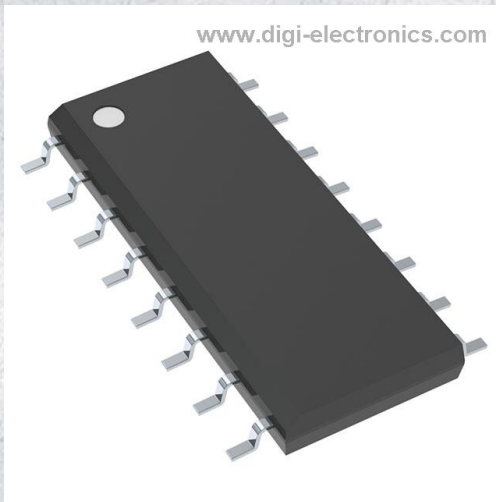


# TRS202IDRG4 Datasheet



<https://www.DiGi-Electronics.com>

DiGi Electronics Part Number	TRS202IDRG4-DG
Manufacturer	<a href="#">Texas Instruments</a>
Manufacturer Product Number	TRS202IDRG4
Description	IC TRANSCEIVER FULL 2/2 16SOIC
Detailed Description	2/2 Transceiver Full RS232 16-SOIC



Tel: +00 852-30501935

RFQ Email: [Info@DiGi-Electronics.com](mailto:Info@DiGi-Electronics.com)

DiGi is a global authorized distributor of electronic components.

## Purchase and inquiry

Manufacturer Product Number:

TRS202IDRG4

Series:

-

Type:

Transceiver

Number of Drivers/Receivers:

2/2

Receiver Hysteresis:

500 mV

Voltage - Supply:

4.5V ~ 5.5V

Mounting Type:

Surface Mount

Supplier Device Package:

16-SOIC

Manufacturer:

Texas Instruments

Product Status:

Discontinued at Digi-Key

Protocol:

RS232

Duplex:

Full

Data Rate:

120Kbps

Operating Temperature:

-40°C ~ 85°C

Package / Case:

16-SOIC (0.154", 3.90mm Width)

Base Product Number:

TRS202

## Environmental & Export classification

RoHS Status:

ROHS3 Compliant

REACH Status:

REACH Unaffected

HTSUS:

8542.39.0001

Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL):

1 (Unlimited)

ECCN:

EAR99

## TRS202 5-V Dual RS-232 Line Driver and Receiver With ±15-kV ESD Protection

### 1 Features

- ESD Protection for RS-232 Bus Pins:
  - ±15-kV Human-Body Model (HBM)
- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and ITU v.28 Standards
- Operates at 5-V  $V_{CC}$  Supply
- Operates up to 120 kbit/s
- External Capacitors:  $4 \times 0.1 \mu\text{F}$
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II

### 2 Applications

- Battery-Powered Systems
- Notebooks
- Set Top Boxes
- Palmtop PCs
- Hand-Held Equipment

### 3 Description

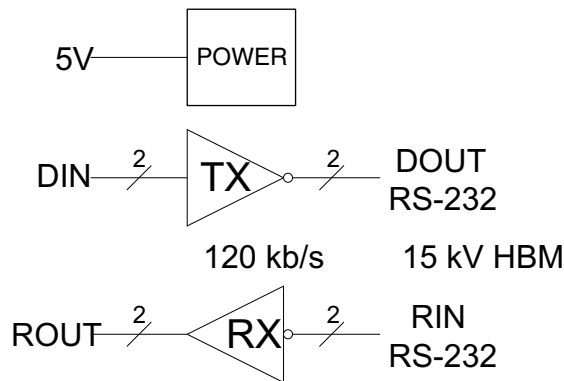
The TRS202 device consists of two line drivers, two line receivers, and a dual charge-pump circuit with ±15-kV ESD protection pin-to-pin (serial-port connection pins, including GND). The device meets the requirements of TIA/EIA-232-F and provides the electrical interface between an asynchronous communication controller and the serial-port connector. The charge pump and four small external capacitors allow operation from a single 5-V supply. The device operates at data signaling rates up to 120 kbit/s and a maximum of 30-V/ $\mu\text{s}$  driver output slew rate.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TRS202ID	SOIC (16)	9.90 mm × 3.91 mm
TRS202IPW	TSSOP (16)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

#### Block Diagram



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## 4 Revision History

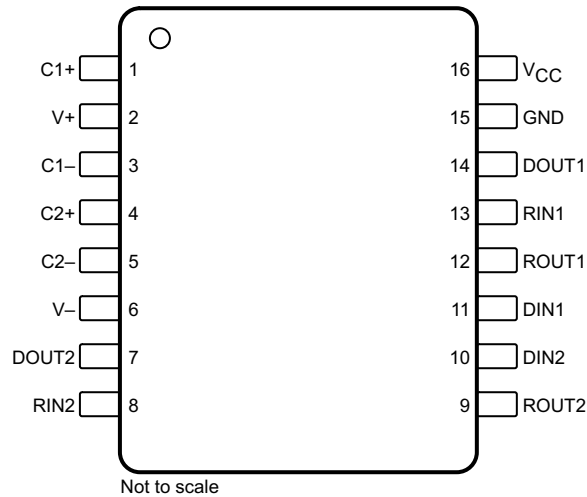
NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

### Changes from Original (July 2007) to Revision A

Page

• Added <i>ESD Ratings</i> table, <i>Feature Description</i> section, <i>Device Functional Modes</i> , <i>Application and Implementation</i> section, <i>Power Supply Recommendations</i> section, <i>Layout</i> section, <i>Device and Documentation Support</i> section, and <i>Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information</i> section .....	<b>1</b>
• Deleted <i>Ordering Information</i> table; see <i>Package Option Addendum</i> at the end of the data sheet .....	<b>1</b>
• Changed Junction-to-ambient, $R_{\theta JA}$ , values in <i>Thermal Information</i> table From: 73°C/W To: 76.2°C/W (D) and From: 108°C/W To: 101°C/W (PW) .....	<b>5</b>
• Deleted $R_{\theta JA}$ values for DW and N packages .....	<b>5</b>

## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions



**Pin Functions**

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION
NO.	NAME		
1	C1+	—	Positive lead of C1 capacitor
2	V+	O	Positive charge pump output for storage capacitor only
3	C1-	—	Negative lead of C1 capacitor
4	C2+	—	Positive lead of C2 capacitor
5	C2-	—	Negative lead of C2 capacitor
6	V-	O	Negative charge pump output for storage capacitor only
7	DOUT2	O	RS-232 line data output (to remote RS-232 system)
8	RIN2	I	RS-232 line data input (from remote RS-232 system)
9	ROUT2	O	Logic data output (to UART)
10	DIN2	I	Logic data input (from UART)
11	DIN1	I	Logic data input (from UART)
12	ROUT1	O	Logic data output (to UART)
13	RIN1	I	RS-232 line data input (from remote RS-232 system)
14	DOUT1	O	RS-232 line data output (to remote RS-232 system)
15	GND	—	Ground
16	V <sub>CC</sub>	—	Supply voltage, connect to external 5-V power supply

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## 6 Specifications

### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, $V_{CC}$ <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.3	6	V
Positive charge pump voltage, $V_+$ <sup>(2)</sup>		$V_{CC} - 0.3$	14	V
Negative charge pump voltage, $V_-$ <sup>(2)</sup>		-14	0.3	V
Input voltage, $V_I$	Drivers	-0.3	$V_+ + 0.3$	V
	Receivers		$\pm 30$	
Output voltage, $V_O$	Drivers	$V_- - 0.3$	$V_+ + 0.3$	V
	Receivers	-0.3	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	
Short-circuit duration, DOUT		Continuous		
Operating virtual junction temperature, $T_J$			150	°C
Storage temperature, $T_{stg}$		-65	150	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *Absolute Maximum Ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended Operating Conditions*. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltages are with respect to network GND.

### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT	
$V_{(ESD)}$	Electrostatic discharge	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	Pins 7, 8, 13, 14, and 15	$\pm 15000$	V
			All other pins	$\pm 2000$	
		Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 <sup>(2)</sup>			

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
- (2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

see [Figure 12](#)<sup>(1)</sup>

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage		4.5	5	5.5	V
$V_{IH}$	Driver high-level input voltage (DIN)	2			V
$V_{IL}$	Driver low-level input voltage (DIN)			0.8	V
$V_I$	Driver input voltage (DIN)	0		5.5	V
	Receiver input voltage (RIN)	-30		30	
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature	TRS202C		70	°C
		TRS202I	-40	85	

- (1) Test conditions are C1 to C4 = 0.1  $\mu$ F at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$ .

## 6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		TRS202		UNIT
		D (SOIC)	PW (TSSOP)	
		16 PINS	16 PINS	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	76.2	101	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	36.8	36.4	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	33.9	45.9	°C/W
$\psi_{JT}$	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	6.7	2.7	°C/W
$\psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	33.6	45.3	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the [Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics](#) application report.

## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted; see [Figure 12](#))<sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT	
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	No load and $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$		8	15	mA

(1) Test conditions are C1 to C4 = 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$ .

(2) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$  and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

## 6.6 Electrical Characteristics: Driver

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted; see [Figure 12](#))<sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT	
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	DOUT at $R_L = 3\text{ k}\Omega$ to GND and DIN = GND		5	9	V
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage	DOUT at $R_L = 3\text{ k}\Omega$ to GND and DIN = $V_{CC}$		-5	-9	V
$I_{IH}$	High-level input current	$V_I = V_{CC}$		15	200	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{IL}$	Low-level input current	$V_I$ at 0 V		-15	-200	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OS}$ <sup>(3)</sup>	Short-circuit output current	$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$ and $V_O = 0\text{ V}$		$\pm 10$	$\pm 60$	mA
$r_o$	Output resistance	$V_{CC}$ , $V_+$ , $V_- = 0\text{ V}$ , and $V_O = \pm 2\text{ V}$		300		$\Omega$

(1) Test conditions are C1 to C4 = 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$ .

(2) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$  and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

(3) Short-circuit durations must be controlled to prevent exceeding the device absolute power dissipation ratings, and not more than one output must be shorted at a time.

## 6.7 Electrical Characteristics: Receiver

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted; see [Figure 12](#))<sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
$V_{OH}$	High-level output voltage	3.5	$V_{CC} - 0.4$		V
$V_{OL}$	Low-level output voltage			0.4	V
$V_{IT+}$	Positive-going input threshold voltage		1.7	2.4	V
$V_{IT-}$	Negative-going input threshold voltage	0.8	1.2		V
$V_{hys}$	Input hysteresis ( $V_{IT+} - V_{IT-}$ )	0.2	0.5	1	V
$r_i$	Input resistance	3	5	7	k $\Omega$

(1) Test conditions are C1 to C4 = 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$ .

(2) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$  and  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

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**6.8 Switching Characteristics: Driver**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted; see [Figure 12](#))<sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
Maximum data rate	$C_L = 50$ to $1000$ pF, one DOUT switching, and $R_L = 3$ k $\Omega$ to $7$ k $\Omega$ (see <a href="#">Figure 6</a> )	120			kbit/s
$t_{PLH(D)}$ Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	$C_L = 2500$ pF, all drivers loaded, and $R_L = 3$ k $\Omega$ (see <a href="#">Figure 6</a> )		2		$\mu$ s
$t_{PHL(D)}$ Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	$C_L = 2500$ pF, all drivers loaded, and $R_L = 3$ k $\Omega$ (see <a href="#">Figure 6</a> )		2		$\mu$ s
$t_{sk(p)}$ Pulse skew <sup>(3)</sup>	$C_L = 150$ pF to $2500$ pF and $R_L = 3$ k $\Omega$ to $7$ k $\Omega$ (see <a href="#">Figure 7</a> )		300		ns
SR(tr) Slew rate, transition region	$C_L = 50$ pF to $1000$ pF, $V_{CC} = 5$ V, and $R_L = 3$ k $\Omega$ to $7$ k $\Omega$ (see <a href="#">Figure 6</a> )	3	6	30	V/ $\mu$ s

- (1) Test conditions are  $C1$  to  $C4 = 0.1$   $\mu$ F at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V  $\pm 0.5$  V.
- (2) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ$ C.
- (3) Pulse skew is defined as  $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$  of each channel of the same device.

**6.9 Switching Characteristics: Receiver**

over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted; see [Figure 8](#))<sup>(1)</sup>

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP <sup>(2)</sup>	MAX	UNIT
$t_{PLH(R)}$ Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	$C_L = 150$ pF		0.5	10	$\mu$ s
$t_{PHL(R)}$ Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	$C_L = 150$ pF		0.5	10	$\mu$ s
$t_{sk(p)}$ Pulse skew <sup>(3)</sup>			300		ns

- (1) Test conditions are  $C1$  to  $C4 = 0.1$   $\mu$ F at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V  $\pm 0.5$  V.
- (2) All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V and  $T_A = 25^\circ$ C.
- (3) Pulse skew is defined as  $|t_{PLH} - t_{PHL}|$  of each channel of the same device.

**6.10 Typical Characteristics**

$T_A = 25^\circ$ C (unless otherwise noted)

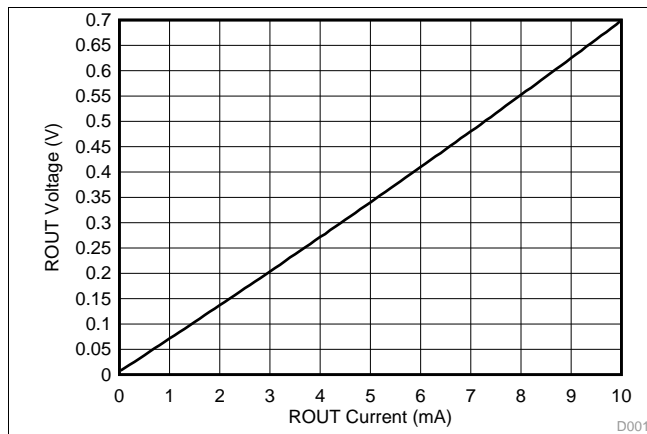


Figure 1. Receiver  $V_{OL}$  vs Output Current

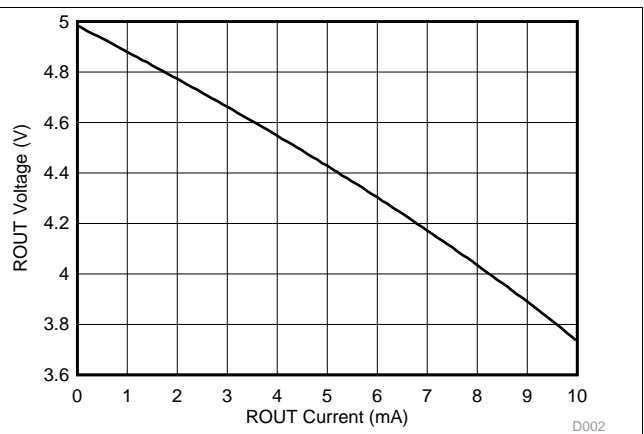
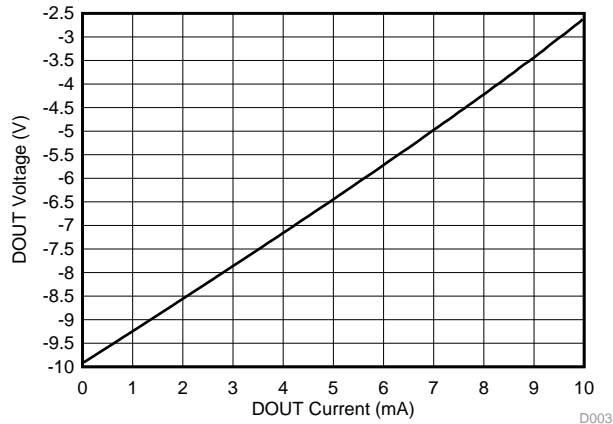


Figure 2. Receiver  $V_{OH}$  vs Output Current

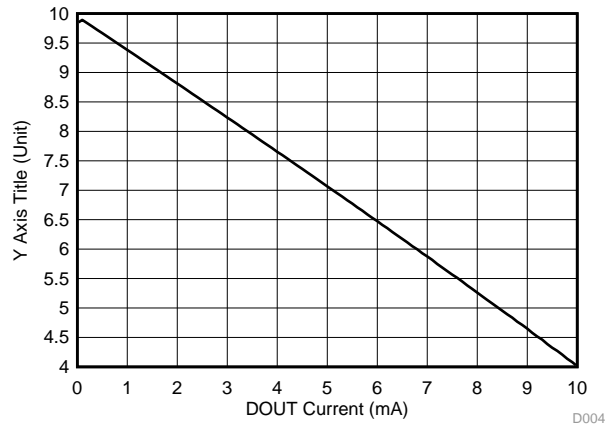


**Typical Characteristics (continued)**

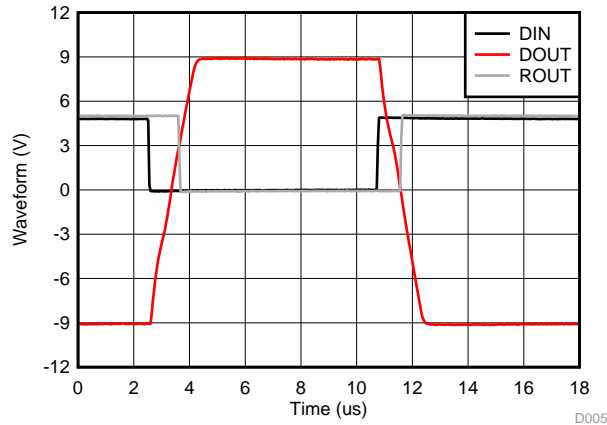
T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)



**Figure 3. Driver V<sub>OL</sub> vs Output Current**



**Figure 4. Driver V<sub>OH</sub> vs Output Current**



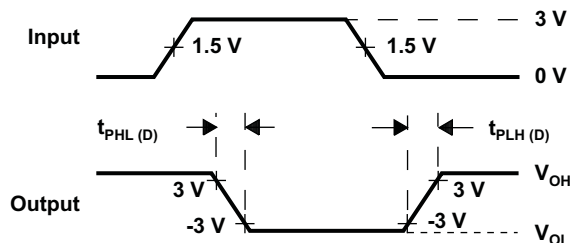
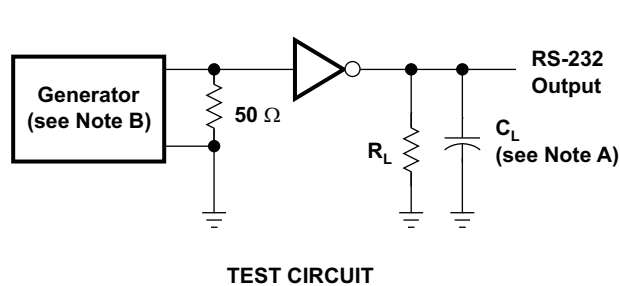
**Figure 5. Driver and Receiver Loopback Waveforms**

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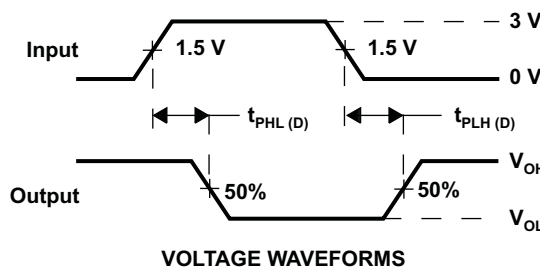
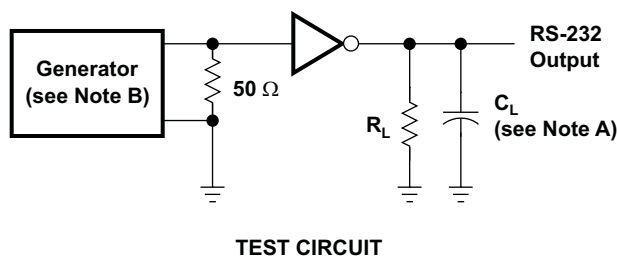
**7 Parameter Measurement Information**



$$SR(tf) = \frac{6V}{t_{PHL(D)} \text{ or } t_{PLH(D)}}$$

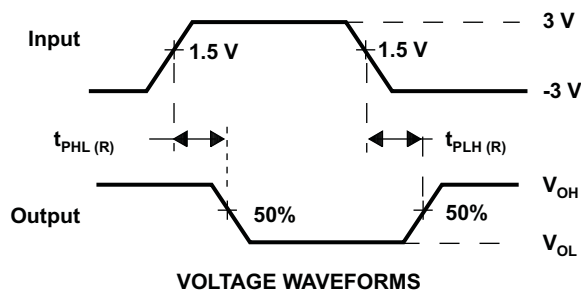
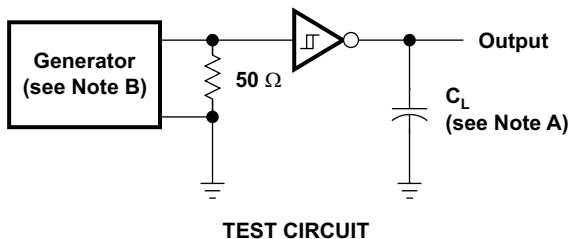
- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 120 kbit/s,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 10 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 10 \text{ ns}$ .

**Figure 6. Driver Slew Rate**



- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: PRR = 120 kbit/s,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 10 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 10 \text{ ns}$ .

**Figure 7. Driver Pulse Skew**



- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. The pulse generator has the following characteristics:  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , 50% duty cycle,  $t_r \leq 10 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 10 \text{ ns}$ .

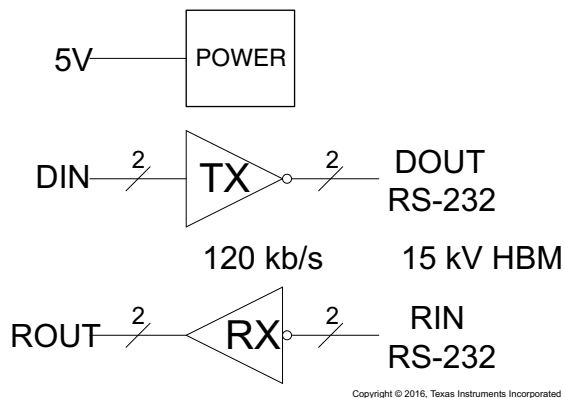
**Figure 8. Receiver Propagation Delay Times**

## 8 Detailed Description

### 8.1 Overview

The TRS202 device is a dual driver and receiver that includes a capacitive voltage generator using four capacitors to supply TIA/EIA-232-F voltage levels from a single 5-V supply. Each receiver converts TIA/EIA-232-F inputs to 5-V TTL/CMOS levels. These receivers have shorted and open fail safe. The receiver can accept up to  $\pm 30$ -V inputs and decode inputs as low as  $\pm 3$  V. Each driver converts TTL/CMOS input levels into TIA/EIA-232-F levels. Outputs are protected against shorts to ground.

### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 Power

The power block increases and inverts the 5-V supply for the RS-232 driver using a charge pump that requires four 0.1- $\mu$ F external capacitors.

#### 8.3.2 RS-232 Driver

Two drivers interface standard logic levels to RS-232 levels. The driver inputs do not have internal pullup resistors. Do not float the driver inputs.

#### 8.3.3 RS-232 Receiver

Two Schmitt trigger receivers interface RS-232 levels to standard logic levels. Each receiver has an internal 5-k $\Omega$  load to ground. An open input results in a high output on ROUT.

### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

#### 8.4.1 $V_{CC}$ Powered by 5 V

The device is in normal operation when powered by 5 V.

#### 8.4.2 $V_{CC}$ Unpowered

When TRS202 is unpowered, it can be safely connected to an active remote RS-232 device.

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**Device Functional Modes (continued)**

**8.4.3 Truth Tables**

Table 1 and Table 2 list the function for each driver and receiver (respectively). Figure 9 shows the logic diagram.

**Table 1. Function Table for Each Driver<sup>(1)</sup>**

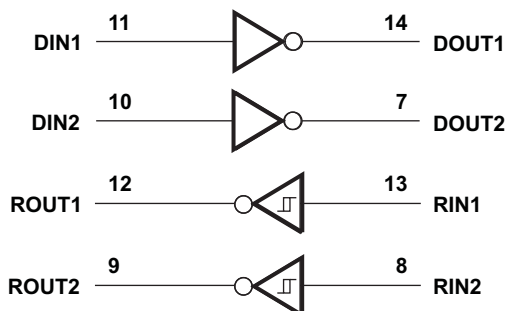
INPUT DIN	OUTPUT DOUT
L	H
H	L

(1) H = High level, L = Low level

**Table 2. Function Table for Each Receiver<sup>(1)</sup>**

INPUT RIN	OUTPUT ROUT
L	H
H	L
Open	H

(1) H = High level, L = Low level,  
Open = Input disconnected or connected driver off



**Figure 9. Logic Diagram (Positive Logic)**

## 9 Application and Implementation

### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 9.1 Application Information

For proper operation, add capacitors as shown in [Figure 12](#). Pins 9 through 12 connect to UART or general purpose logic lines. RS-232 lines on pins 7, 8, 13, and 14 connect to a connector or cable.

#### 9.1.1 Capacitor Selection

The capacitor type used for C1–C4 is not critical for proper operation. The TRS202 requires 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitors, although capacitors up to 10  $\mu\text{F}$  can be used without harm. Ceramic dielectrics are suggested for the 0.1- $\mu\text{F}$  capacitors. When using the minimum recommended capacitor values, make sure the capacitance value does not degrade excessively as the operating temperature varies. If in doubt, use capacitors with a larger (for example, 2 $\times$ ) nominal value. The capacitors' effective series resistance (ESR), which usually rises at low temperatures, influences the amount of ripple on V+ and V–.

Use larger capacitors (up to 10  $\mu\text{F}$ ) to reduce the output impedance at V+ and V–.

Bypass  $V_{\text{CC}}$  to ground with at least 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$ . In applications sensitive to power-supply noise generated by the charge pumps, decouple  $V_{\text{CC}}$  to ground with a capacitor the same size as (or larger than) the charge-pump capacitors (C1 to C4).

#### 9.1.2 Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection

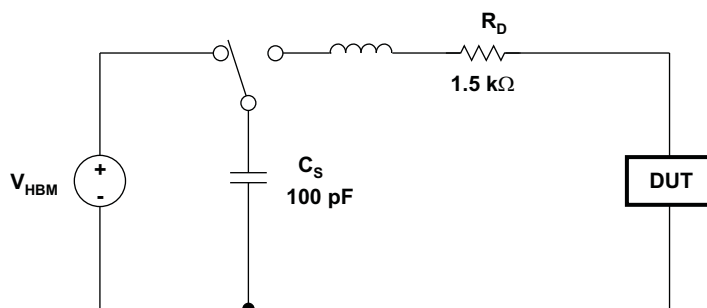
TI TRS202 devices have standard ESD protection structures incorporated on the pins to protect against electrostatic discharges encountered during assembly and handling. In addition, the RS232 bus pins (driver outputs and receiver inputs) of these devices have an extra level of ESD protection. Advanced ESD structures were designed to successfully protect these bus pins against ESD discharge of  $\pm 15$  kV when powered down.

#### 9.1.3 ESD Test Conditions

Stringent ESD testing is performed by TI, based on various conditions and procedures. Contact TI for a reliability report that documents test setup, methodology, and results.

#### 9.1.4 Human-Body Model (HBM)

The HBM of ESD testing is shown in [Figure 10](#). [Figure 11](#) shows the current waveform that is generated during a discharge into a low impedance. The model consists of a 100-pF capacitor, charged to the ESD voltage of concern, and subsequently discharged into the device under test (DUT) through a 1.5-k $\Omega$  resistor.



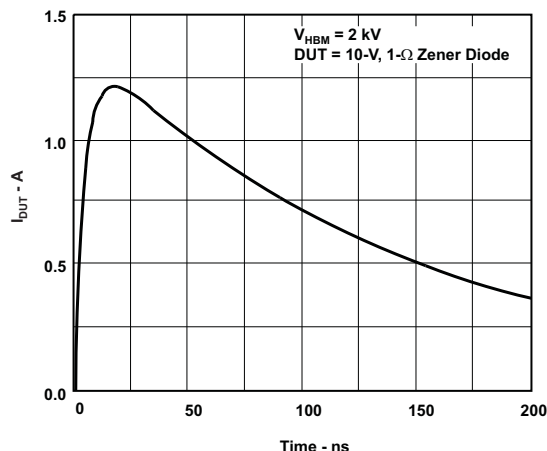
**Figure 10. HBM ESD Test Circuit**

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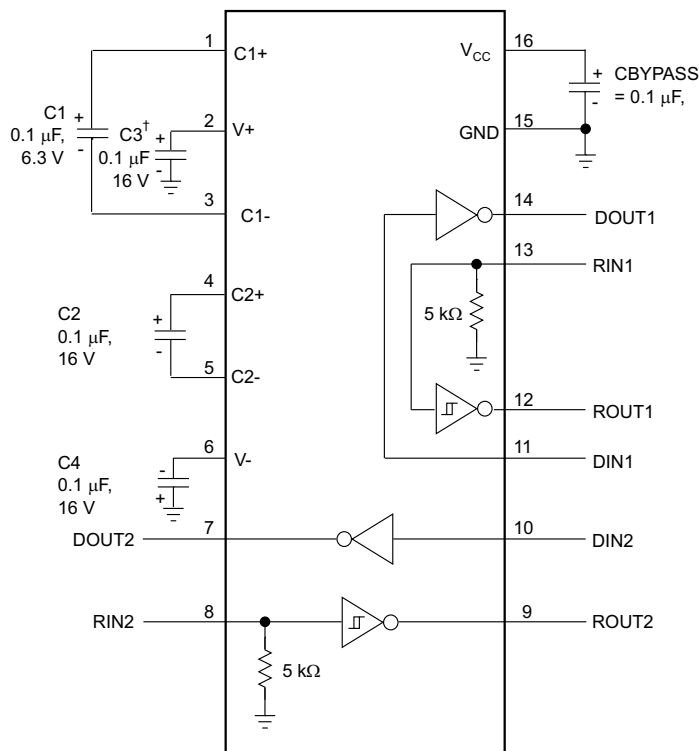
**Application Information (continued)**



**Figure 11. Typical HBM Current Waveform**

**9.2 Typical Application**

Two driver and two receiver channels are supported for full duplex transmission with hardware flow control. The two 5-k-Ω resistors are internal to the TRS202.



† C3 can be connected to V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

NOTES: A. Resistor values shown are nominal.

B. Nonpolarized ceramic capacitors are acceptable. If polarized tantalum or electrolytic capacitors are used, they should be connected as shown.

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**Figure 12. Typical Operating Circuit and Capacitor Values**

## Typical Application (continued)

### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

- $V_{CC}$  minimum is 4.5 V and maximum is 5.5 V.
- Maximum recommended bit rate is 120 kbps.

### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

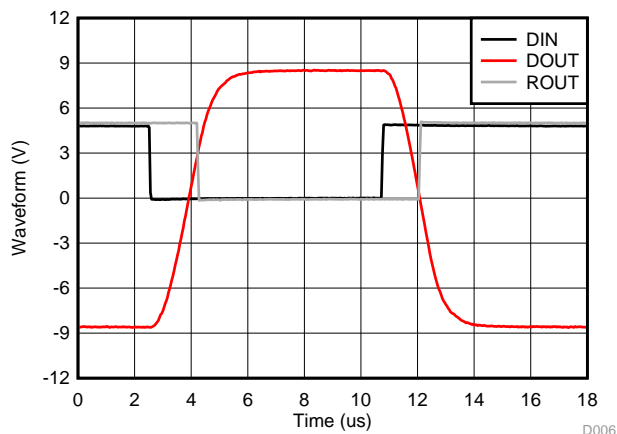
#### 9.2.2.1 Capacitor Selection

The capacitor type used for C1 through C4 is not critical for proper operation. The TRS202 requires 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitors. Capacitors up to 10  $\mu$ F can be used without harm. Ceramic dielectrics are suggested for the 0.1- $\mu$ F capacitors. When using the minimum recommended capacitor values, make sure the capacitance value does not degrade excessively as the operating temperature varies. If in doubt, use capacitors with a larger (for example, 2x) nominal value. The capacitors' effective series resistance (ESR), which usually rises at low temperatures, influences the amount of ripple on V+ and V-.

Use larger capacitors (up to 10  $\mu$ F) to reduce the output impedance at V+ and V-.

Bypass  $V_{CC}$  to ground with at least 0.1  $\mu$ F. In applications sensitive to power-supply noise generated by the charge pumps, decouple  $V_{CC}$  to ground with a capacitor the same size as (or larger than) the charge-pump capacitors (C1 to C4).

### 9.2.3 Application Curve



120 kbit/s, 1-nF load

**Figure 13. Driver and Receiver Loopback Signal**

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**10 Power Supply Recommendations**

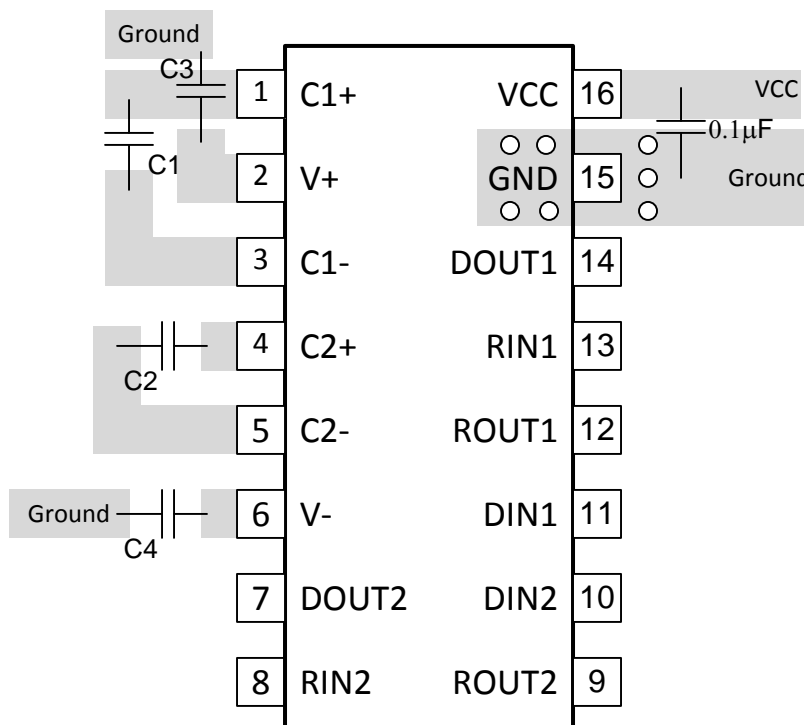
The  $V_{CC}$  voltage must be connected to the same power source used for logic device connected to DIN and ROUT pins.  $V_{CC}$  must be between 4.5 V and 5.5 V.

**11 Layout**

**11.1 Layout Guidelines**

Keep the external capacitor traces short. This is more important on C1 and C2 nodes that have the fastest rise and fall times. For best ESD performance, make the impedance from TRS202 ground pin to the ground plane of the circuit board as low as possible. Use wide metal and multiple vias on both sides of ground pin.

**11.2 Layout Example**



**Figure 14. TRS202 Circuit Board Layout**



## 12 Device and Documentation Support

### 12.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. In the upper right corner, click on *Alert me* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

### 12.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's [Terms of Use](#).

**TI E2E™ Online Community** *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community*. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support** *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

### 12.3 Trademarks

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### 12.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

### 12.5 Glossary

[SLYZ022](#) — *TI Glossary*.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead finish/ Ball material (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TRS202ID	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	TRS202I	
TRS202IDR	OBSOLETE	SOIC	D	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85	TRS202I	

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) **RoHS:** TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

**RoHS Exempt:** TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

**Green:** TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (Cl) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead finish/Ball material - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

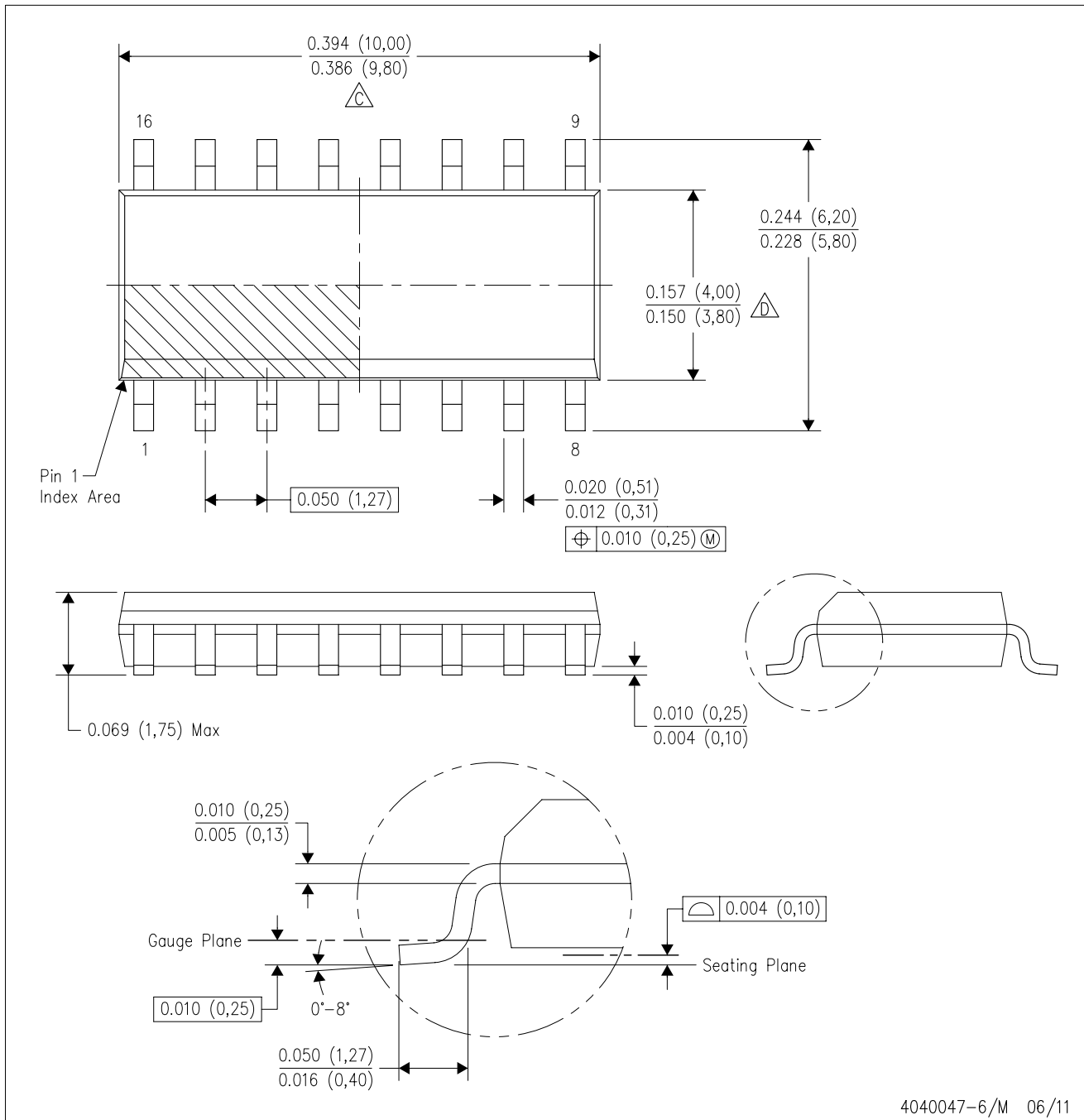
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MECHANICAL DATA

D (R-PDSO-G16)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4040047-6/M 06/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  -  C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
  -  D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
  - E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.

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