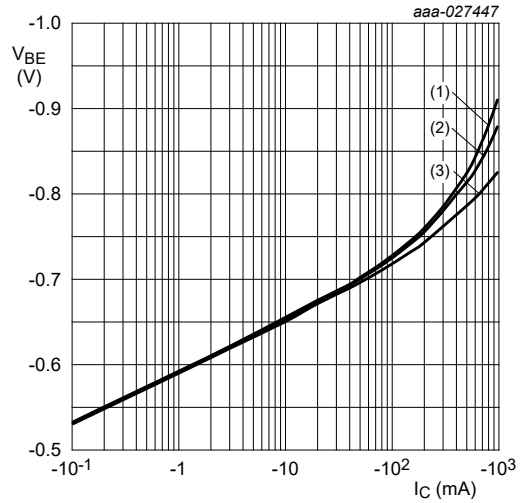
Fig. 20. BC807-25H-Q: DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



$V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
- (5)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
- (6)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
- (7)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$
- (8)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$

Fig. 21. BC807-25H-Q: Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

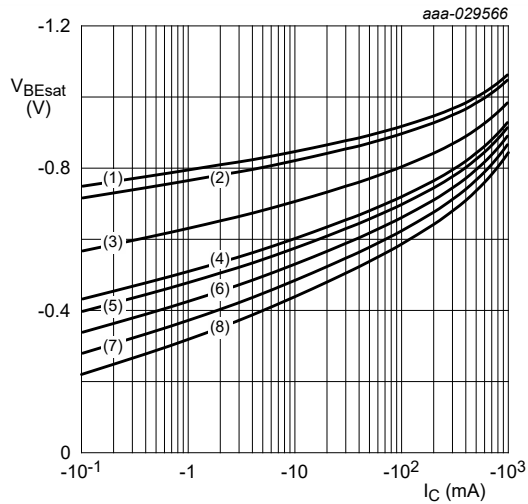


$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$

- (1)  $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$
- (2)  $V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$
- (3)  $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$

Fig. 22. BC807-25H-Q: Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

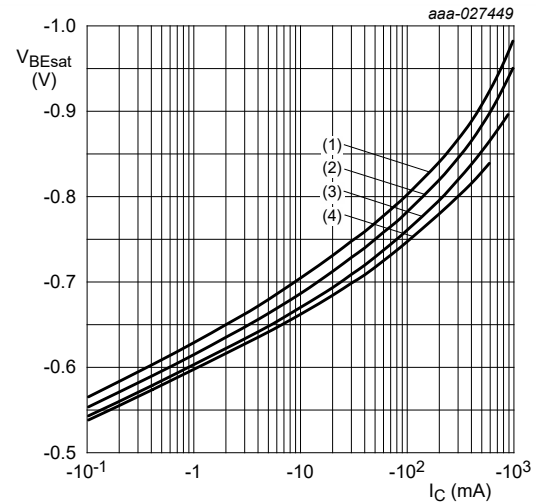




$I_C/I_B = 10$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (5)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (6)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (7)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (8)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

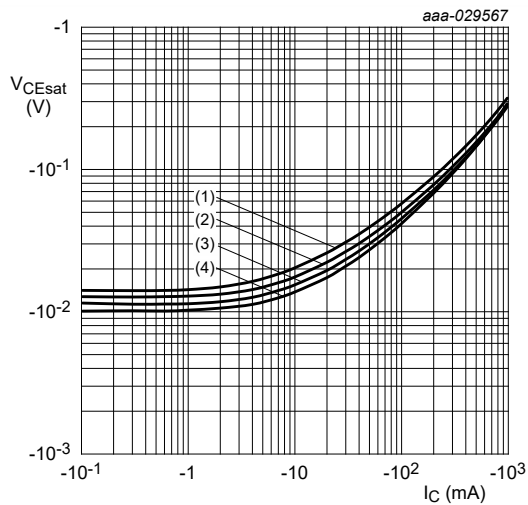
**Fig. 23. BC807-25H-Q: Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 10$
- (2)  $I_C/I_B = 20$
- (3)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (4)  $I_C/I_B = 100$

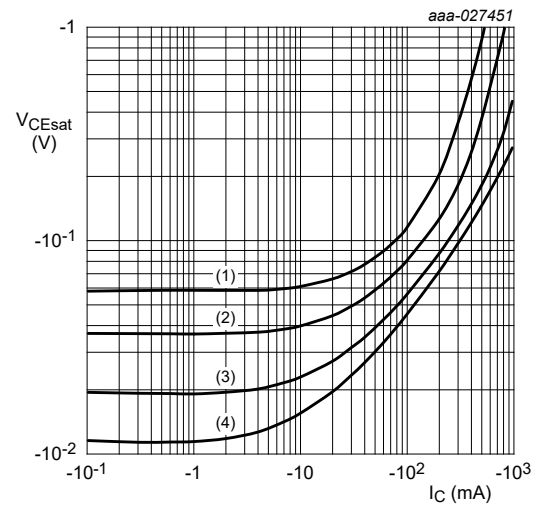
**Fig. 24. BC807-25H-Q: Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



$I_C/I_B = 10$

- (1)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (2)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (4)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

**Fig. 25. BC807-25H-Q: Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**



$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$
- (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
- (3)  $I_C/I_B = 20$
- (4)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

**Fig. 26. BC807-25H-Q: Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values**

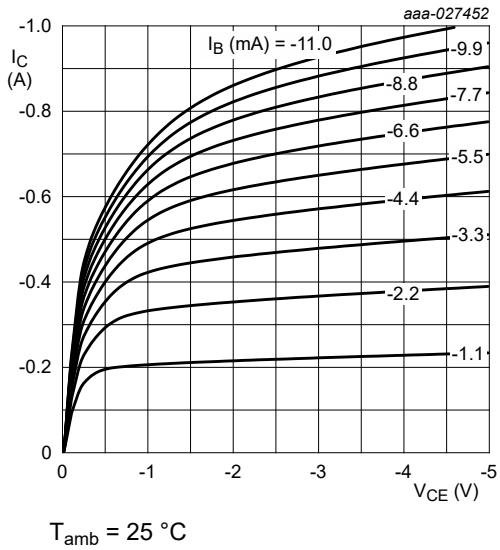


Fig. 27. BC807-25H-Q: Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values

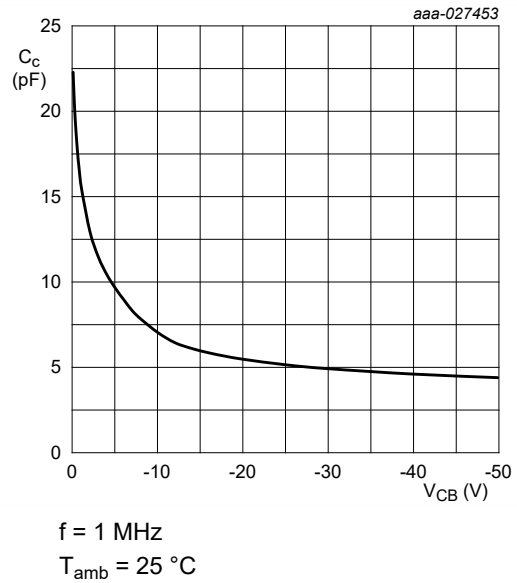


Fig. 28. BC807-25H-Q: Collector capacitance as a function of collector-base voltage; typical values

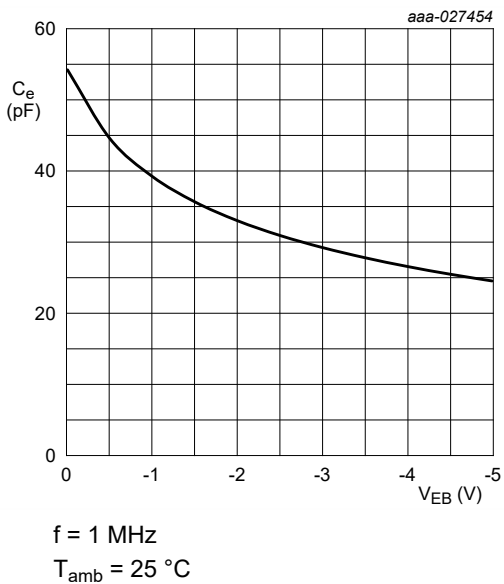


Fig. 29. BC807-25H-Q: Emitter capacitance as a function of emitter-base voltage; typical values

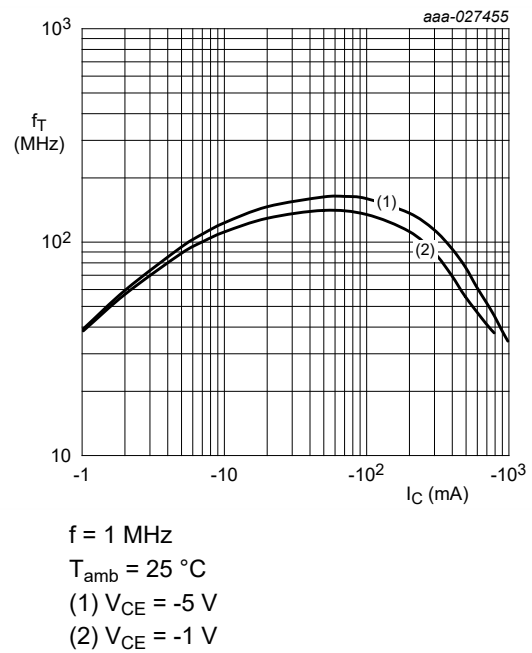
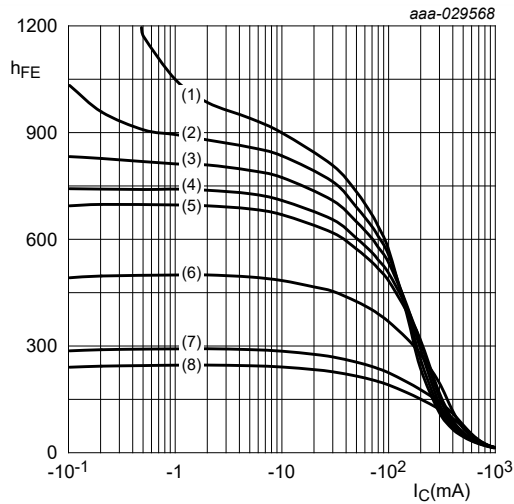
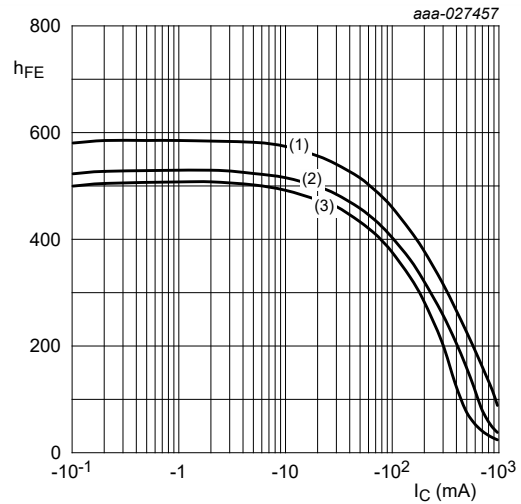


Fig. 30. BC807-25H-Q: Transition frequency as a function of collector current; typical values



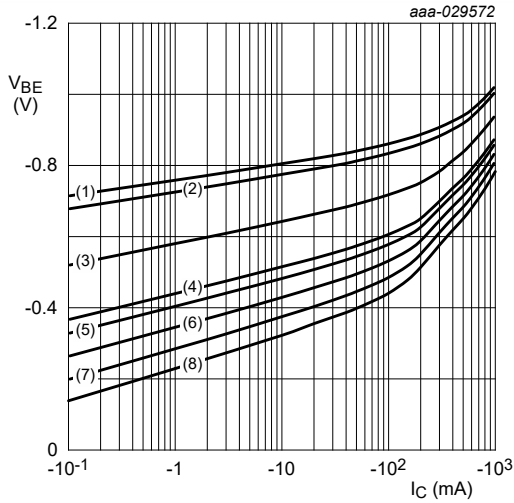
- $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$
- (1)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
  - (4)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
  - (5)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
  - (6)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
  - (7)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
  - (8)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$

Fig. 31. BC807-40H-Q: DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



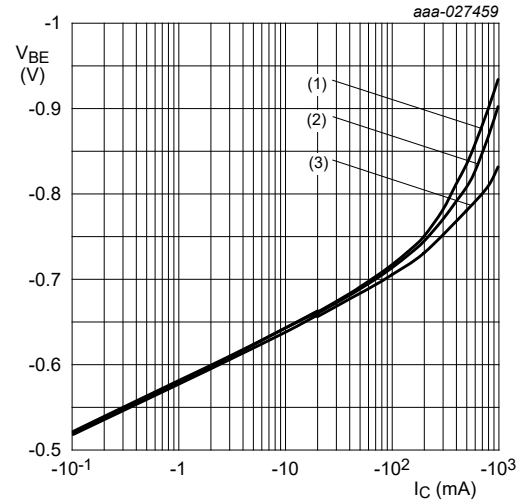
- $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (1)  $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$
  - (2)  $V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$
  - (3)  $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$

Fig. 32. BC807-40H-Q: DC current gain as a function of collector current; typical values



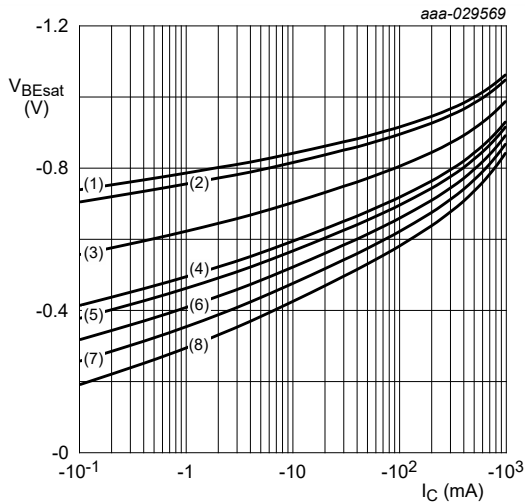
- $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$
- (1)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ °C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ °C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
  - (4)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ °C}$
  - (5)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$
  - (6)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ °C}$
  - (7)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ °C}$
  - (8)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ °C}$

Fig. 33. BC807-40H-Q: Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



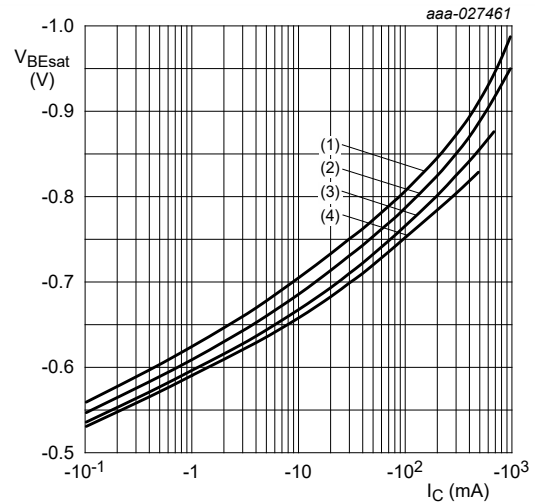
- $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$
- (1)  $V_{CE} = -1\text{ V}$
  - (2)  $V_{CE} = -2\text{ V}$
  - (3)  $V_{CE} = -5\text{ V}$

Fig. 34. BC807-40H-Q: Base-emitter voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



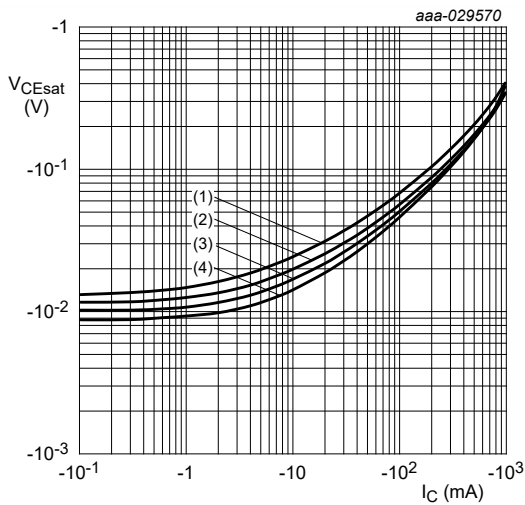
- $I_C/I_B = 10$
- (1)  $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (4)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (5)  $T_{amb} = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (6)  $T_{amb} = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (7)  $T_{amb} = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (8)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 35. BC807-40H-Q: Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



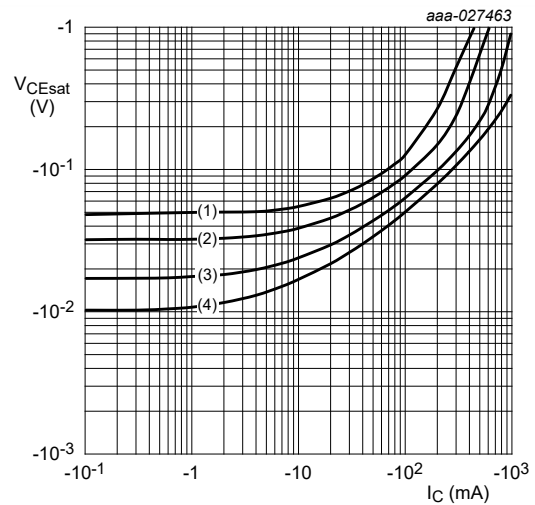
- $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 10$
  - (2)  $I_C/I_B = 20$
  - (3)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
  - (4)  $I_C/I_B = 100$

Fig. 36. BC807-40H-Q: Base-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



- $I_C/I_B = 10$
- (1)  $T_{amb} = 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (2)  $T_{amb} = 85\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (3)  $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
  - (4)  $T_{amb} = -40\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

Fig. 37. BC807-40H-Q: Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values



- $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
- (1)  $I_C/I_B = 100$
  - (2)  $I_C/I_B = 50$
  - (3)  $I_C/I_B = 20$
  - (4)  $I_C/I_B = 10$

Fig. 38. BC807-40H-Q: Collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of collector current; typical values

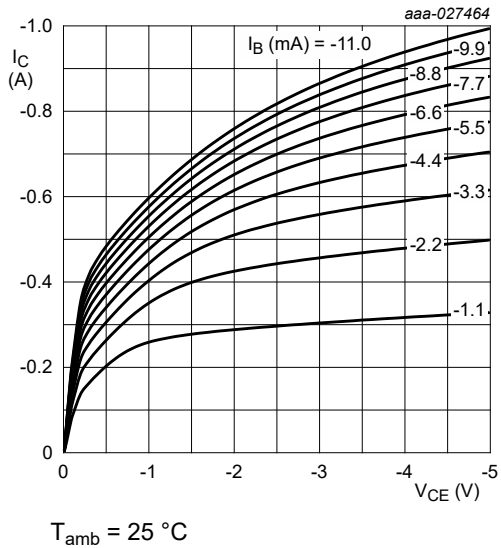


Fig. 39. BC807-40H-Q: Collector current as a function of collector-emitter voltage; typical values

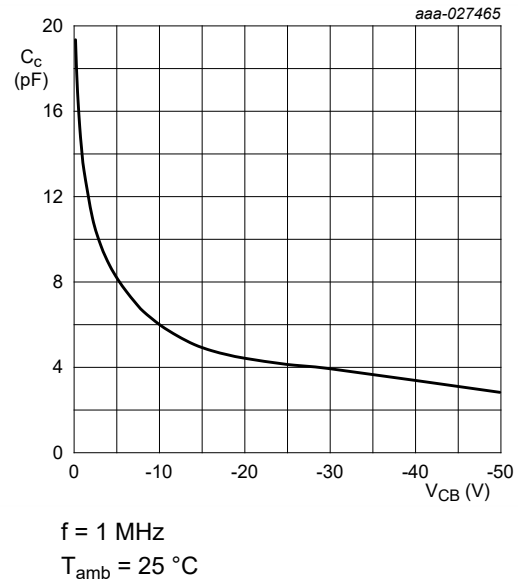


Fig. 40. BC807-40H-Q: Collector capacitance as a function of collector-base voltage; typical values

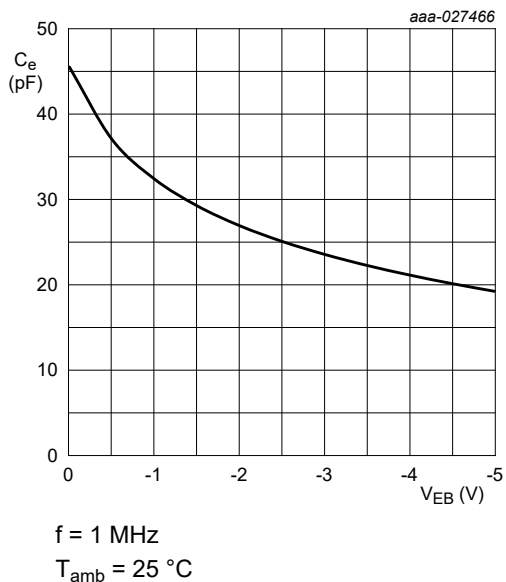


Fig. 41. BC807-40H-Q: Emitter capacitance as a function of emitter-base voltage; typical values

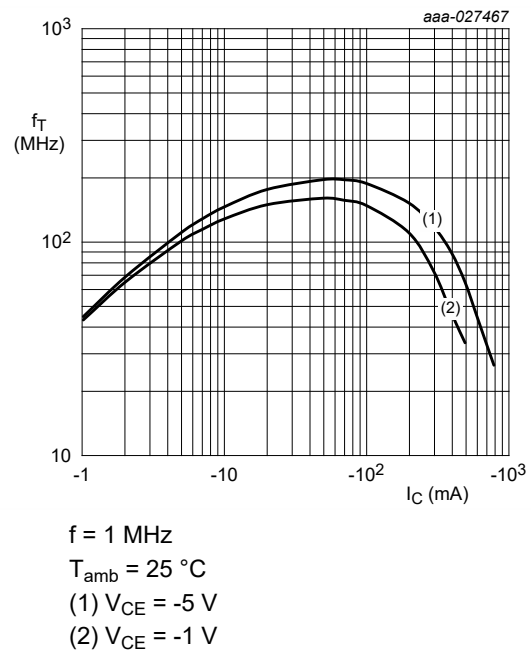


Fig. 42. BC807-40H-Q: Transition frequency as a function of collector current; typical values

## 11. Test information

### 11.1. Quality information

This product has been qualified in accordance with the Automotive Electronics Council (AEC) standard Q101 - *Stress test qualification for discrete semiconductors*, and is suitable for use in automotive applications.



## 12. Package outline

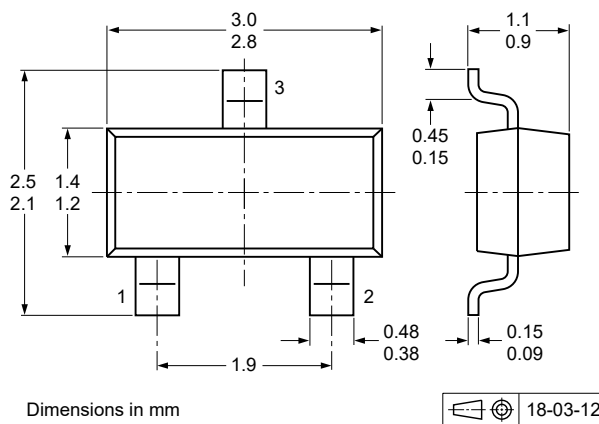


Fig. 43. Package outline SOT23

### 13. Soldering

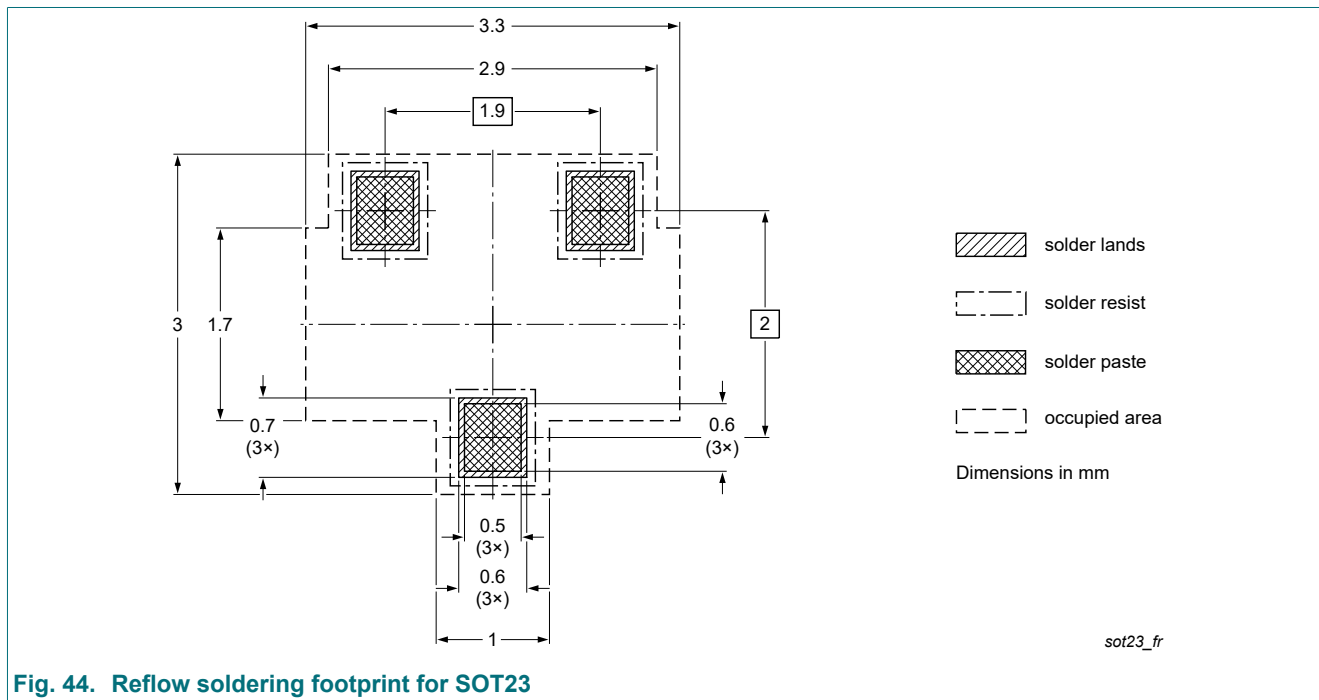


Fig. 44. Reflow soldering footprint for SOT23

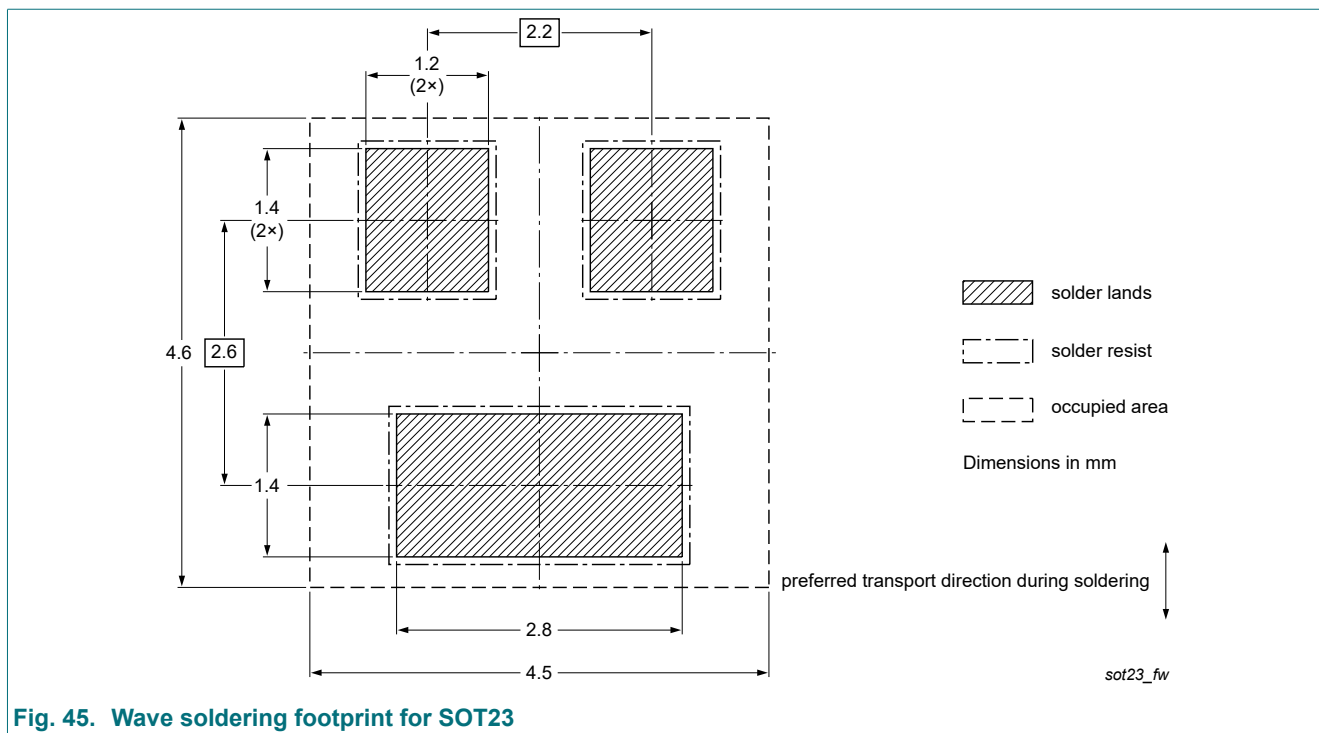


Fig. 45. Wave soldering footprint for SOT23

## 14. Revision history

**Table 9. Revision history**

Data sheet ID	Release date	Data sheet status	Change notice	Supersedes
BC807H-Q_SER v.1	20231018	Product data sheet	-	-

## 15. Legal information

### Data sheet status

Document status [1][2]	Product status [3]	Definition
Objective [short] data sheet	Development	This document contains data from the objective specification for product development.
Preliminary [short] data sheet	Qualification	This document contains data from the preliminary specification.
Product [short] data sheet	Production	This document contains the product specification.

- [1] Please consult the most recently issued document before initiating or completing a design.
- [2] The term 'short data sheet' is explained in section "Definitions".
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