

RT6150B-33GQW Datasheet



https://www.DiGi-Electronics.com

DiGi Electronics Part Number RT6150B-33GQW-DG

Manufacturer Richtek USA Inc.

Manufacturer Product Number RT6150B-33GQW

Description IC REG BCK-BST 3.3V 800MA 10WDFN

Detailed Description Buck-Boost Switching Regulator IC Positive Fixed 3

.3V 1 Output 800mA 10-WFDFN Exposed Pad



Tel: +00 852-30501935

RFQ Email: Info@DiGi-Electronics.com

DiGi is a global authorized distributor of electronic components.



Purchase and inquiry

Manufacturer Product Number:	Manufacturer:
RT6150B-33GQW	Richtek USA Inc.
Series:	Product Status:
-	Active
Function:	Output Configuration:
Step-Up/Step-Down	Positive
Topology:	Output Type:
Buck-Boost	Fixed
Number of Outputs:	Voltage - Input (Min):
1	1.8V
Voltage - Input (Max):	Voltage - Output (Min/Fixed):
5.5V	3.3V
Voltage - Output (Max):	Current - Output:
	800mA
Frequency - Switching:	Synchronous Rectifier:
1MHz	Yes
Operating Temperature:	Mounting Type:
-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)	Surface Mount
Package / Case:	Supplier Device Package:
10-WFDFN Exposed Pad	10-WDFN (2.5x2.5)
Base Product Number:	
RT6150	

Environmental & Export classification

8542.39.0001

RoHS Status:	Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL):
ROHS3 Compliant	3 (168 Hours)
REACH Status:	ECCN:
REACH Unaffected	EAR99
HTSUS:	





Current Mode Buck-Boost Converter

General Description

The RT6150A/B is a high efficiency, fixed frequency, Buck-Boost DC-DC converter that operates from input voltages above, below or equal to the output voltage. The topology incorporated in the IC provides a continuous transfer function through all operating modes, making the product ideal for single lithium-ion, multi-cell alkaline or Ni-MH battery applications where the output voltage is within the battery voltage range.

The device includes two N-MOSFET switches and two P-MOSFET switches for high efficiency operation. Switching frequency is set at 1MHz to reduce the external component size. Quiescent current is only 60µA in Power Save Mode (PSM), maximizing battery life in portable applications. PSM operation is user controlled and can be enabled by driving the PS pin low. If the PS pin is driven high, then fixed frequency switching is enabled.

Other features include low shutdown current, internal soft-start control, thermal shutdown protection and current limit. The RT6150A is available in the WDFN-10L 3x3 package and the RT6150B is available in the WDFN-10L 2.5x2.5 package.

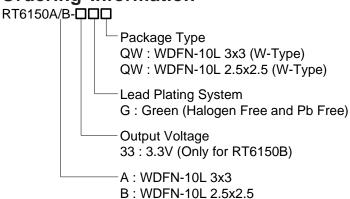
Applications

- Portable Products
- Handheld Instrumentation

Features

- Single Inductor
- Fixed Frequency Operation with Battery Voltages
- Synchronous Rectification : Up to 90% Efficiency
- Up to 800mA Continuous Output Current
- VOUT Disconnected from VIN during Shutdown
- Power Save Mode (PSM) Enable Control
- <1μA Shutdown Current
- Input Voltage Range: 1.8V to 5.5V
- Fixed 3.3V and Adjustable Output Voltage Options from 2.5V to 5.5V
- 10-Lead WDFN Packages
- RoHS Compliant and Halogen Free

Ordering Information

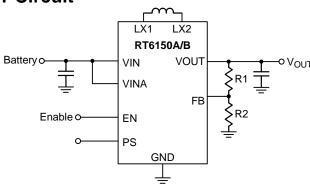


Note:

Richtek products are:

- ▶ RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- ▶ Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.

Simplified Application Circuit



Copyright ©2018 Richtek Technology Corporation. All rights reserved.

RICHTEK is a registered trademark of Richtek Technology Corporation.

DS6150A/B-06 July 2018 www.richtek.com

RICHTEK

Marking Information

RT6150AGQW

0N=YM DNN

0N=: Product Code YMDNN: Date Code

Pin Configuration

(TOP VIEW) VOUT 11 LX2 21 GND 31 III FB III GND III VINA II PS II EN

WDFN-10L 3x3 / WDFN-10L 2.5x2.5

RT6150BGQW



00 : Product Code W: Date Code

RT6150B-33GQW



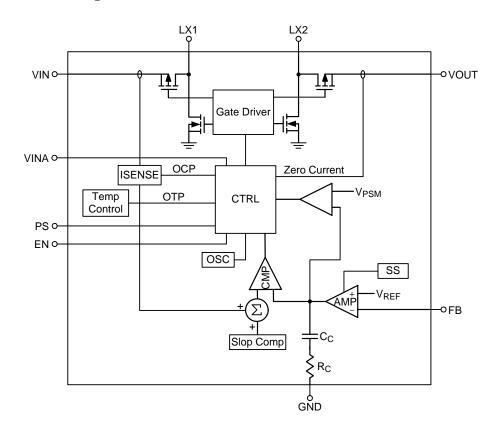
03: Product Code W: Date Code

Functional Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	VOUT	Output of the buck-boost converter. Connect a capacitor between the VOUT and GND.
2	LX2	Second switch node. Connect this pin to the inductor.
3, 9, 11 (Exposed Pad)	GND	Power ground. The exposed pad must be soldered to a large PCB and connected to GND for maximum power dissipation.
4	LX1	First switch node. Connect this pin to the inductor.
5	VIN	Power input. Connect an at least $10\mu F$ capacitor between the VIN pin and GND.
6	EN	Enable control input for the buck-boost converter.
7	PS	PSM control input. Pull low for PSM operation and pull high for fixed switching frequency operation.
8	VINA	Supply voltage input for control circuit.
10	FB	Feedback input. For adjustable versions, connect a resistive divider to set the output voltage and it can be adjusted from 2.5V to 5.5V; For fixed version, must be connected to VOUT.



Functional Block Diagram



Operation

The RT6150A/B is a synchronous average current mode switching Buck-Boost converter designed to maintain a fixed output voltage from an input supply that can be above, equal, or below the output voltage. The average inductor current is regulated by a fast current regulator which is controlled by a voltage control loop. The voltage error amplifier gets its feedback input from the FB pin. For adjustable output voltage, a resistive voltage divider must be connected to the FB pin. When VIN is greater than VOUT, the device operates in Buck mode. When VIN is lower than VOUT, the device operates in Boost mode. When VIN is close to VOUT, the RT6150A/B automatically enters Buck-Boost mode. In Buck-Boost mode, the converter will maintain the regulation for output voltage and keep a minimum current ripple in the inductor to guarantee good performance.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

• VOUT, VIN, EN, PS, VINA, FB Pin	0.3V to 6V
• Switch Output Voltage, LX1, LX2 Pin	0.3V to 6V
< 10ns	–2V to 7.5V
• Power Dissipation, P _D @ T _A = 25°C	
WDFN-10 3x3	3.28W
WDFN-10 2.5x2.5	2.44W
Package Thermal Resistance (Note 2)	
WDFN-10 3x3, θ_{JA}	30.5°C/W
WDFN-10 3x3, θ_{JC}	7.5°C/W
WDFN-10 2.5x2.5, θ_{JA}	40.9°C/W
WDFN-10 2.5x2.5, θ_{JC}	18.6°C/W
• Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	260°C
• Junction Temperature	150°C
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to 150°C
• ESD Susceptibility (Note 3)	
HBM (Human Body Model)	2kV
MM (Machine Model)	200V
Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)	
Supply Input Voltage, VIN	1.8V to 5.5V

• Junction Temperature Range ------ -40°C to 125°C
• Ambient Temperature Range ------ -40°C to 85°C

Electrical Characteristics

 $(V_{IN} = V_{OUT} = 3.6V, T_A = 25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise specified.)$

Parameter		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Voltage High-Level					1.65	1.8	V
UVLO	Low-Level			1.4	1.55		V
Feedback Volta	ge	V _{FB}	VPS = VIN	0.495	0.5	0.505	V
Feedback Input	Current		V _{FB} = 0.5V		1	50	nA
Quiescent Current			I _{OUT} = 0mA, PS = 0V (Note 5) Power Save Mode		60		
			EN = 0V, not including switch leakage shutdown		0.1	1	μΑ
N-MOSFET Sw	itch Leakage				0.1	5	μΑ
P-MOSFET Swi	itch Leakage				0.1	10	μΑ
N-MOSFET Sw Resistance	itch On	R _{DS(ON)_N}			0.15		Ω
P-MOSFET Swi Resistance	itch On	R _{DS(ON)_P}			0.15	1	Ω
Switch Current	Limit	ILIM	V _{IN} = 3.6V	1.6	-		Α
Oscillator Frequ	iency	fosc		0.8	1	1.2	MHz
Soft-Start Time		tss	Time from when EN signal asserts to output voltage I _{OUT} = 0mA		0.65	1	ms

Copyright ©2018 Richtek Technology Corporation. All rights reserved. **RICHTEK** is a registered trademark of Richtek Technology Corporation.

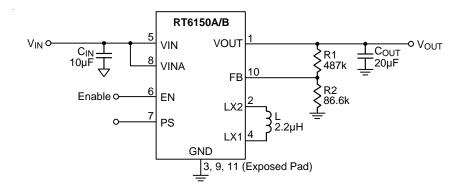


Parame	ter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
EN and PS Input	Logic-High			1.2			V
Voltage	Logic-Low					0.4	V
EN and PS Input (Current		V _{EN} = V _{PS} = V _{IN}		0.01	1	μΑ
Thermal Shutdown	า	T _{SD}			140		°C

- **Note 1.** Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability.
- Note 2. θ_{JA} is measured at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ on a high effective thermal conductivity four-layer test board per JEDEC 51-7. θ_{JC} is measured at the exposed pad of the package.
- Note 3. Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution is recommended.
- Note 4. The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.
- Note 5. Current measurements are performed when the output are not switching.



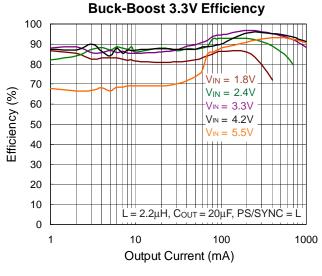
Typical Application Circuit

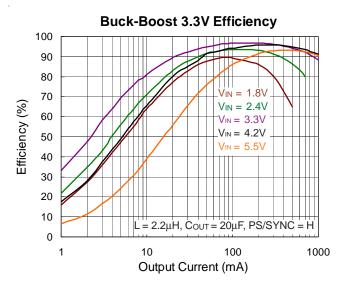


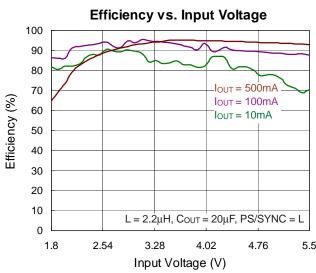


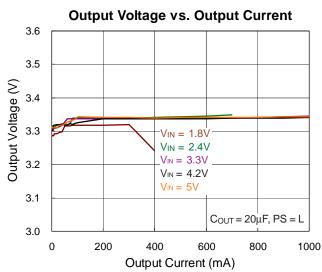
RICHTEK

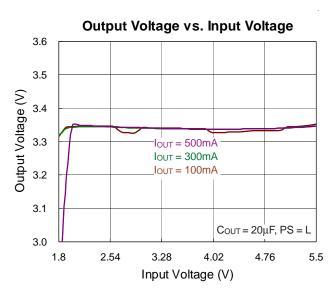
Typical Operating Characteristics

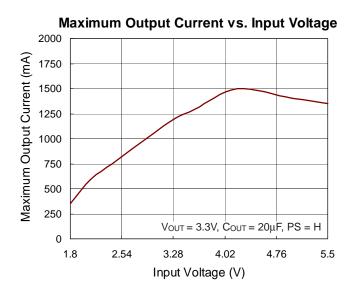






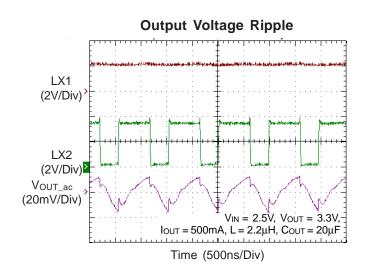


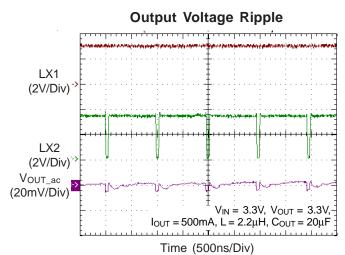


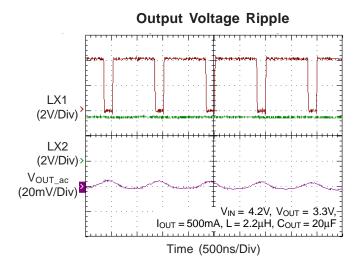


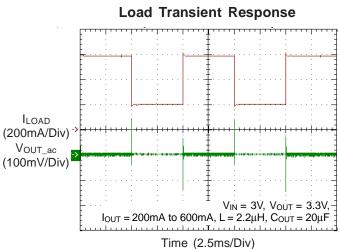
Copyright ©2018 Richtek Technology Corporation. All rights reserved. RICHTEK is a registered trademark of Richtek Technology Corporation.

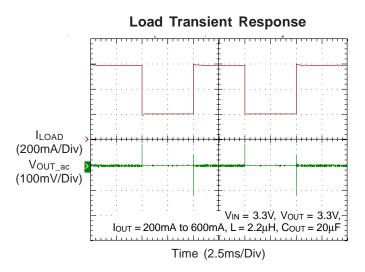
DS6150A/B-06 July 2018 www.richtek.com

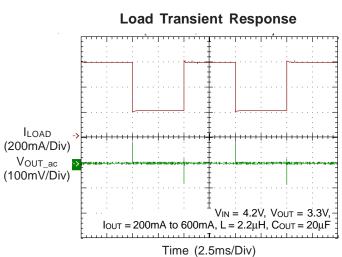












DS6150A/B-06 July 2018

Application Information

The RT6150A/B Buck-Boost DC-DC converter is designed for systems powered by one-cell Li-Ion or Li-Polymer battery with a typical voltage between 1.8V and 4.2V. They can also be used in systems powered by a double or triple cell Alkaline, NiCd, or NiMH battery with a typical terminal voltage between 1.8V and 5.5V. Additionally, the output voltage can be set between 2.5V and 5.5V.

The controller monitors the average input current as well as the peak input current. With this, maximum input power can be controlled to achieve a safe and stable operation. To protect the device from overheating, an internal temperature sensor is implemented.

Enable

The device can be enabled or disenabled by the EN pin. When the EN pin is higher than the threshold of logichigh, the device starts operation with soft-start. Once the EN pin is set at low, the device will be shut down. In shutdown mode, the converter stops switching, internal control circuitry is turned off, and the load is disconnected from the input. This also means that the output voltage can drop below the input voltage during shutdown.

Soft-Start

When the RT6150A/B is enabled, the output voltage will increase to its setting value within 1ms. During start-up period, the duty cycle and the peak current are limited to reduce high peak current flowing from the input.

Output Voltage Setting

There are fixed and adjustable output voltage versions available. To properly configure the fixed output voltage devices, the FB pin is used to sense the output voltage and must be connected directly to VOUT. At the adjustable versions, the output voltage is setting by an external resistive divider. The resistive divider must be connected between VOUT, FB and GND. When the output voltage is regulated properly, the typical value of the voltage at the FB pin is 500mV, and the current into FB pin is about 10nA generally. The current through divider resistor should be about 100 times larger than the current into FB pin in order to neglect the FB input current. The suggested value

for R2 is $80k\Omega$ to $500k\Omega$, and the value of R1 is depended on the needed output voltage. Output voltage can be calculated by equation as below :

$$R1 = R2 \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{FB}} - 1\right)$$

For example, an output voltage of 3.3V is needed. It is recommended to use a $487k\Omega$ resistor for R1. For better transient response performance, adding a feedforward capacitor in parallel with R1 is recommended. The value for the feedforward capacitor can be calculated using equation as below :

$$Cff = [(487k/R1) \times 20] -20 \text{ (pF)}$$

Power Save Mode

The PS pin can be used to select different operation modes. To enable Power Save Mode (PSM), the PS pin must be set at low. The PSM is used to improve the efficiency at light load. If the power save mode is disabled by pulling high the PS pin, the converter will operate in PWM mode with fixed switching frequency.

Under-Voltage Lockout

The under-voltage lockout circuit prevents the device from operating incorrectly at low input voltages. It prevents the converter from turning on the power switches under undefined conditions and prevents the battery from deep discharge. VINA voltage must be greater than 1.65V to enable the converter. During operation, if VINA voltage drops below 1.55V, the converter is disabled until the supply exceeds the UVLO rising threshold. The RT6150A/B automatically restarts if the input voltage recovers to the input voltage UVLO high level.

Thermal Shutdown

The device has a built-in temperature sensor which monitors the internal junction temperature. If the temperature exceeds the threshold, the device stops operating. As soon as the IC temperature has decreased below the threshold with a hysteresis, it starts operating again. The built-in hysteresis is designed to avoid unstable operation at IC temperatures near the over temperature threshold.

Copyright ©2018 Richtek Technology Corporation. All rights reserved. RICHTEK is a registered trademark of Richtek Technology Corporation.

RICHTEK

Inductor Selection

To properly configure the Buck-Boost converter, an inductor must be connected between the LX1 and LX2 pins. To estimate the inductance value, two equations are listed as below:

$$L1 > \frac{V_{OUT} \times \left(V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT}\right)}{f \times \Delta I_{L} \times V_{IN(MAX)}} \quad (H)$$

$$L2 > \frac{V_{\text{IN}(\text{MIN})} \times (V_{\text{OUT}} - V_{\text{IN}(\text{MIN})})}{f \times \Delta I_{\text{L}} \times V_{\text{OUT}}} \quad (H)$$

where f is the minimum switching frequency. L1 is the minimum inductor value for Buck mode operation. V_{IN(MAX)} is the maximum input voltage. L2 is the minimum inductance, for Boost mode operation. V_{IN(MIN)} is the minimum input voltage. The recommended minimum inductor value is either L1 or L2 whichever is higher. For example, a suitable inductor value is 2.2µH for generating a 3.3V output voltage from a Li-lon battery with the range from 1.8V to 4.2V. The recommended inductor value range is between 1.5μH and 4.7μH. In general, a higher inductor value offers better performance in high voltage conversion condition.

Input Capacitor Selection

At least a 10µF input capacitor is recommended to improve transient behavior of the regulator and EMI behavior of the total power supply circuit. A ceramic capacitor placed as close as possible to the VIN and GND pins of the IC is recommended.

Output Capacitor Selection

The output capacitor selection determines the output voltage ripple and transient response. It is recommended to use ceramic capacitors placed as close as possible to the VOUT and GND pins of the IC. If, for any reason, the application requires the use of large capacitors which can not be placed close to the IC, using a small ceramic capacitor in parallel to the large one is recommended. This small capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the VOUT and GND pins of the IC. The output voltage ripple for a given output capacitor is expressed as follows:

$$\begin{split} \Delta V_{OUT}, \, peak \, (Buck) &= \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times 8 \times L \times (f_{OSC})^2 \times C_{OUT}} \\ \Delta V_{OUT}, \, peak \, (Boost) &= \frac{I_{LOAD} \times (V_{OUT} - V_{IN})}{C_{OUT} \times V_{OUT} \times f_{OSC}} \end{split}$$

If the RT6150A/B operates in Buck mode, the worst-case voltage ripple occurs at the highest input voltage. When the RT6150A/B operates in boost mode, the worst-case voltage ripple occurs at the lowest input voltage.

The maximum voltage of overshoot or undershoot, is inversely proportional to the value of the output capacitor. To ensure stability and excellent transient response, it is recommended to use a minimum of 10μF/X7R/1206 capacitors at the output. For surface mount applications, Taiyo Yuden or TDK ceramic capacitors, X7R series Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor is recommended.

A capacitor with a value in the range of the calculated minimum should be used. This is required to maintain control loop stability. There are no additional requirements regarding minimum ESR. Low ESR capacitors should be used to minimize output voltage ripple. Larger capacitors will cause lower output voltage ripple as well as lower output voltage drop during load transients.

Thermal Considerations

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum junction temperature. The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of the IC package, PCB layout, rate of surrounding airflow, and difference between junction and ambient temperature. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by the following formula:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

where $T_{J(MAX)}$ is the maximum junction temperature, T_A is the ambient temperature, and θ_{JA} is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.

For recommended operating condition specifications, the maximum junction temperature is 125°C. The junction to ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is layout dependent. For WDFN-10L 3x3 package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , is 30.5°C/W on a standard JEDEC 51-7 four-layer thermal test board. For WDFN-10L 2.5x2.5 package, the thermal resistance, θ_{JA}, is 40.9°C/W on a standard JEDEC 51-7 four-layer thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ can be calculated by the following formula:

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (30.5^{\circ}C/W) = 3.28W$ for WDFN-10L 3x3 package

 $P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C) / (40.9^{\circ}C/W) = 2.44W$ for WDFN-10L 2.5x2.5 package

The maximum power dissipation depends on the operating ambient temperature for fixed $T_{J(MAX)}$ and thermal resistance, θ_{JA} . The derating curve in Figure 1 allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power dissipation.

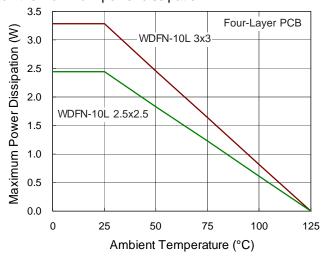
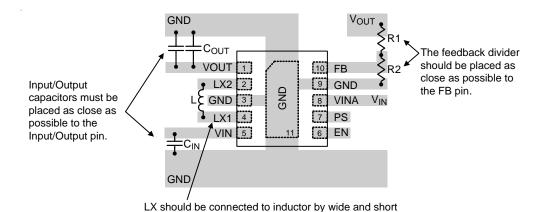


Figure 1. Derating Curve of Maximum Power Dissipation

Layout Considerations

For the best performance of the RT6150A/B, the following PCB layout guidelines must be strictly followed.

- Place the input and output capacitors as close as possible to the input and output pins respectively for good filtering.
- Keep the main power traces as wide and short as possible.
- The switching node area connected to LX and inductor should be minimized for lower EMI.
- Place the feedback components as close as possible to the FB pin and keep these components away from the noisy devices.
- Connect the GND and Exposed Pad to a strong ground plane for maximum thermal dissipation and noise protection.
- Directly connect the output capacitors to the feedback network to avoid bouncing caused by parasitic resistance and inductance from the PCB trace.

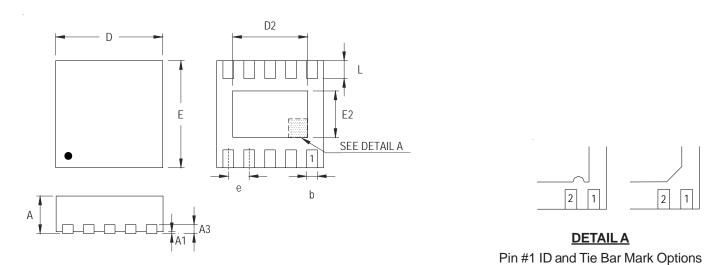


trace. Keep sensitive components away from this trace.

Figure 2. PCB Layout Guide



Outline Dimension



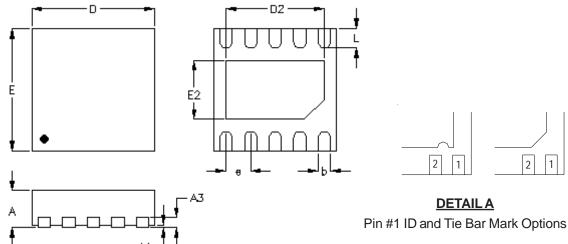
configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional

Note: The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

Complete	Dimensions	In Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
A3	0.175	0.250	0.007	0.010	
b	0.180	0.300	0.007	0.012	
D	2.950	3.050	0.116	0.120	
D2	2.300	2.650	0.091	0.104	
Е	2.950	3.050	0.116	0.120	
E2	1.500	1.750	0.059	0.069	
е	0.500		0.0	20	
L	0.350	0.450	0.014	0.018	

W-Type 10L DFN 3x3 Package





Note: The configuration of the Pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated.

Symbol	Dimensions I	n Millimeters	Dimensions In Inches		
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	
А	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031	
A1	0.000	0.050	0.000	0.002	
А3	0.175	0.250	0.007	0.010	
b	0.200	0.300	0.008	0.012	
D	2.400	2.600	0.094	0.102	
D2	1.950	2.050	0.077	0.081	
E	2.400	2.600	0.094	0.102	
E2	1.150	1.250	0.045	0.049	
е	0.500		0.020		
L	0.350	0.450	0.014	0.018	

W-Type 10L DFN 2.5x2.5 Package

Richtek Technology Corporation

14F, No. 8, Tai Yuen 1st Street, Chupei City Hsinchu, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Tel: (8863)5526789

Richtek products are sold by description only. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information and data sheets before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. Richtek cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Richtek product. Information furnished by Richtek is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Richtek or its subsidiaries for its use; nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Richtek or its subsidiaries.

DS6150A/B-06 July 2018 www.richtek.com



OUR CERTIFICATE

DiGi provide top-quality products and perfect service for customer worldwide through standardization, technological innovation and continuous improvement. DiGi through third-party certification, we striciy control the quality of products and services. Welcome your RFQ to Email: Info@DiGi-Electronics.com

















Tel: +00 852-30501935

RFQ Email: Info@DiGi-Electronics.com