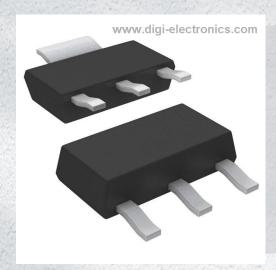


MIC5209-4.2BS TR Datasheet



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DiGi Electronics Part Number MIC5209-4.2BS TR-DG

Manufacturer Microchip Technology

Manufacturer Product Number MIC5209-4.2BS TR

Description IC REG LIN 4.2V 500MA SOT223-3

Detailed Description Linear Voltage Regulator IC Positive Fixed 1 Output

500mA SOT-223-3



Tel: +00 852-30501935

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Purchase and inquiry

Manufacturer Product Number:	Manufacturer:
MIC5209-4.2BS TR	Microchip Technology
Series:	Product Status:
	Obsolete
Output Configuration:	Output Type:
Positive	Fixed
Number of Regulators:	Voltage - Input (Max):
1	16V
Voltage - Output (Min/Fixed):	Voltage - Output (Max):
4.2V	
Voltage Dropout (Max):	Current - Output:
0.6V @ 500mA	500mA
Current - Quiescent (Iq):	Current - Supply (Max):
170 μΑ	25 mA
PSRR:	Control Features:
75dB (120Hz)	
Protection Features:	Operating Temperature:
Over Current, Over Temperature, Reverse Polarity	-40°C ~ 125°C
Mounting Type:	Package / Case:
Surface Mount	TO-261-4, TO-261AA
Supplier Device Package:	Base Product Number:
SOT-223-3	MIC5209

Environmental & Export classification

8542.39.0001

RoHS Status:	Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL):
RoHS non-compliant	3 (168 Hours)
REACH Status:	ECCN:
REACH Unaffected	EAR99
HTSUS	



500 mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator

Features

- Output Voltage Range: 1.8V 15V
- Meets Intel[®] Slot 1 and Slot 2 Requirements
- Guaranteed 500 mA Output Over the Full Operating Temperature Range
- Low 500 mV Maximum Dropout Voltage at Full Load
- · Extremely Tight Load and Line Regulation
- · Thermally Efficient Surface-Mount Package
- · Low Temperature Coefficient
- · Current and Thermal Limiting
- · Reversed-Battery Protection
- · No-Load Stability
- 1% Output Accuracy
- · Ultra-Low-Noise Capability in SOIC-8 and DDPAK
- Ultra-Small 3 mm × 3 mm DFN Package

Applications

- Pentium II Slot 1 and Slot 2 Support Circuits
- · Laptop, Notebook, and Palmtop Computers
- · Cellular Telephones
- · Consumer and Personal Electronics
- · SMPS Post-Regulator and DC/DC Modules
- · High-Efficiency Linear Power Supplies

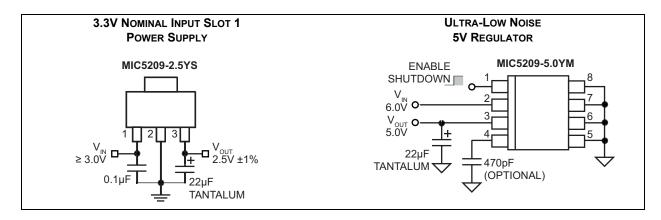
General Description

The MIC5209 is an efficient linear voltage regulator with very low dropout voltage, typically 10 mV at light loads and less than 500 mV at full load, with better than 1% output voltage accuracy.

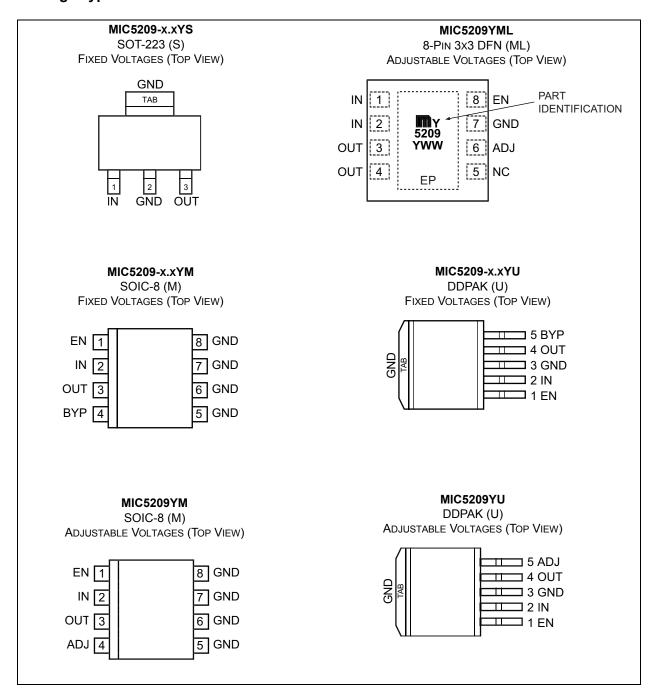
Designed especially for hand-held, battery-powered devices, the MIC5209 features low ground current to help prolong battery life. An enable/shutdown pin on the SOIC-8 and DDPAK versions can further improve battery life with near-zero shutdown current.

Key features include reversed-battery protection, current limiting, overtemperature shutdown, ultra-low-noise capability (SOIC-8 and DDPAK versions), and is available in thermally efficient packaging. The MIC5209 is available in adjustable or fixed output voltages.

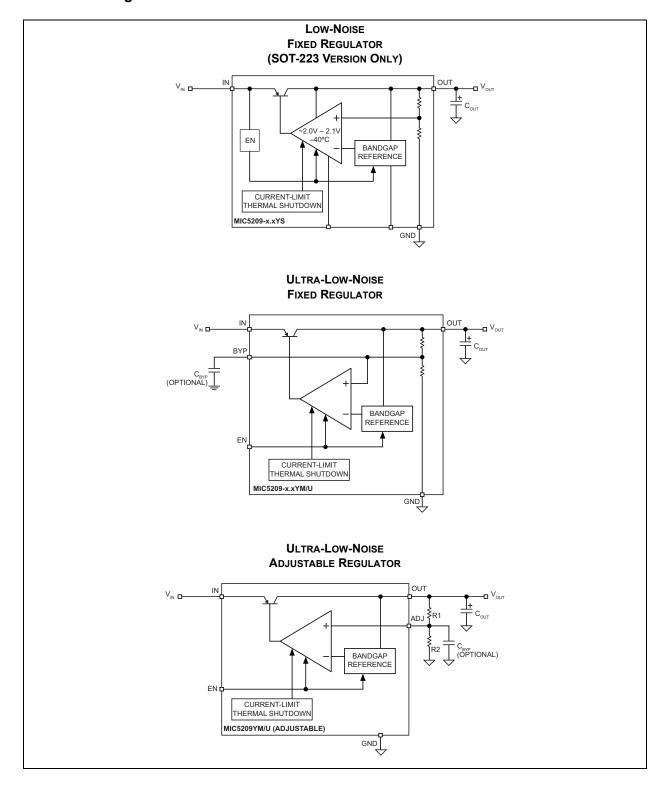
Typical Application Circuits



Package Types



Functional Diagrams



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings †

Supply Voltage (V _{IN})	–20V to +20V
Power Dissipation (P _D) (Note 1)	Internally Limited
ESD Rating (SOT-223)	
ESD Rating (DFN, SOIC-8)	
,	

Operating Ratings ‡

Supply Voltage (V _{IN})+:	2.5V to +	+16V
Adjustable Output Voltage Range (VOLT)+	1.8V to +	+15V

- **† Notice:** Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not intended. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- **‡ Notice:** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating ratings.
 - **Note 1:** The maximum allowable power dissipation at any T_A (ambient temperature) is $P_{D(max)} = (T_{J(max)} T_A) \times \theta_{JA}$. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. See Table 4-1 and the Thermal Considerations sub-section in Applications Information for details.

TABLE 1-1: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1)

Electrical Characteristics: $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$; $I_L = 100 \ \mu A$; $T_J = +25 ^{\circ}C$, bold values indicate $-40 ^{\circ}C \le T_J \le +125 ^{\circ}C$ except $0 ^{\circ}C \le T_J \le +125 ^{\circ}C$ for $1.8V \le V_{OUT} \le 2.5V$, unless noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Output Voltage Accuracy	\/	-1	_	1	%	Variation from nominal V _{OUT}	
Output Voltage Accuracy	V _{OUT}	-2	_	2	70	Variation nominal v _{OUT}	
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	ΔV _{OUT} / ΔT		40		ppm/°C	Note 2	
Line Regulation	ΔV_{OUT} /	_	0.009	0.05	%	V _{IN} = V _{OUT} + 1V to 16V	
Line Regulation	V _{OUT}	_	_	0.10	70	VIN - VOUI : 14 to 164	
Load Regulation	ΔV_{OUT} /		0.05	0.5	%	I _L = 100 μA to 500 mA, Note 3	
Load Hogalation	V _{OUT}	_	—	0.7	,,,	100 pr (10 000 11), (1000 0	
		_	10	60		I ₁ = 100 μA	
		_	_	80		- 100 μ/ (
		_	115	175		I _I = 50 mA	
Dropout Voltage, (Note 4)	V _{IN} –	_	_	250	mV	1 - 30 1170	
Diopout Voltage, (Note 4)	V_{OUT}	1	165	300	1110	I _L = 150 mA	
		_		400		IL - 130 IIIA	
			350	500		I _L = 500 mA	
			_	600			
	I _{GND}		80	130	μΑ	V _{EN} ≥ 3.0V, I _{OUT} = 100 μA	
			_	170		νειν – σ.σ ν, 1001	
			350	650		V _{EN} ≥ 3.0V, I _{OUT} = 50 mA	
Ground Pin Current			_	900		V _{EN} ≥ 3.0 V, 1 _{OUT} = 30 mA	
(Note 5, Note 6)			1.8	2.5		V _{EN} ≥ 3.0V, I _{OUT} = 150 mA	
			_	3.0	mA	V _{EN} ≥ 3.0V, I _{OUT} = 150 IIIA	
		_	8	20	111/4	V _{EN} ≥ 3.0V, I _{OUT} = 500 mA	
			_	25		VEN 2 3.0 V, 10UT = 300 HIA	
Ground Pin Quiescent	1.		0.05	3	μA	V _{EN} ≤ 0.4V (shutdown)	
Current, (Note 6)	I _{GND}		0.10	8	μA	V _{EN} ≤ 0.18V (shutdown)	
Ripple Rejection	PSRR		75		dB	f = 120 Hz	
Current Limit	1	_	700	900	mA	\/ = 0\/	
Current Limit	I _{LIMIT}		_	1000	IIIA	V _{OUT} = 0V	
Thermal Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}/$ ΔP_{D}		0.05		%/W	Note 7	
Output Noise (Note 9)		_	500		nV √Hz	V_{OUT} = 2.5V, I_{OUT} = 50 mA C_{OUT} = 2.2 µF, C_{BYP} = 0	
Output Noise, (Note 8)	e _n	_	300	_		I_{OUT} = 50 mA, C_{OUT} = 2.2 µF C_{BYP} = 470 pF	

TABLE 1-1: ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 1) (CONTINUED)

Electrical Characteristics: $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$; $I_L = 100 \ \mu A$; $T_J = +25 ^{\circ}C$, **bold** values indicate $-40 ^{\circ}C \le T_J \le +125 ^{\circ}C$ except $0 ^{\circ}C \le T_J \le +125 ^{\circ}C$ for $1.8V \le V_{OUT} \le 2.5V$, unless noted.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions	
Enable Input							
		_	_	0.4	V	V = Logic low (Dogulator shutdown)	
Enable Input Logic-Low Voltage	V_{ENL}	_	_	0.18	V	V _{EN} = Logic-low (Regulator shutdown)	
voltage		2.0	_		V	V _{EN} = Logic-high (Regulator enabled)	
Enable Input Current	1	_	0.01	-1		V _{ENL} ≤ 0.4V	
Enable Input Current	I _{ENL}	_	0.01	-2	μA	V _{ENL} ≤ 0.18V	
		_	5	20		V > 2.0V	
_	I _{ENH}	_	_	25	μΑ	V _{ENH} ≥ 2.0V	
		_	_	30		V >16V	
		_	_	50		V _{ENH} ≥ 16V	

- Note 1: Specification for packaged product only.
 - 2: Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst-case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
 - 3: Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Parts are tested for load regulation in the load range from 100 µA to 500 mA. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
 - **4:** Dropout Voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential.
 - **5:** Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current plus pass transistor base current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
 - **6:** V_{EN} is the voltage externally applied to devices with the EN (enable) input pin. SOIC-8 (M) and DDPAK (U) packages only.
 - 7: Thermal regulation is the change in output voltage at a time "t" after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 500 mA load pulse at V_{IN} = 16V for t = 10 ms.
 - 8: C_{BYP} is an optional, external bypass capacitor connected to devices with a BYP (bypass) or ADJ (adjust) pin. SOIC-8 (M) and DDPAK (U) packages only.

TEMPERATURE SPECIFICATIONS (Note 1)

Parameters	Sym.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions		
Temperature Ranges								
Storage Temperature Range	T _S	-65	_	+150	°C	_		
Lead Temperature	_	_	_	+260	°C	Soldering, 5 sec.		
Junction Temperature	T_J	-40	_	+125	°C	2.5V ≤ V _{OUT} ≤ 15V		
Junction Temperature	TJ	0	_	+125	°C	1.8V ≤ V _{OUT} < 2.5V		
Package Thermal Resistance								
Thermal Resistance SOT-223	θ_{JA}	_	62	_	°C/W	EIA/JEDEC		
	θ_{JC}	_	15	_	°C/W	JES51-751-7, 4 Layer Board		
	θ_{JA}	_	50	_	°C/W	See Thermal		
Thermal Resistance SOIC-8	θ_{JC}	_	25	_	°C/W	Considerations for more information.		
	θ_{JA}	_	31.4	_	°C/W	EIA/JEDEC		
Thermal Resistance DDPAK	θ_{JC}	_	3	_	°C/W	JES51-751-7, 4 Layer Board		
Thermal Resistance 3 mm x 3 mm	θ_{JA}	_	64	_	°C/W	EIA/JEDEC		
DFN	θ_{JC}	_	12	_	°C/W	JES51-751-7, 4 Layer Board		

Note 1: The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of ambient temperature, the maximum allowable junction temperature and the thermal resistance from junction to air (i.e., T_A, T_J, θ_{JA}). Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause the device operating junction temperature to exceed the maximum +125°C rating. Sustained junction temperatures above +125°C can impact the device reliability.

2.0 TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CURVES

Note: The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.

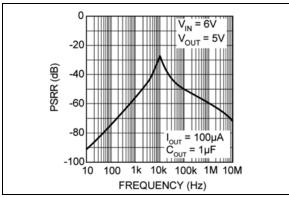


FIGURE 2-1: Power Supply Rejection Ratio.

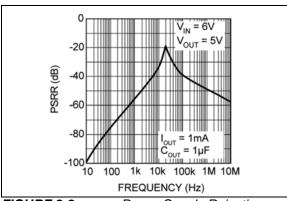


FIGURE 2-2: Power Supply Rejection Ratio.

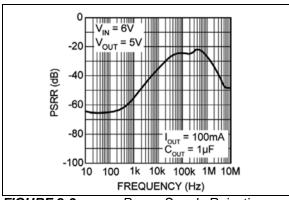


FIGURE 2-3: Power Supply Rejection Ratio.

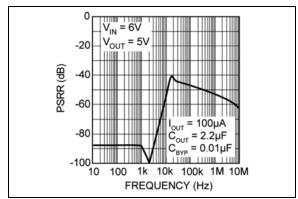


FIGURE 2-4: Power Supply Rejection Ratio.

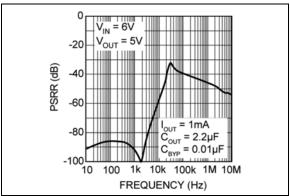


FIGURE 2-5: Power Supply Rejection Ratio.

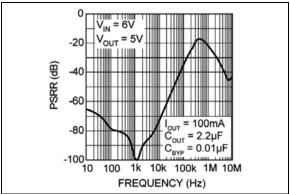


FIGURE 2-6: Power Supply Rejection Ratio.

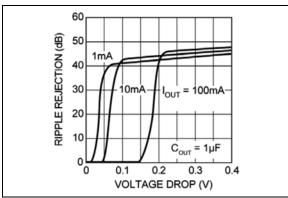


FIGURE 2-7: Power Supply Ripple Rejection vs. Voltage Drop.

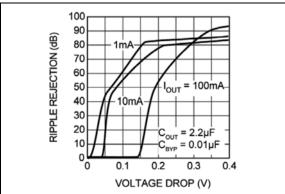


FIGURE 2-8: Power Supply Ripple Rejection vs. Voltage Drop.

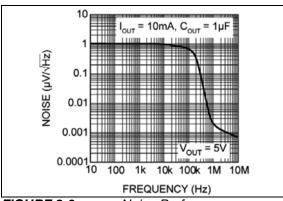


FIGURE 2-9: Noise Performance.

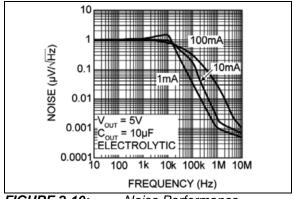


FIGURE 2-10: Noise Performance.

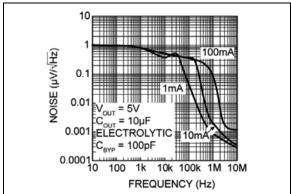


FIGURE 2-11: Noise Performance.

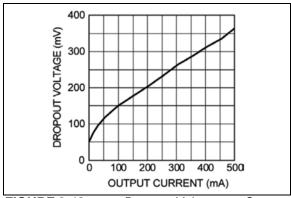


FIGURE 2-12: Dropout Voltage vs. Output Current.

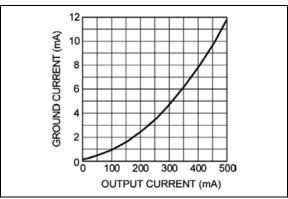


FIGURE 2-13: Ground Current vs. Output Current.

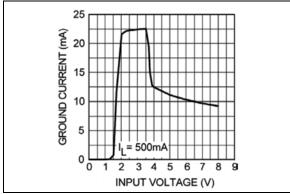


FIGURE 2-14: Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage.

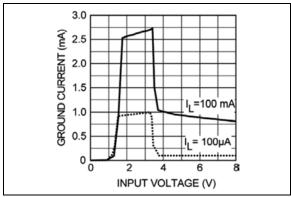


FIGURE 2-15: Ground Current vs. Supply Voltage.

3.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 3-1.

TABLE 3-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Pin Number 8-Pin DFN	Pin Number SOT-223	Pin Number SOIC-8	Pin Number DDPAK	Pin Name	Description
1, 2	1	2	2	IN	Supply Input.
7	2, TAB	5, 6, 7, 8	3, TAB	GND	Ground: SOT-223 Pin 2 and TAB are internally connected. SOIC-8 Pins 5 through 8 are internally connected.
3, 4	3	3	4	OUT	Regulator Output: Pins 3 and 4 must be tied together.
5	_	_	_	NC	Not Connected.
8	_	1	1	EN	Enable (Input): CMOS-compatible control input. Logic-High = Enable; Logic-Low = Shutdown.
	_	4 (Fixed)	5 (Fixed)	ВҮР	Reference Bypass: Connect external 470 pF capacitor to GND to reduce output noise. Can be left open. For 1.8V or 2.5V operation, see Application Information.
6	_	4 (Adjustable)	5 (Adjustable)	ADJ	Adjust (Input): Feedback input. Connect to resistive voltage-divider network.
EP	_	_	_	ePad	Exposed Thermal Pad: Connect to GND for best thermal performance.

4.0 APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

4.1 Enable/Shutdown

Enable is not available on devices in the SOT-223 (S) package.

Forcing EN (enable/shutdown) high (> 2V) enables the regulator. EN is compatible with CMOS logic. If the enable/shutdown feature is not required, connect EN to IN (supply input).

4.2 Input Capacitor

A 1 μF capacitor should be placed from IN to GND if there is more than 10 inches of wire between the input and the AC filter capacitor or if a battery is used as the input.

4.3 Output Capacitor

An output capacitor is required between OUT and GND to prevent oscillation. The minimum size of the output capacitor is dependent upon whether a reference bypass capacitor is used. 1 μF minimum is recommended when C_{BYP} is not used (see Figure 4-1). 2.2 μF minimum is recommended when C_{BYP} is 470 pF (see Figure 4-2). Larger values improve the regulator's transient response.

The output capacitor should have an ESR (equivalent series resistance) of about 1Ω and a resonant frequency above 1 MHz. Ultra-low-ESR and ceramic capacitors can cause a low amplitude oscillation on the output and/or underdamped transient response. Most tantalum or aluminum electrolytic capacitors are adequate; film types will work, but are more expensive. Since many aluminum electrolytics have electrolytes that freeze at about -30°C , solid tantalums are recommended for operation below -25°C .

At lower values of output current, less output capacitance is needed for output stability. The capacitor can be reduced to 0.47 μF for current below 10 mA or 0.33 μF for currents below 1 mA.

4.4 No-Load Stability

The MIC5209 will remain stable and in regulation with no load (other than the internal voltage divider) unlike many other voltage regulators. This is especially important in CMOSRAM keep-alive applications.

4.5 Reference Bypass Capacitor

Reference bypass (BYP) is available only on devices in SOIC-8 and DDPAK packages.

BYP is connected to the internal voltage reference. A 470 pF capacitor (C_{BYP}) connected from BYP to GND quiets this reference, providing a significant reduction in output noise (ultra-low-noise performance). Because

 C_{BYP} reduces the phase margin, the output capacitor should be increased to at least 2.2 μF to maintain stability.

The start-up speed of the MIC5209 is inversely proportional to the size of the reference bypass capacitor. Applications requiring a slow ramp-up of output voltage should consider larger values of C_{BYP} . Likewise, if rapid turn-on is necessary, consider omitting C_{BYP} .

If output noise is not a major concern, omit $C_{\mbox{\footnotesize{BYP}}}$ and leave BYP open.

4.6 Thermal Considerations

The SOT-223 has a ground tab that allows it to dissipate more power than the SOIC-8 (refer to the Slot-1 Power Supply sub-section for details). At +25°C ambient, it will operate reliably at 1.6W dissipation with "worst-case" mounting (no ground plane, minimum trace widths, and FR4 printed circuit board).

Thermal resistance values for the SOIC-8 represent typical mounting on a 1"-square, copper-clad, FR4 circuit board. For greater power dissipation, SOIC-8 versions of the MIC5209 feature a fused internal lead frame and die bonding arrangement that reduces thermal resistance when compared to standard SOIC-8 packages.

TABLE 4-1: MIC5209 THERMAL RESISTANCE

Package	θ_{JA}	θ _{JC}
SOT-223 (S)	62°C/W	15°C/W
SOIC-8 (M)	50°C/W	25°C/W
DDPAK (U)	31.4°C/W	3°C/W
3x3 DFN (ML)	64°C/W	12°C/W

Multilayer boards with a ground plane, wide traces near the pads, and large supply-bus lines will have better thermal conductivity and will also allow additional power dissipation.

For additional heat sink characteristics, refer to Application Hint 17. For a full discussion of heat sinking and thermal effects on voltage regulators, refer to the "Regulator Thermals" section of the Designing with Low-Dropout Voltage Regulators handbook.

4.7 Low-Voltage Operation

The MIC5209-1.8 and MIC5209-2.5 require special consideration when used in voltage-sensitive systems. They may momentarily overshoot their nominal output voltages unless appropriate output and bypass capacitor values are chosen.

During regulator power up, the pass transistor is fully saturated for a short time, while the error amplifier and voltage reference are being powered up more slowly from the output (see Functional Diagrams). Selecting

larger output and bypass capacitors allows additional time for the error amplifier and reference to turn on and prevent overshoot.

To ensure that no overshoot is present when starting up into a light load (100 μ A), use a 4.7 μ F output capacitance and 470 pF bypass capacitance. This slows the turn-on enough to allow the regulator to react and keep the output voltage from exceeding its nominal value. At heavier loads, use a 10 μ F output capacitance and 470 pF bypass capacitance. Lower values of output and bypass capacitance can be used, depending on the sensitivity of the system.

Applications that can withstand some overshoot on the output of the regulator can reduce the output capacitor and/or reduce or eliminate the bypass capacitor. Applications that are not sensitive to overshoot due to power-on reset delays can use normal output and bypass capacitor configurations.

Please note the junction temperature range of the regulator with an output less than 2.5V (fixed and adjustable) is 0°C to +125°C.

4.8 Fixed Regulator Applications

Figure 4-1 shows a basic MIC5209-x.xYM (SOIC-8) fixed-voltage regulator circuit. See Figure 5 for a similar configuration using the more thermally-efficient MIC5209-x.xYS (SOT-223). A 1 μ F minimum output capacitor is required for basic fixed-voltage applications.

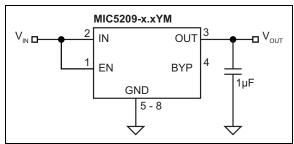
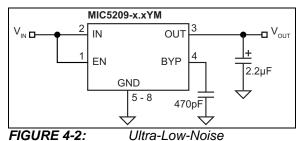


FIGURE 4-1: Low-Noise Fixed-Voltage Application.

Figure 4-2 includes the optional 470 pF noise bypass capacitor between BYP and GND to reduce output noise. Note that the minimum value of C_{OUT} must be increased when the bypass capacitor is used.



Fixed-Voltage Application.

4.9 Adjustable Regulator Applications

The MIC5209YM, MIC5209YU, and MIC5209YML can be adjusted to a specific output voltage by using two external resistors (Figure 4-3). The resistors set the output voltage based on the equation:

EQUATION 4-1:

$$V_{OUT} = 1.242V \times \left(1 + \frac{R2}{R1}\right)$$

This equation is correct due to the configuration of the bandgap reference. The bandgap voltage is relative to the output, as seen in the Functional Diagrams. Traditional regulators normally have the reference voltage relative to ground; therefore, their equations are different from the equation for the MIC5209Y.

Although ADJ is a high-impedance input and, for best performance, R2 should not exceed 470 k Ω .

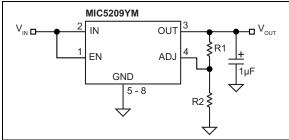


FIGURE 4-3: Low-Noise Adjustable-Voltage Application.

Figure 4-4 includes the optional 470 pF bypass capacitor from ADJ to GND to reduce output noise.

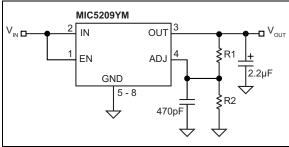


FIGURE 4-4: Ultra-Low-Noise Adjustable Application.

4.10 Slot-1 Power Supply

Intel's Pentium II processors have a requirement for a $2.5V \pm 5\%$ power supply for a clock synthesizer and its associated loads. The current requirement for the 2.5V supply is dependent upon the clock synthesizer used,

the number of clock outputs, and the type of level shifter (from core logic levels to 2.5V levels). Intel estimates a "worst-case" load of 320 mA.

The MIC5209 was designed to provide the 2.5V power requirement for Slot-1 applications. Its guaranteed performance of 2.5V ±3% at 500 mA allows adequate margin for all systems, and the dropout voltage of 500 mV means that it operates from a "worst-case" 3.3V supply where the voltage can be as low as 3.0V.

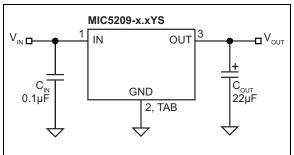


FIGURE 4-5: Slot-1 Power Supply.

A Slot-1 power supply (Figure 4-5) is easy to implement. Only two capacitors are necessary, and their values are not critical. C_{IN} bypasses the internal circuitry and should be at least 0.1 μ F. C_{OUT} provides output filtering, improves transient response, and compensates the internal regulator control loop. Its value should be at least 22 μ F. C_{IN} and C_{OUT} can be increased as much as desired.

4.10.1 SLOT-1 POWER SUPPLY POWER DISSIPATION

Powered from a 3.3V supply, the Slot-1 power supply illustrated in Figure 4-5 has a nominal efficiency of 75%. At the maximum anticipated Slot-1 load (320 mA), the nominal power dissipation is only 256 mW.

The SOT-223 package has sufficient thermal characteristics for wide design margins when mounted on a single-layer copper-clad printed circuit board. The power dissipation of the MIC5209 is calculated using the voltage drop across the device output current plus supply voltage ground current.

Considering "worst-case" tolerances, the power dissipation could be as high as:

EQUATION 4-2:

$$(V_{IN(MAX)} - V_{OUT(MAX)}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN(MAX)} \times I_{GND}$$

So:

EQUATION 4-3:

$$[(3.6V - 2.375V) \times 320mA] + (3.6V \times 4mA)$$

Resulting in:

EQUATION 4-4:

$$P_D = 407mW$$

Using the maximum junction temperature of +125°C and a θ_{JC} of 15°C/W for the SOT-223, 25°C/W for the SOIC-8, or 3°C/W for the DDPAK package, the following worst-case heat-sink thermal resistance (θ_{SA}) requirements are:

EQUATION 4-5:

$$\theta_{JA} = \frac{T_{J(MAX)} - T_A}{P_D}$$

Where: $\theta_{SA} = \theta_{JA} - \theta_{JC}$

Table 4-2 and Figure 4-6 show that the Slot-1 power supply application can be implemented with a minimum footprint layout.

TABLE 4-2: MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE THERMAL RESISTANCE

T _A	+40°C	+50°C	+60°C	+70°C
θ _{JA} Limit	209°C/W	184°C/W	160°C/W	135°C/W
θ _{SA} SOT-223	194°C/W	169°C/W	145°C/W	120°C/W
θ _{SA} SOIC-8	184°C/W	159°C/W	135°C/W	110°C/W
θ _{SA} DDPAK	206°C/W	181°C/W	157°C/W	132°C/W

Figure 4-6 shows the necessary copper pad area to obtain specific heatsink thermal resistance (θ_{SA}) values. The θ_{SA} values highlighted in Table 4-2 require much less than 500 mm² of copper and, per Figure 4-6, can be easily accomplished with the minimum footprint.

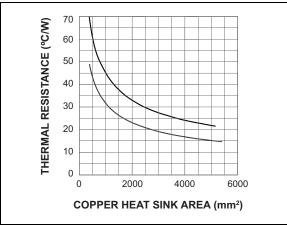


FIGURE 4-6: Resistance.

PCB Heatsink Thermal

5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

5.1 Package Marking Information





SOIC-8 (Fixed)*



SOIC-8 (Adj.)*



5-Pin DDPAK (Fixed)*



5-Pin DDPAK (Adj)*



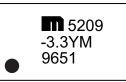
8-Pin DFN*



Example



Example



Example



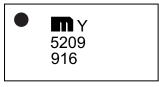
Example



Example



Example



Legend: XX...X Product code or customer-specific information

Y Year code (last digit of calendar year)
YY Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
WW Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')

NNN Alphanumeric traceability code

e3 Pb-free JEDEC® designator for Matte Tin (Sn)

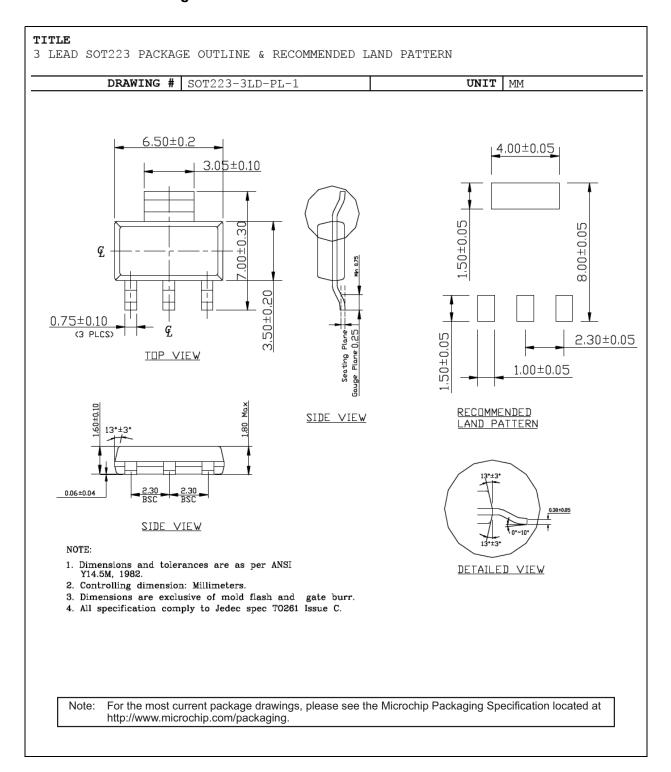
This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

•, ▲, ▼ Pin one index is identified by a dot, delta up, or delta down (triangle mark).

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information. Package may or may not include the corporate logo.

Underbar (_) and/or Overbar (¯) symbol may not be to scale.

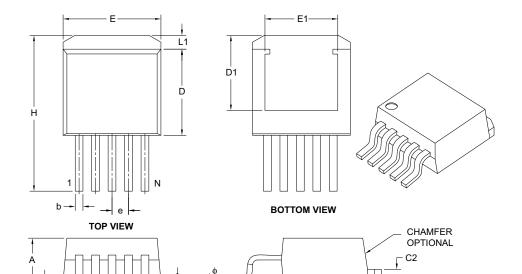
3-Lead SOT-223 Package Outline and Recommended Land Pattern



5-Lead DDPAK Package Outline and Recommended Land Pattern



Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	Units		INCHES		
	Dimension Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Number of Pins	N		5		
Pitch	е		.067 BSC		
Overall Height	A	.160	-	.190	
Standoff §	A1	.000	-	.010	
Overall Width	E	.380	-	.420	
Exposed Pad Width	E1	.245	-	_	
Molded Package Length	D	.330	-	.380	
Overall Length	Н	.549	-	.625	
Exposed Pad Length	D1	.270	-	_	
Lead Thickness	С	.014	-	.029	
Pad Thickness	C2	.045	-	.065	
Lead Width	b	.020	-	.039	
Foot Length	L	.068	-	.110	
Pad Length	L1	-	-	.067	
Foot Angle	ф	0°	_	8°	

Notes:

- 1. § Significant Characteristic.
- 2. Dimensions D and E do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .005" per side.
- 3. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

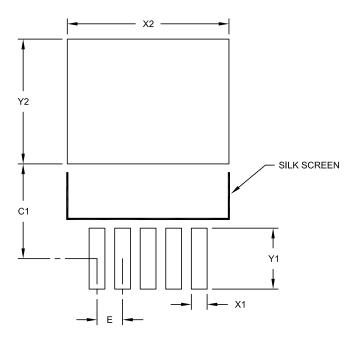
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-012B

Note:

5-Lead Plastic (ET) [DDPAK]

For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

		INCHES		
Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX	
Contact Pitch		.067 BSC		
Optional Center Pad Width	X2			.423
Optional Center Pad Length	Y2			.327
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		.248	
Contact Pad Width (X5)	X1			.041
Contact Pad Length (X5)	Y1			.159

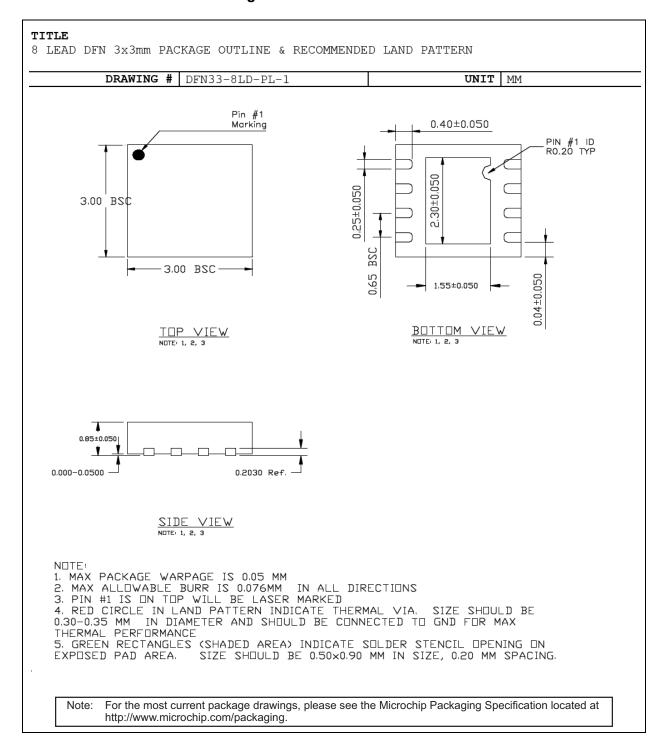
Notes:

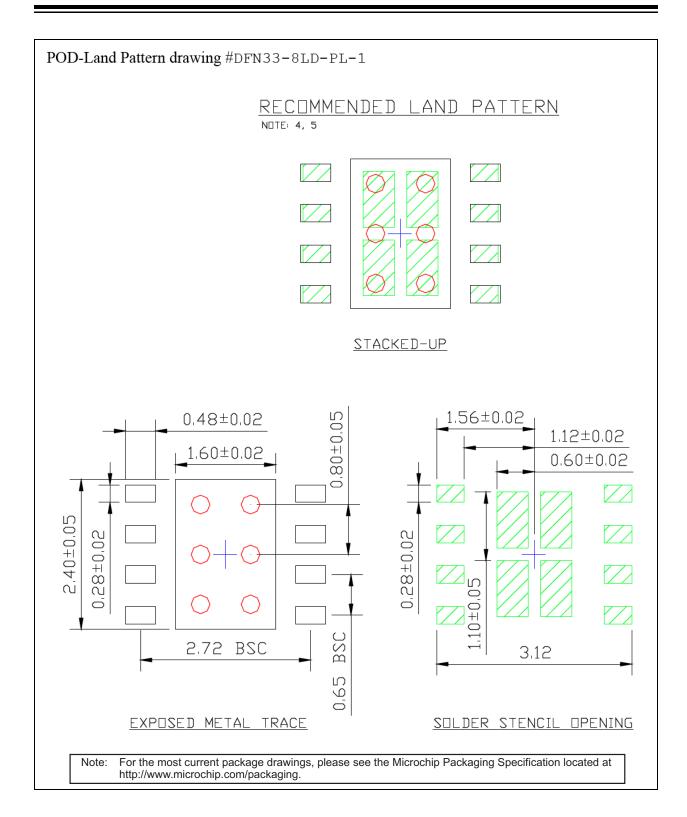
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

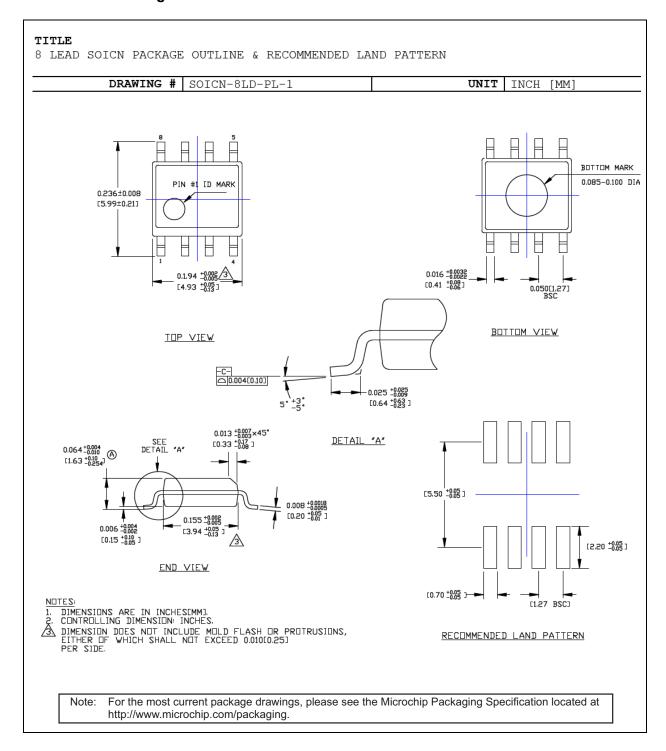
Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2012A

8-Lead 3 mm x 3 mm DFN Package Outline and Recommended Land Pattern





8-Lead SOIC Package Outline and Recommended Land Pattern



NOTES:

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (February 2017)

- Converted Micrel document MIC5209 to Microchip data sheet DS20005720A.
- Minor text changes throughout.
- Updated TO-263-5 packaging spec to DDPAK.
- Updated Thermal Resistance values to be current with Microchip packaging.

NOTES:

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM

To order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, contact your local Microchip representative or sales office.

DARTNO		Examples:
PART NO Device		a) MIC5209-1.8YM-TR: 500 mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator, 1.8V Voltage, -40°C to +125°C Temp. Range 8-Lead SOIC, 2,500/Reel
Device: Voltage:	MIC5209: 500 mA Low Noise LDO Regulator (blank) = Adjustable 1.8 = 1.8V	b) MIC5209-1.8YM: 500 mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator, 1.8V Voltage, -40°C to +125°C Temp. Range 8-Lead SOIC, 95/Tube
	2.5 = 2.5V 3.0 = 3.0V 3.3 = 3.3V 3.6 = 3.6V 4.2 = 4.2V	c) MIC5209-2.5YU-TR: 500 mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator, 2.5V Voltage, -40°C to +125°C Temp. Range 5-Lead DDPAK, 750/Reel
Temperature:	5.0 = 5.0V Y = -40° C to +125°C	d) MIC5209-2.5YU: 500 mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator, 2.5V Voltage, -40°C to +125°C Temp. Range 5-Lead DDPAK, 50/Tube
Package:	M = 8-Lead SOIC ML = 8-Lead DFN S = 3-Lead SOT-223 U = 5-Lead DDPAK	e) MIC5209-3.0YS-TR: 500 mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator, 3.0V Voltage, -40°C to +125°C Temp. Range 3-Lead SOT-223, 2,500/Reel
		f) MIC5209-3.0YS: 500 mA Low-Noise LDO
Media Type:	TR = 2,500/Reel (SOIC, SOT-223) TR = 750/Reel (DDPAK) TR = 5,000/Reel (DFN) T5 = 500/Reel (DFN) (blank)= 50/Tube (DDPAK) (blank)= 78/Tube (SOT-223) (blank)= 95/Tube (SOIC)	Regulator, 3.0V Voltage, -40°C to +125°C Temp. Range 3-Lead SOT-223, 78/Tube g) MIC5209YML-TR: 500 mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator, Adj. Voltage, -40°C to +125°C Temp. Range 8-Lead DFN, 5,000/Reel
		h) MIC5209YML-T5: 500 mA Low-Noise LDO Regulator, Adj. Voltage, -40°C to +125°C Temp. Range 8-Lead DFN, 500/Reel
		Note 1: Tape and Reel identifier only appears in the catalog part number description. This identifier is used for ordering purposes and is not printed on the device package. Check with your Microchip Sales Office for package availability with the Tape and Reel option.

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- Neither Microchip nor any other semiconductor manufacturer can guarantee the security of their code. Code protection does not
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