

7 Series FPGAs Packaging and Pinout

Product Specification

UG475 (v1.20) March 13, 2024

AMD Adaptive Computing is creating an environment where employees, customers, and partners feel welcome and included. To that end, we're removing non-inclusive language from our products and related collateral. We've launched an internal initiative to remove language that could exclude people or reinforce historical biases, including terms embedded in our software and IPs. You may still find examples of non-inclusive language in our older products as we work to make these changes and align with evolving industry standards. Follow this [link](#) for more information.





Table of Contents

Chapter 1: Packaging Overview

About this Guide	9
Introduction	9
Device/Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os	10
Serial Transceiver Channels by Device/Package	12
User I/O Pins by Device/Package	15
Pin Definitions	21
Pin Compatibility between Packages	27
Migrating between Devices	27
Die Level Bank Numbering Overview	28
Banking and Clocking Summary	28
XC7S6, XA7S6, XC7S15, and XA7S15 Banks	30
FTGB196 Package	30
CPGA196 Package	30
CSGA225 Package	30
XC7S25 and XA7S25 Banks	31
FTGB196 Package	31
CSGA225 Package	31
CSGA324 Package	31
XC7S50 and XA7S50 Banks	32
FTGB196 Package	32
CSGA324 Package	32
FGGA484 Package	32
XC7S75, XA7S75, XC7S100, and XA7S100 Banks	33
FGGA484 Package	33
FGGA676 Package	33
XC7A12T, XA7A12T, XC7A25T, and XA7A25T Banks	34
CPG238 Package	34
CSG325 Package	34
XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XA7A15T, and XA7A35T Banks	35
CPG236 Package	35
FTG256 Package (XC7A15T and XC7A35T only)	35
CSG324 Package	35
CSG325 Package	35
FGG484 Package (XC7A15T and XC7A35T only)	35
XC7A50T, XA7A50T, and XQ7A50T Banks	36
CPG236 Package	36
FTG256 Package (XC7A50T only)	36
CSG324 Package	36
CSG325 Package	36
FGG484 Package (XC7A50T and XQ7A50T only)	36
XC7A75T and XA7A75T Banks	37
FTG256 Package (XC7A75T only)	37

CSG324 Package	37
FGG484 Package	37
FGG676 Package (XC7A75T only)	37
XC7A100T, XQ7A100T, and XA7A100T Banks	38
FTG256 Package (XC7A100T only)	38
CSG324 Package	38
FGG484 Package	38
FGG676 Package (XC7A100T only)	38
XC7A200T and XQ7A200T Banks	39
SBG484, SBV484, and RS484 Packages	39
FBG484, FBV484, and RB484 Packages	39
FBG676, FBV676, and RB676 Packages	39
FFG1156 and FFV1156 Package (XC7A200T only)	39
XC7K70T Banks	40
FBG484 and FBV484 Package	40
FBG676 and FBV676 Package	40
XC7K160T and XA7K160T Banks	41
FBG484 and FBV484 Package	41
FBG676, FBV676, FFG676, and FFV676 Packages	41
XC7K325T and XQ7K325T Banks	42
FBG676, FBV676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages	42
FBG900, FBV900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages	42
XC7K355T Banks	43
FFG901 and FFV901 Package	43
XC7K410T and XQ7K410T Banks	44
FBG676, FBV676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages	44
FBG900, FBV900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages	44
XC7K420T Banks	45
FFG901 and FFV901 Package	45
FFG1156 and FFV1156 Package	45
XC7K480T Banks	46
FFG901 and FFV901 Package	46
FFG1156 and FFV1156 Package	46
XC7V585T and XQ7V585T Banks	47
FFG1157 and RF1157 Packages	47
FFG1761 and RF1761 Packages	47
XC7V2000T Banks	48
FHG1761 Package	48
FLG1925 Package	48
XC7VX330T and XQ7VX330T Banks	50
FFG1157, FFV1157, and RF1157 Packages	50
FFG1761, FFV1761, and RF1761 Packages	50
XC7VX415T Banks	51
FFG1157 and FFV1157 Package	51
FFG1158 and FFV1158 Package	51
FFG1927 and FFV1927 Package	51
XC7VX485T and XQ7VX485T Banks	52
FFG1157 Package	52
FFG1158 Packages	52
FFG1761 and RF1761 Packages	52
FFG1927 Package	52
FFG1930 and RF1930 Packages	52
XC7VX550T Banks	54
FFG1158 Package	54
FFG1927 Package	54
XC7VX690T and XQ7VX690T Banks	55
FFG1157 and RF1157 Packages	55



FFG1158 and RF1158 Packages	55
FFG1761 and RF1761 Packages	55
FFG1926 Package	55
FFG1927 Package	55
FFG1930 and RF1930 Packages	55
XC7VX980T and XQ7VX980T Banks	57
FFG1926 Package	57
FFG1928 Package	57
FFG1930 and RF1930 Packages	57
XC7VX1140T Banks	59
FLG1926 Package	59
FLG1928 Package	59
FLG1930 Package	59

Chapter 2: 7 Series FPGAs Package Files

About ASCII Package Files	61
Package Specifications Designations	62
ASCII Pinout Files	63

Chapter 3: Device Diagrams

Summary	67
Spartan 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams	68
CPGA196 Package—XC7S6, XA7S6, XC7S15, and XA7S15	69
FTGB196 Package—XC7S6 and XC7S15	71
FTGB196 Package—XC7S25 and XC7S50	73
CSGA225 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15	75
CSGA225 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25	77
CSGA324 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25	79
CSGA324 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50	81
FGGA484 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50	83
FGGA484 Package—XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S75, and XA7S100	85
FGGA676 Package—XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S75, and XA7S100	88
Artix 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams	91
CP236 and CPG236 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T	
CPG236 Package (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T	92
CPG238 Package—XC7A12T, XC7A25T, XA7A12T, and XA7A25T	94
CS324 and CSG324 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T	
CSG324 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, XA7A50T, XA7A75T, and XA7A100T	96
CSG325 Package—XC7A12T and XA7A12T	99
CSG325 Package—XC7A25T and XA7A25T	101
CS325 and CSG325 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T	
CSG325 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T	103
FT256 and FTG256 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T	105
FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T	107
FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T	
FGG484 Packages (only)—XA7A75T and XA7A100T	110
FG676 and FGG676 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T	113
SB484, SBG484, SBV484, and RS484 Packages—XC7A200T	116
FB484, FBG484, FBV484, and RB484 Packages—XC7A200T	119
FB676, FBG676, FBV676, and RB676 Packages—XC7A200T	122
FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7A200T	125

Kintex 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams	129
FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Packages—XC7K70T and XC7K160T	130
FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K70T	133
FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T	136
FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T	139
FF676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages—XC7K160T, XA7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T	143
FF900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T	147
FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K355T	151
FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T	155
FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T	159
Virtex 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams	163
FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7V585T	164
FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7V585T	168
FL1925 and FLG1925 Packages—XC7V2000T	172
FH1761 and FHG1761 Packages—XC7V2000T	176
FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7VX330T, XC7VX415T, and XC7VX690T	180
FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX330T	184
FF1158, FFG1158, FFV1158, and RF1158 Packages—XC7VX415T, XC7VX550T, and XC7VX690T	188
FF1927, FFG1927, and FFV1927 Packages—XC7VX415T	192
FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157 Packages—XC7VX485T	196
FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 Packages—XC7VX485T	200
FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX485T	204
FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX485T	208
FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX485T	212
FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX690T	216
FF1926 and FFG1926 Packages—XC7VX690T and XC7VX980T	220
FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX550T and XC7VX690T	224
FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX690T	228
FF1928 and FFG1928 Packages—XC7VX980T	232
FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX980T	236
FL1926 and FLG1926 Packages—XC7VX1140T	240
FL1928 and FLG1928 Packages—XC7VX1140T	244
FL1930 and FLG1930 Packages—XC7VX1140T	248

Chapter 4: Mechanical Drawings

Summary	252
Spartan 7 FPGAs	252
Artix 7 FPGAs	252
Kintex 7 FPGAs	253
Virtex 7 FPGAs	254
CPGA196 (Spartan 7 FPGAs)	
Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.5 mm Pitch)	255
FTGB196 (Spartan 7 FPGAs)	
Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	256
CSGA225 (Spartan 7 FPGAs)	
Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)	257
CSGA324 (Spartan 7 FPGAs)	
Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)	258
FGGA484 (Spartan 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	259
FGGA676 (Spartan 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	260

CP236 and CPG236 (Artix 7 FPGAs)	
Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.5 mm Pitch)	261
CPG238 (Artix 7 FPGAs: XC7A12T and XC7A25T)	
Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.5 mm Pitch)	262
CS/CSG324 and CS/CSG325 (Artix 7 FPGAs)	
Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)	263
FT/FTG256 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch Thin BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	264
SB484, SBG484, and SBV484 (Artix 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)	265
FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 (Artix 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	266
FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 (Artix 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	268
FG484 and FGG484 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	270
FG676 and FGG676 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	271
FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 (Artix 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	272
RB484 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA	
(1.0 mm Pitch)	273
RS484 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA	
(0.8 mm Pitch)	274
RB676 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA	
(1.0 mm Pitch)	275
FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 (Kintex 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	276
FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 (Kintex 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	279
FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 (Kintex 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	284
FF676, FFG676, and FFV676 (Kintex 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	287
FF900 and FFG900 (XC7K325T and XC7K410T) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) with Stamped Lid .	288
FF900, FFG900, FFV900, FF901, FFG901, and FFV901	
(Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	289
FF1156 and FFG1156 (XC7K420T and XC7K480T) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) with Stamped Lid . . .	290
FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 (Kintex 7 FPGAs)	
Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	291
RF676 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA	
(1.0 mm Pitch)	292
RF900 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA	
(1.0 mm Pitch)	293
FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157–XC7VX330T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	294

FF1157, FFG1157, FFV1157, FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 for XC7V585T and XC7VX415T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	295
FF1157, FFG1157, FFV1157, FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158–XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	296
FF1761 and FFG1761–XC7VX485T and XC7VX690T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	297
FF1761 and FFG1761 for XC7V585T and XC7VX330T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	298
FFV1761 (Virtex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	299
FH1761 and FHG1761 (Virtex 7 T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	300
FF1926, FFG1926, FF1927, FFG1927, FFV1927, FF1928, FFG1928, FF1930, and FFG1930 (XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T, and XC7VX980T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	301
FF1927, FFG1927, FFV1927 (XC7VX415T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	302
FL1925, FLG1925, FL1926, FLG1926, FL1928, FLG1928, and FL1930, FLG1930 (Virtex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)	303
RF1157 and RF1158 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs) (1.0 mm Pitch)	304
RF1761 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs Except XQ7VX485T and XQ7VX690T) (1.0 mm Pitch) ...	305
RF1761 Flip-Chip BGA (XQ7VX485T and XQ7VX690T Only) (1.0 mm Pitch)	306
RF1930 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs) (1.0 mm Pitch)	307

Chapter 5: Thermal Specifications

Introduction	308
Thermal Resistance Data	308
Support for Thermal Models	314
Thermal Management Strategy	315
Cavity-Up Plastic BGA Packages	315
Wire-Bond Packages	315
Flip-Chip Packages	316
System Level Heat Sink Solutions	317
Thermal Interface Material	317
Types of TIM	318
Guidelines for Thermal Interface Materials	318
Thermal Conductivity of the Material	318
Electrical Conductivity of the Material	319
Spreading Characteristics of the Material	319
Long-Term Stability and Reliability of the Material	319
Ease of Application	319
Applied Pressure from Heat Sink to the Package via Thermal Interface Materials	319
Heat Sink Removal Procedure	320
Soldering Guidelines	321
Sn/Pb Reflow Soldering	322
Pb-Free Reflow Soldering	322
Post Reflow/Cleaning/Washing	326
Conformal Coating	326

Chapter 6: Package Marking

Introduction	327
Spartan 7 Devices	327
Artix 7 Device Markings	328
Kintex 7 Device Markings	329
Virtex 7 Device Markings	331

Chapter 7: Packing and Shipping

Introduction	334
---------------------	------------

Appendix A: Recommended PCB Design Rules for BGA Packages

BGA Packages	336
---------------------	------------

Appendix B: Heat Sink Guidelines for Lidless Flip-Chip Packages

Heat Sink Attachments for Lidless Flip-chip BGA (FB/FBG/FBV and SB/SBG/SBV)	338
Silicon and Decoupling Capacitors Height Consideration	338
Types of Heat Sink Attachments	339
Heat Sink Attachment	340
Component Pick-up Tool Consideration	340
Heat Sink Attachment Process Considerations	341

Appendix C: Additional Resources and Legal Notices

Finding Additional Documentation	344
Documentation Portal	344
Documentation Navigator	344
Design Hubs	344
Support Resources	345
References	345
Revision History	346
Please Read: Important Legal Notices	352

Packaging Overview

About this Guide

AMD 7 series FPGAs include four FPGA families that are all designed for lowest power to enable a common design to scale across families for optimal power, performance, and cost. The Spartan™ 7 family is the lowest density with the lowest cost entry point into the 7 series portfolio. The Artix™ 7 family is optimized for highest performance-per-watt and bandwidth-per-watt for cost-sensitive, high-volume applications. The Kintex™ 7 family is an innovative class of FPGAs optimized for the best price-performance. The Virtex™ 7 family is optimized for highest system performance and capacity.

This 7 series packaging and pinout product specification, part of an overall set of documentation on the 7 series FPGAs, is available on the Xilinx website at <https://docs.xilinx.com>.

Introduction

This section describes the pinouts for the 7 series FPGAs in various fine pitch and flip-chip 1.0 mm pitch BGA packages, 0.8 mm and 0.5 mm pitch chip-scale packages, and 0.5 mm pitch wire-bond lead frame packages.

Spartan 7, Artix 7, and Kintex 7 devices are offered in low-cost, space-saving packages that are optimally designed for the maximum number of user I/Os.

Virtex 7 T and Virtex 7 XT devices are offered exclusively in high performance flip-chip BGA packages that are optimally designed for improved signal integrity and jitter.

For pinout and packaging information on the Virtex 7 HT devices, see www.xilinx.com/member/gtz/index.htm.

Package inductance is minimized as a result of optimal placement and even distribution as well as an increased number of Power and GND pins.

The FFG, FLG, FHG, FBG, SBG, and RFG flip-chip packages marked with the **Pb-free Character** on the upper right of the device are RoHS 6 of 6 compliant. The FFG, FLG, FHG, FBG, SBG, and RFG flip-chip packages not marked with the Pb-free character are RoHS 6 of 6 compliant,

with exemption 15 where there is lead in the C4 bumps that are used to complete a viable electrical connection between the semiconductor die and the package substrate. The FFV, FBV, and SBV flip-chip packages marked with the Pb-free character are RoHS 6 of 6 compliant (without the use of exemption 15). The CPG, CSG, FTG, and FGG non-flip chip packages are RoHS 6 of 6 compliant.

All of the 7 series devices supported in a particular package are pinout compatible. See [Pin Compatibility between Packages, page 27](#). Pins that are available in a device but are not available in a smaller device with a compatible package are listed as *No Connects*.

Each device is split into I/O banks to allow for flexibility in the choice of I/O standards (see the *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide (UG471)*. [Table 1-12](#) provides definitions for all pin types.

7 series device's flip-chip assembly materials are manufactured using ultra-low alpha (ULA) materials defined as <0.002 cph/cm² or materials that emit less than 0.002 alpha-particles per square centimeter per hour.

Device/Package Combinations and Maximum I/Os

[Table 1-1](#) shows the maximum number of user I/Os possible in the 7 series FPGAs BGA packages.

Table 1-1: 7 Series FPGAs Package Specifications

Packages ⁽¹⁾	Description	Package Specifications			
		Package Type	Pitch (mm)	Size (mm)	Maximum I/Os ⁽²⁾
CPGA196	Wire-bond chip-scale	BGA	0.5	8 x 8	100
FTB196/FTGB196		BGA	1.0	15 x 15	100
CP236/CPG236		BGA	0.5	10 x 10	106
CPG238		BGA	0.5	10 x 10	110
CSA225/CSGA225		BGA	0.8	13 x 13	150
CS324/CSG324		BGA	0.8	15 x 15	210
CSGA324		BGA	0.8	15 x 15	210
CS325/CSG325		BGA	0.8	15 x 15	150
FT256/FTG256	Wire-bond fine-pitch	BGA	1.0	17 x 17	170
FG484/FGG484		BGA	1.0	23 x 23	285
FGGA484		BGA	1.0	23 x 23	338
FG676/FGG676		BGA	1.0	27 x 27	300
FGGA676		BGA	1.0	27 x 27	400

Table 1-1: 7 Series FPGAs Package Specifications (Cont'd)

Packages ⁽¹⁾	Description	Package Specifications			
		Package Type	Pitch (mm)	Size (mm)	Maximum I/Os ⁽²⁾
SB484/SBG484/SBV484	Flip-chip lidless	BGA	0.8	19 x 19	285
FB484/FBG484/FBV484		BGA	1.0	23 x 23	285
RS484	Ruggedized flip-chip	BGA	0.8	19 x 19	285
RB484		BGA	1.0	23 x 23	285
FB676/FBG676/FBV676	Flip-chip lidless	BGA	1.0	27 x 27	400
RB676	Ruggedized flip-chip	BGA	1.0	27 x 27	400
RF676	Ruggedized flip-chip fine-pitch	BGA	1.0	27 x 27	400
FB900/FBG900/FBV900	Flip-chip lidless	BGA	1.0	31 x 31	500
RF900	Ruggedized flip-chip fine-pitch	BGA	1.0	31 x 31	500
FF676/FFG676/FFV676	Flip-chip fine-pitch	BGA	1.0	27 x 27	400
FF900/FFG900/FFV900		BGA	1.0	31 x 31	500
FF901/FFG901/FFV901		BGA	1.0	31 x 31	380
FF1156/FFG1156/FFV1156		BGA	1.0	35 x 35	600
FF1157/FFG1157/FFV1157		BGA	1.0	35 x 35	600
FF1158/FFG1158/FFV1158		BGA	1.0	35 x 35	350
FF1761/FFG1761/FFV1761		BGA	1.0	42.5 x 42.5	850
FF1926/FFG1926		BGA	1.0	45 x 45	720
FF1927/FFG1927/FFV1927		BGA	1.0	45 x 45	600
FF1928/FFG1928		BGA	1.0	45 x 45	480
FF1930/FFG1930		BGA	1.0	45 x 45	1000
FL1925/FLG1925	SSI flip-chip fine-pitch	BGA	1.0	45 x 45	1200
FL1926/FLG1926		BGA	1.0	45 x 45	720
FL1928/FLG1928		BGA	1.0	45 x 45	480
FL1930/FLG1930		BGA	1.0	45 x 45	1100
FH1761/FHG1761	SSI flip-chip fine-pitch (overhang)	BGA	1.0	45 x 45	850
RF1157	Ruggedized flip-chip fine-pitch	BGA	1.0	35 x 35	600
RF1158		BGA	1.0	35 x 35	600
RF1761		BGA	1.0	42.5 x 42.5	850
RF1930		BGA	1.0	45 x 45	1000

Notes:

1. Leaded package options are available upon request for all packages listed in this table.
2. The maximum I/O numbers do not include pins in the configuration Bank 0 (Table 1-2) or the GT serial transceivers.

Table 1-2 lists the 21 dedicated I/O pins.

Table 1-2: 7 Series FPGAs I/O Pins in the Dedicated Configuration Bank (Bank0)

DXP_0	VCCBATT_0	INIT_B_0	M0_0	TDO_0	TDI_0	GNDADC_0 ⁽¹⁾
DXN_0	DONE_0	VN_0	M1_0	TCK_0	VREFN_0	VCCADC_0 ⁽¹⁾
PROGRAM_B_0	CCLK_0	VP_0	M2_0	TMS_0	VREFP_0	CFGBVS_0

Notes:

1. In SSI technology devices, GNDADC and VCCADC do not have an _0 in the pin name.

Serial Transceiver Channels by Device/Package

Spartan 7 FPGAs do not contain serial transceivers. Table 1-3 lists the quantity of GTP serial transceiver channels for the Artix 7 FPGAs.

Table 1-3: Serial Transceiver Channels (GTPs) by Device/Package (Artix 7 FPGAs)

Device	GTP Channels by Package													
	CPG 236	CPG 238	CSG 324	CSG 325	FTG 256	SBG SBV 484	FGG 484	FGG 676	FBG FBV 484	FBG FBV 676	FFG FFV 1156	RS 484	RB 484	RB 676
XA7A12T	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A15T	2	–	0	4	0	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A25T	–	2	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A35T	2	–	0	4	0	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A50T	2	–	0	4	0	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A75T	–	–	0	–	0	–	4	8	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A100T	–	–	0	–	0	–	4	8	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A200T	–	–	–	–	–	4	–	–	4	8	16	–	–	–
XA7A12T	–	2	–	2	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A15T	2	–	0	4	0	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A25T	–	2	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A35T	2	–	0	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A50T	2	–	0	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A75T	–	–	0	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A100T	–	–	0	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XQ7A50T	–	–	–	4	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XQ7A100T	–	–	0	–	–	–	4	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XQ7A200T	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	4	4	8

Table 1-4 lists the quantity of GTX serial transceiver channels for the Kintex 7 FPGAs.

Table 1-4: Serial Transceiver Channels (GTXs) by Device/Package (Kintex 7 FPGAs)

Device	GTX Channels by Package								
	FBG484 FBV484	FBG676 FBV676	FBG900 FBV900	FFG676 FFV676	FFG900 FFV900	FFG901 FFV901	FFG1156 FFV1156	RF676	RF900
XC7K70T	4	8	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7K160T	4	8	–	8	–	–	–	–	–
XC7K325T	–	8	16	8	16	–	–	–	–
XC7K355T	–	–	–	–	–	24	–	–	–
XC7K410T	–	8	16	8	16	–	–	–	–
XC7K420T	–	–	–	–	–	28	32	–	–
XC7K480T	–	–	–	–	–	28	32	–	–
XA7K160T	–	–	–	8	–	–	–	–	–
XQ7K325T	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	16
XQ7K410T	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	8	16

Table 1-5 lists the quantity of GTX serial transceiver channels for the Virtex 7 T FPGAs.

Table 1-5: Serial Transceiver Channels (GTX) by Device/Package (Virtex 7 T FPGAs)

Device	FFG1157	FFG1761	FLG1925	FHG1761	RF1157	RF1761
XC7V585T	20	36	–	–	–	–
XC7V2000T	–	–	16	36	–	–
XQ7V585T	–	–	–	–	20	36

Table 1-6 lists the quantity of GTX and GTH serial transceiver channels for the Virtex 7 XT FPGAs. In all devices, a serial transceiver channel is one set of MGTRXP, MGTRXN, MGTTXP, and MGTTXN pins.

Table 1-6: Serial Transceiver Channels (GTX/GTH) by Device/Package (Virtex 7 XT FPGAs)

Device	FFG1157 FFV1157 RF1157		FFG1158 FFV1158 RF1158		FFG1761 FFV1761 RF1761		FFG1926		FFG1927 FFV1927		FFG1928		FFG1930 RF1930		FLG1926		FLG1928		FLG1930	
	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH	GTX	GTH
XC7VX330T	0	20	–		0	28	–		–		–		–		–		–		–	
XC7VX415T	0	20	0	48	–		–		0	48	–		–		–		–		–	
XC7VX485T	20	0	48	0	28	0	–		56	0	–		24	0	–		–		–	
XC7VX550T	–		0	48	–		–		0	80	–		–		–		–		–	
XC7VX690T	0	20	0	48	0	36	0	64	0	80	–		0	24	–		–		–	
XC7VX980T	–		–		–		0	64	–		0	72	0	24	–		–		–	
XC7VX1140T	–		–		–		–		–		–		–		0	64	0	96	0	24
XQ7VX330T	0	20	–		0	28	–		–		–		–		–		–		–	
XQ7VX485T	–		–		28	0	–		–		–		24	0	–		–		–	
XQ7VX690T	0	20	0	48	0	36	–		–		–		0	24	–		–		–	
XQ7VX980T	–		–		–		–		–		–		0	24	–		–		–	

User I/O Pins by Device/Package



IMPORTANT: Because of package inductance, each device/package supports a limited number of simultaneous switching outputs. Limitations for specific applications can be determined using the Vivado Design Suite report_ssn tool. See the Simultaneous Switching Outputs section of the 7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide (UG471) for more information.

Table 1-7 shows the number of available I/Os and the number of differential I/Os for each Spartan 7 device/package combination.

Table 1-7: Available I/O Pin/Device/Package Combinations for Spartan 7 FPGAs

Spartan 7 Devices	User I/O Pins	Spartan 7 FPGA Packages: HR I/O Banks Only					
		CPGA196	CSGA225	CSGA324	FTGB196	FGGA484	FGGA676
XC7S6	User I/O	100	100	–	100	–	–
XA7S6	Differential	96	96	–	96	–	–
XC7S15	User I/O	100	100	–	100	–	–
XA7S15	Differential	96	96	–	96	–	–
XC7S25	User I/O	–	150	150	100	–	–
XA7S25	Differential	–	144	144	96	–	–
XC7S50	User I/O	–	–	210	100	250	–
XA7S50	Differential	–	–	202	96	240	–
XC7S75	User I/O	–	–	–	–	338	400
XA7S75	Differential	–	–	–	–	324	384
XC7S100	User I/O	–	–	–	–	338	400
XA7S100	Differential	–	–	–	–	324	384

Table 1-8 shows the number of available I/Os and the number of differential I/Os for each Artix 7 device/package combination.

Table 1-8: Available I/O Pin/Device/Package Combinations for Artix 7 FPGAs

Artix 7 Devices	User I/O Pins	Artix 7 FPGA Packages: HR I/O Banks Only												
		CPG 236	CPG 238	CSG 324	CSG 325	FTG 256	SBG SBV 484	FGG 484	FGG 676	FBG FBV 484	FBG FBV 676	FFG FFV 1156	RB484 RS484	RB676
XC7A12T	User I/O	–	112	–	150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	108	–	144	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A15T	User I/O	106		210	150	170	–	250	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	104		202	144	162	–	240	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A25T	User I/O	–	112	–	150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	108	–	144	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A35T	User I/O	106	–	210	150	170	–	250	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	104	–	202	144	162	–	240	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A50T	User I/O	106	–	210	150	170	–	250	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	104	–	202	144	162	–	240	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A75T	User I/O	–	–	210	–	170	–	285	300	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	202	–	162	–	274	288	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A100T	User I/O	–	–	210	–	170	–	285	300	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	202	–	162	–	274	288	–	–	–	–	–
XC7A200T	User I/O	–	–	–	–	–	285	–	–	285	400	500	–	–
	Differential	–	–	–	–	–	274	–	–	274	384	480	–	–
XA7A12T	User I/O	–	112	–	150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	108	–	144	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A15T	User I/O	106	–	210	150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	104	–	202	144	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A25T	User I/O	–	112	–	150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	108	–	144	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A35T	User I/O	106	–	210	150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	104	–	202	144	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A50T	User I/O	106	–	210	150	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	104	–	202	144	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A75T	User I/O	–	–	210	–	–	–	285	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	202	–	–	–	274	–	–	–	–	–	–
XA7A100T	User I/O	–	–	210	–	–	–	285	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	202	–	–	–	274	–	–	–	–	–	–

Table 1-8: Available I/O Pin/Device/Package Combinations for Artix 7 FPGAs (Cont'd)

Artix 7 Devices	User I/O Pins	Artix 7 FPGA Packages: HR I/O Banks Only												
		CPG 236	CPG 238	CSG 324	CSG 325	FTG 256	SBG SBV 484	FGG 484	FGG 676	FBG FBV 484	FBG FBV 676	FFG FFV 1156	RB484 RS484	RB676
XQ7A50T	User I/O	–	–	–	150	–	–	250	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	–	144	–	–	240	–	–	–	–	–	–
XQ7A100T	User I/O	–	–	210	–	–	–	285	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	202	–	–	–	274	–	–	–	–	–	–
XQ7A200T	User I/O	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	285	400
	Differential	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	274	384

Table 1-9 shows the number of available I/Os and the number of differential I/Os for each Kintex 7 device/package combination.

Table 1-9: Available I/O Pin/Device/Package Combinations for Kintex 7 FPGAs

Kintex 7 Devices	User I/O Pins	Kintex 7 FPGA Packages: HR and HP I/O Banks																	
		FBG484 FBV484		FBG676 FBV676		FBG900 FBV900		FFG676 FFV676		FFG900 FFV900		FFG901 FFV901		FFG1156 FFV1156		RF676		RF900	
		HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR
XC7K70T	User I/O	100	185	100	200	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	96	176	96	192	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7K160T	User I/O	100	185	150	250	–	–	150	250	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	96	176	144	240	–	–	144	240	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7K325T	User I/O	–	–	150	250	150	350	150	250	150	350	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	144	240	144	336	144	240	144	336	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7K355T	User I/O	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	300	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	288	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7K410T	User I/O	–	–	150	250	150	350	150	250	150	350	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	144	240	144	336	144	240	144	336	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XC7K420T	User I/O	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	380	0	400	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	366	0	384	–	–	–	–
XC7K480T	User I/O	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	380	0	400	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	0	366	0	384	–	–	–	–
XA7K160T	User I/O	–	–	–	–	–	–	150	250	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
	Differential	–	–	–	–	–	–	144	240	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–
XQ7K325T	User I/O	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	150	250	150	350
	Differential	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	144	240	144	336
XQ7K410T	User I/O	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	150	250	150	350
	Differential	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	–	144	240	144	336

Table 1-10 and Table 1-11 show the number of available I/Os and the number of differential I/Os for each Virtex 7 device/package combination. When applicable, it also lists the number of user I/Os in the 3.3V-capable high-range (HR) banks and the number of 1.8V-capable high-performance (HP) banks.

Table 1-10: Available I/O Pin/Device/Package Combinations for Virtex 7 T FPGAs

Virtex 7 T Devices	User I/O Pins	Virtex 7 T FPGA Packages: HR and HP I/O Banks											
		FFG1157		FFG1761		FLG1925		FHG1761		RF1157		RF1761	
		HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR
XC7V585T	User I/O	600	0	750	100	–		–		–		–	
	Differential	576	0	720	96	–		–		–		–	
XC7V2000T	User I/O	–		–		1200	0	850	0	–		–	
	Differential	–		–		1152	0	816	0	–		–	
XQ7V585T	User I/O	–		–		–		–		600	0	750	100
	Differential	–		–		–		–		576	0	720	96

Table 1-11: Available I/O Pin/Device/Package Combinations for Virtex 7 XT FPGAs

Virtex 7 XT Devices	User I/O Pins	Virtex 7 XT FPGA Packages: HR and HP I/O Banks																			
		FFG1157 FFV1157 RF1157		FFG1158 FFV1158 RF1158		FFG1761 FFV1761 RF1761		FFG 1926		FFG1927 FFV1927		FFG 1928		FFG1930 RF1930		FLG 1926		FLG 1928		FLG 1930	
		HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR	HP	HR
XC7VX330T	User I/O	600	0	–		650	50	–		–		–		–		–		–		–	
	Differential	576	0	–		624	48	–		–		–		–		–		–		–	
XC7VX415T	User I/O	600	0	350	0	–		–		600	0	–		–		–		–		–	
	Differential	576	0	336	0	–		–		576	0	–		–		–		–		–	
XC7VX485T	User I/O	600	0	350	0	700	0	–		600	0	–		700	0	–		–		–	
	Differential	576	0	336	0	672	0	–		576	0	–		672	0	–		–		–	
XC7VX550T	User I/O	–		350	0	–		–		600	0	–		–		–		–		–	
	Differential	–		336	0	–		–		576	0	–		–		–		–		–	
XC7VX690T	User I/O	600	0	350	0	850	0	720	0	600	0	–		1000	0	–		–		–	
	Differential	576	0	336	0	816	0	690	0	576	0	–		960	0	–		–		–	
XC7VX980T	User I/O	–		–		–		720	0	–		480	0	900	0	–		–		–	
	Differential	–		–		–		690	0	–		460	0	864	0	–		–		–	
XC7VX1140T	User I/O	–		–		–		–		–		–		–		720	0	480	0	1100	0
	Differential	–		–		–		–		–		–		–		690	0	460	0	1056	0
XQ7VX330T	User I/O	600	0	–		650	50	–		–		–		–		–		–		–	
	Differential	576	0	–		624	48	–		–		–		–		–		–		–	
XQ7VX485T	User I/O	–		–		700	0	–		–		–		700	0	–		–		–	
	Differential	–		–		672	0	–		–		–		672	0	–		–		–	
XQ7VX690T	User I/O	600	0	350	0	850	0	–		–		–		1000	0	–		–		–	
	Differential	576	0	336	0	816	0	–		–		–		960	0	–		–		–	
XQ7VX980T	User I/O	–		–		–		–		–		–		900	0	–		–		–	
	Differential	–		–		–		–		–		–		864	0	–		–		–	

Pin Definitions

Table 1-12 lists the pin definitions used in 7 series FPGAs packages.

Note: There are dedicated general purpose user I/O pins listed separately in Table 1-12. There are also multi-function pins where the pin names start with either IO_LXXY_ZZZ_# or IO_XX_ZZZ_#, where ZZZ represents one or more functions in addition to being general purpose user I/O. If not used for their special function, these pins can be user I/O.



IMPORTANT: For Tandem PROM configuration, the configuration PERSIST property is required. In this case, a dual-purpose I/O that is used for stage 1 and stage 2 configuration cannot be repurposed as user I/O after stage 2 configuration is complete.

Table 1-12: 7 Series FPGAs Pin Definitions

Pin Name	Type	Direction	Description
User I/O Pins			
IO_LXXY_# IO_XX_#	Dedicated	Input/ Output	Most user I/O pins are capable of differential signaling and can be implemented as pairs. The top and bottom I/O pins are always single ended. Each user I/O is labeled IO_LXXY_#, where: - IO indicates a user I/O pin - L indicates a differential pair, with XX a unique pair in the bank and Y = [P N] for the positive/negative sides of the differential pair # indicates a bank number
Configuration Pins			
For more information, see the <i>Configuration Pin Definitions</i> table in UG470 , <i>7 Series FPGAs Configuration User Guide</i> .			
CCLK_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Input/ Output	Configuration clock. Output in Master mode or input in Slave mode
DONE_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Bidirectional	DONE indicates successful completion of configuration (active High)
INIT_B_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Bidirectional (open-drain)	Indicates initialization of configuration memory (active Low)
M0_0, M1_0, or M2_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Input	Configuration mode selection
PROGRAM_B_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Input	Asynchronous reset to configuration logic (active Low)
TCK_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Input	JTAG clock
TDI_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Input	JTAG data input
TDO_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Output	JTAG data output
TMS_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Input	JTAG mode select

Table 1-12: 7 Series FPGAs Pin Definitions (Cont'd)

Pin Name	Type	Direction	Description
CFGBVS_0	Dedicated ⁽¹⁾	Input	This pin selects the preconfiguration I/O standard type for the dedicated and multi-function configuration banks 0, 14, and 15. If the V_{CC0} for banks 0, 14, or 15 is 2.5V or 3.3V, then this pin must be connected to V_{CC0_0}. If the V_{CC0} for banks 0, 14, and 15 are less than or equal to 1.8V, then this pin should be connected to GND. Note: To avoid device damage, this pin must be connected correctly. See the <i>Configuration Banks Voltage Select</i> section in UG470, 7 Series FPGAs Configuration User Guide for more information.
D00 through D31	Multi-function	Bidirectional	Configuration data pins
ADV_B	Multi-function	Output	BPI Flash address valid output (active Low)
A00 through A28	Multi-function	Output	Address A00–A28 BPI address output
RS0 or RS1	Multi-function	Output	RS0 and RS1 revision select output
FCS_B	Multi-function	Output	BPI and SPI flash chip select (active Low)
FOE_B	Multi-function	Output	BPI flash output enable (active Low)
MOSI	Multi-function	Output	SPI flash command output. Also known as the SPI bus master output, slave input signal.
FWE_B	Multi-function	Output	BPI flash write enable (active Low)
DOUT	Multi-function	Output	Data output for serial daisy-chain configuration
CSO_B	Multi-function	Output	Chip-select output for parallel daisy-chain (active Low)
CSI_B	Multi-function	Input	SelectMAP chip-select input (active Low)
PUDC_B	Multi-function	Input	Pull-Up During Configuration (bar) Active-Low PUDC_B input enables internal pull-up resistors on the SelectIO pins after power-up and during configuration. - When PUDC_B is Low, internal pull-up resistors are enabled on each SelectIO pin. - When PUDC_B is High, internal pull-up resistors are disabled on each SelectIO pin. PUDC_B must be tied either directly or via a 1 kΩ or less resistor to V_{CC0_14} or GND. When PUDC_B is tied to GND, the activation of internal pull-ups during power-on depends on the power sequence because the PUDC_B control signal is forwarded through an input buffer in bank 14 and internal paths to the enables of internal pull-ups at applicable pins in their respective I/O banks. An external pull-up resistor is recommended between a pin and the pin's V_{CC0} power supply when it is critical for the pin to be pulled High immediately as the pin's V_{CC0} power ramps up. Caution! Do not allow this pin to float before and during configuration.

Table 1-12: 7 Series FPGAs Pin Definitions (Cont'd)

Pin Name	Type	Direction	Description
RDWR_B	Multi-function	Input	SelectMAP data bus direction control signal for reading (active High) or writing (active Low) configuration data
EMCCLK	Multi-function	Input	External master configuration clock

Table 1-12: 7 Series FPGAs Pin Definitions (Cont'd)

Pin Name	Type	Direction	Description
Power/Ground Pins			
GND	Dedicated	N/A	Ground
RSVDGND	Dedicated	N/A	Reserved pins, tie to GND
VCCAUX	Dedicated	N/A	1.8V power-supply pins for auxiliary circuits
VCCAUX_IO_G# ⁽²⁾	Dedicated	N/A	1.8V/2.0V power-supply pins for auxiliary I/O circuits
VCCINT	Dedicated	N/A	0.9V/1.0V power-supply pins for the internal core logic
VCCO_# ⁽³⁾	Dedicated	N/A	Power-supply pins for the output drivers (per bank)
VCCBRAM	Dedicated	N/A	1.0V power-supply pins for the FPGA logic block RAM
VCCBATT_0	Dedicated	N/A	Decryptor key memory backup supply; this pin should be tied to the appropriate V _{CC} or GND when not used ⁽⁴⁾ . Specific Spartan 7 devices (XC7S6 and XC7S15) do not support AES encryption. In these devices, connect VCCBATT_0 to VCCAUX or GND.
VREF	Multi-function	N/A	These are input threshold voltage pins. They become user I/Os when an external threshold voltage is not needed (per bank).
Analog to Digital Converter (XADC) Pins			
For more information, see the XADC Package Pins table in UG480, 7 Series FPGAs and Zynq 7000 SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide			
VCCADC_0 ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	Dedicated	N/A	XADC analog positive supply voltage The XC7S6 and XC7S15 Spartan 7 devices do not support the XADC. In these devices, connect the VCCADC_0 pin to VCCAUX.
GNDADC_0 ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	Dedicated	N/A	XADC analog ground reference The XC7S6 and XC7S15 Spartan 7 devices do not support the XADC. In these devices, connect the GNDADC_0 pin to GND.
VP_0 ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated	Input	XADC dedicated differential analog input (positive side)
VN_0 ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated	Input	XADC dedicated differential analog input (negative side)
VREFP_0 ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated	N/A	1.25V reference input
VREFN_0 ⁽⁵⁾	Dedicated	N/A	1.25V reference GND reference
AD0P through AD15P AD0N through AD15N	Multi-function	Input	XADC (analog-to-digital converter) differential auxiliary analog inputs 0–15. Auxiliary channels 6, 7, 13, 14, and 15 are not supported on Kintex 7 devices.

Table 1-12: 7 Series FPGAs Pin Definitions (Cont'd)

Pin Name	Type	Direction	Description
Multi-gigabit Serial Transceiver Pins (GTPE2, GTXE2, and GTHE2)			
For more information on the GTPE2 pins see the <i>Pin Description and Design Guidelines</i> section in UG482, 7 Series FPGAs GTP Transceivers User Guide . For more information on the on the GTXE2 and GTHE2 pins see the <i>Pin Description and Design Guidelines</i> section in UG476, 7 Series FPGAs GTX/GTH Transceivers User Guide .			
MGTPRXP[0:3]	Dedicated	Input	Positive differential receive port GTP Quad
MGTPRXN[0:3]	Dedicated	Input	Negative differential receive port GTP Quad
MGTPTXP[0:3]	Dedicated	Output	Positive differential transmit port GTP Quad
MGTPTXN[0:3]	Dedicated	Output	Negative differential transmit port GTP Quad
MGTXRX[0:3]	Dedicated	Input	Positive differential receive port GTX Quad
MGTXRXN[0:3]	Dedicated	Input	Negative differential receive port GTX Quad
MGTXTXP[0:3]	Dedicated	Output	Positive differential transmit port GTX Quad
MGTXTXN[0:3]	Dedicated	Output	Negative differential transmit port GTX Quad
MGTHRX[0:3]	Dedicated	Input	Positive differential receive port GTH Quad
MGTHRXN[0:3]	Dedicated	Input	Negative differential receive port GTH Quad
MGTHTXP[0:3]	Dedicated	Output	Positive differential transmit port GTH Quad
MGTHTXN[0:3]	Dedicated	Output	Negative differential transmit port GTH Quad
MGTAVCC_G# ⁽⁷⁾	Dedicated	Input	1.0V analog power-supply pin for the receiver and transmitter internal circuits.
MGTAVTT_G# ⁽⁷⁾	Dedicated	Input	1.2V analog power-supply pin for the transmit driver
MGTVCCAUX_G# ⁽⁷⁾	Dedicated	Input	1.8V auxiliary analog Quad PLL (QPLL) voltage supply for the transceivers
MGTREFCLK0/1P	Dedicated	Input	Positive differential reference clock for the transceivers
MGTREFCLK0/1N	Dedicated	Input	Negative differential reference clock for the transceivers
MGTAVTTRCAL	Dedicated	N/A	Precision reference resistor pin for internal calibration termination. Not used for Artix 7 devices.
MGTRREF	Dedicated	Input	Precision reference resistor pin for internal calibration termination
Other Pins			
MRCC	Multi-function	Input	These are the clock capable I/Os driving BUFMRs, BUFIOs, BUFGs, and MMCMs/PLLs. In addition, these pins can drive the BUFMR for multi-region BUFIO and BUFR support. These pins become regular user I/Os when not needed as a clock. When connecting a single-ended clock to the differential CC pair of pins, it must be connected to the positive (P) side of the pair. The MRCC (multi-region) pins, when used as single region resource, can drive four BUFIOs and four BUFR in a single bank.

Table 1-12: 7 Series FPGAs Pin Definitions (Cont'd)

Pin Name	Type	Direction	Description
SRCC	Multi-function	Input	These are the clock capable I/Os driving BUFRRs, BUFIOs, BUFGs, and MMCMs/PLLs. These pins become regular user I/Os when not needed for clocks. When connecting a single-ended clock to the differential CC pair of pins, it must be connected to the positive (P) side of the pair. The SRCC (single region) pins can drive four BUFIOs and four BUFRRs in a single bank.
VRN ⁽⁸⁾	Multi-function	N/A	This pin is for the DCI voltage reference resistor of N transistor (per bank, to be pulled High with reference resistor)
VRP ⁽⁸⁾	Multi-function	N/A	This pin is for the DCI voltage reference resistor of P transistor (per bank, to be pulled Low with reference resistor)
DXP_0, DXN_0	Dedicated	N/A	Temperature-sensing diode pins (Anode: DXP; Cathode: DXN). The thermal diode is accessed by using the DXP and DXN pins in bank 0. When not used, tie to GND. To use the thermal diode an appropriate external thermal monitoring IC must be added. Consult the external thermal monitoring IC data sheet for usage guidelines. The recommended temperature monitoring solution for 7 series FPGAs uses the temperature sensor in the XADC block.
T0, T1, T2, or T3	Multi-function	N/A	This pin belongs to the memory byte group 0-3
T0_DQS, T1_DQS, T2_DQS, or T3_DQS	Multi-function	Bidirectional	The DDR DQS strobe pin that belongs to the memory byte group T0–T3

Notes:

1. All dedicated pins (JTAG and configuration) are powered by V_{CCO_0} .
2. For devices that do not include $V_{CCAUX_IO_G\#}$ pins, auxiliary I/O circuits are powered by V_{CCAUX} pins. As indicated in [Chapter 2, 7 Series FPGAs Package Files](#), some packages include $V_{CCAUX_IO_G\#}$ pins but also have auxiliary I/O circuits powered by V_{CCAUX} pins. In this case, the $V_{CCAUX_IO_G\#}$ pins exist for migration purposes only and will not connect to any internal circuitry. When planning to migrate to a device that utilizes $V_{CCAUX_IO_G\#}$, these pins must be connected to the desired voltage (1.8V/2.0V). Otherwise, they can be tied to V_{CCAUX} or left unconnected.
3. V_{CCO} pins in unbonded banks must be connected to the V_{CCO} for that bank for package migration. Do NOT connect unbonded V_{CCO} pins to different supplies. Without a package migration requirement, V_{CCO} pins in unbonded banks can be tied to a common supply (V_{CCO} or ground) or left unconnected.
4. Refer to the data sheet for V_{CCBATT_0} specifications.
5. See [UG480, 7 Series FPGAs and Zynq 7000 SoC XADC Dual 12-Bit 1 MSPS Analog-to-Digital Converter User Guide](#) for the default connections required to support on-chip monitoring.
6. In SSI technology devices, GNDADC and VCCADC do not have an _0 in the pin name.
7. In packages with only one MGT power group, the MGTAVCC_G#, MGTAVTT_G#, and MGTVCCAUX_G# pins are labeled without the _G#. These pins also appear without a number in the power and GND placement diagrams in [Chapter 3, Device Diagrams](#).
8. The DCI guidelines in the 7 series FPGAs are different from previous Virtex device DCI guidelines. See the DCI sections in [UG471, 7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide](#) for more information on the VRN/VRP pins.

Pin Compatibility between Packages

7 series FPGA devices are pin compatible only with other 7 series FPGA devices of the same family (Spartan 7, Artix 7, Kintex 7, and Virtex 7) in the same package. In addition, FB/FBG/FBV, FF/FFG/FFV, FH/FHG, FL/FLG, RB, RF, and RS packages of the same pin-count designator are pin compatible. Also, in Artix 7 devices the FGG and FBG packages are pin compatible.

Note: Pin compatible packages can have substantially different decoupling capacitor recommendations.

Some FB/FBG and RB packages include V_{CCAUX_IO} pins that are not utilized by the I/O. These pins are placeholders to ensure pin compatibility with FF/FFG/FFV and RF packages. In the FF/FFG/FFV and RF packages, when the high-performance option is chosen for the HP I/O banks, the V_{CCAUX_IO} pins must be connected to a separate power supply from V_{CCAUX} . Therefore, to allow for migration to the FF/FFG/FFV and RF packages, V_{CCAUX_IO} must be connected to the appropriate voltage/regulator.

Migrating between Devices

When migrating between devices using the same package, any differences between the devices must be taken into consideration. Examples include the following.

- Package pins that are routed from a specific bank in one device can be routed from a different bank in another device. Migration between the two devices can be affected when interfaces span multiple banks.
- Package pins routed to pins of a certain pin type in one device can be routed to a different pin type in another device. Migration differences can include clock-capable pins or differential signal capable pins in the first device with non-clock capable pins or single-ended pins in the second device.
- Package pins routed from a single bank on one device can be routed from multiple banks on another device. To prevent multiple voltage levels between the devices, the V_{CCO} voltage level of the multiple banks on the second device must be the same as the voltage level of the single bank on the first device.
- The auxiliary analog input pins AD[15:00] for the XADC in some devices are not always routed to the same pins in other devices. Each device can have available a different number of auxiliary analog input pins. Prior to designing with XADCs, the compatibility between pins in each device should be thoroughly analyzed.

Die Level Bank Numbering Overview

Banking and Clocking Summary

- The center clocking backbone contains all vertical clock tracks and clock buffer connectivity.
- The CMT backbone contains all vertical CMT connectivity and is located in the CMT column.
- Not all banks are bonded out in every part/package combination.
- GTP/GTX/GTH columns summary
 - One GT Quad = Four transceivers = Four GTPE2 or GTXE2 or GTHE2 primitives.
 - Not all GT Quads are bonded out in every package.
- I/O banks summary
 - Each bank has four pairs of clock capable (CC) inputs for four differential or four single ended clock inputs.
 - Can connect to the CMT in the same region and the region above and below (with restrictions).
 - Two MRCC pairs can connect to the BUFRRs and BUFIOs in the same region/banks and the regions/banks above and below.
 - Two SRCC pairs can only connect to the BUFRRs and BUFIOs in the same region/bank.
 - There are no global clock pins (GC pins) in the 7 series FPGAs.
 - Each user I/O bank has 50 single-ended I/Os or 24 differential pairs (48 differential I/Os). The top and bottom I/O pin are always single ended. All 50 pads of a bank are not always bonded out to pins.
- Bank locations of dedicated and dual-purpose pins
 - In most devices, banks 14 and 15 always contain the dual-purpose configuration pins. Bank 15 and 35 contains the XADC auxiliary inputs; however, in Kintex 7 devices, the auxiliary inputs are only in bank 15. Bank 0 contains the dedicated configuration pins.
 - All dedicated configuration I/Os (bank 0) are 3.3V capable.
 - The multi-function configuration banks 14 and 15 are restricted during configuration. The SSI technology devices (XC7VX1140T and XC7V2000T) pins in banks 11, 12, 17, 18, 20, and 21 are restricted, similar to multi-function pins. Pins in these banks do not have configuration functions. Because there are architectural differences between these and other banks, special consideration must be taken. For more information, see the *State of I/Os During and After Configuration* and the

Special DCI Requirements for Some Banks sections of [UG471](#), *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide*.

- The physical XY locations for each IDELAYCTRL start at X0Y0 in the bottom left-most bank. The locations then increment by one starting with the lowest bank number in each column in the vertical Y direction and by one for each column in the horizontal X direction. IDELAYCTRLs are located in each of the HROWS.

This section visually describes the die level bank numbering.

- Spartan 7 devices on [page 30](#) through [page 33](#).
- Artix 7 devices on [page 34](#) through [page 39](#).
- Kintex 7 devices on [page 40](#) through [page 46](#).
- Virtex 7 T devices (XC7V585T and XC7V2000T) on [page 47](#) through [page 49](#).
- Virtex 7 XT devices (XC7VX330T, XC7VX415T, XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T, XC7VX980T, and XC7VX1140T) on [page 50](#) through [page 60](#).

XC7S6, XA7S6, XC7S15, and XA7S15 Banks

Figure 1-1 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

FTGB196 Package

All HR I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.

CPGA196 Package

All HR I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.

CSGA225 Package

All HR I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.

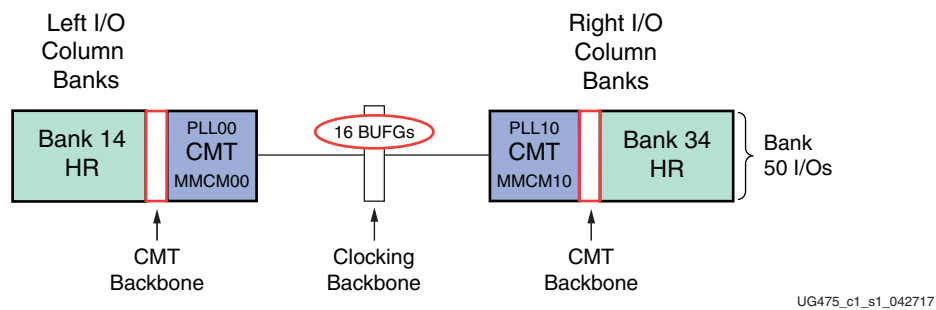


Figure 1-1: XC7S6, XA7S6, XC7S15, and XA7S15 Banks

XC7S25 and XA7S25 Banks

Figure 1-2 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

FTGB196 Package

HR I/O bank 15 is not bonded out.

CSGA225 Package

All HR I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.

CSGA324 Package

All HR I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.

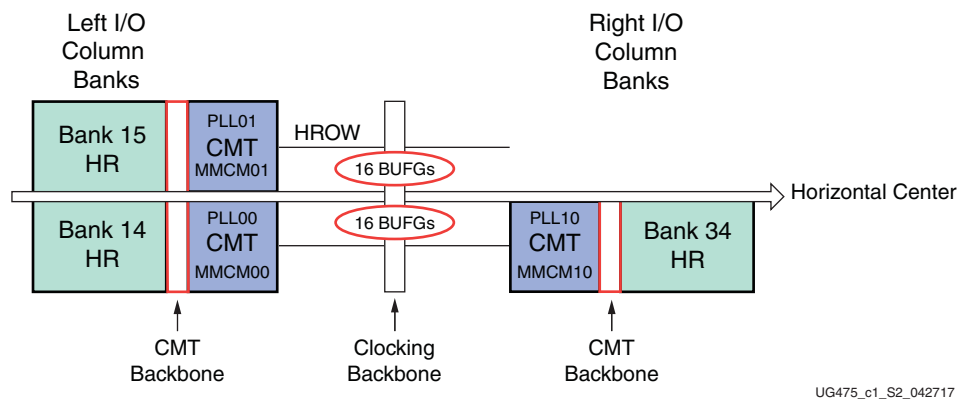


Figure 1-2: XC7S25 and XA7S25 Banks

XC7S50 and XA7S50 Banks

Figure 1-3 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

FTGB196 Package

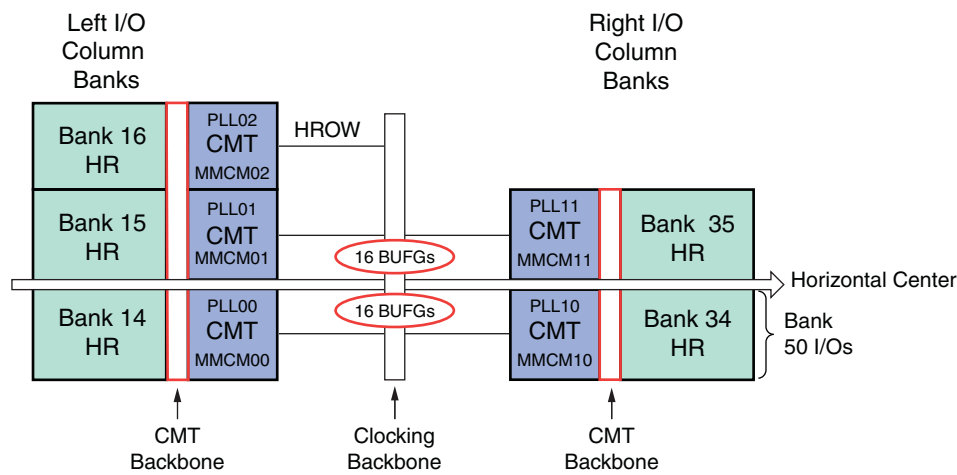
HR I/O banks 15, 16, and 35 are not bonded out.

CSGA324 Package

HR I/O bank 16 is partially bonded out.

FGGA484 Package

All HR I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_S3_042717

Figure 1-3: XC7S50 and XA7S50 Banks

XC7S75, XA7S75, XC7S100, and XA7S100 Banks

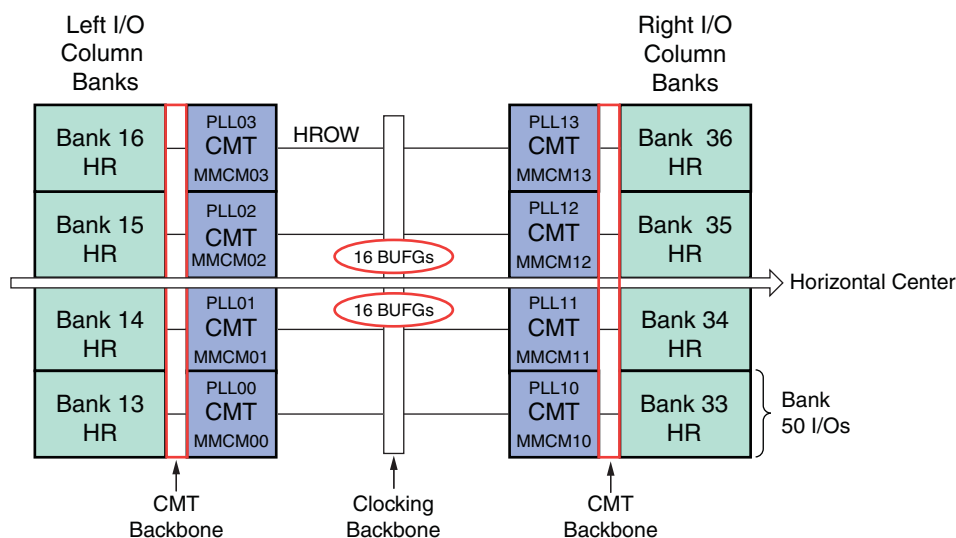
Figure 1-4 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

FGGA484 Package

- HR I/O bank 13 is partially bonded out.
- HR I/O bank 33 is not bonded out.

FGGA676 Package

All HR I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_S4_042717

Figure 1-4: XC7S75, XA7S75T, XC7S100, and XA7S100 Banks

XC7A12T, XA7A12T, XC7A25T, and XA7A25T Banks

Figure 1-5 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

CPG238 Package

- HR I/O banks 15 and 34 are partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quad 215 is partially bonded out.

CSG325 Package

- All HR I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.
- The GTP Quad 215 is partially bonded out for the XC7A12T and XA7A12T. All GTP Quads are fully bonded out for the XC7A25T and XA7A25T.

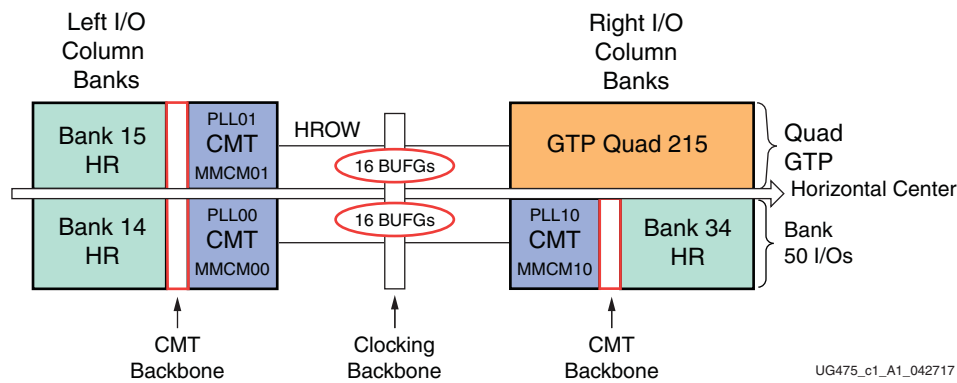


Figure 1-5: XC7A12T, XA7A12T, XC7A25T, and XA7A25T Banks

XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XA7A15T, and XA7A35T Banks

Figure 1-6 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

CPG236 Package

- HR I/O bank 15 is not bonded out.
- HR I/O banks 16, 34, and 35 are partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quad 216 is partially bonded out.

FTG256 Package (XC7A15T and XC7A35T only)

- HR I/O bank 16 is not bonded out.
- HR I/O bank 34 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quad 216 is not bonded out.

CSG324 Package

- HR I/O bank 16 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quad 216 is not bonded out.

CSG325 Package

- HR I/O banks 16 and 35 are not bonded out.
- All GTP Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

FGG484 Package (XC7A15T and XC7A35T only)

All HR I/O banks and the GTP Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

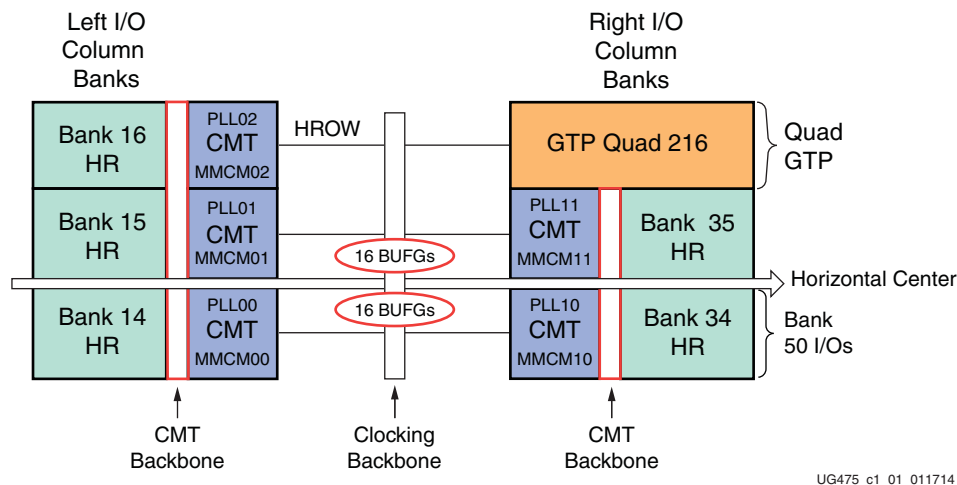


Figure 1-6: XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XA7A15T, and XA7A35T Banks

XC7A50T, XA7A50T, and XQ7A50T Banks

Figure 1-7 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

CPG236 Package

- HR I/O bank 15 is not bonded out.
- HR I/O banks 16, 34, and 35 are partially bonded out.

FTG256 Package (XC7A50T only)

- HR I/O bank 16 is not bonded out.
- HR I/O bank 34 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quad 216 is not bonded out.

CSG324 Package

- HR I/O bank 16 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quad 216 is not bonded out.

CSG325 Package

- HR I/O banks 16 and 35 are not bonded out.
- All GTP Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

FGG484 Package (XC7A50T and XQ7A50T only)

All HR I/O banks and the GTP Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

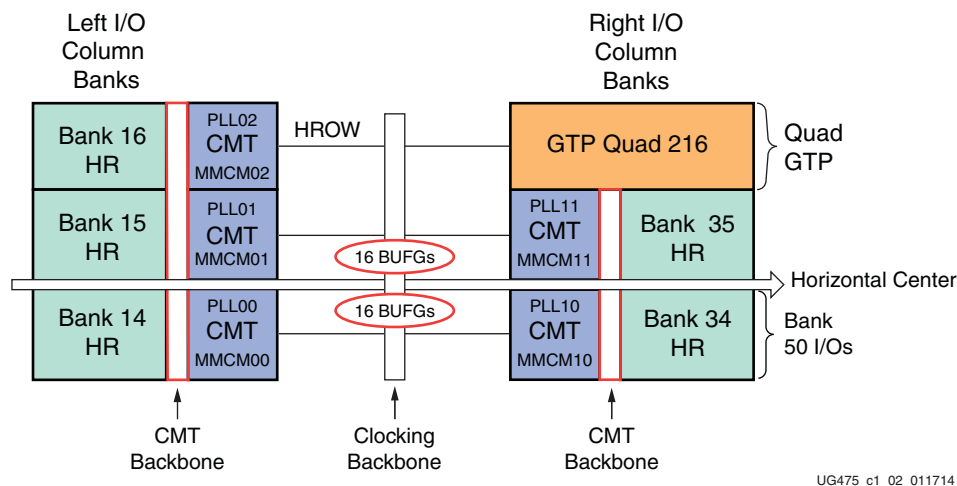


Figure 1-7: XC7A50T, XA7A50T, and XQ7A50T Banks

XC7A75T and XA7A75T Banks

Figure 1-8 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

FTG256 Package (XC7A75T only)

- HR I/O banks 13 and 16 are not bonded out.
- HR I/O bank 34 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quads 213 and 216 are not bonded out.

CSG324 Package

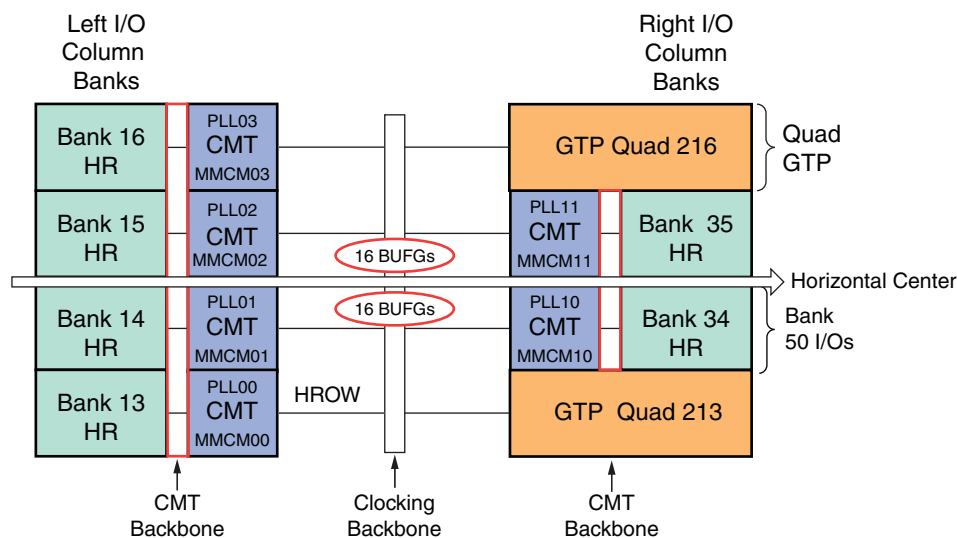
- HR I/O bank 13 is not bonded out.
- HR I/O bank 16 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quads 213 and 216 are not bonded out.

FGG484 Package

- HR I/O bank 13 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quad 213 is not bonded out.

FGG676 Package (XC7A75T only)

All HR I/O banks and the GTP Quads are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_50_011714

Figure 1-8: XC7A75T and XA7A75T Banks

XC7A100T, XQ7A100T, and XA7A100T Banks

Figure 1-9 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

FTG256 Package (XC7A100T only)

- HR I/O banks 13 and 16 are not bonded out.
- HR I/O bank 34 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quads 213 and 216 are not bonded out.

CSG324 Package

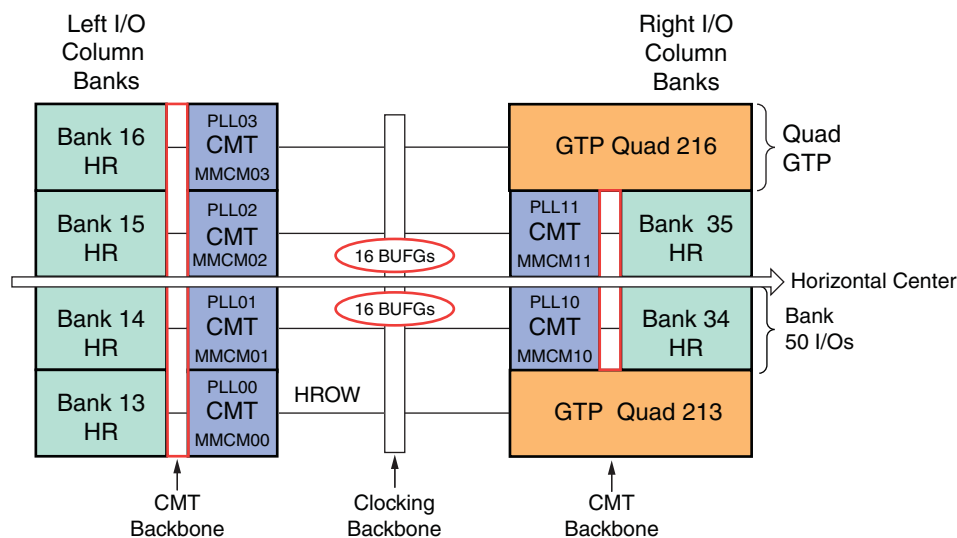
- HR I/O bank 13 is not bonded out.
- HR I/O bank 16 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quads 213 and 216 are not bonded out.

FGG484 Package

- HR I/O bank 13 is partially bonded out.
- The GTP Quad 213 is not bonded out.

FGG676 Package (XC7A100T only)

All HR I/O banks and the GTP Quads are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_03_062712

Figure 1-9: XC7A100T, XQ7A100T, and XA7A100T Banks

XC7A200T and XQ7A200T Banks

Figure 1-10 shows the I/O and transceiver banks.

SBG484, SBV484, and RS484 Packages

- HR I/O bank 13 is partially bonded out.
- HR I/O banks 12, 32, 33, and 36 are not bonded out.
- The GTP Quads 113, 116, and 213 are not bonded out.

FBG484, FBV484, and RB484 Packages

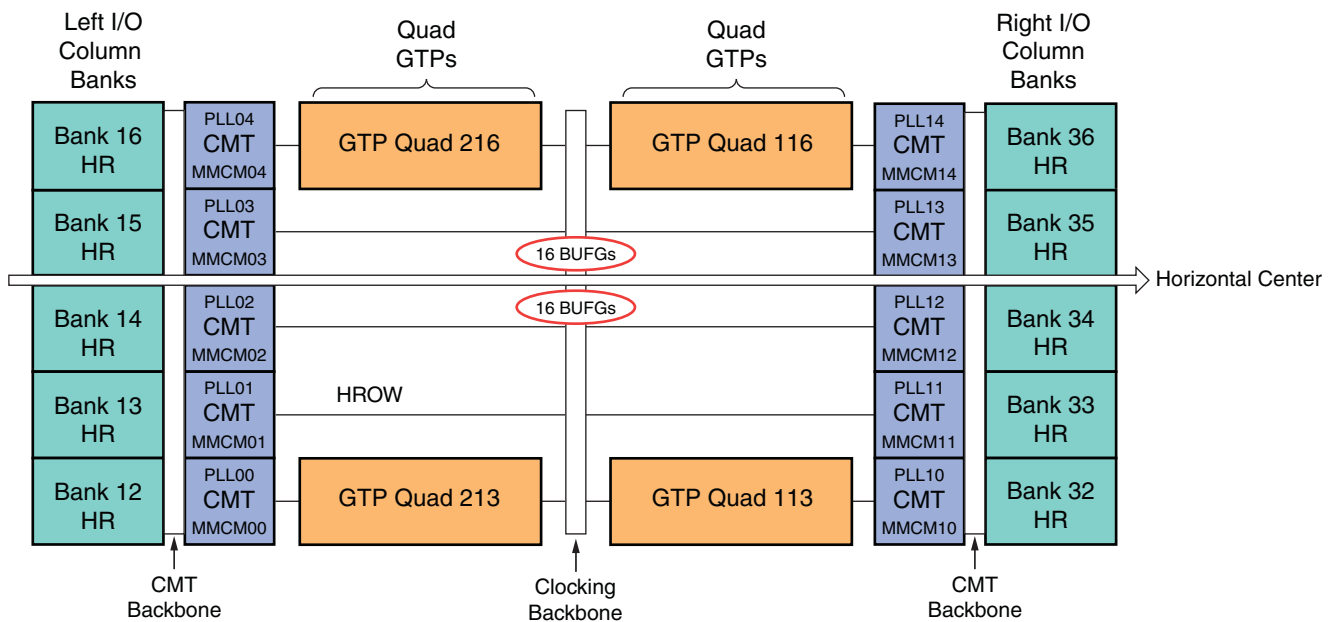
- HR I/O bank 13 is partially bonded out.
- HR I/O banks 12, 32, 33, and 36 are not bonded out.
- The GTP Quads 113, 116, and 213 are not bonded out.

FBG676, FBV676, and RB676 Packages

- HR I/O banks 32 and 36 are not bonded out.
- The GTP Quads 113 and 116 are not bonded out.

FFG1156 and FFV1156 Package (XC7A200T only)

All HR I/O banks and the GTP Quads are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_04_050212

Figure 1-10: XC7A200T and XQ7A200T Banks

XC7K70T Banks

Figure 1-11 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7K70T.

FBG484 and FBV484 Package

- HR I/O bank 16 is partially bonded out.
- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out.
- The GTX Quad 116 is not bonded out.

FBG676 and FBV676 Package

All HR and HP I/O banks and the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

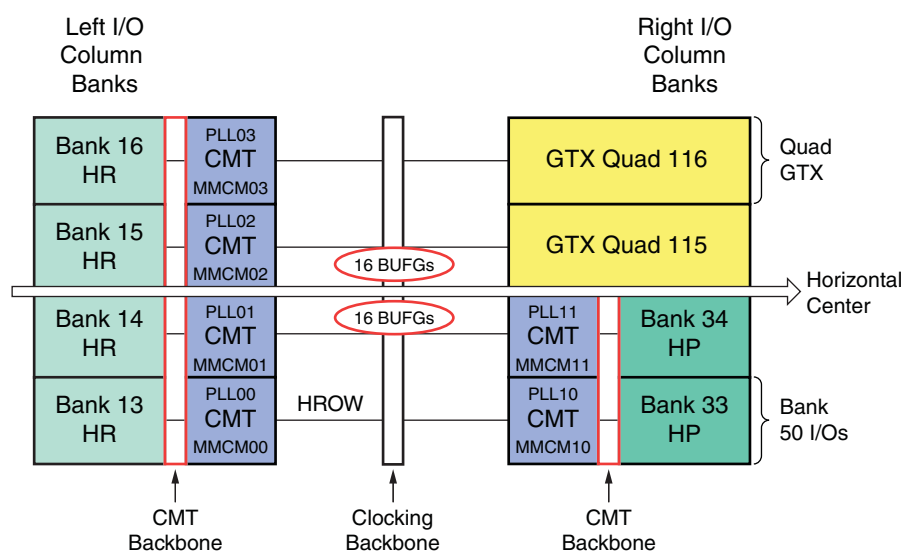


Figure 1-11: XC7K70T Banks

XC7K160T and XA7K160T Banks

Figure 1-12 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7K160T and XA7K160T.

FBG484 and FBV484 Package

- HR I/O bank 12 is not bonded out and bank 16 is partially bonded out.
- HP I/O bank 32 is not bonded out.
- The GTX Quad 116 is not bonded out.

FBG676, FBV676, FFG676, and FFV676 Packages

All HR and HP I/O banks and the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in these packages.

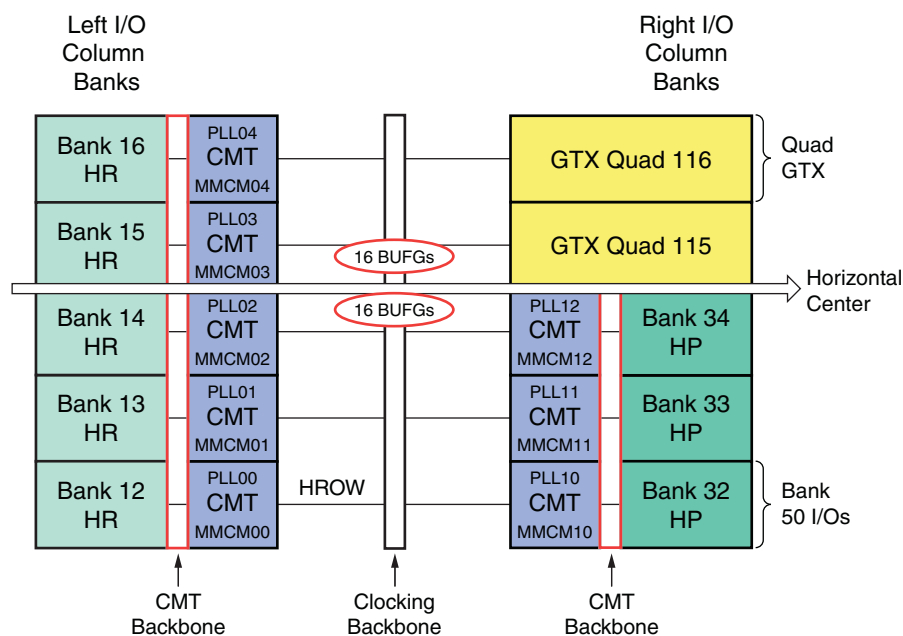


Figure 1-12: XC7K160T and XA7K160T Banks

XC7K325T and XQ7K325T Banks

Figure 1-13 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7K325T and XQ7K325T.

FBG676, FBV676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages

- HR I/O banks 17 and 18 are not bonded out.
- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out.
- GTX Quads 117 and 118 are not bonded out.

FBG900, FBV900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages

All HR and HP I/O banks and the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in these packages.

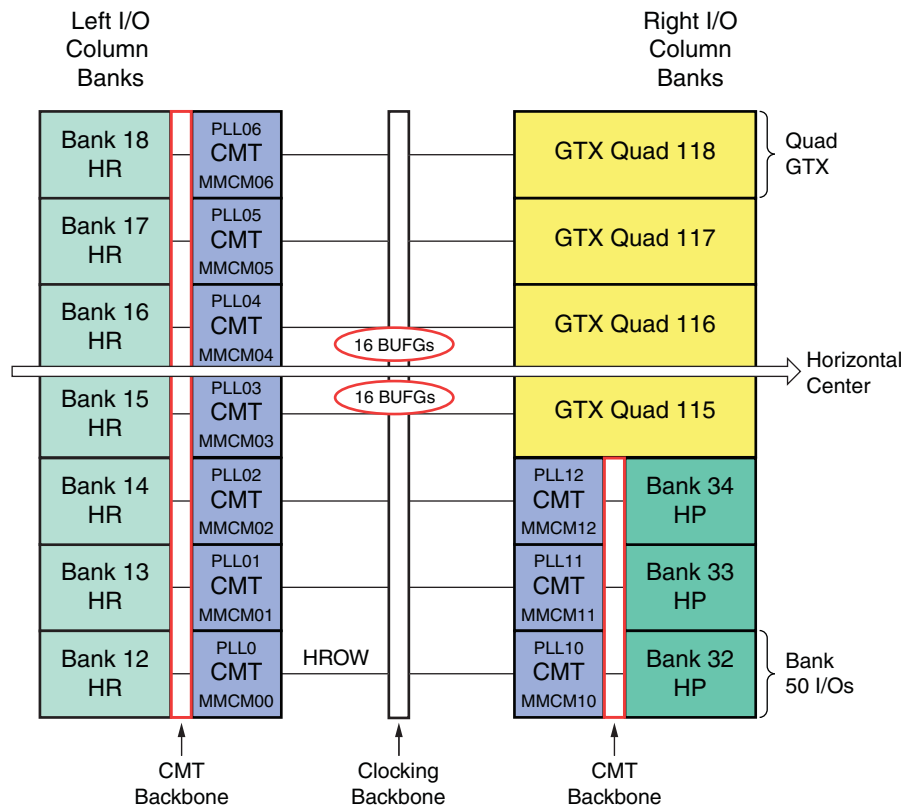


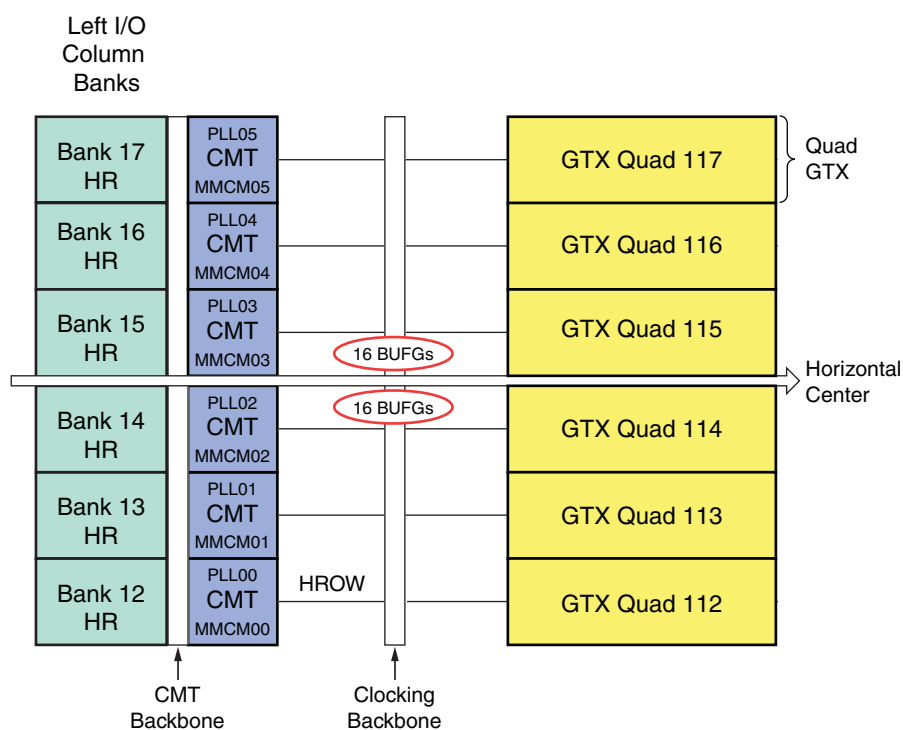
Figure 1-13: XC7K325T and XQ7K325T Banks

XC7K355T Banks

Figure 1-14 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7K355T.

FFG901 and FFV901 Package

All HR I/O banks and the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_11_121111

Figure 1-14: XC7K355T Banks

XC7K410T and XQ7K410T Banks

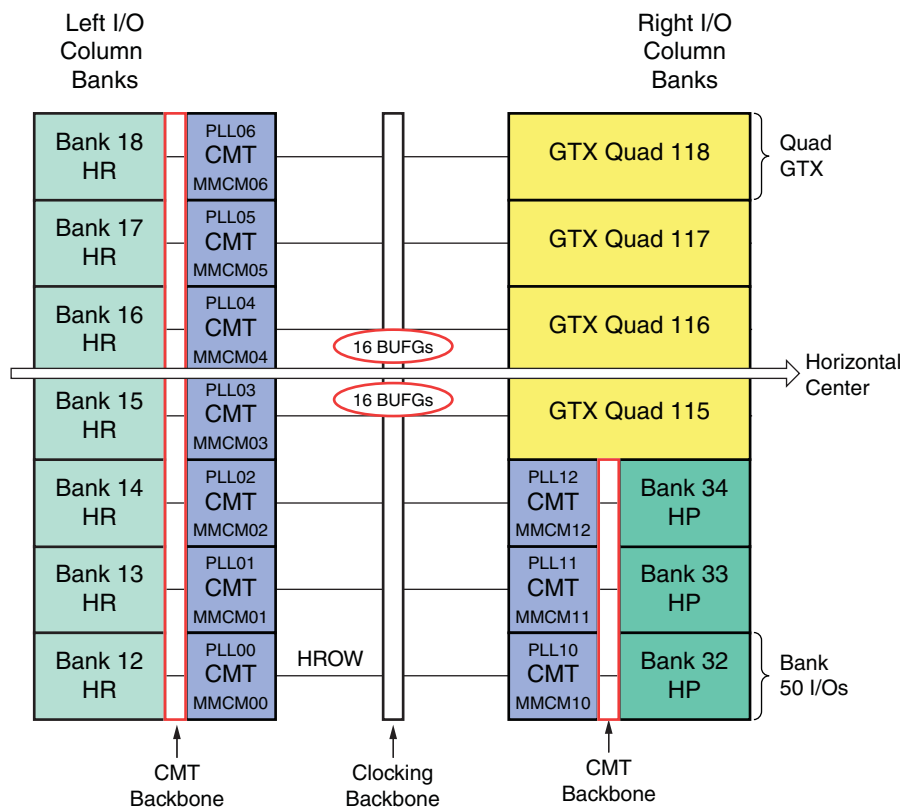
Figure 1-15 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7K410T and XQ7K410T.

FBG676, FBV676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages

- HR I/O banks 17 and 18 are not bonded out.
- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out.
- GTX Quads 117 and 118 are not bonded out.

FBG900, FBV900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages

All HR and HP I/O banks and the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in these packages.



UG475_c1_12_121111

Figure 1-15: XC7K410T and XQ7K410T Banks

XC7K420T Banks

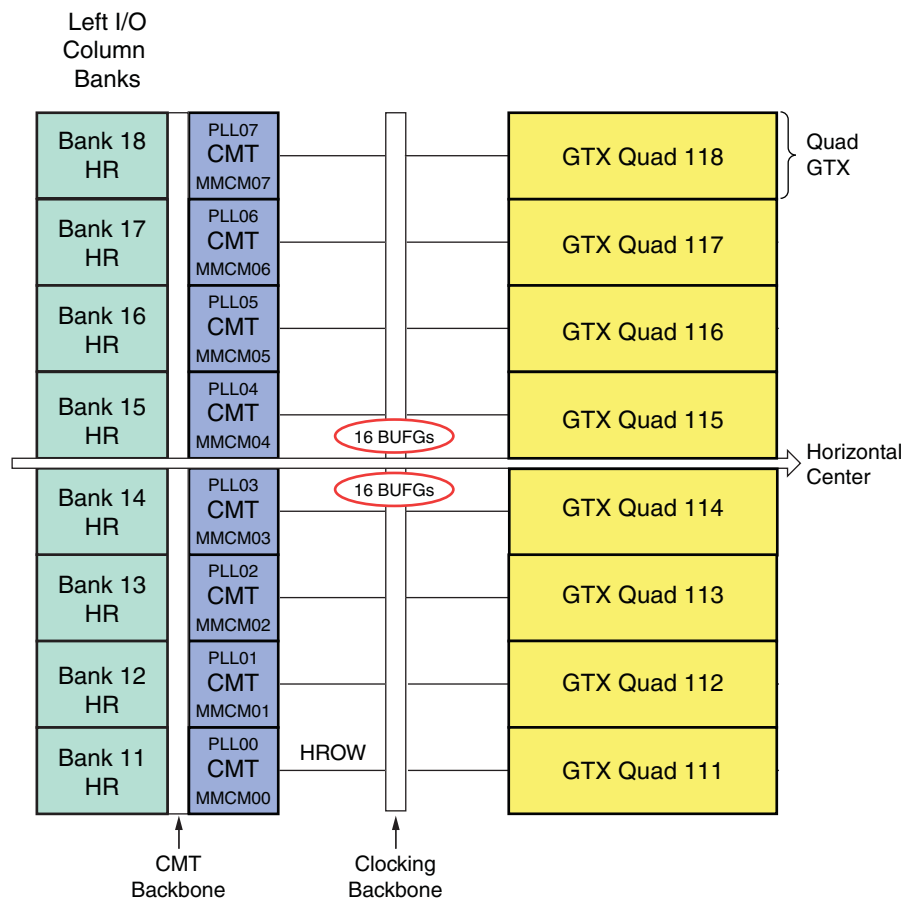
Figure 1-16 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7K420T.

FFG901 and FFV901 Package

- HR I/O bank 18 is not fully bonded out.
- GTX Quad 118 is not bonded out.

FFG1156 and FFV1156 Package

All HR I/O banks and the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_13_042012

Figure 1-16: XC7K420T Banks

XC7K480T Banks

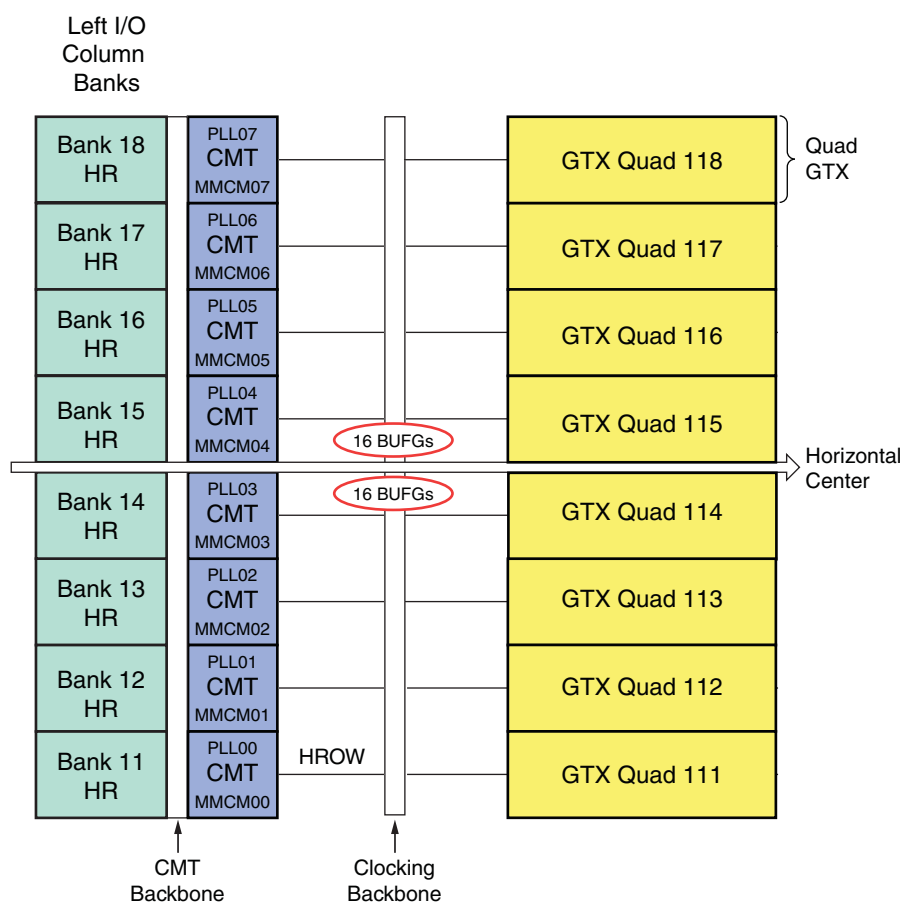
Figure 1-17 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7K480T.

FFG901 and FFV901 Package

- HR I/O bank 18 is not fully bonded out.
- GTX Quad 118 is not bonded out.

FFG1156 and FFV1156 Package

All HR I/O banks and the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_14_042012

Figure 1-17: XC7K480T Banks

XC7V585T and XQ7V585T Banks

Figure 1-18 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7V585T and XQ7V585T.

FFG1157 and RF1157 Packages

- All HR I/O banks (11, 12, and 13) are not bonded out.
- HP I/O banks 31, 32, and 33 are not bonded out.
- GTX Quads 111, 112, 113, and 119 are not bonded out.

FFG1761 and RF1761 Packages

- HR I/O bank 11 is not bonded out.
- All HP I/O banks and the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in these packages.

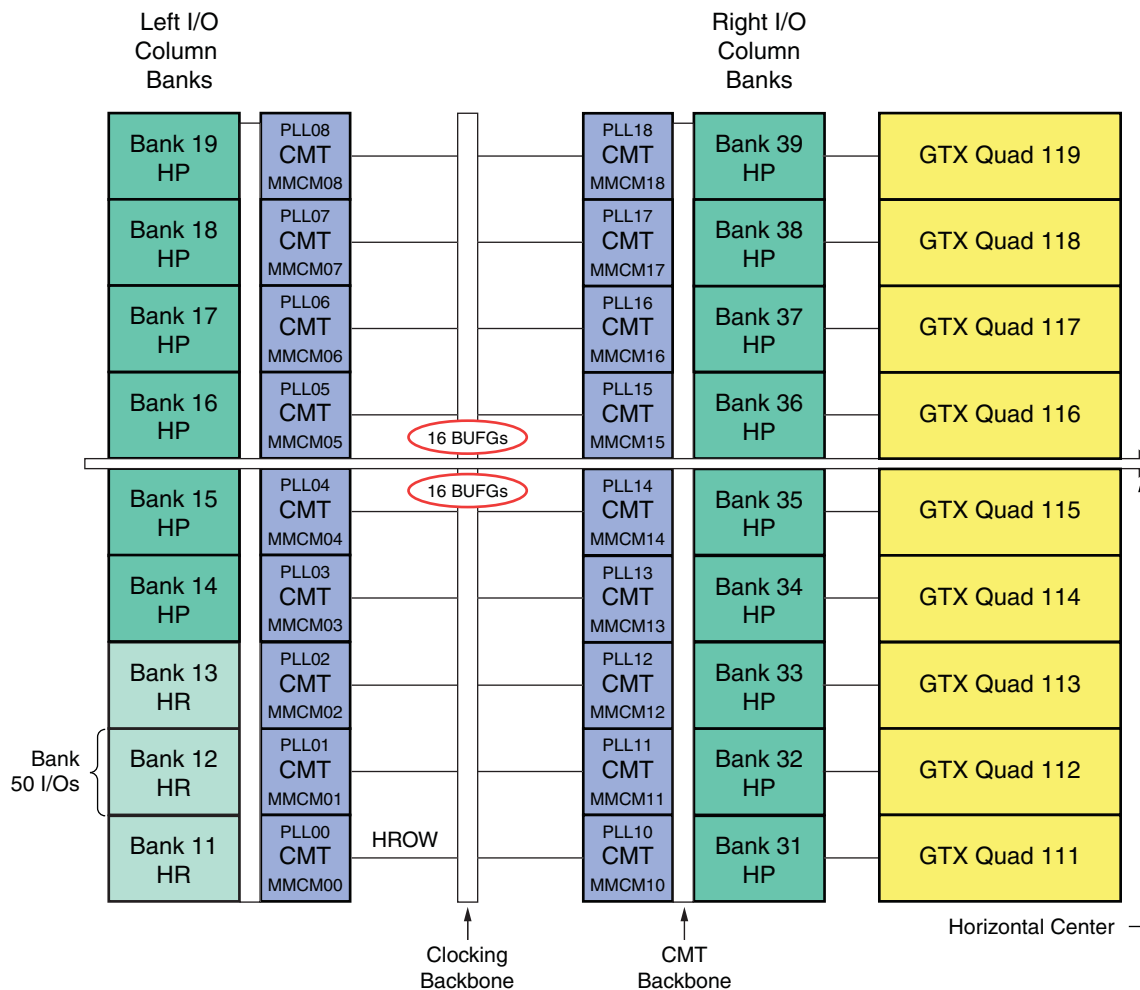


Figure 1-18: XC7V585T and XQ7V585T Banks

XC7V2000T Banks

Figure 1-19 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7V2000T.

FHG1761 Package

- HP I/O banks 11, 20, 21, 22, 40, 41, and 42 are not bonded out.
- GTX Quads 120, 121, and 122 are not bonded out.

FLG1925 Package

- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out in this package.
- GTX Quads 111, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, and 122 are not bonded out.

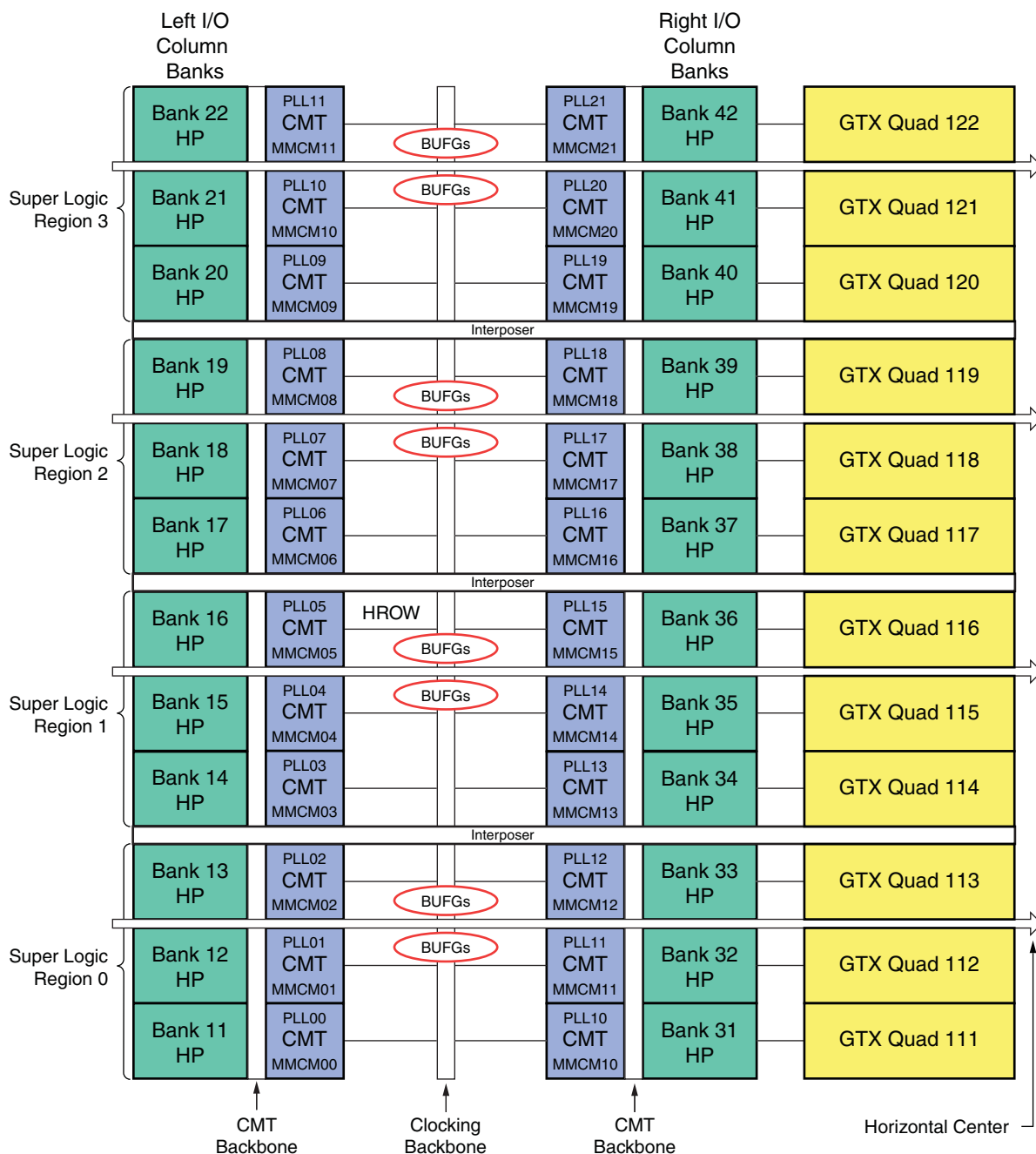


Figure 1-19: XC7V2000T Banks

XC7VX330T and XQ7VX330T Banks

Figure 1-20 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7VX330T and XQ7VX330T.

FFG1157, FFV1157, and RF1157 Packages

- HR I/O bank 13 is not bonded out.
- HP I/O bank 33 is not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 113 and 119 are not bonded out.

FFG1761, FFV1761, and RF1761 Packages

All HR and HP I/O banks and the GTH Quads are fully bonded out in these packages.

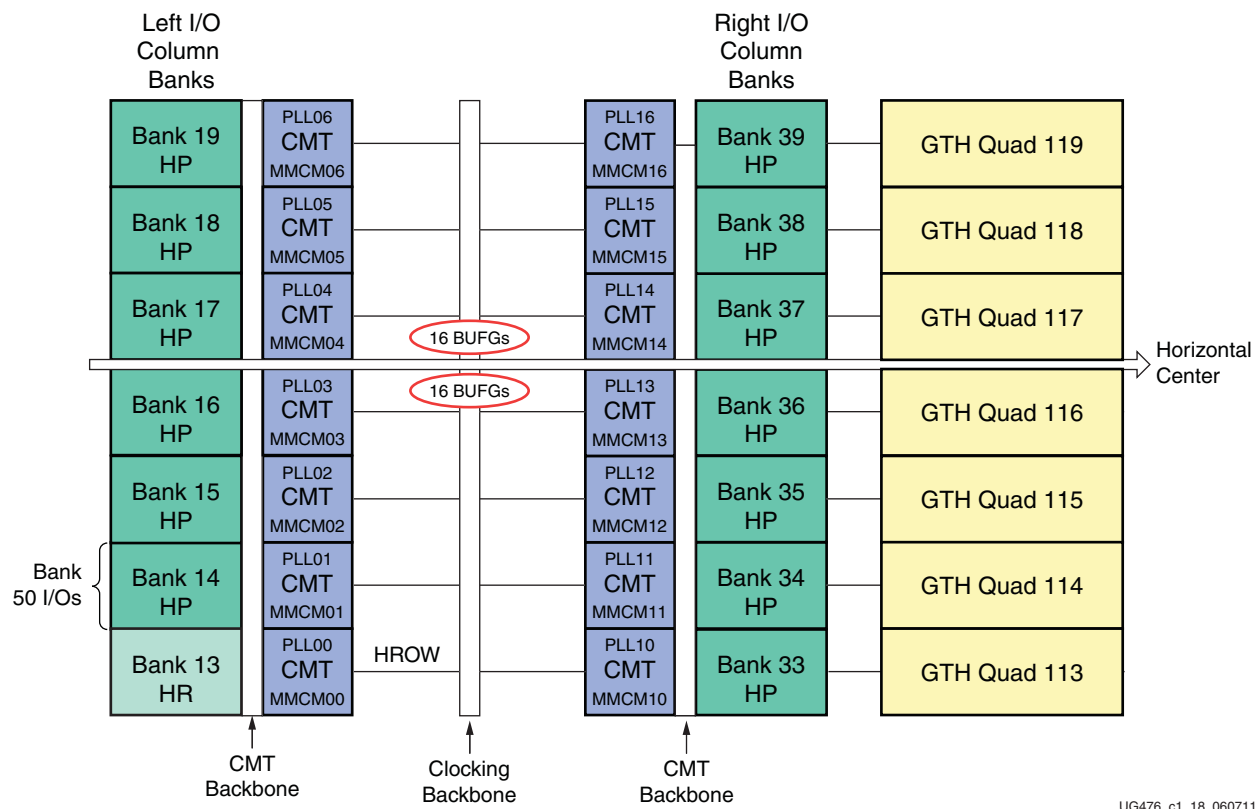


Figure 1-20: XC7VX330T and XQ7VX330T Banks

XC7VX415T Banks

Figure 1-21 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7VX415T.

FFG1157 and FFV1157 Package

- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out.
- GTH Quads 119, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, and 219 are not bonded out.

FFG1158 and FFV1158 Package

- HP I/O banks 18, 19, 37, 38, and 39 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

FFG1927 and FFV1927 Package

All HP I/O banks and the GTH Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

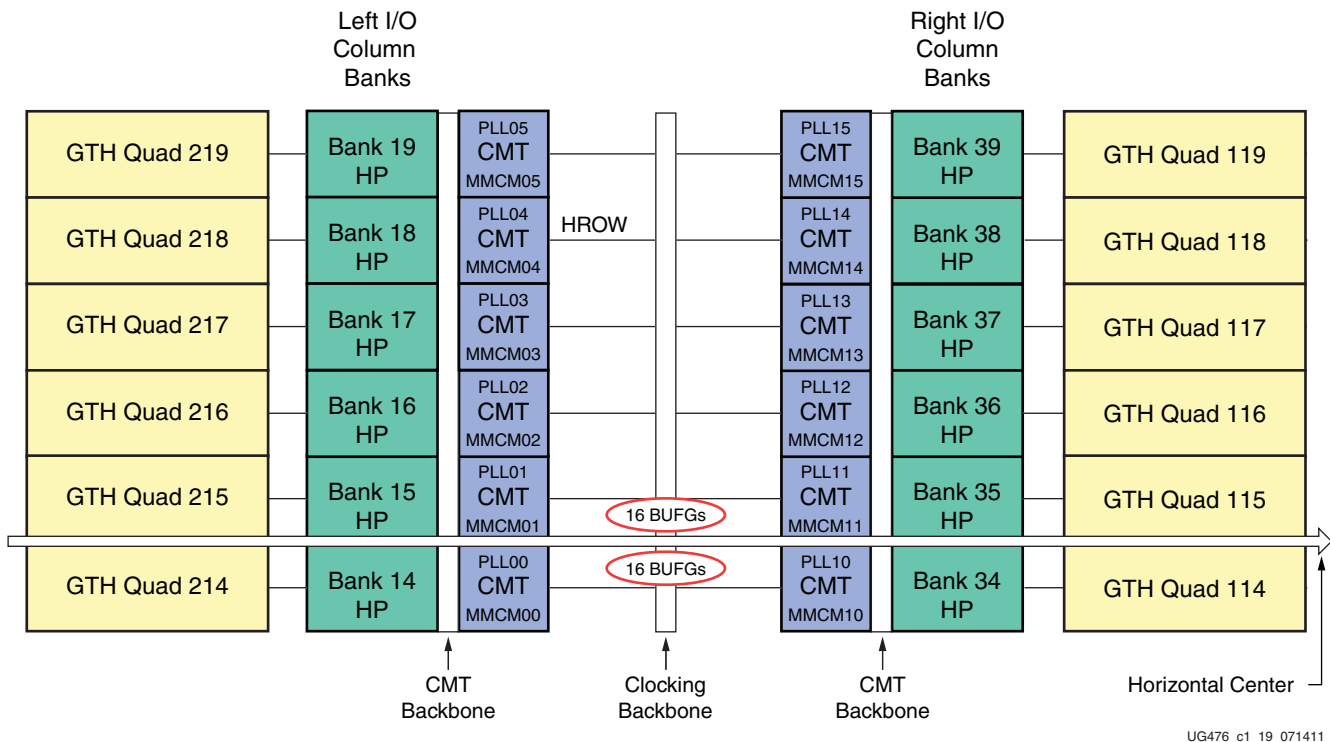


Figure 1-21: XC7VX415T Banks

XC7VX485T and XQ7VX485T Banks

Figure 1-22 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7VX485T and XQ7VX485T.

FFG1157 Package

- HP I/O banks 13 and 33 are not bonded out.
- GTX Quads 113, 119, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, and 219 are not bonded out.

FFG1158 Packages

- HP I/O banks 13, 18, 19, 33, 37, 38, and 39 are not bonded out.
- GTX Quads 113 and 213 are not bonded out.

FFG1761 and RF1761 Packages

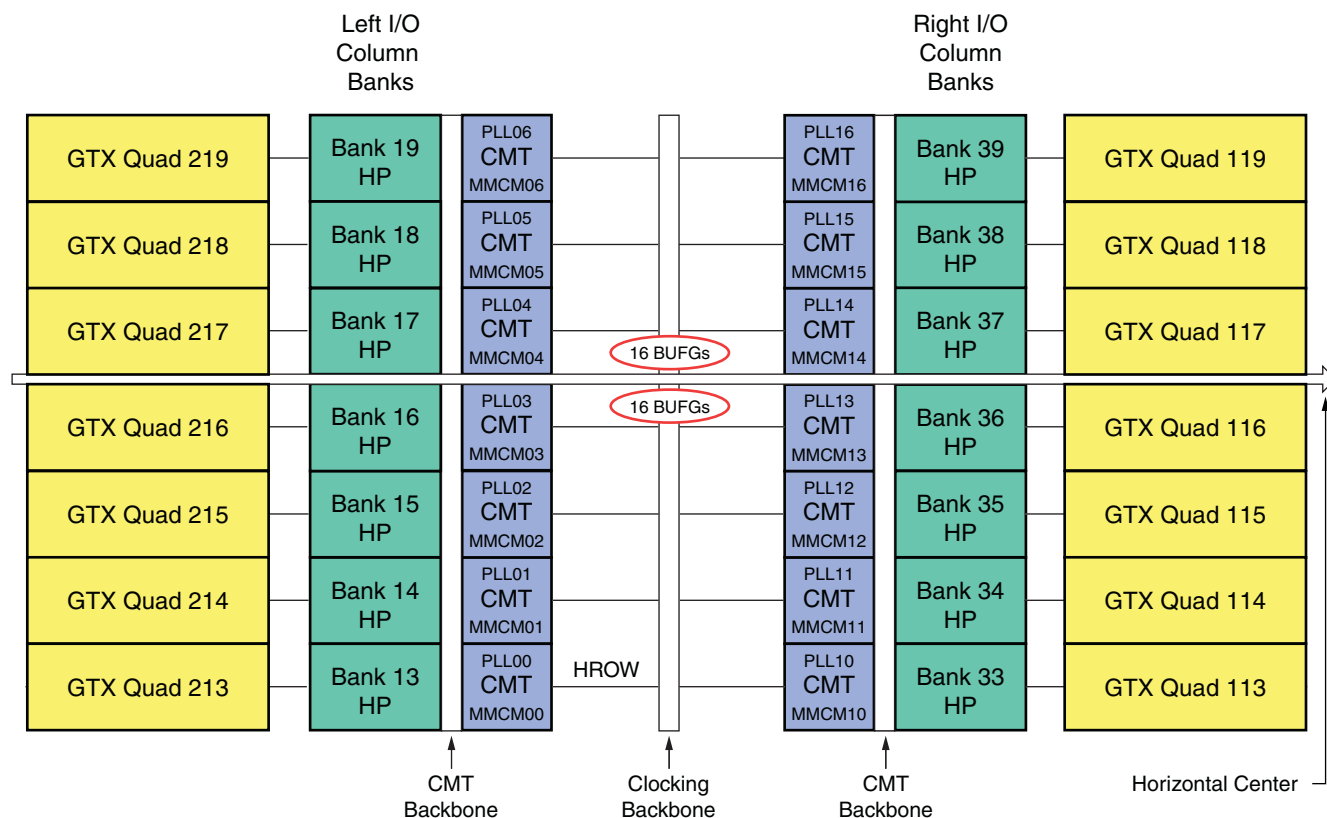
- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out in these packages.
- GTX Quads 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, and 219 are not bonded out.

FFG1927 Package

- HP I/O banks 13 and 33 are not bonded out.
- All the GTX Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

FFG1930 and RF1930 Packages

- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out in these packages.
- GTX Quads 119, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, and 219 are not bonded out.



UG476_c1_20_060711

Figure 1-22: XC7VX485T and XQ7VX485T Banks

XC7VX550T Banks

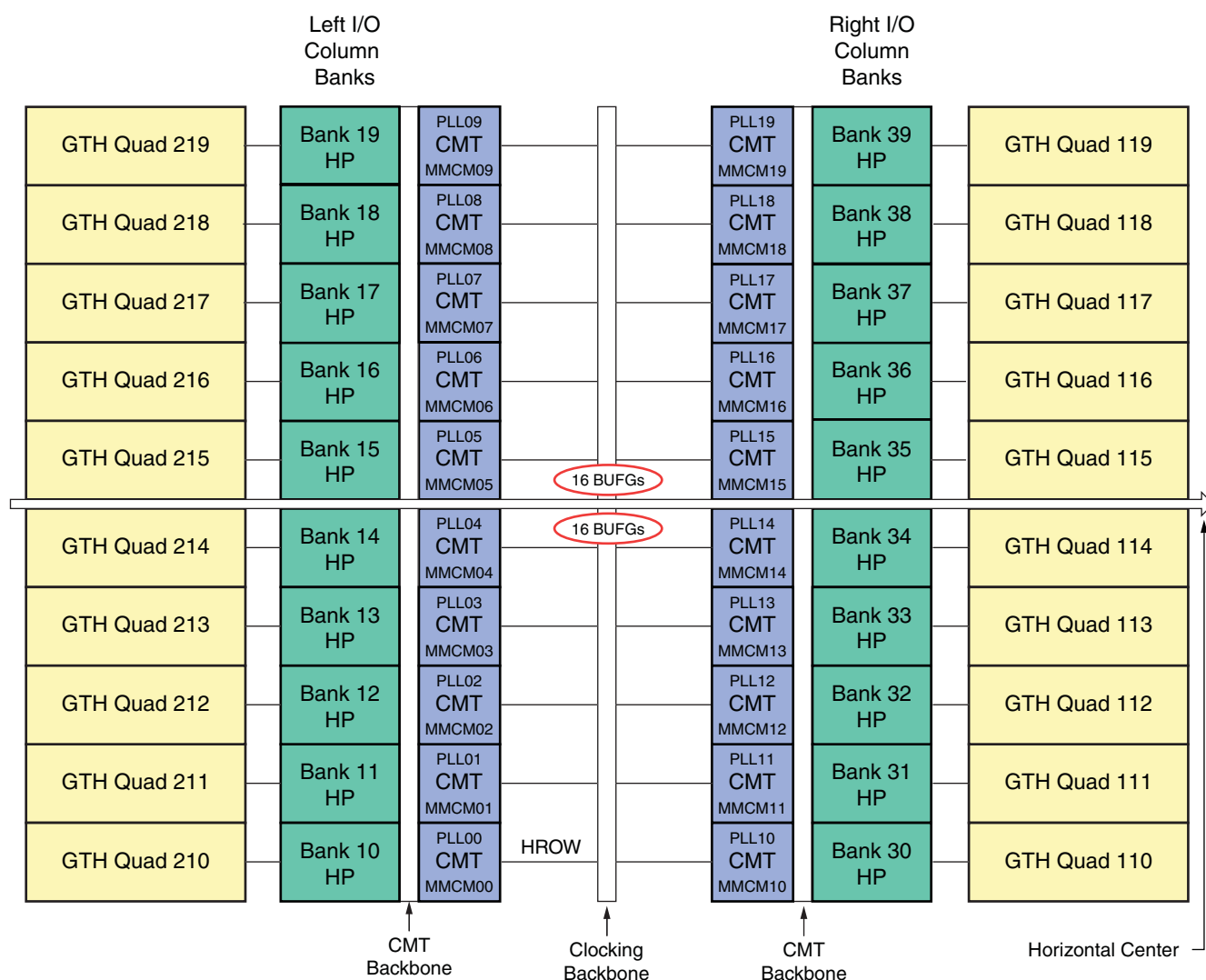
Figure 1-23 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7VX550T.

FFG1158 Package

- HP I/O banks 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 19, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, and 39 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 110, 111, 112, 113, 210, 211, 212, and 213 are not bonded out.

FFG1927 Package

- HP I/O banks 10, 11, 12, 13, 30, 31, 32, and 33 are not bonded out.
- All GTH Quads are fully bonded out in this package.



UG475_c1_21_042012

Figure 1-23: XC7VX550T Banks

XC7VX690T and XQ7VX690T Banks

Figure 1-24 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7VX690T and XQ7VX690T.

FFG1157 and RF1157 Packages

- HP I/O banks 10, 11, 12, 13, 30, 31, 32, and 33 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 110, 111, 112, 113, 119, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, and 219 are not bonded out.

FFG1158 and RF1158 Packages

- HP I/O banks 10, 11, 12, 13, 18, 19, 30, 31, 32, 33, 37, 38, and 39 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 110, 111, 112, 113, 210, 211, 212, and 213 are not bonded out.

FFG1761 and RF1761 Packages

- HP I/O banks 10, 11, and 30 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 110, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, and 219 are not bonded out.

FFG1926 Package

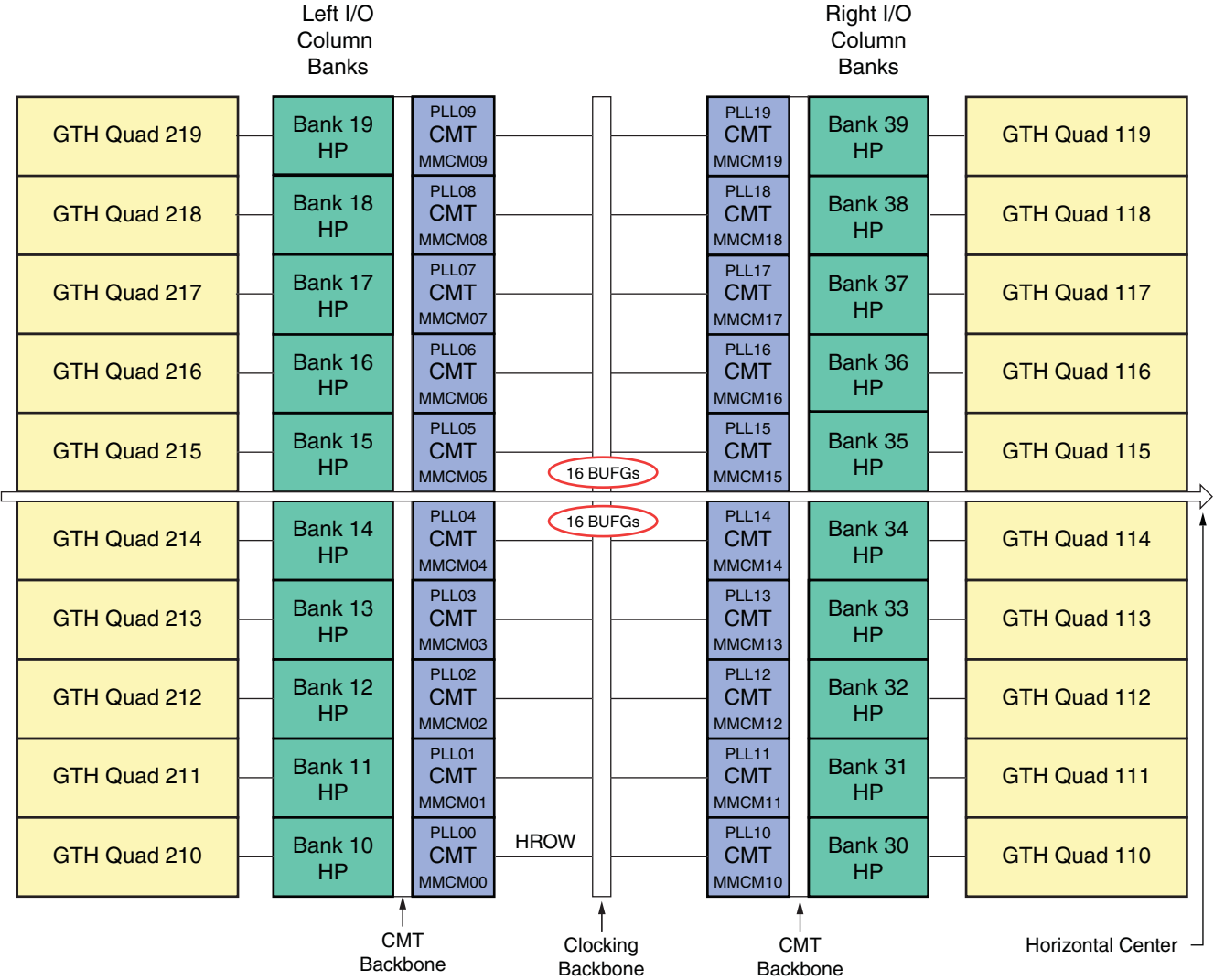
- HP I/O bank 17 is partially bonded out.
- HP I/O banks 18, 19, 37, 38, and 39 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 110, 119, 210, and 219 are not bonded out.

FFG1927 Package

- HP I/O banks 10, 11, 12, 13, 30, 31, 32, and 33 are not bonded out.
- All GTH Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

FFG1930 and RF1930 Packages

- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out in these packages.
- GTH Quads 110, 111, 112, 119, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, and 219 are not bonded out.



UG475_c1_22_081211

Figure 1-24: XC7VX690T and XQ7VX690T Banks

XC7VX980T and XQ7VX980T Banks

Figure 1-25 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7VX980T and XQ7VX980T.

FFG1926 Package

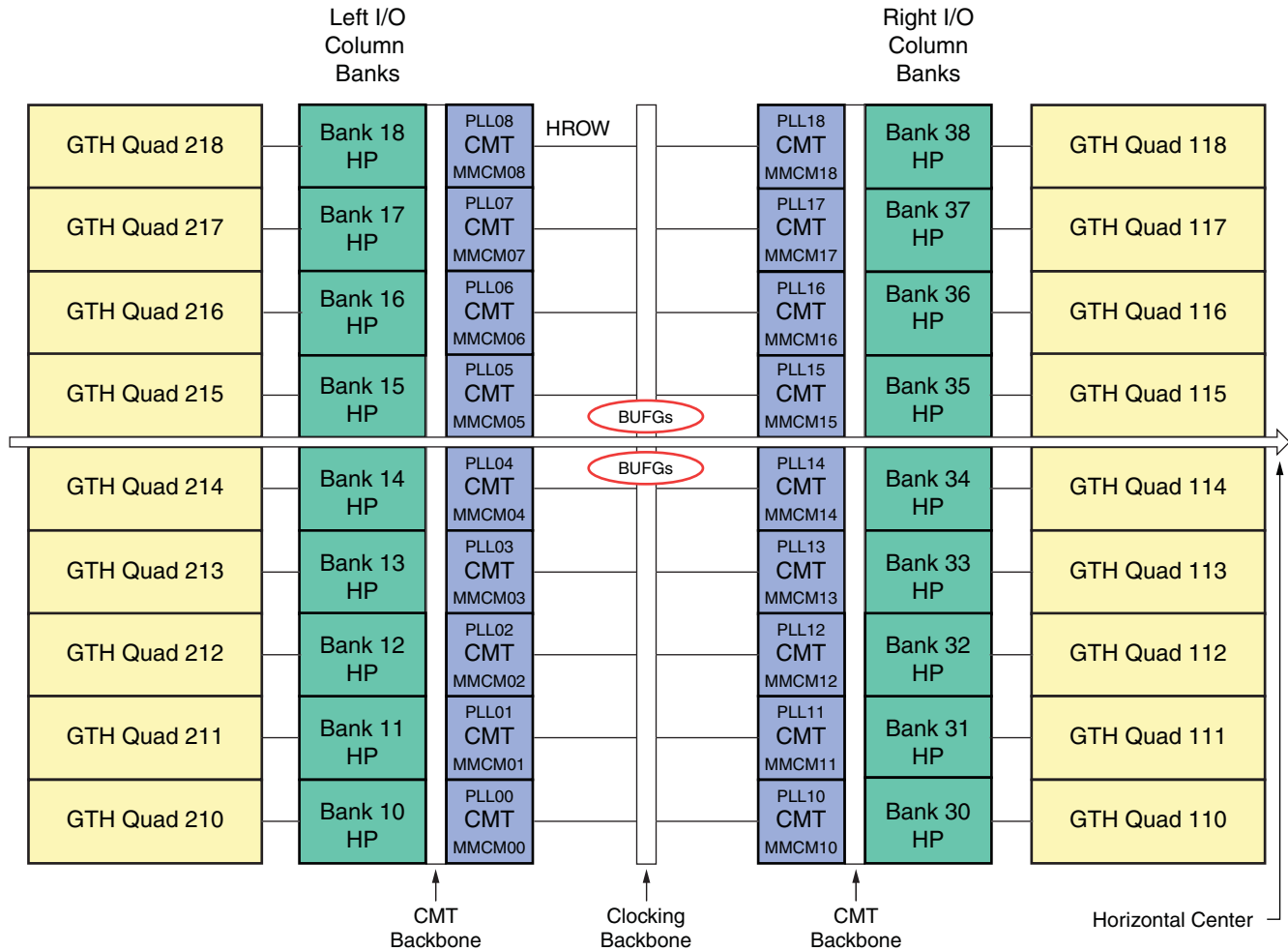
- HP I/O bank 17 is partially bonded out.
- HP I/O banks 18, 37, and 38 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 110 and 210 are not bonded out.

FFG1928 Package

- HP I/O bank 16 is partially bonded out.
- HP I/O banks 10, 11, 12, 17, 18, 30, 31, and 32 are not bonded out.
- All GTH Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

FFG1930 and RF1930 Packages

- All HP I/O banks are fully bonded out in these packages.
- GTH Quads 110, 111, 112, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, and 218 are not bonded out.



UG475_c1_23_111011

Figure 1-25: XC7VX980T and XQ7VX980T Banks

XC7VX1140T Banks

Figure 1-26 shows the I/O and transceiver banks for the XC7VX1140T.

FLG1926 Package

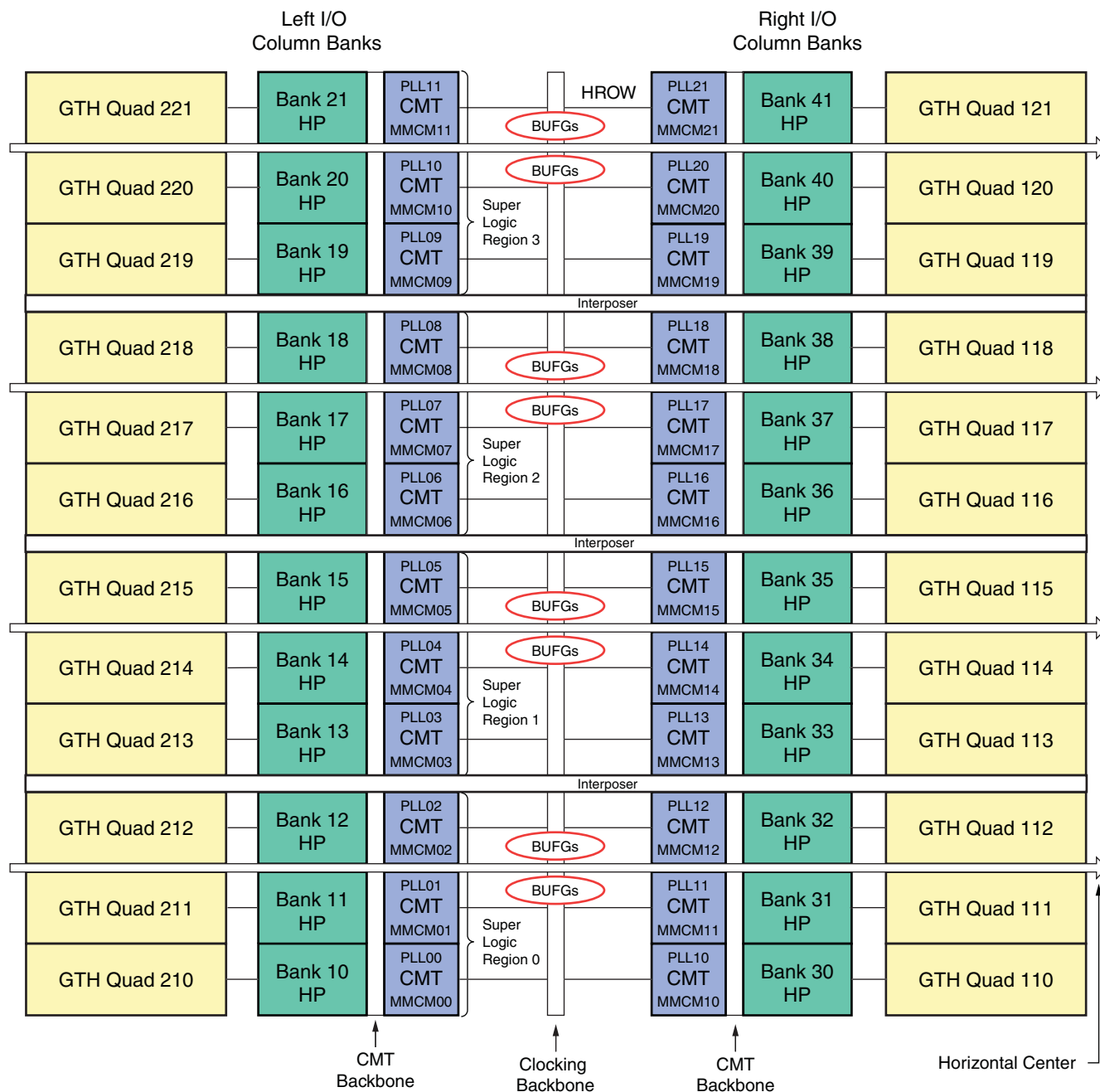
- HP I/O bank 17 is partially bonded out.
- HP I/O banks 18, 19, 20, 21, 37, 38, 39, 40, and 41 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 110, 119, 120, 121, 210, 219, 220, and 221 are not bonded out.

FLG1928 Package

- HP I/O bank 16 is partially bonded out.
- HP I/O banks 10, 11, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 30, 31, 32, 39, 40, and 41 are not bonded out.
- All GTH Quads are fully bonded out in this package.

FLG1930 Package

- HP I/O banks 40 and 41 are not bonded out.
- GTH Quads 110, 111, 112, 119, 120, 121, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, and 221 are not bonded out.



UG475_c1_24_121111

Figure 1-26: XC7VX1140T Banks

7 Series FPGAs Package Files

About ASCII Package Files

The ASCII files for each package include a comma-separated-values (CSV) version and a text version optimized for a browser or text editor. Each of the files consists of the following:

- Device/Package name (*FPGA Family—Device—Package*), date and time of creation
- Eight columns containing data for each pin:
 - Pin—Pin location on the package.
 - Pin Name—The name of the assigned pin.
 - Memory Byte Group—Memory byte group between 0 and 3. For more information on the memory byte group, see the *7 Series FPGAs Memory Interface Solutions User Guide* ([UG586](#)).
 - Bank—Bank number.
 - V_{CCAUX} Group—Number corresponding to the V_{CCAUX_IO} power supply for the given pin. V_{CCAUX} is shown for packages with only one V_{CCAUX} group.
 - Super Logic Region—Number corresponding to the super logic region (SLR) in the devices implemented with stacked silicon interconnect (SSI) technology.
 - I/O Type—CONFIG, HR, HP, or GT (GTP, GTX, GTH) depending on the I/O type. For more information on the I/O type, see the *7 Series FPGAs SelectIO Resources User Guide* ([UG471](#)).
 - No-Connect—This list of devices is used for migration between devices that have the same package size and are not connected at that specific pin.
- Total number of pins in the package.
- The package file links for the ruggedized packages have the same pinouts as the equivalent BGA packages.
 - RS pinouts use the SBG/SBV files (Artix™ 7 devices)
 - RB pinouts use the FBG/FBV files (Artix 7 devices)
 - RF pinouts use the FFG/FFV files (Kintex™ 7 and Virtex™ 7 devices)

Package Specifications Designations

Package specifications are designated as evaluation only, engineering sample, or production. Each designation is defined as follows.

Evaluation Only

These package specifications are based on initial device specifications, package routability analysis and mechanical package construction. Package specifications with this designation are not stable and package pinouts are likely to change and these specifications should only be used for initial system level design feasibility.

Engineering Sample

These package specifications are based on a released package design and validated with ES engineering sample (ES) devices. Package specifications with this designation are considered stable, however some pinout and mechanical specifications might change prior to the production release of the particular device. Package pinouts with this designation are to be used for PCB and Vivado designs using ES devices.

Production

These package specifications are released coincident with production release of a particular device. Customers receive formal notification of any subsequent changes.



IMPORTANT: *When a package specification designation is not in the packages file, the device/package combination is already production released.*

ASCII Pinout Files

This chapter includes the pinout information tables for the following device/packages. For brevity, all the package selections are not listed in the link ZIP file names. For more information on available device and package choices, consult the device/package ordering information tables in the *7 Series FPGAs Overview* (DS180), or the *7 Series Product Selection Guide*. The XA devices are further outlined in the *XA Artix™ 7 FPGAs Data Sheet Overview* (DS197) and *XA Spartan™ 7 Automotive FPGA Data Sheet: Overview* (DS171). The XQ devices are outlined in the *Defense-Grade 7 Series FPGAs Overview* (DS185).

Note: All package files are ASCII files in TXT and CSV file format.

To download all available Spartan 7 FPGAs package/device/pinout files click here:

www.xilinx.com/support/package-pinout-files/spartan-7-pkgs.html

Table 2-1: Spartan 7 FPGAs Package/Device Pinout Files

Device	CPGA196	CSGA225	CSGA324	FTGB196	FGGA484	FGGA676
XC7S6 XA7S6	CPGA196 Production	CSGA225 Production		FTGB196 Production		
XC7S15 XA7S15	CPGA196 Production	CSGA225 Production		FTGB196 Production		
XC7S25 XA7S25		CSGA225 Production	CSGA324 Production	FTGB196 Production		
XC7S50 XA7S50			CSGA324 Production	FTGB196 Production	FGGA484 Production	
XC7S75 XA7S75					FGGA484 Production	FGGA676 Production
XC7S100 XA7S100					FGGA484 Production	FGGA676 Production

To download all available Artix 7 FPGAs package/device/pinout files click here:

www.xilinx.com/support/package-pinout-files/artix-7-pkgs.html

Table 2-2: Artix 7 FPGAs Package/Device Pinout Files

Device	CPG 236	CPG 238	CS CSG 324	CS CSG 325	FTG 256	SBG SBV 484	FG FGG 484	FGG 676	FBG FBV 484	FBG FBV 676	FFG FFV 1156	RB 484	RS 484	RB 676
XC7A12T		CPG238		CSG325										
XC7A15T	CPG236		CSG324	CSG325	FTG256		FGG484							
XC7A25T		CPG238		CSG325										
XC7A35T	CPG236		CSG324	CSG325	FTG256		FGG484							
XC7A50T	CPG236		CSG324	CSG325	FTG256		FGG484							
XC7A75T			CSG324		FTG256		FGG484	FGG676						
XC7A100T			CSG324		FTG256		FGG484	FGG676						
XC7A200T						SBG484			FBG484	FBG676	FFG1156			
XA7A12T		CPG238		CSG325										
XA7A15T	CPG236		CSG324	CSG325										
XA7A25T		CPG238		CSG325										
XA7A35T	CPG236		CSG324	CSG325										
XA7A50T	CPG236		CSG324	CSG325										
XA7A75T			CSG324				FGG484							
XA7A100T			CSG324				FGG484							
XQ7A50T				CS325			FG484							
XQ7A100T			CS324				FG484							
XQ7A200T												RB484	RS484	RB676

To download all available Kintex 7 FPGAs package/device/pinout files click here:

www.xilinx.com/support/package-pinout-files/kintex-7-pkgs.html

Note: Only the available files listed in Table 2-3 are linked and consolidated in the above ZIP file.

Table 2-3: Kintex 7 FPGAs Package/Device Pinout Files

Device	FB484 FBG484 FBV484	FB676 FBG676 FBV676	FB900 FBG900 FBV900	FF676 FFG676 FFV676	FF900 FFG900 FFV900	FF901 FFG901 FFV901	FF1156 FFG1156 FFV1156	RF676	RF900
XC7K70T	FBG484	FBG676							
XC7K160T	FBG484	FBG676		FFG676					
XC7K325T		FBG676	FBG900	FFG676	FFG900				
XC7K355T						FF901/ FFG901			
XC7K410T		FBG676	FBG900	FFG676	FFG900				
XC7K420T						FFG901	FFG1156		
XC7K480T						FFG901	FFG1156		
XA7K160T				FFG676					
XQ7K325T								RF676	RF900
XQ7K410T								RF676	RF900

To download all available Virtex 7 FPGAs package/device/pinout files click here:

www.xilinx.com/support/package-pinout-files/virtex-7-pkgs.html

Note: Only the available files listed in Table 2-4 and Table 2-5 are linked and consolidated in the above ZIP file.

Table 2-4: Virtex 7 T FPGAs Package/Device Pinout Files

Device	FF1157/FFG1157	FF1761/FFG1761	FL1925/FLG1925	FH1761/FHG1761	RF1157	RF1761
XC7V585T	FFG1157	FFG1761				
XC7V2000T			FLG1925	FHG1761		
XQ7V585T					RF1157	RF1761

Table 2-5: Virtex 7 XT FPGAs Package/Device Pinout Files

Device	FF1157 FFG1157 FFV1157 RF1157	FF1158 FFG1158 FFV1158 RF1158	FF1761 FFG1761 FFV1761 RF1761	FF1926 FFG1926	FF1927 FFG1927 FFV1927	FF1928 FFG1928	FF1930 FFG1930 RF1930	FL1926 FLG1926	FL1928 FLG1928	FL1930 FLG1930
XC7VX330T	FFG1157		FFG1761							
XC7VX415T	FFG1157	FFG1158			FFG1927					
XC7VX485T	FFG1157	FFG1158	FFG1761		FFG1927		FFG1930			
XC7VX550T		FFG1158			FFG1927					
XC7VX690T	FFG1157	FFG1158	FFG1761	FFG1926	FFG1927		FFG1930			
XC7VX980T				FFG1926		FFG1928	FFG1930			
XC7VX1140T								FLG1926	FLG1928	FLG1930
XQ7VX330T	RF1157		RF1761							
XQ7VX485T			RF1761				RF1930			
XQ7VX690T	RF1157	RF1158	RF1761				RF1930			
XQ7VX980T							RF1930			

Device Diagrams

Summary

This chapter provides pinout, high-performance and high-range I/O bank, memory groupings, and power and ground placement diagrams for each 7 series (Artix™ 7, Kintex™ 7, Spartan™ 7, and Virtex™ 7) FPGA package/device combination.

- [Spartan 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams, page 68](#)
- [Artix 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams, page 91](#)
- [Kintex 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams, page 129](#)
- [Virtex 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams, page 163](#)

The figures provide a top-view perspective.

The symbols for the multi-function I/O pins are represented by only one of the available pin functions; with precedence (by functionality) in this order:

- ADV_B, FCS_B, FOE_B, MOSI, FWE_B, DOUT_CSO_B, CSI_B, PUDC_B, or RDWR_B
- RS0–RS1
- AD0P, AD0N–AD15P, AD15N
- EMCCLK
- VRN, VRP, or VREF
- D00–D31
- A00–A28
- DQS, MRCC, or SRCC

For example, a pin description such as IO_L8P_SRCC_12 is represented with a SRCC symbol, a pin description such as IO_L19N_T3_A09_D25_VREF_14 is represented with a VREF symbol, and a pin description such as IO_L21N_T3_DQS_A06_D22_14 is represented with a D0–D31 symbol.

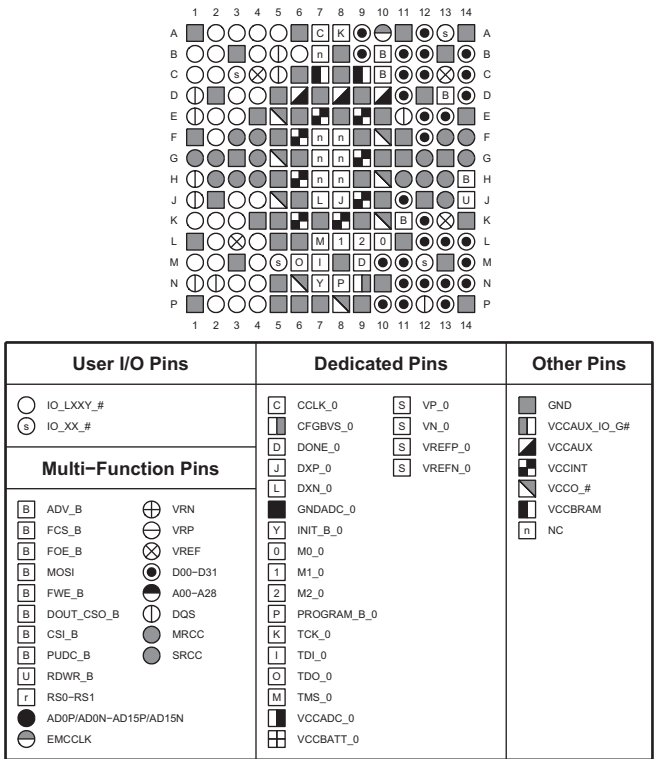
Note: For brevity, the prefixes for commercial (XC) devices are used when the defense-grade (XQ) or the automotive (XA) could also be available.

Spartan 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams

Table 3-1: Spartan 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams Cross-Reference

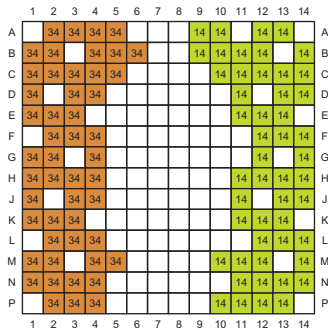
Device	CPGA196	CSGA225	CSGA324	FTGB196	FGGA484	FGGA676
XC7S6 XA7S6	page 69	page 75		page 71		
XC7S15 XA7S15	page 69	page 75		page 71		
XC7S25 XA7S25		page 77	page 79	page 73		
XC7S50 XA7S50			page 81	page 73	page 83	
XC7S75 XA7S75					page 85	page 88
XC7S100 XA7S100					page 85	page 88

CPGA196 Package—XC7S6, XA7S6, XC7S15, and XA7S15



ug475_c3_020218

Figure 3-1: CPGA196 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15 Pinout Diagram



ug475_c3_020218

Figure 3-2: CPGA196 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15 I/O Banks

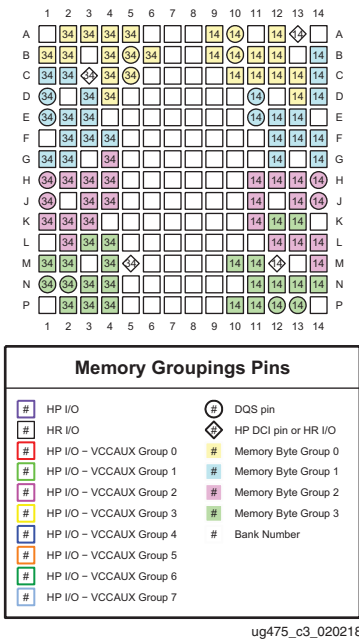


Figure 3-3: CPGA196 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15 Memory Groupings

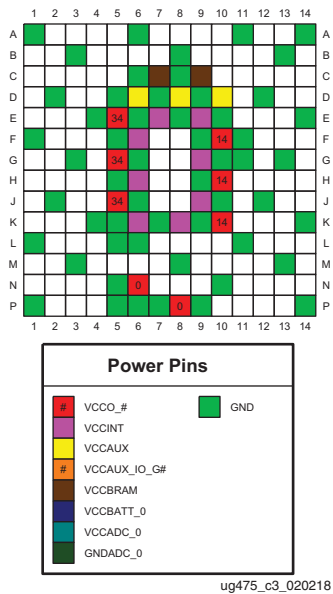


Figure 3-4: CPGA196 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15 Power and GND Placement

FTGB196 Package—XC7S6 and XC7S15

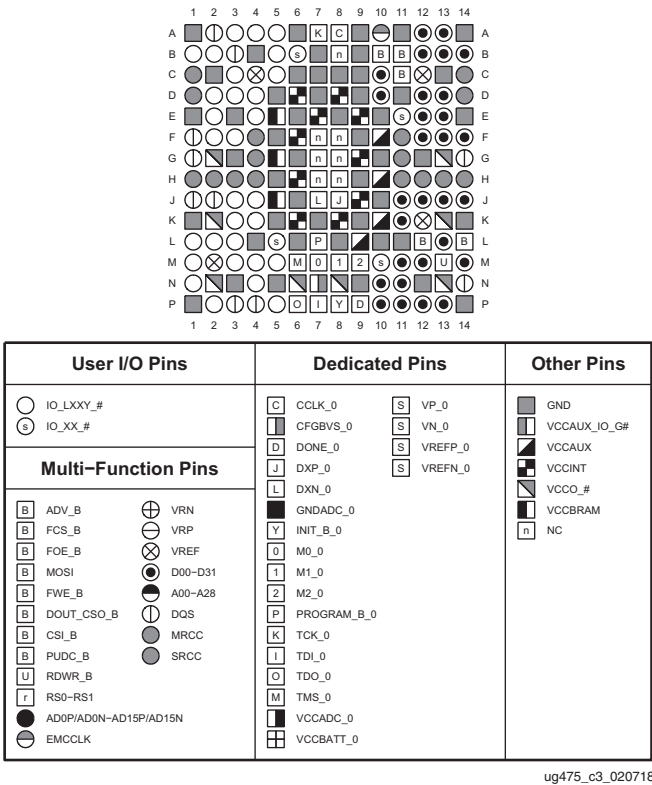


Figure 3-5: FTGB196 Package—XC7S6 and XC7S15 Pinout Diagram

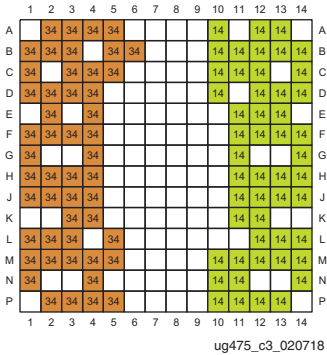


Figure 3-6: FTGB196 Package—XC7S6 and XC7S15 I/O Banks

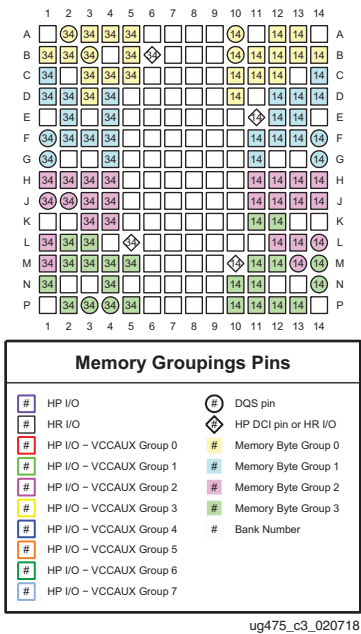


Figure 3-7: FTGB196 Package—XC7S6 and XC7S15 Memory Groupings

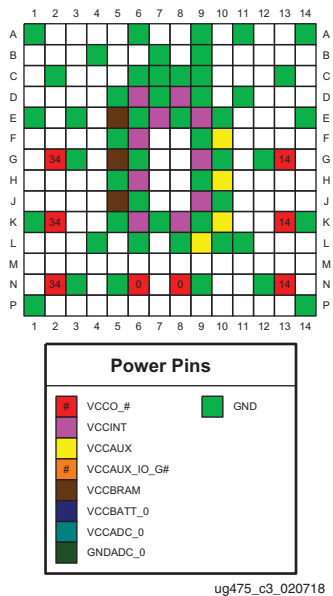


Figure 3-8: FTGB196 Package—XC7S6 and XC7S15 Power and GND Placement

FTGB196 Package—XC7S25 and XC7S50

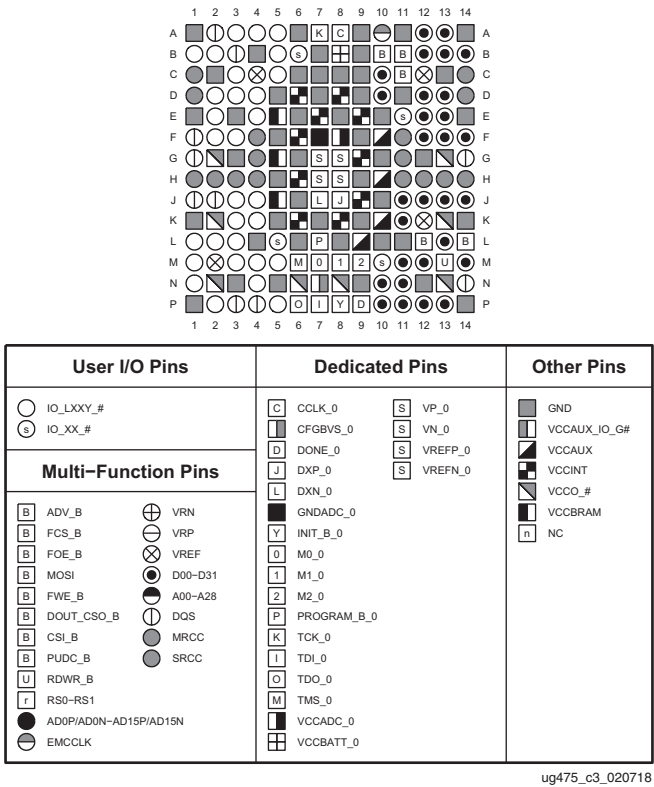


Figure 3-9: FTGB196 Package—XC7S25 and XC7S50 Pinout Diagram

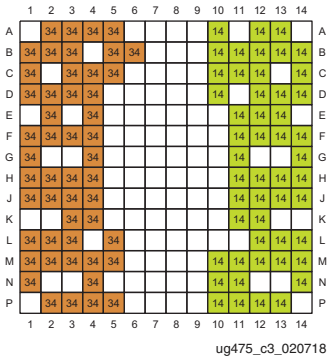


Figure 3-10: FTGB196 Package—XC7S25 and XC7S50 I/O Banks

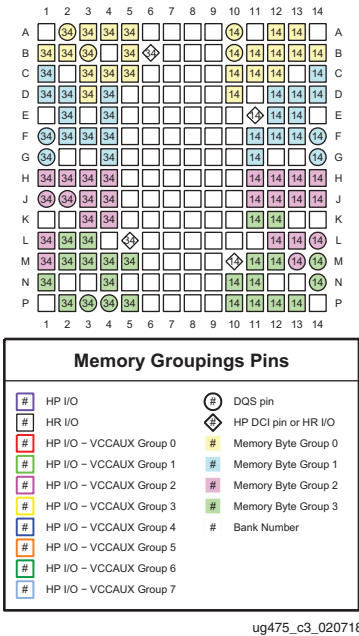


Figure 3-11: FTGB196 Package—XC7S25 and XC7S50 Memory Groupings

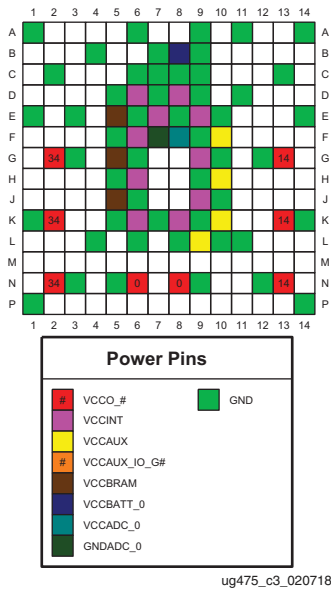


Figure 3-12: FTGB196 Package—XC7S25 and XC7S50 Power and GND Placement

CSGA225 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15

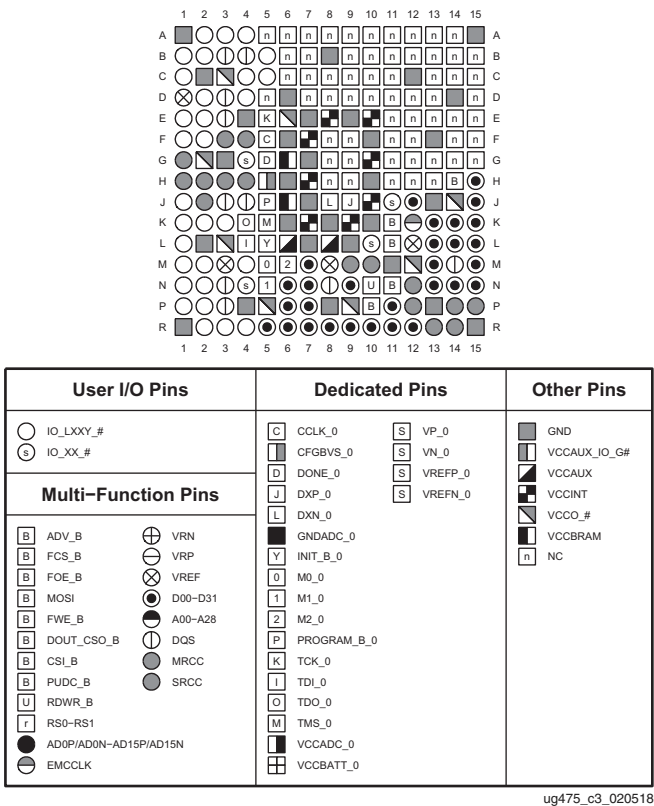


Figure 3-13: CSGA225 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15 Pinout Diagram

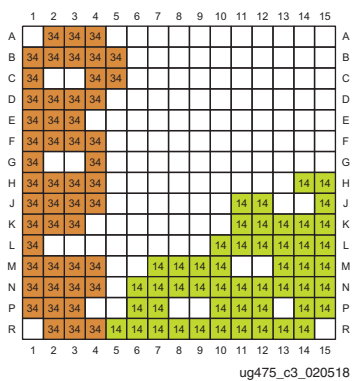


Figure 3-14: CSGA225 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15 I/O Banks

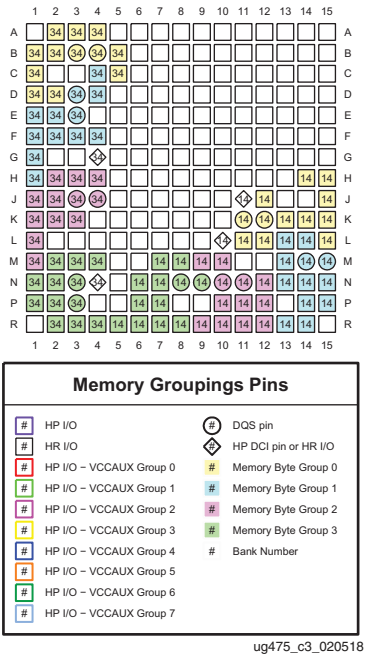


Figure 3-15: CSGA225 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15 Memory Groupings

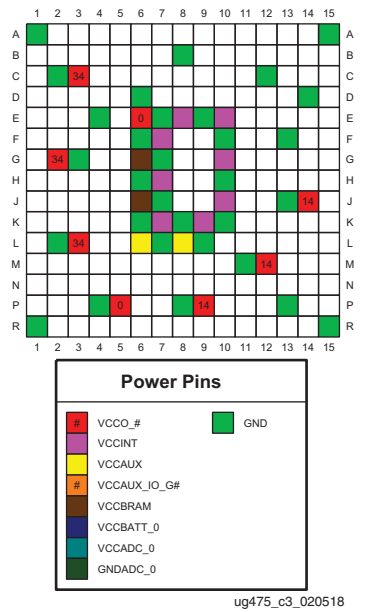


Figure 3-16: CSGA225 Package—XC7S6, XC7S15, XA7S6, and XA7S15 Power and GND Placement

CSGA225 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25

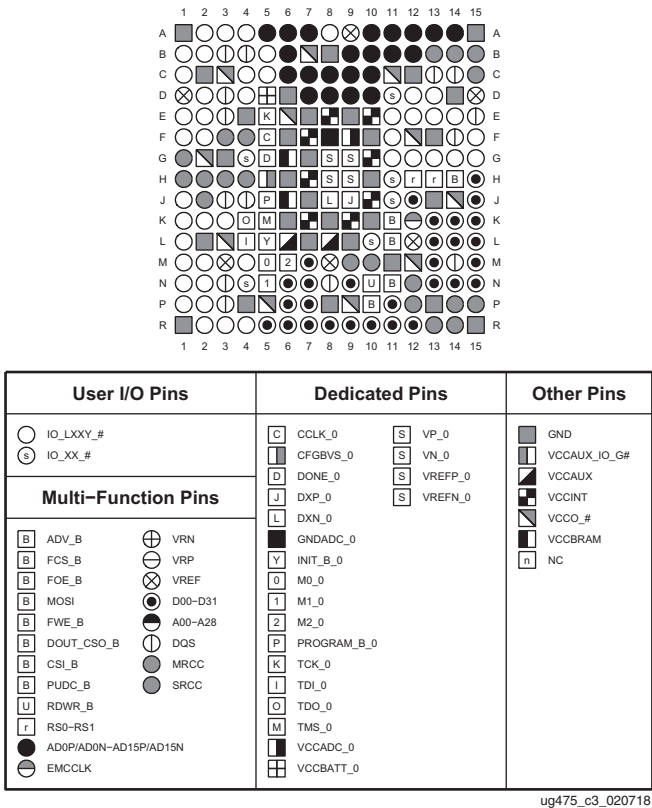


Figure 3-17: CSGA225 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25 Pinout Diagram

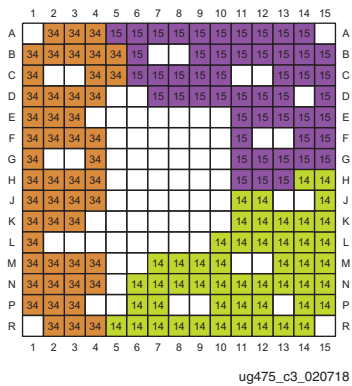


Figure 3-18: CSGA225 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25 I/O Banks

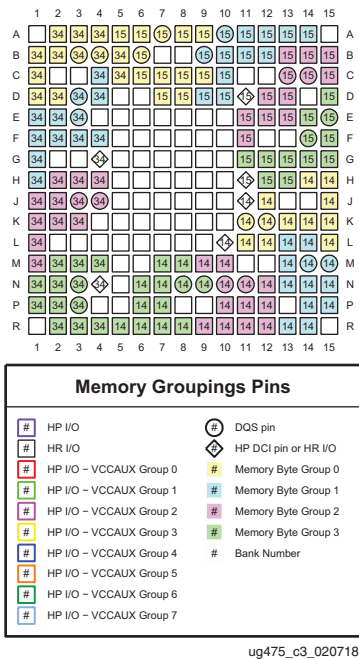


Figure 3-19: CSGA225 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25 Memory Groupings

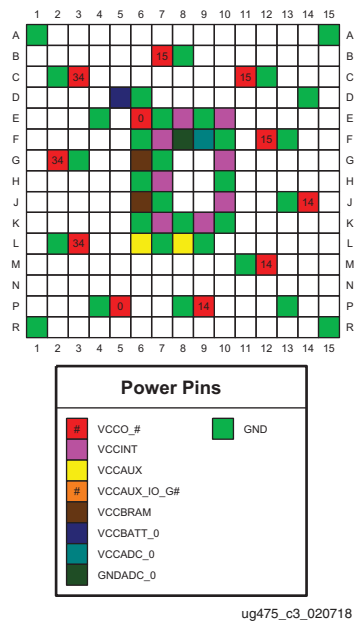


Figure 3-20: CSGA225 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25 Power and GND Placement

CSGA324 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25

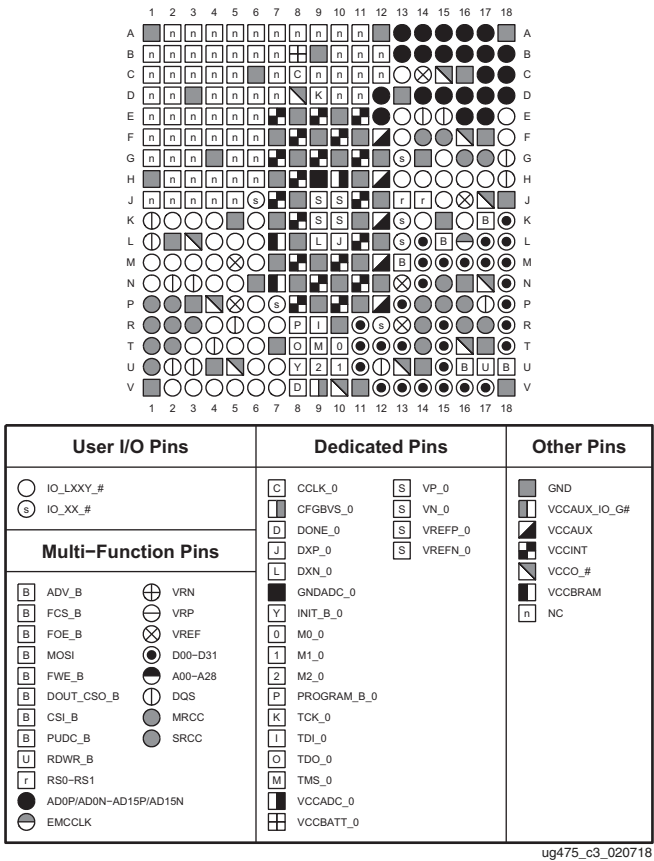


Figure 3-21: CSGA324 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25 Pinout Diagram

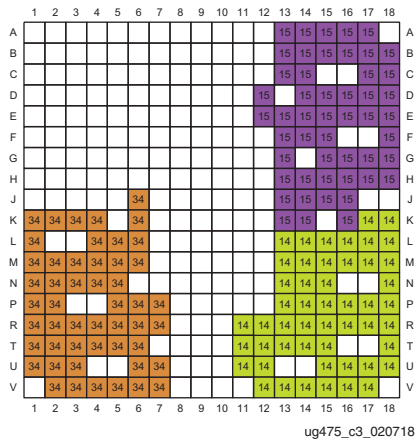


Figure 3-22: CSGA324 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25 I/O Banks

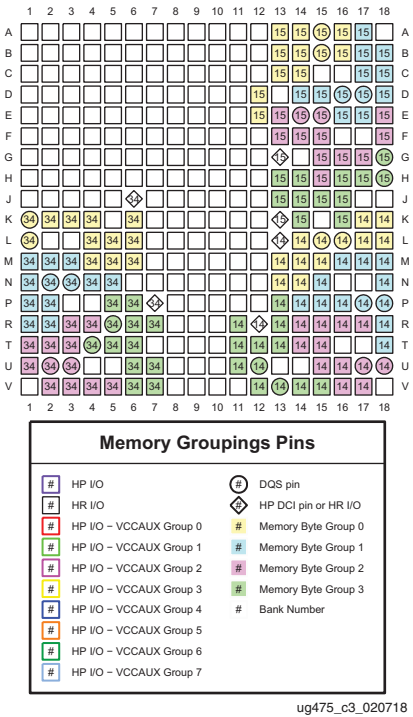


Figure 3-23: CSGA324 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25 Memory Groupings

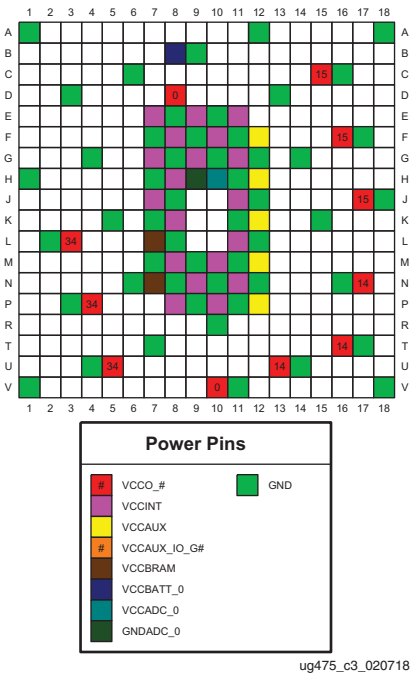


Figure 3-24: CSGA324 Package—XC7S25 and XA7S25 Power and GND Placement

CSGA324 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50

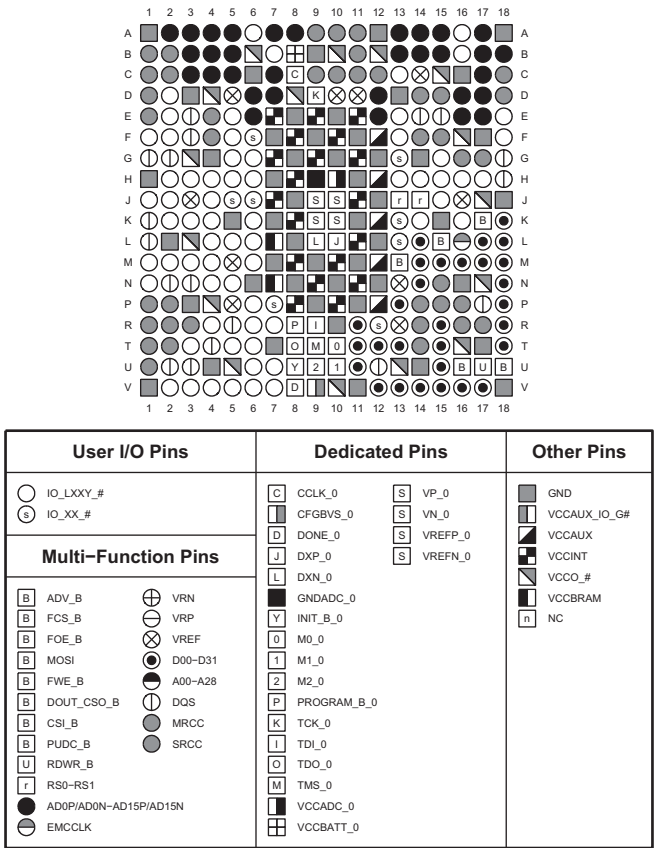


Figure 3-25: CSGA324 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50 Pinout Diagram

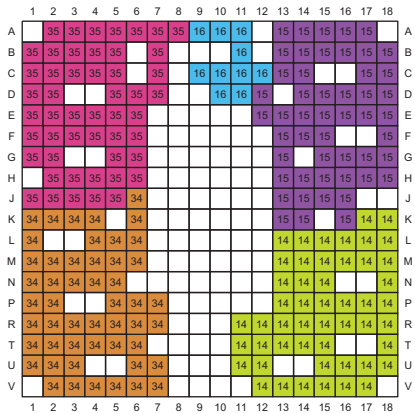


Figure 3-26: CSGA324 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50 I/O Banks

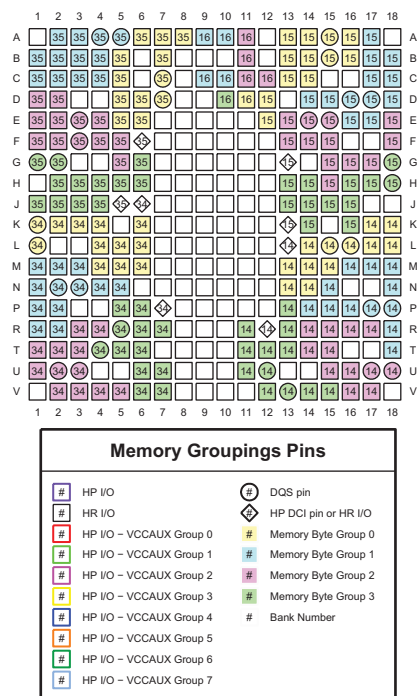


Figure 3-27: CSGA324 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50 Memory Groupings

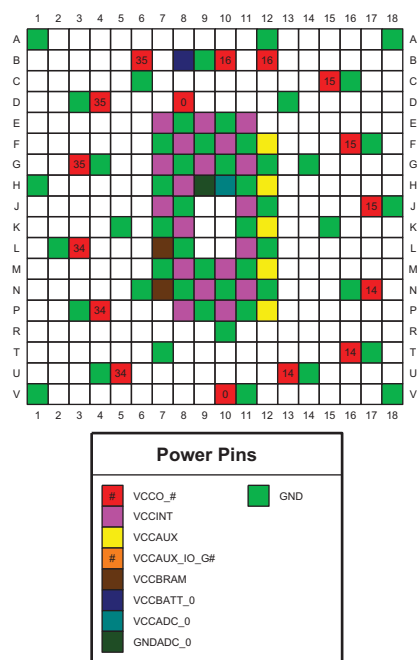


Figure 3-28: CSGA324 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50 Power and GND Placement

FGGA484 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50

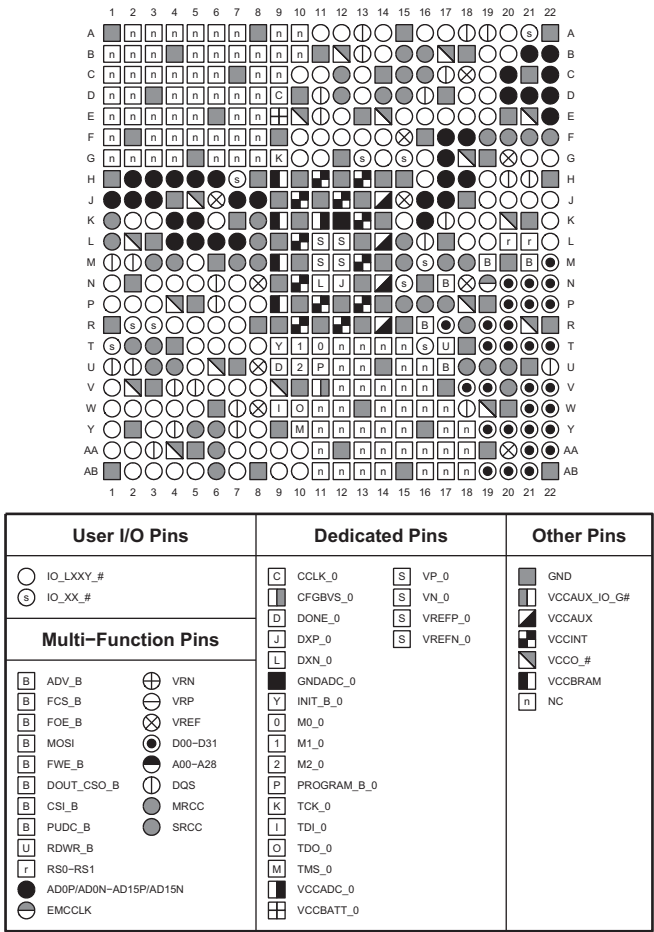


Figure 3-29: FGGA484 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50 Pinout Diagram

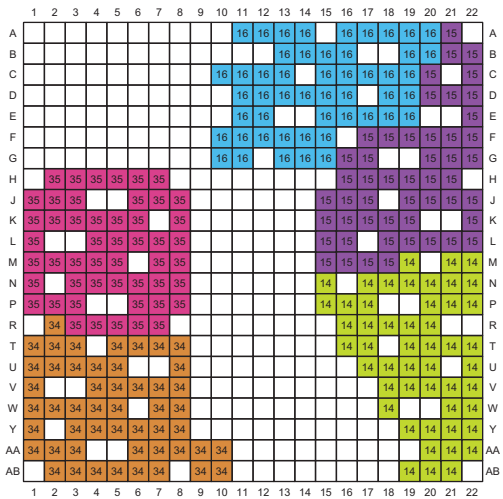


Figure 3-30: FGGA484 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50 I/O Banks

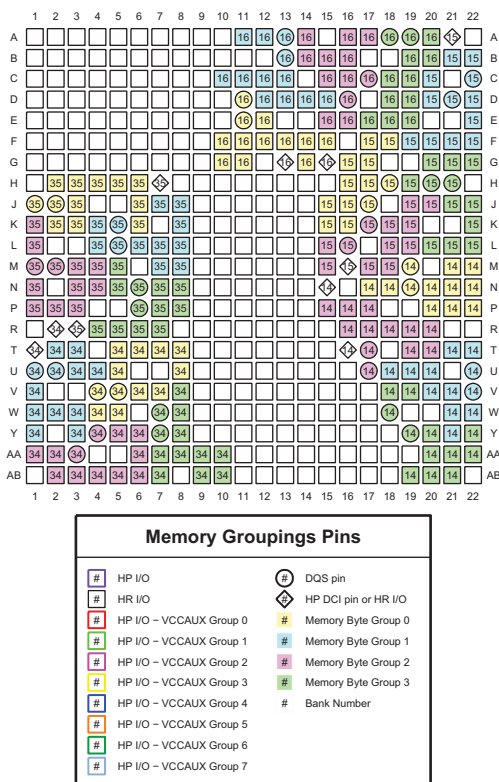


Figure 3-31: FGGA484 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50 Memory Groupings

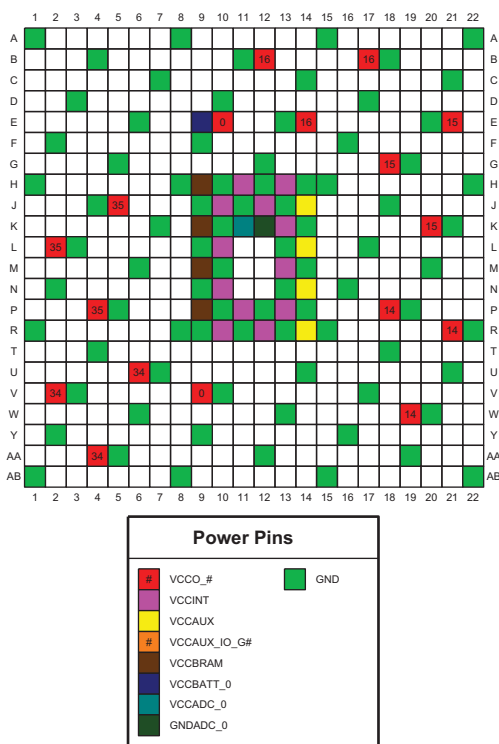


Figure 3-32: FGGA484 Package—XC7S50 and XA7S50 Power and GND Placement

FGGA484 Package—XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S75, and XA7S100

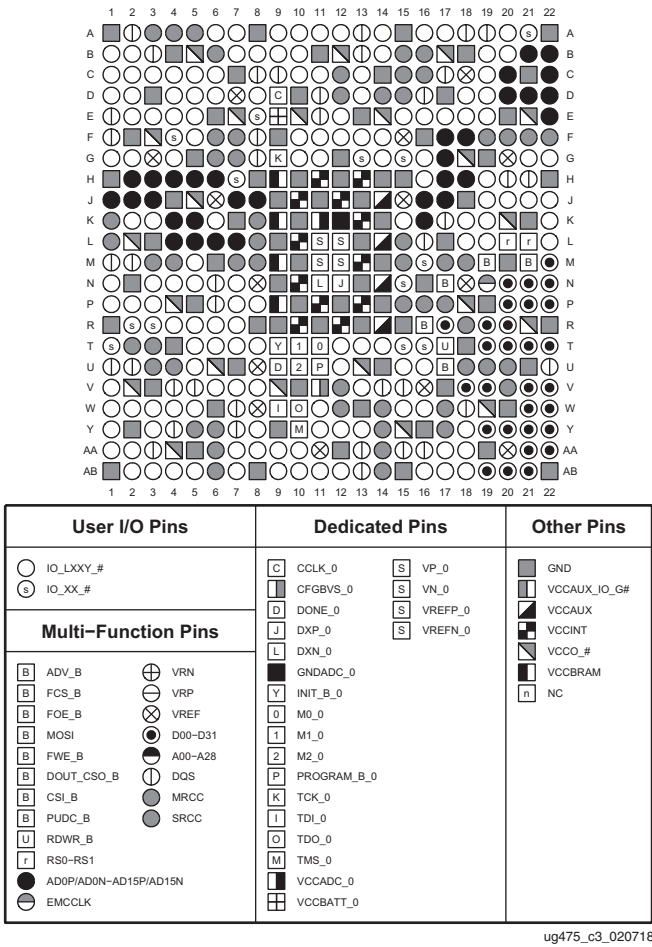


Figure 3-33: FGGA484 Package—XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S75, and XA7S100 Pinout Diagram

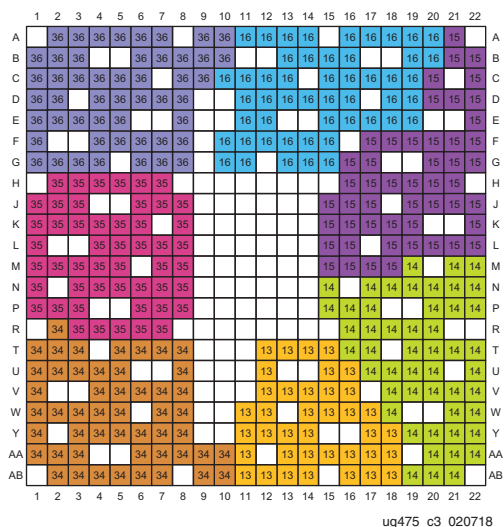


Figure 3-34: FGGA484 Package—I/O Banks

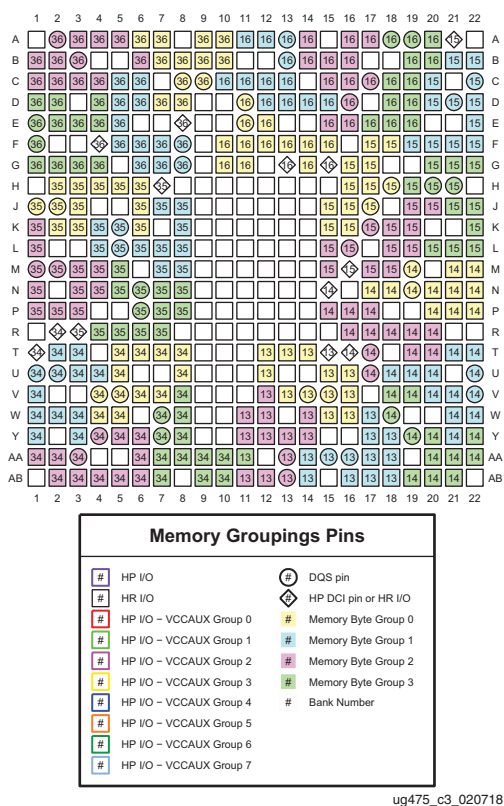
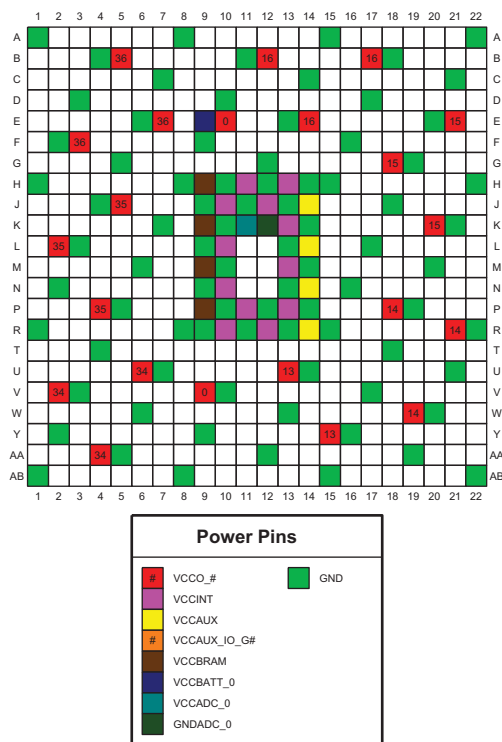


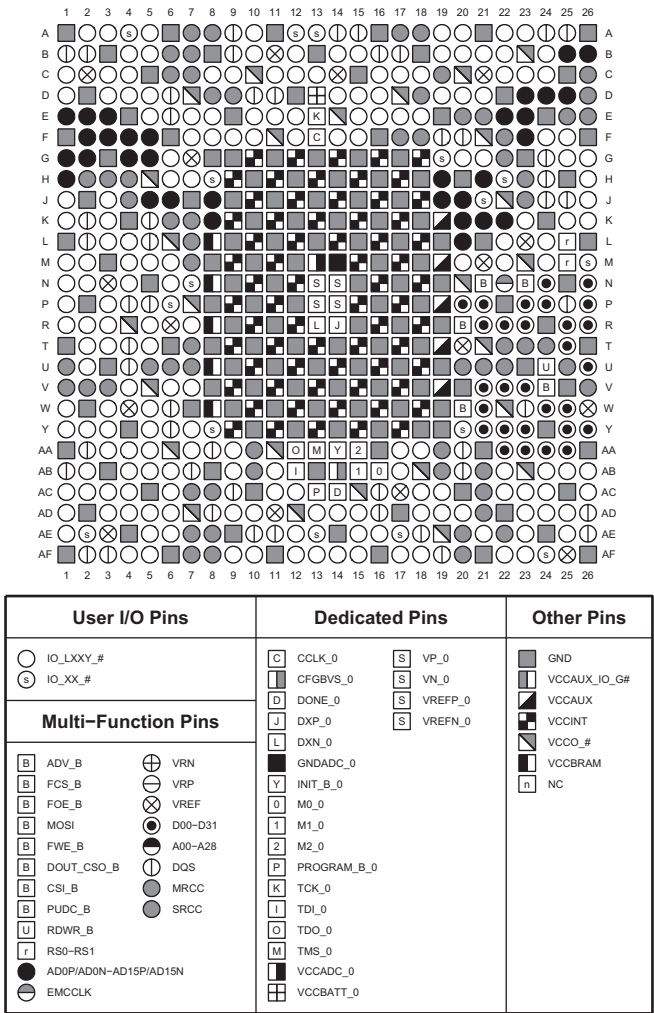
Figure 3-35: FGGA484 Package—Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_020718

Figure 3-36: FGGA484 Package—XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S75, and XA7S100 Power and GND Placement

FGGA676 Package—XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S75, and XA7S100



ug475_c3_020718

Figure 3-37: FGGA676 Package—XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S75, and XA7S100 Pinout Diagram

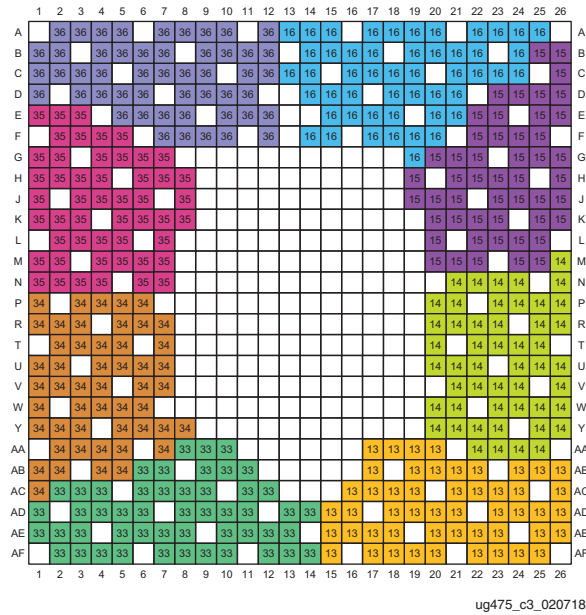


Figure 3-38: FGGA676 Package—I/O Banks

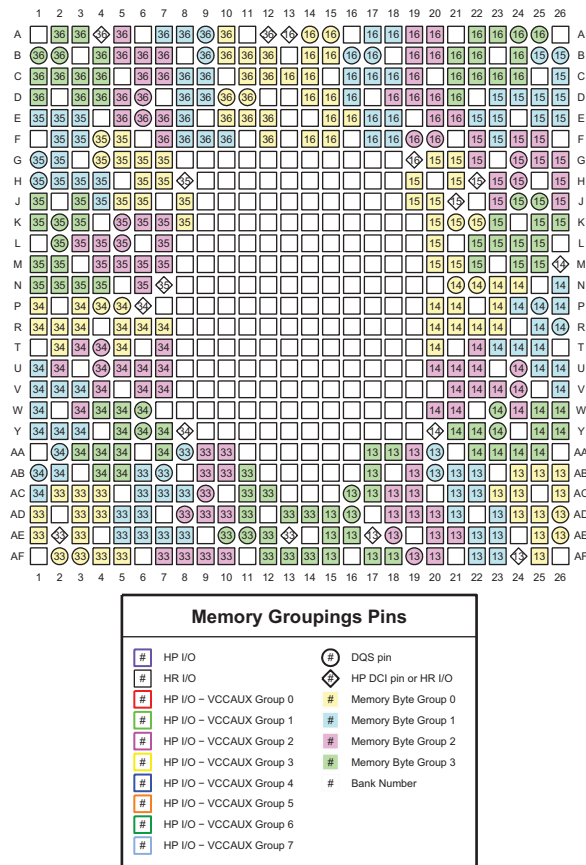


Figure 3-39: FGGA676 Package—Memory Groupings

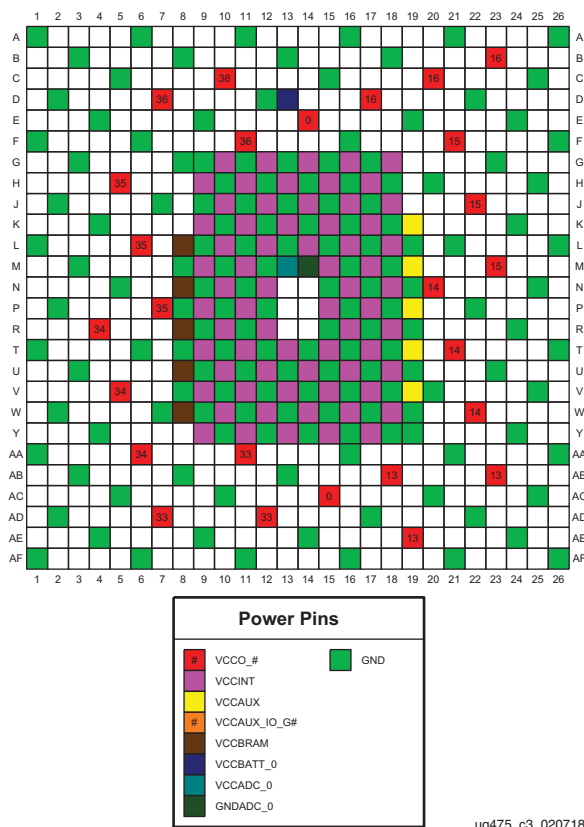


Figure 3-40: FGGA676 Package—XC7S75, XC7S100, XA7S75, and XA7S100 Power and GND Placement

Artix 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams

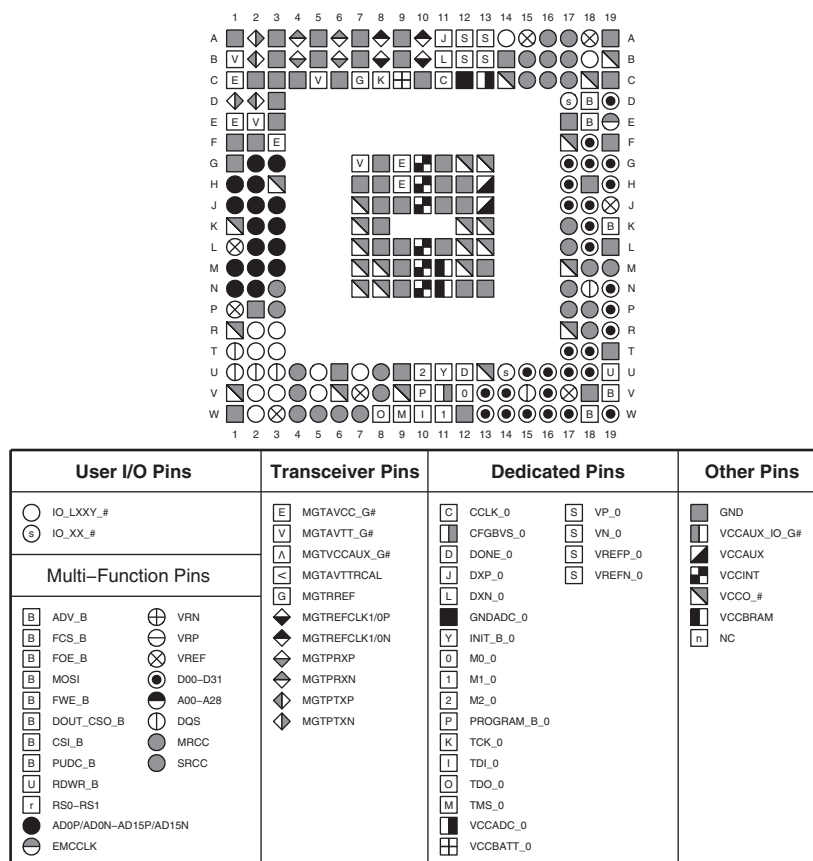
Table 3-2: Artix 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams Cross-Reference⁽¹⁾

Device	CP236 CPG236	CPG238	CS324 CSG324	CS325 CSG325	FT256 FTG256	SB484 SBG484 SBV484 RS484	FG484 FGG484	FG676 FGG676	FB484 FBG484 RB484	FB676 FBG676 RB676	FF1156 FFG1156
XC7A12T		page 94		page 99							
XC7A15T	page 92		page 96	page 103	page 105		page 107				
XC7A25T		page 94		page 101							
XC7A35T	page 92		page 96	page 103	page 105		page 107				
XC7A50T	page 92		page 96	page 103	page 105		page 107				
XC7A75T			page 96		page 105		page 110	page 113			
XC7A100T			page 96		page 105		page 110	page 113			
XC7A200T						page 116			page 119	page 122	page 125
XA7A12T		page 94		page 99							
XA7A15T	page 92		page 96	page 103			page 107				
XA7A25T		page 94		page 101							
XA7A35T	page 92		page 96	page 103							
XA7A50T	page 92		page 96	page 103							
XA7A75T			page 96				page 110				
XA7A100T			page 96				page 110				

Notes:

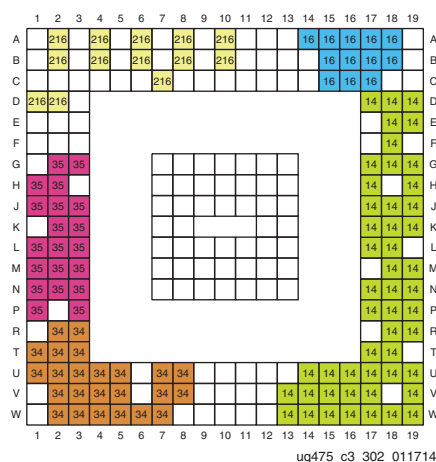
1. FGG676, FBG676 and FGG484, FBG484 packages are pin compatible.

CP236 and CPG236 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T CPG236 Package (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T



ug475_c3_301_011714

Figure 3-41: CP236 and CPG236 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T CPG236 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T Pinout Diagram



ug475_c3_302_011714

Figure 3-42: CP236 and CPG236 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T I/O Banks

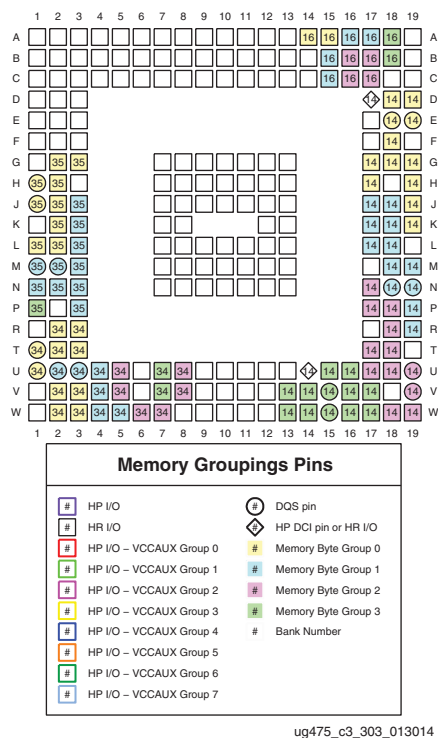


Figure 3-43: CP236 and CPG236 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T CPG236 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T Memory Groupings

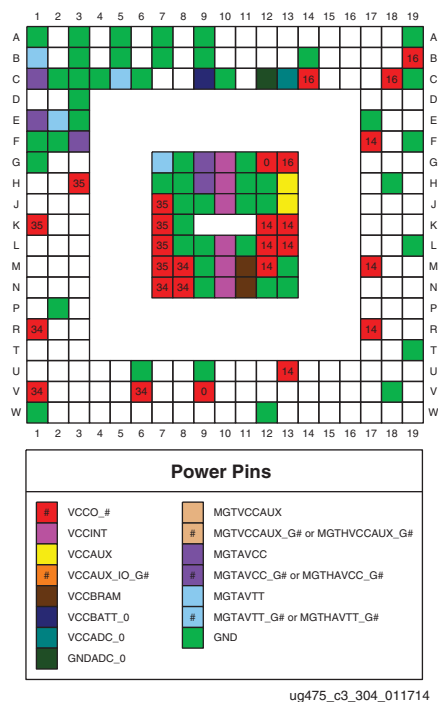


Figure 3-44: CP236 and CPG236 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T CPG236 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T Power and GND Placement

CPG238 Package—XC7A12T, XC7A25T, XA7A12T, and XA7A25T

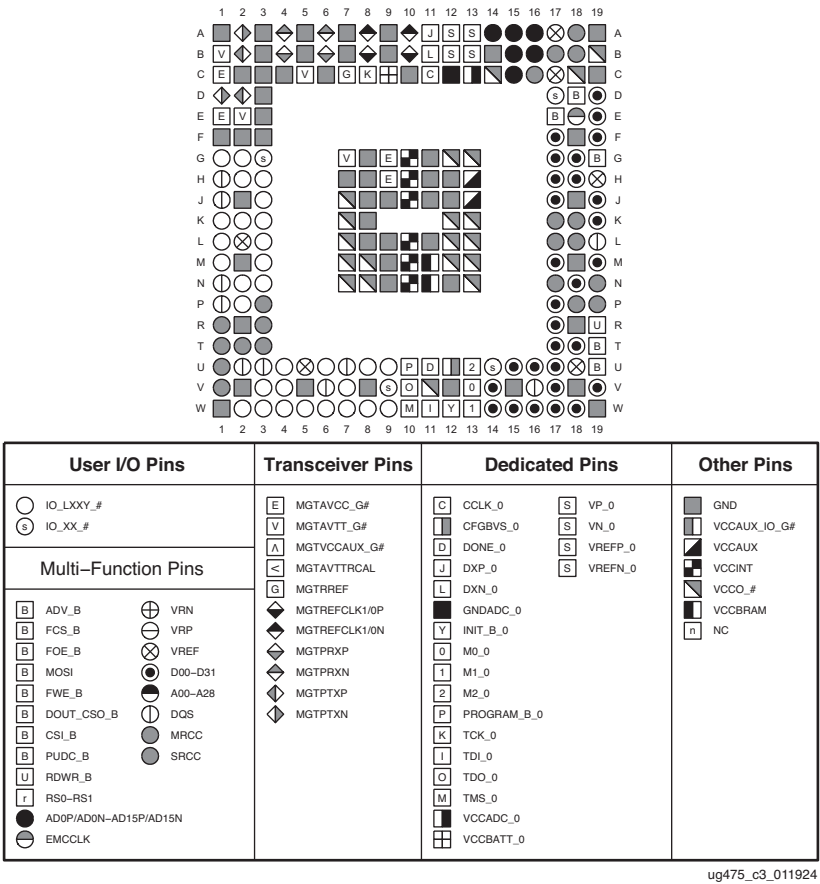


Figure 3-45: CPG238 Package—XC7A12T, XC7A25T, XA7A12T, and XA7A25T Pinout Diagram

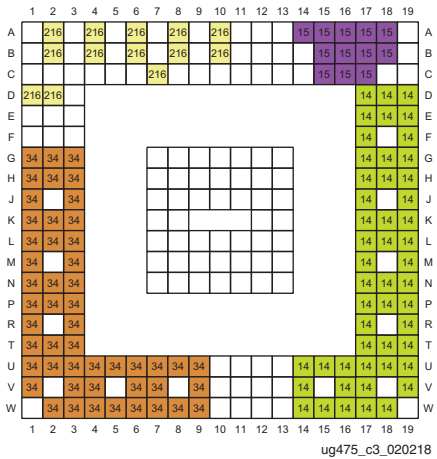


Figure 3-46: CPG238 Package—XC7A12T, XC7A25T, XA7A12T, and XA7A25T I/O Banks

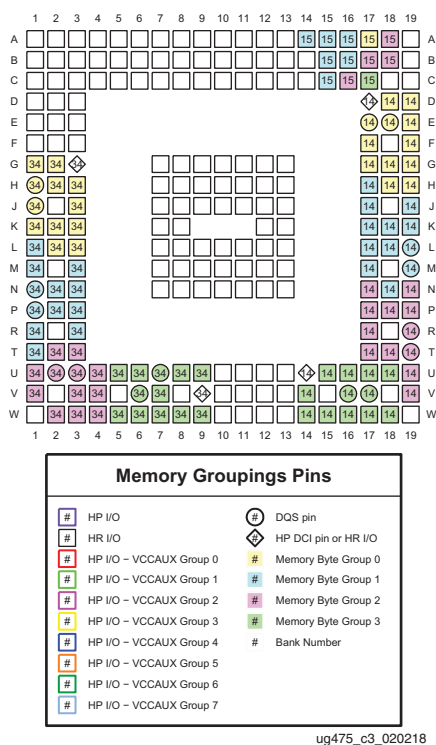


Figure 3-47: CPG238 Package—XC7A12T, XC7A25T, XA7A12T, and XA7A25T Memory Groupings

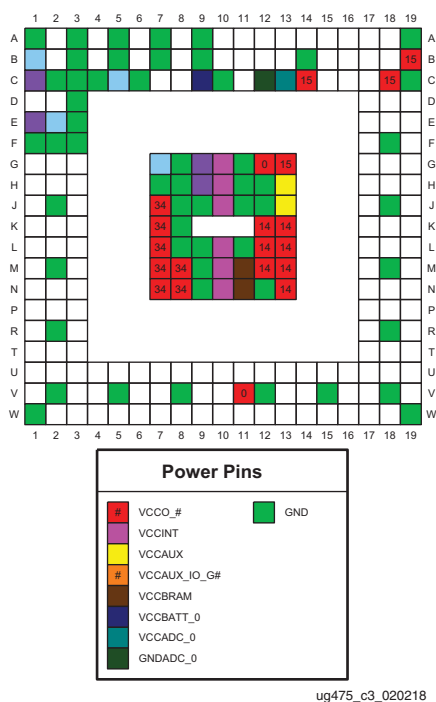


Figure 3-48: CPG238 Package—XC7A12T, XC7A25T, XA7A12T, and XA7A25T Power and GND Placement

CS324 and CSG324 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T
CSG324 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, XA7A50T, XA7A75T, and XA7A100T

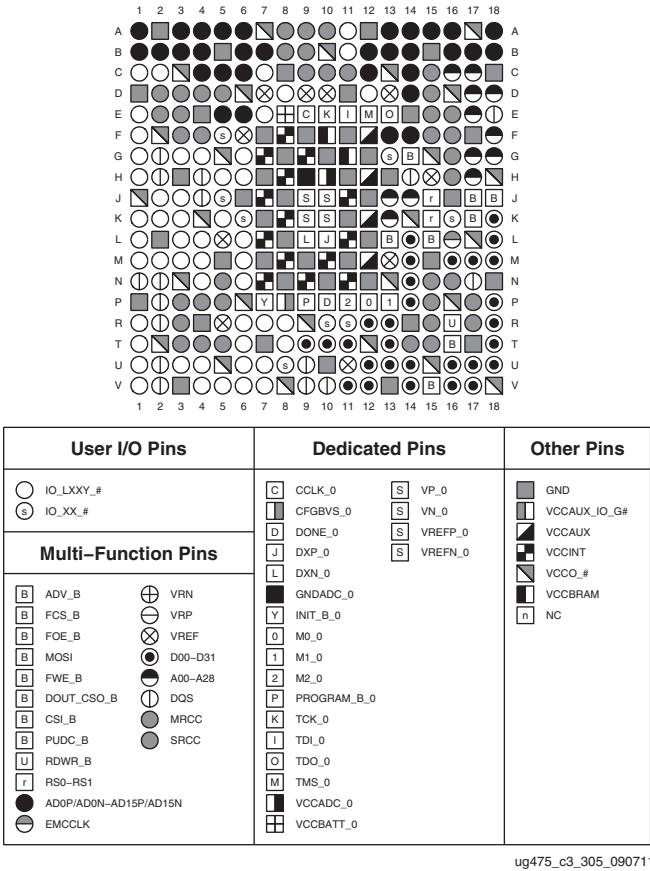


Figure 3-49: CS324 and CSG324 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T
CSG324 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, XA7A50T, XA7A75T, and XA7A100T Pinout Diagram

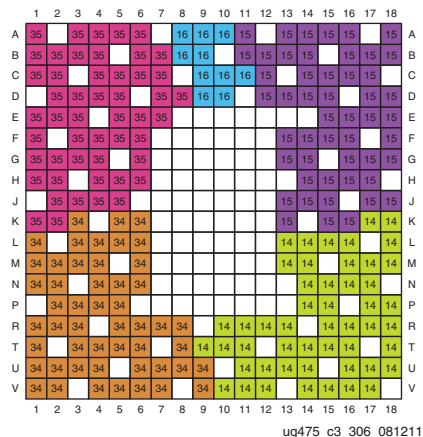


Figure 3-50: CS324 and CSG324 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T CSG324 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, XA7A50T, XA7A75T, and XA7A100T I/O Banks

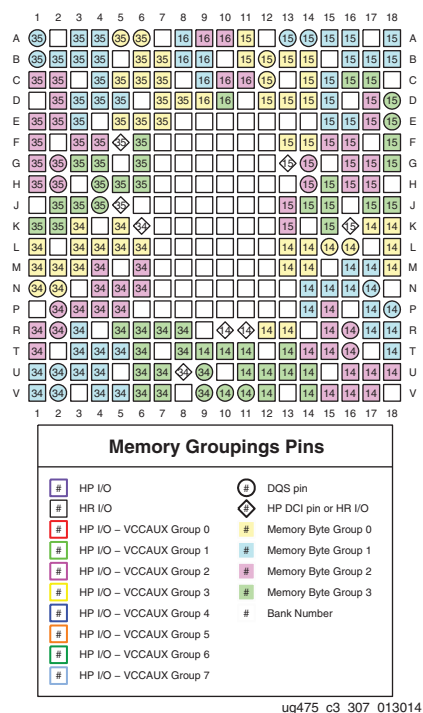
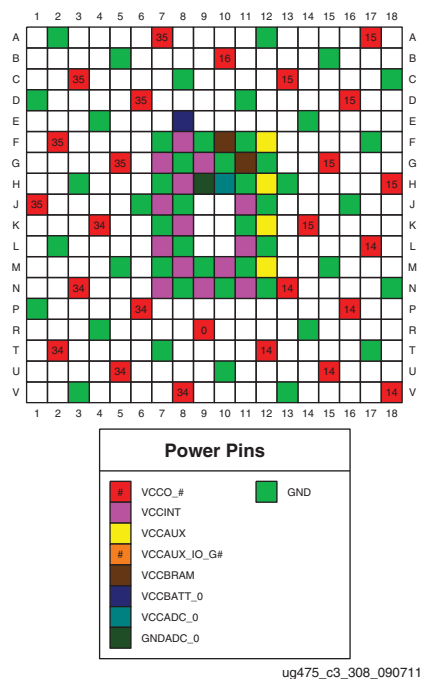


Figure 3-51: CS324 and CSG324 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T CSG324 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, XA7A50T, XA7A75T, and XA7A100T Memory Groupings



**Figure 3-52: CS324 and CSG324 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T
CSG324 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, XA7A50T, XA7A75T, and XA7A100T
Power and GND Placement**

CSG325 Package—XC7A12T and XA7A12T

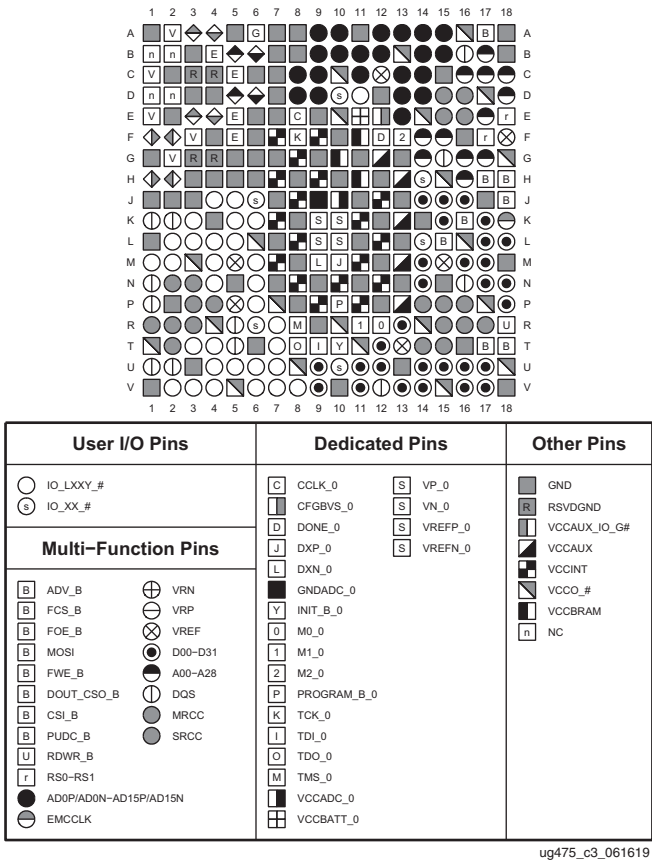


Figure 3-53: CSG325 Package—XC7A12T and XA7A12T Pinout Diagram

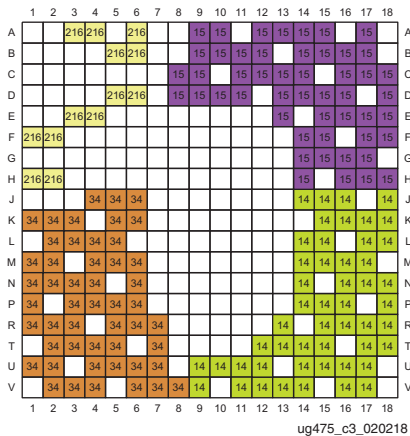


Figure 3-54: CSG325 Package—XC7A12T and XA7A12T I/O Banks

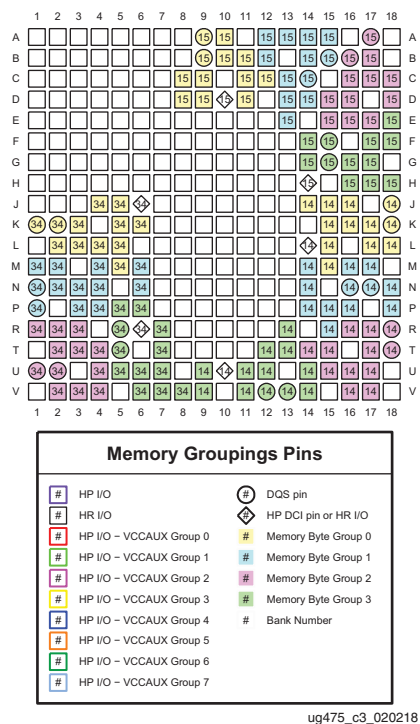


Figure 3-55: CSG325 Package—XC7A12T and XA7A12T Memory Groupings

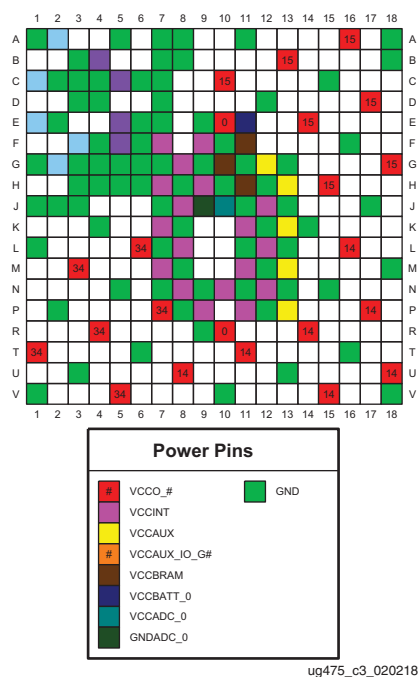


Figure 3-56: CSG325 Package—XC7A12T and XA7A12T Power and GND Placement

CSG325 Package—XC7A25T and XA7A25T

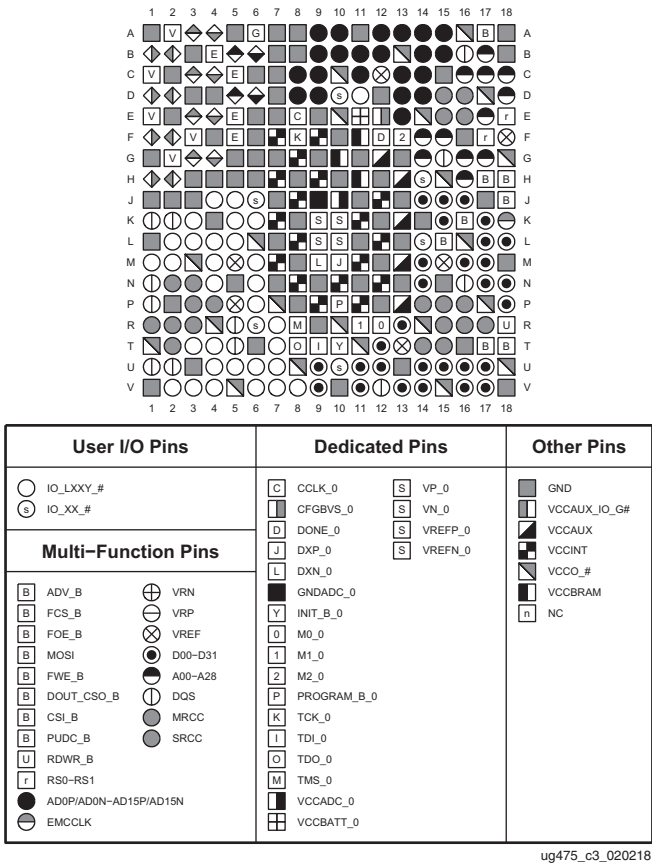


Figure 3-57: CSG325 Package—XC7A25T and XA7A25T Pinout Diagram

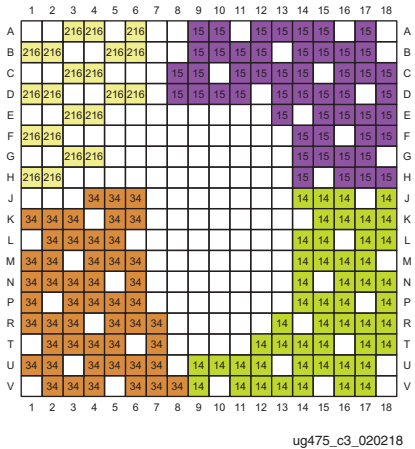


Figure 3-58: CSG325 Package—XC7A25T and XA7A25T I/O Banks

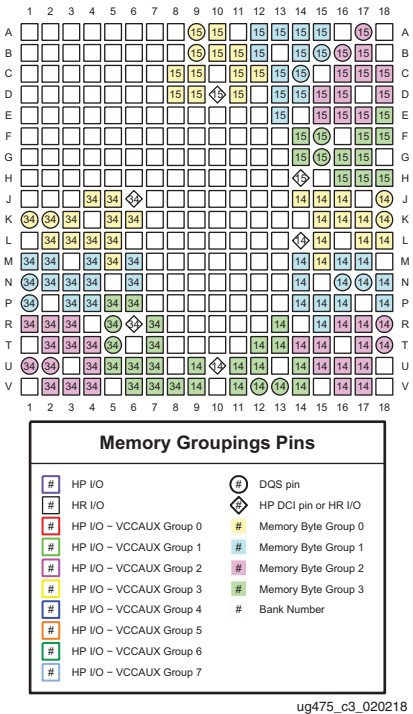


Figure 3-59: CSG325 Package—XC7A25T and XA7A25T Memory Groupings

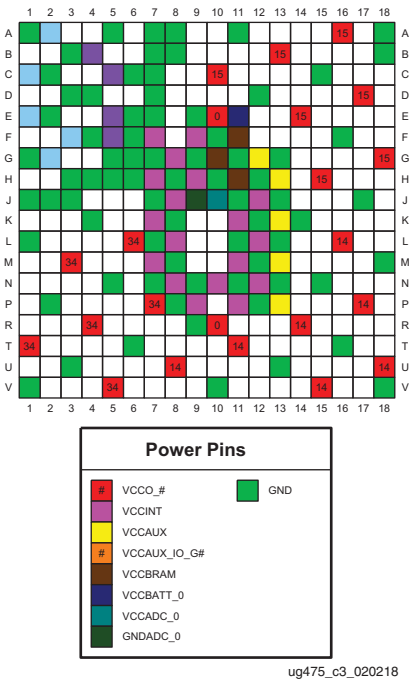
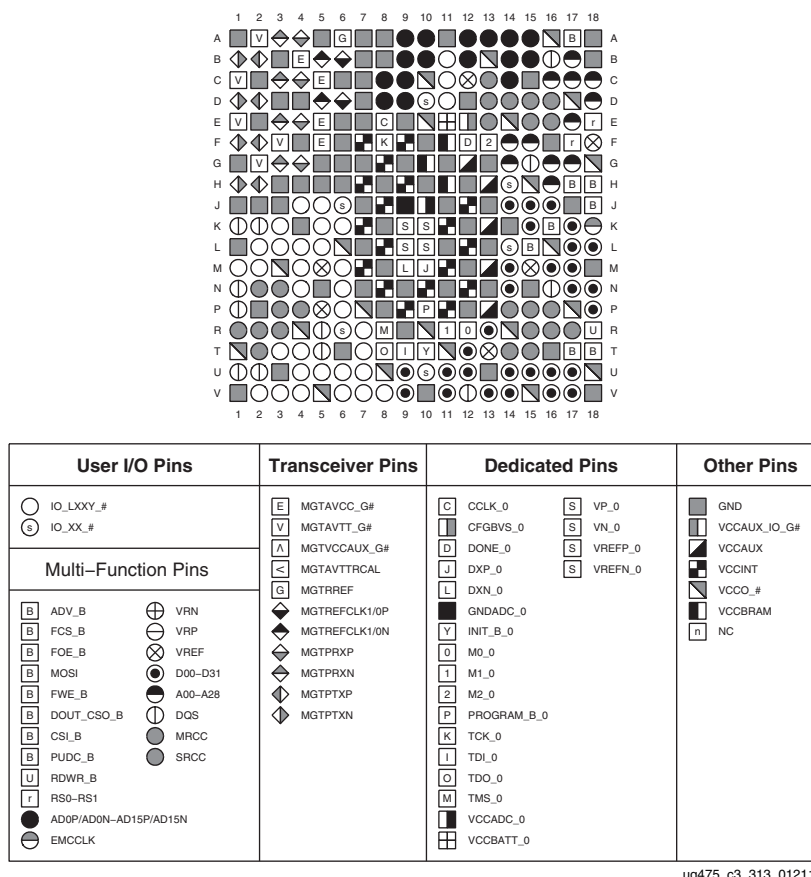


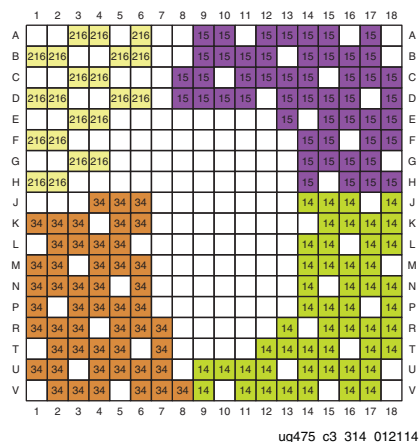
Figure 3-60: CSG325 Package—XC7A25T and XA7A25T Power and GND Placement

CS325 and CSG325 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T CSG325 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T

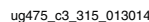


ug475_c3_313_012114

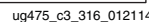
**Figure 3-61: CS325 and CSG325 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T
CSG325 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T Pinout Diagram**



**Figure 3-62: CS325 and CSG325 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T
CSG325 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T I/O Banks**



CSG325 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T Memory Groupings



CSG325 Packages (only)—XA7A15T, XA7A35T, and XA7A50T Power and GND Placement

FT256 and FTG256 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T

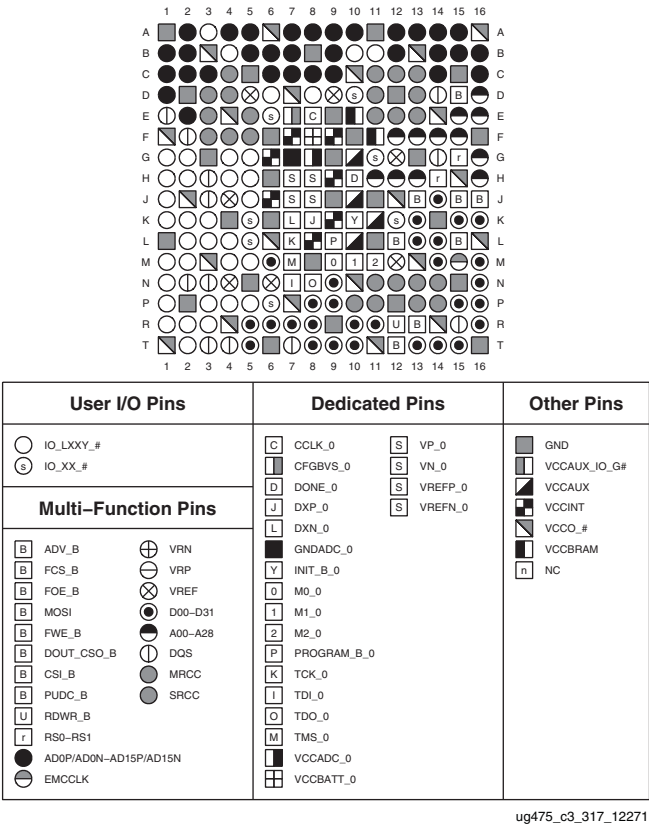


Figure 3-65: FT256 and FTG256 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T Pinout Diagram

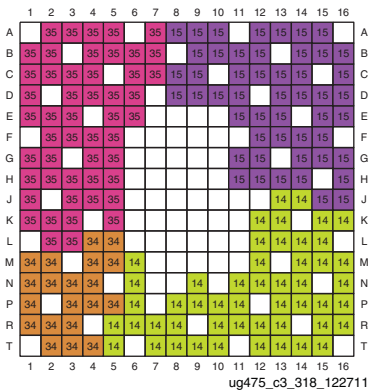


Figure 3-66: FT256 and FTG256 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T I/O Banks

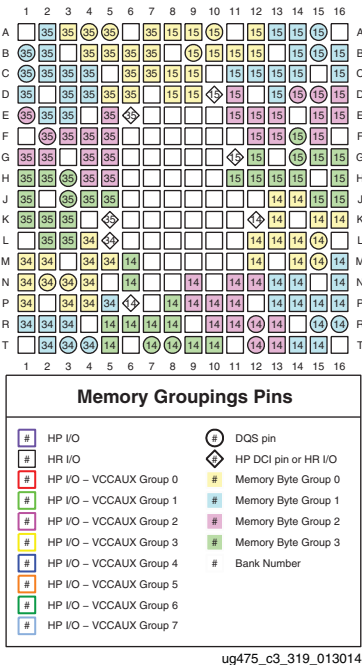


Figure 3-67: FT256 and FTG256 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T Memory Groupings

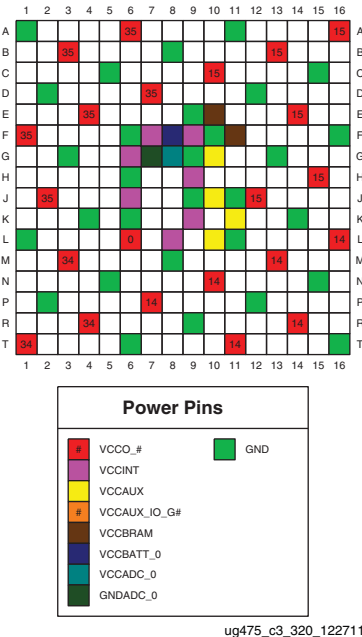
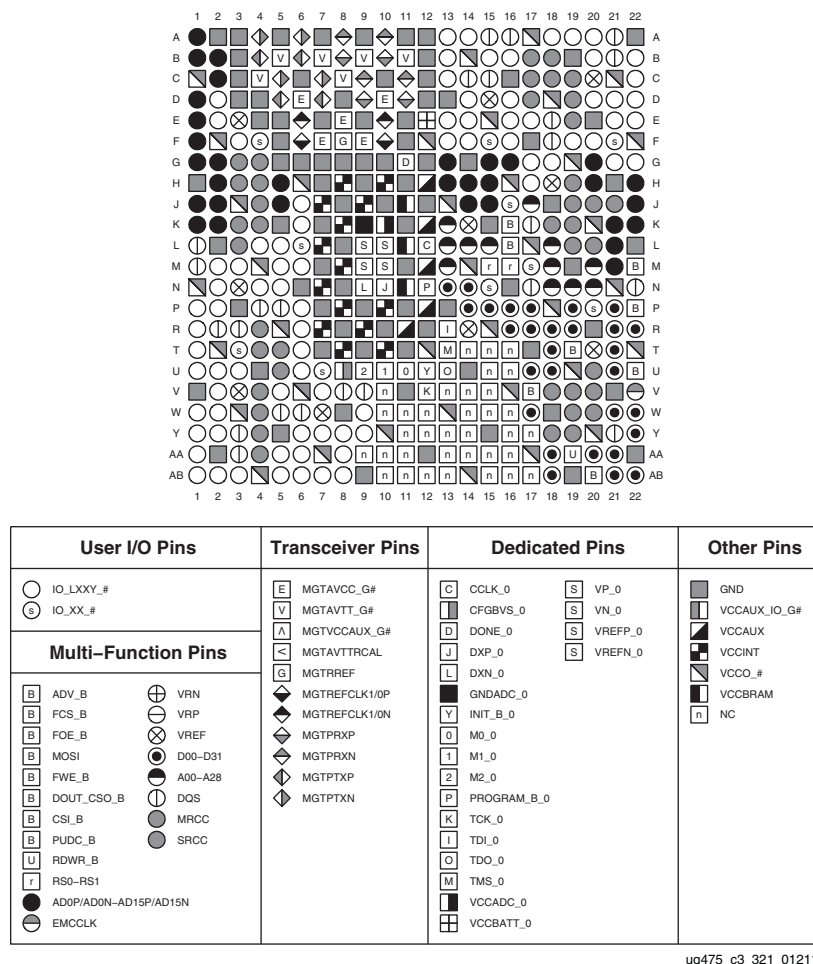


Figure 3-68: FT256 and FTG256 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, XC7A50T, XC7A75T, and XC7A100T Power and GND Placement

FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T



ug475_c3_321_012114

Figure 3-69: FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T Pinout Diagram

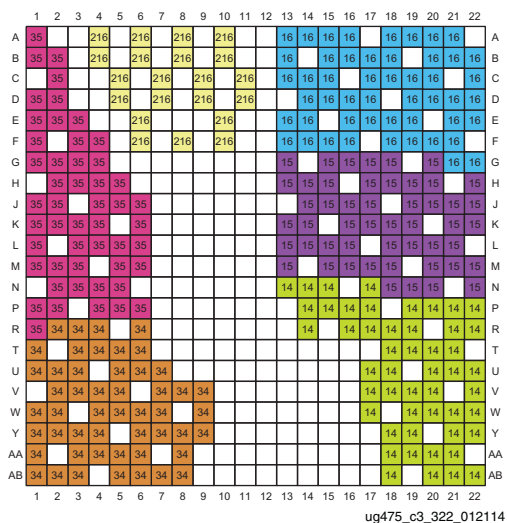


Figure 3-70: FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T I/O Banks

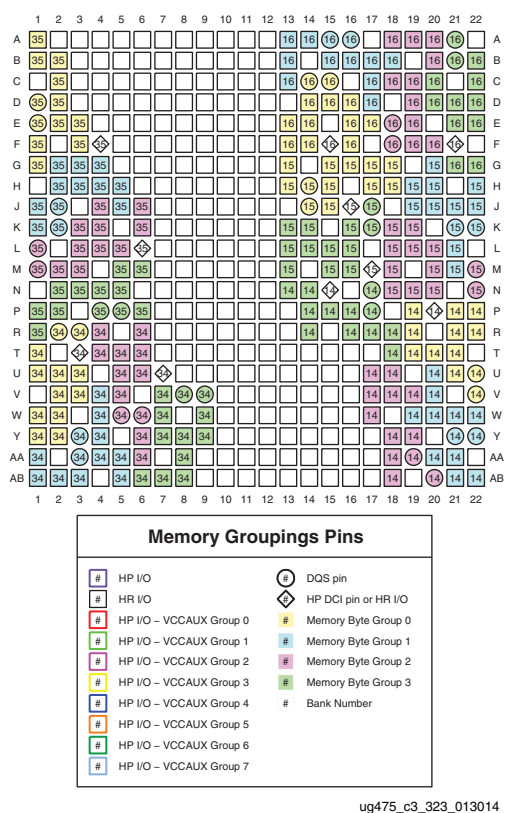
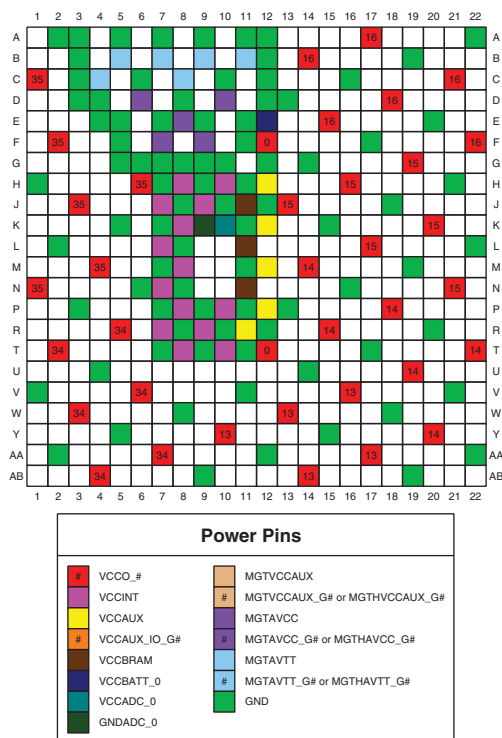


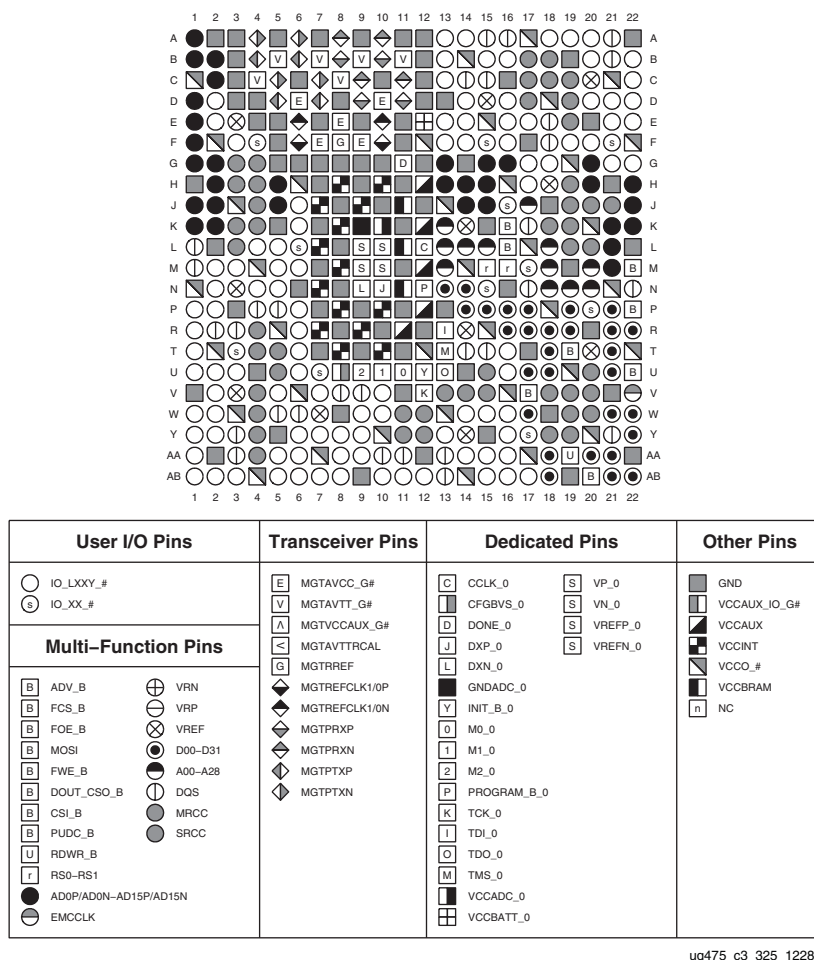
Figure 3-71: FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_324_012114

Figure 3-72: FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A15T, XC7A35T, and XC7A50T Power and GND Placement

FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T FGG484 Packages (only)—XA7A75T and XA7A100T



ug475_c3_325_122811

**Figure 3-73: FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T
FGG484 Packages (only)—XA7A75T and XA7A100T Pinout Diagram**

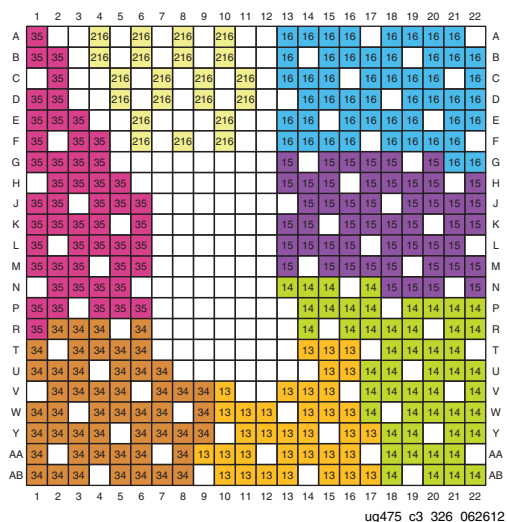


Figure 3-74: FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T FGG484 Packages (only)—XA7A75T and XA7A100T I/O Banks

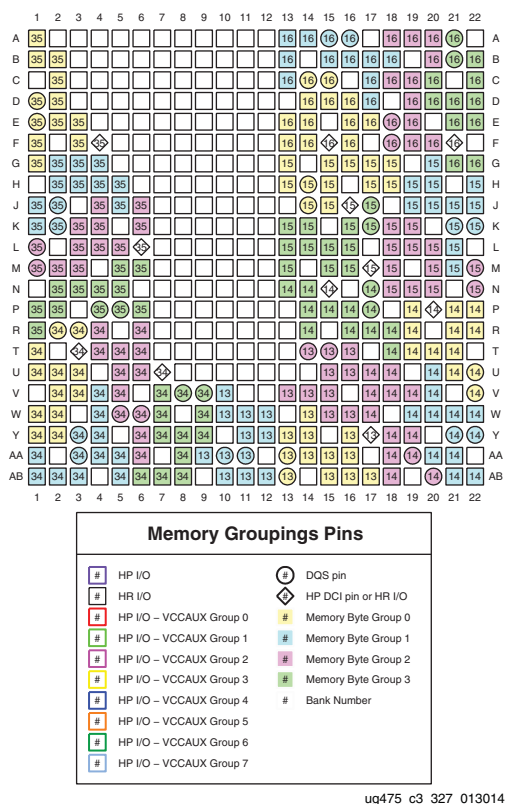
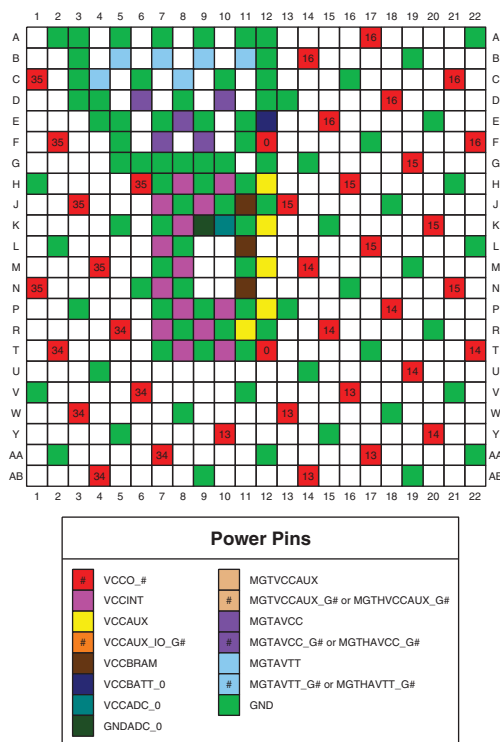


Figure 3-75: FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T FGG484 Packages (only)—XA7A75T and XA7A100T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_328_122811

Figure 3-76: FG484 and FGG484 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T FGG484 Packages (only)—XA7A75T and XA7A100T Power and GND Placement

FG676 and FGG676 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T

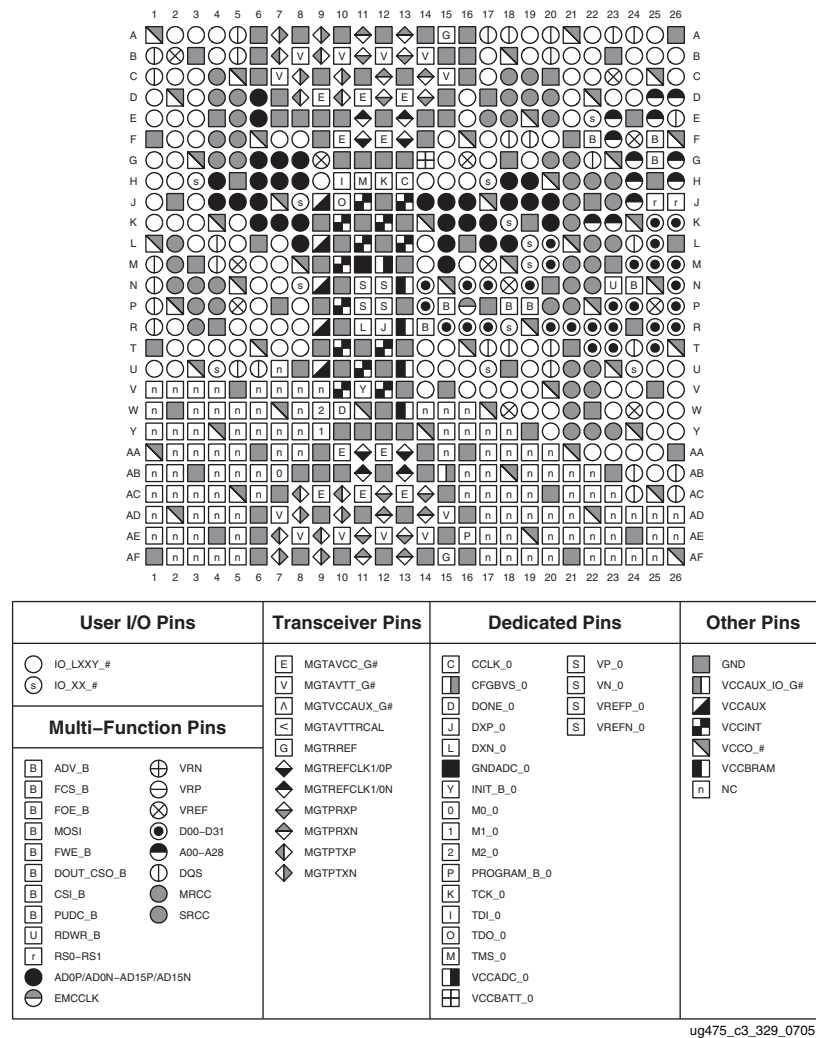


Figure 3-77: FG676 and FGG676 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T Pinout Diagram

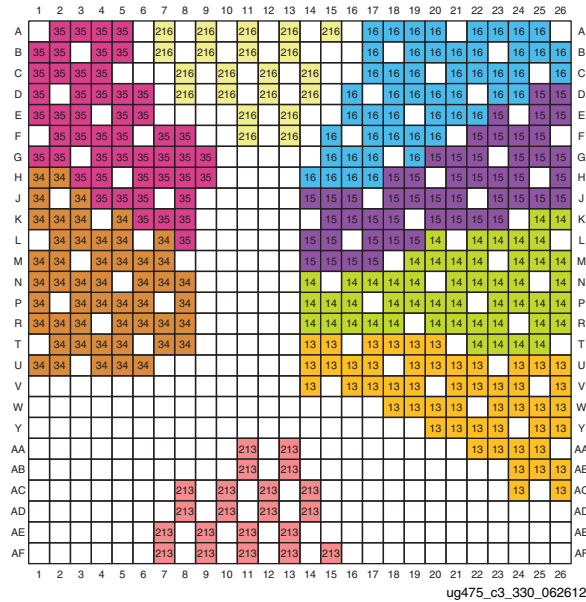
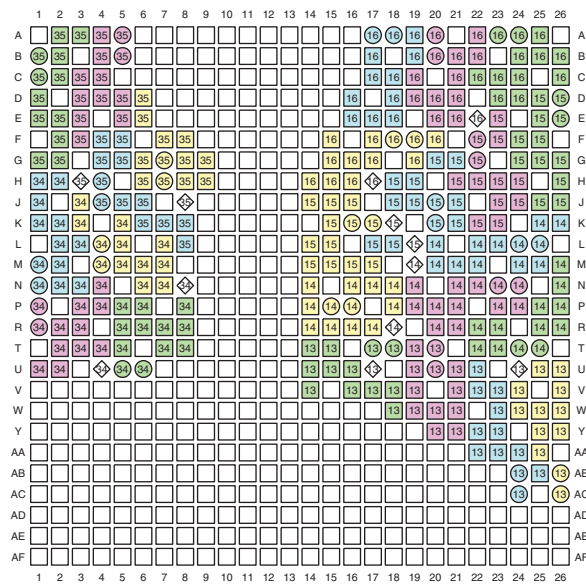
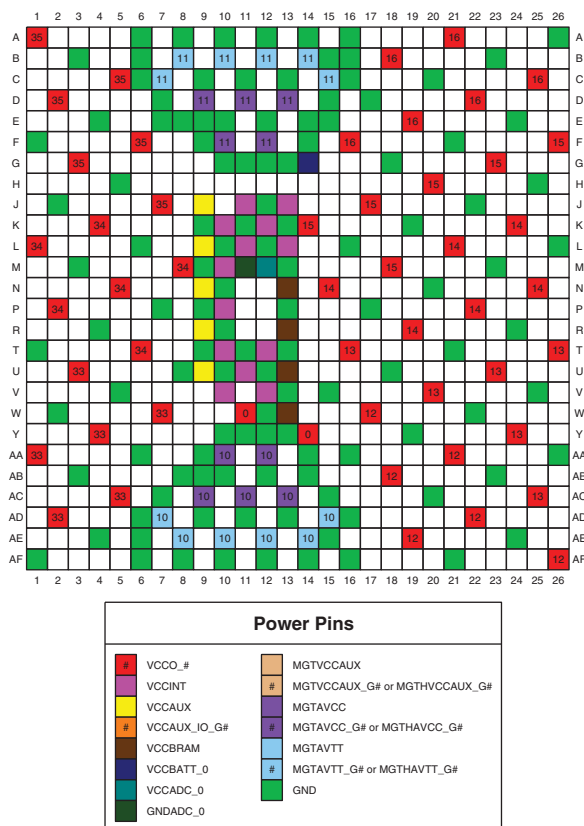


Figure 3-78: FG676 and FGG676 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T I/O Banks



Memory Groupings Pins	
HP I/O	DQS pin
HP I/O	HP DCI pin or HR I/O
HP I/O – VCCAUX Group 0	Memory Byte Group 0
HP I/O – VCCAUX Group 1	Memory Byte Group 1
HP I/O – VCCAUX Group 2	Memory Byte Group 2
HP I/O – VCCAUX Group 3	Memory Byte Group 3
HP I/O – VCCAUX Group 4	Bank Number
HP I/O – VCCAUX Group 5	
HP I/O – VCCAUX Group 6	
HP I/O – VCCAUX Group 7	

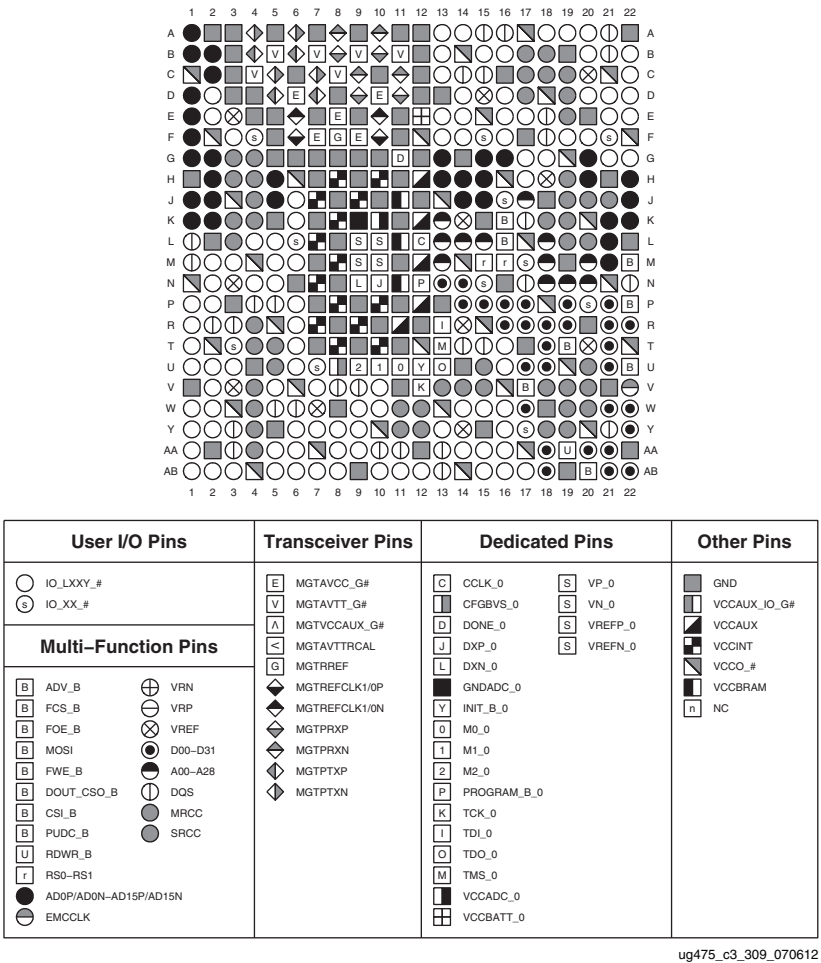
Figure 3-79: FG676 and FGG676 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_332_070512

Figure 3-80: FG676 and FGG676 Packages—XC7A75T and XC7A100T Power and GND Placement

SB484, SBG484, SBV484, and RS484 Packages—XC7A200T



ug475_c3_309_070612

Figure 3-81: SB484, SBG484, SBV484, and RS484 Packages—XC7A200T Pinout Diagram

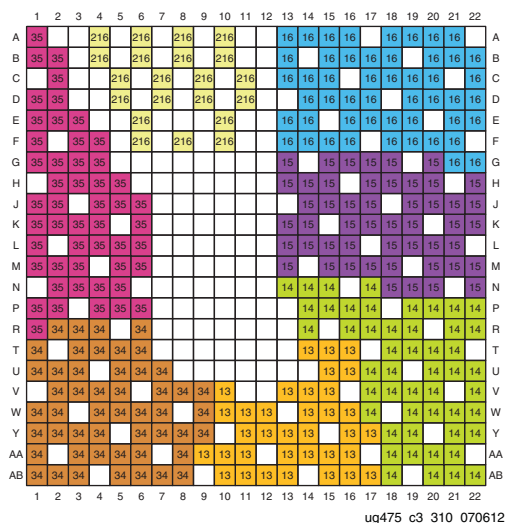


Figure 3-82: SB484, SBG484, SBV484, and RS484 Packages—XC7A200T I/O Banks

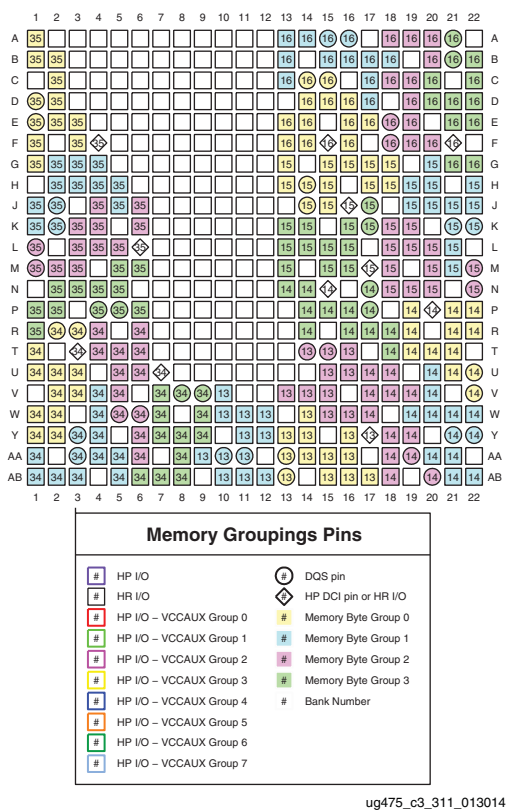
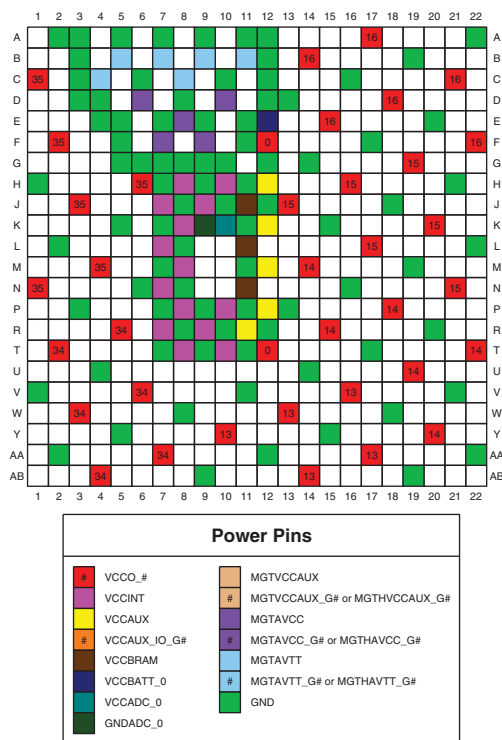


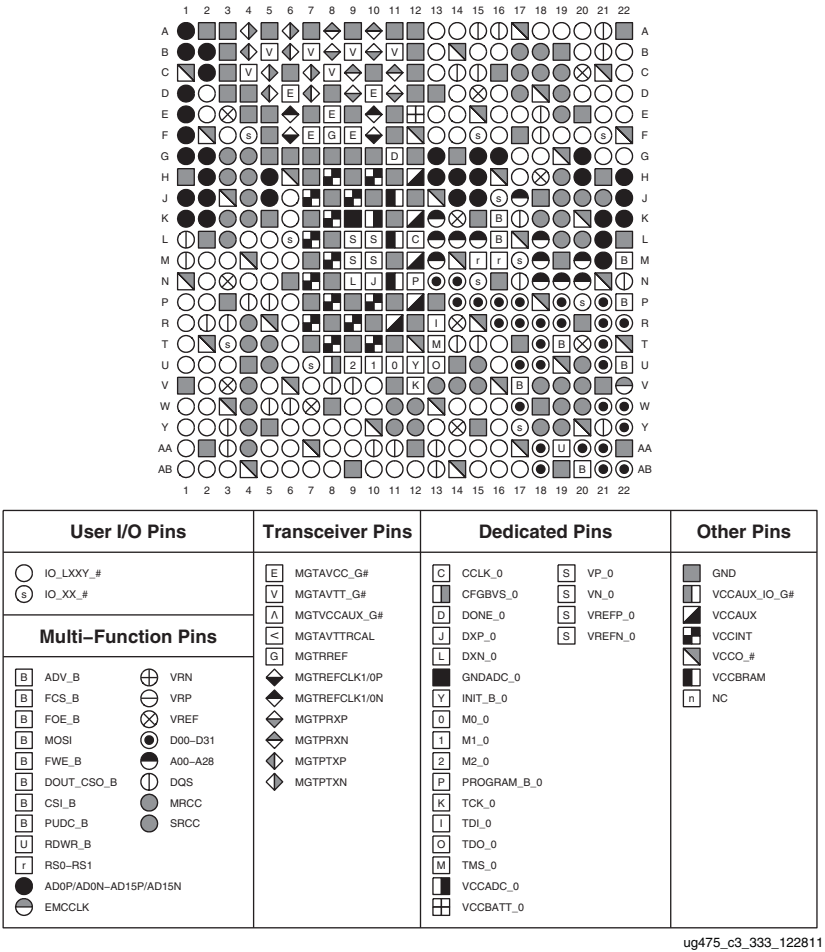
Figure 3-83: SB484, SBG484, SBV484, and RS484 Packages—XC7A200T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_312_070612

Figure 3-84: SB484, SBG484, SBV484, and RS484 Packages—XC7A200T Power and GND Placement

FB484, FBG484, FBV484, and RB484 Packages—XC7A200T



ug475_c3_333_122811

Figure 3-85: FB484, FBG484, FBV484, and RB484 Packages—XC7A200T Pinout Diagram

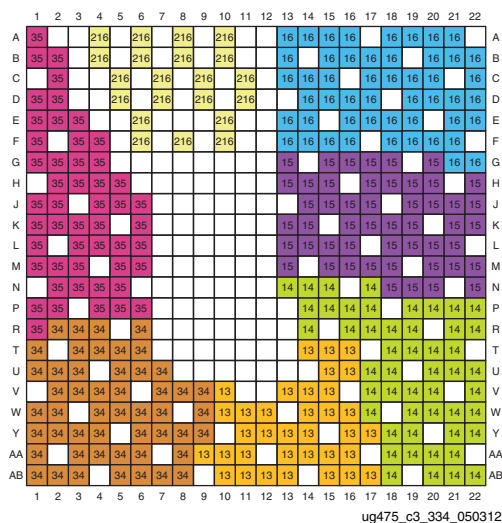


Figure 3-86: FB484, FBG484, FBV484, and RB484 Packages—XC7A200T I/O Banks

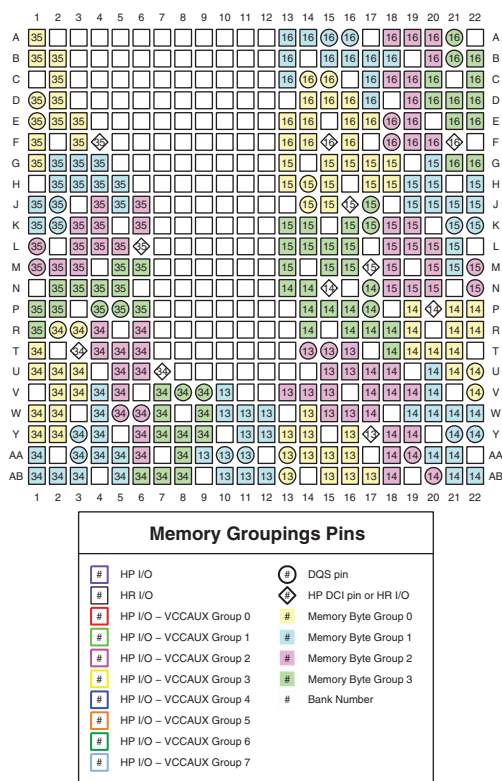


Figure 3-87: FB484, FBG484, FBV484, and RB484 Packages—XC7A200T Memory Groupings

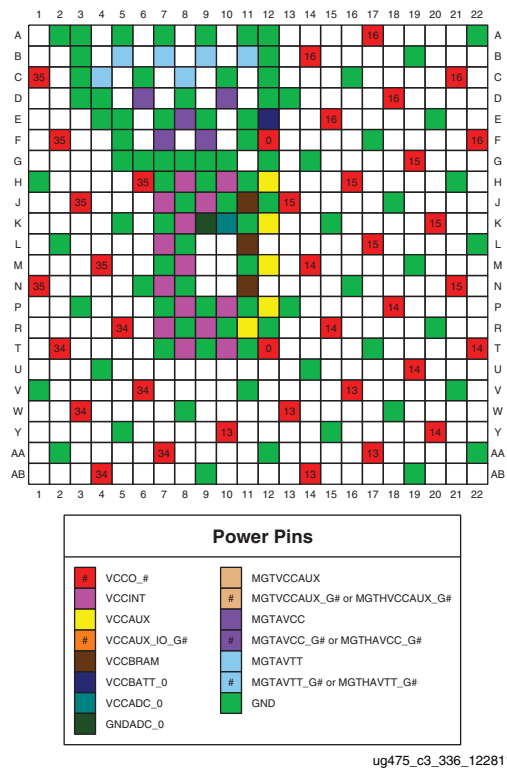


Figure 3-88: FB484, FBG484, FBV484, and RB484 Packages—XC7A200T Power and GND Placement

FB676, FBG676, FBV676, and RB676 Packages—XC7A200T

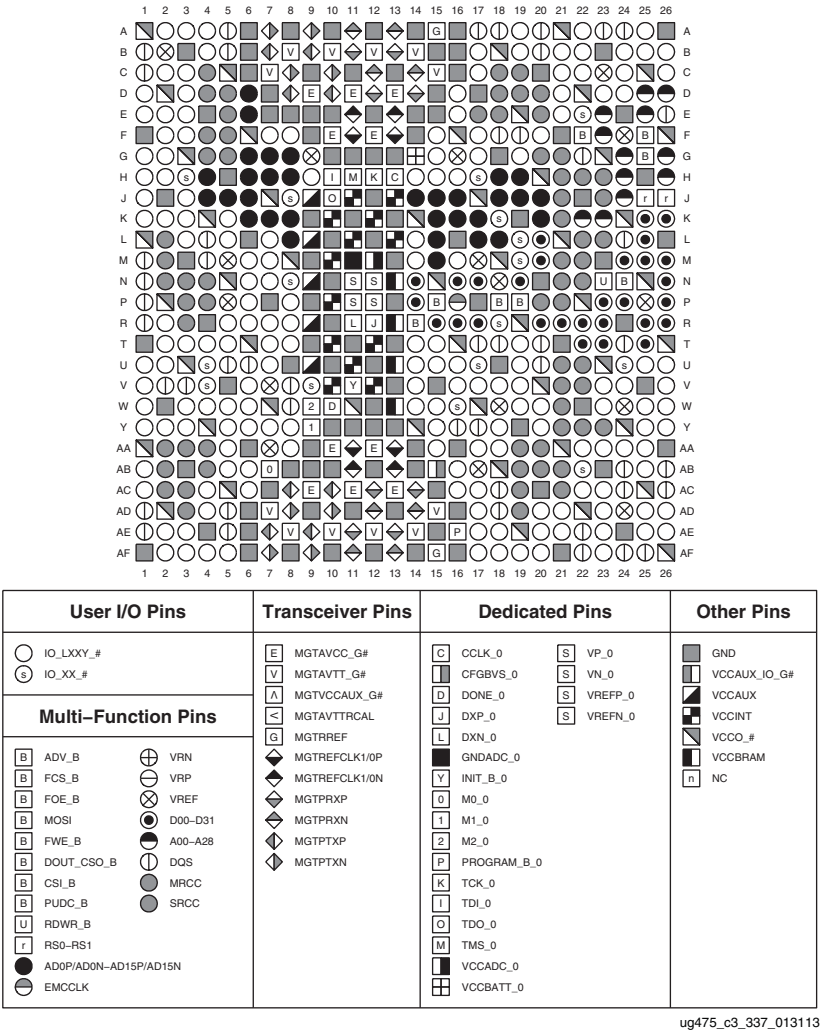


Figure 3-89: FB676, FBG676, FBV676, and RB676 Packages—XC7A200T Pinout Diagram

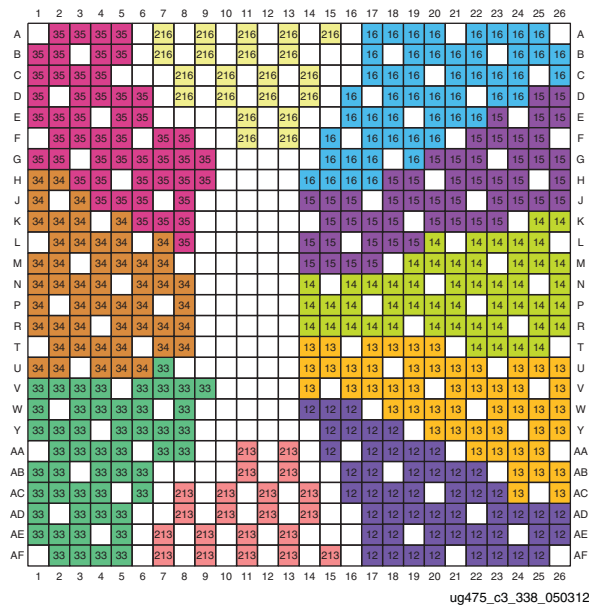


Figure 3-90: FB676, FBG676, FBV676, and RB676 Packages—XC7A200T I/O Banks

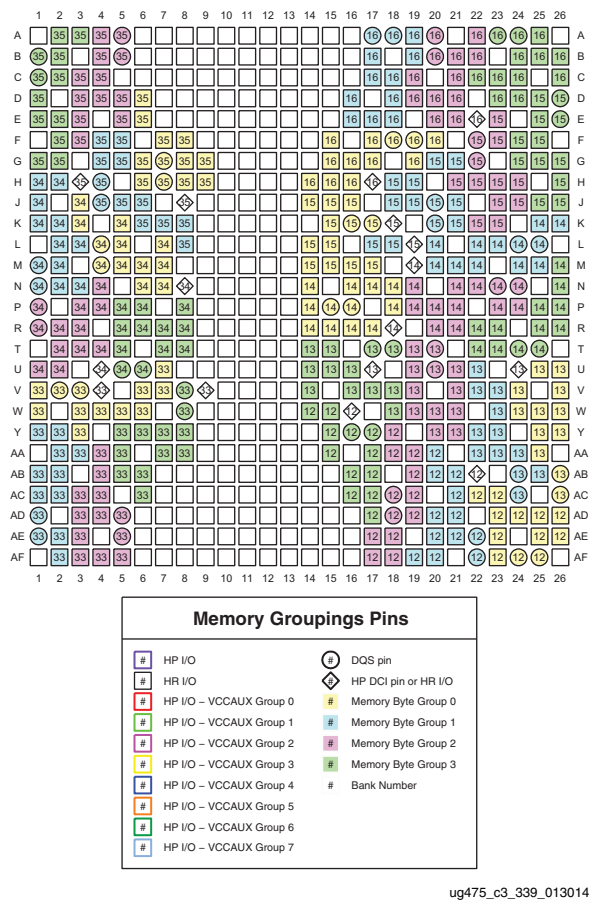
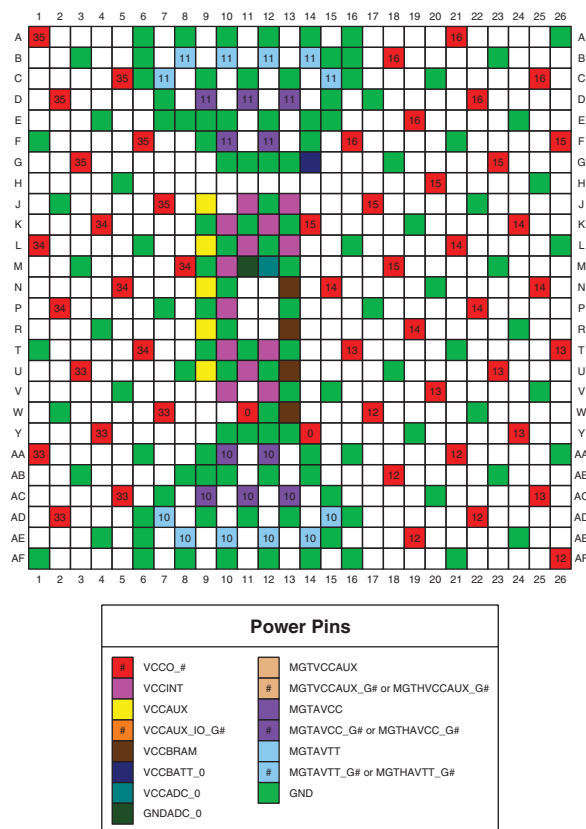


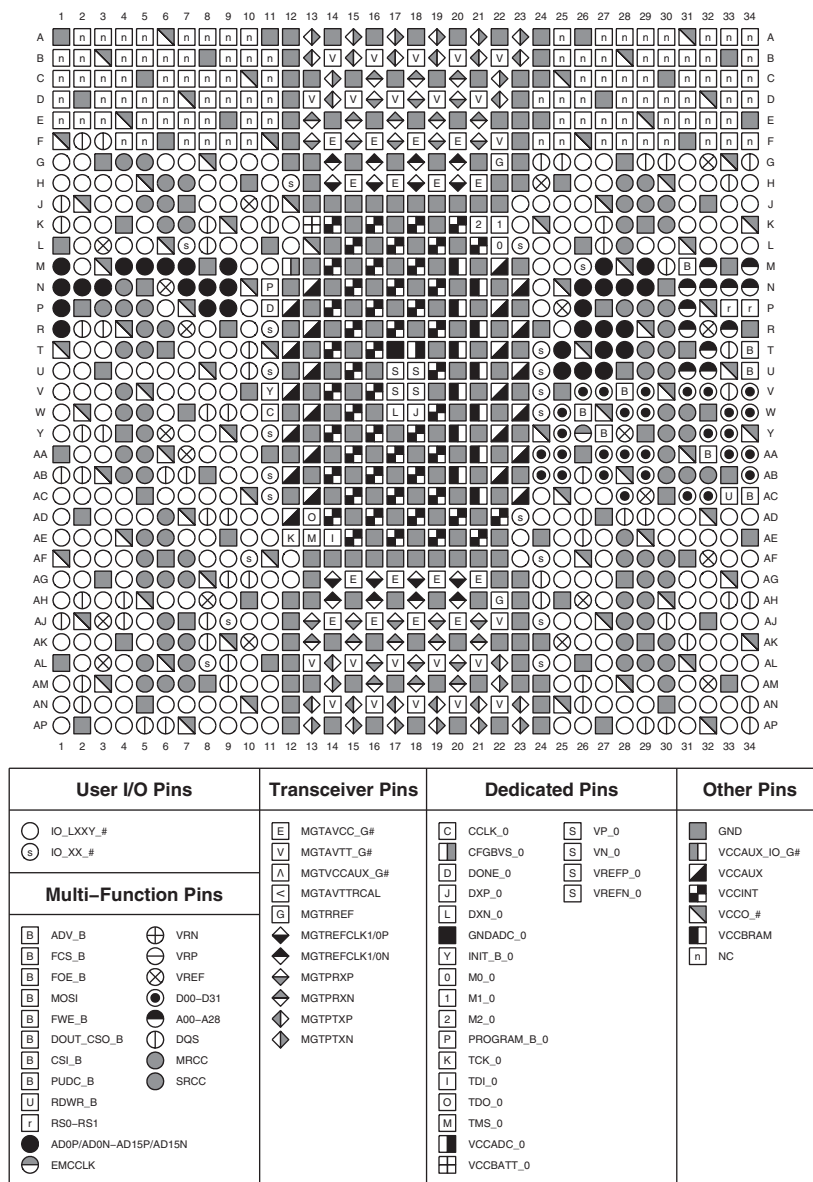
Figure 3-91: FB676, FBG676, FBV676, and RB676 Packages—XC7A200T Memory Groupings



ug475_g3_340_021021

Figure 3-92: FB676, FBG676, FBV676, and RB676 Packages—XC7A200T Power and GND Placement

FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7A200T



ug475_c3_341_122811

Figure 3-93: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7A200T Pinout Diagram

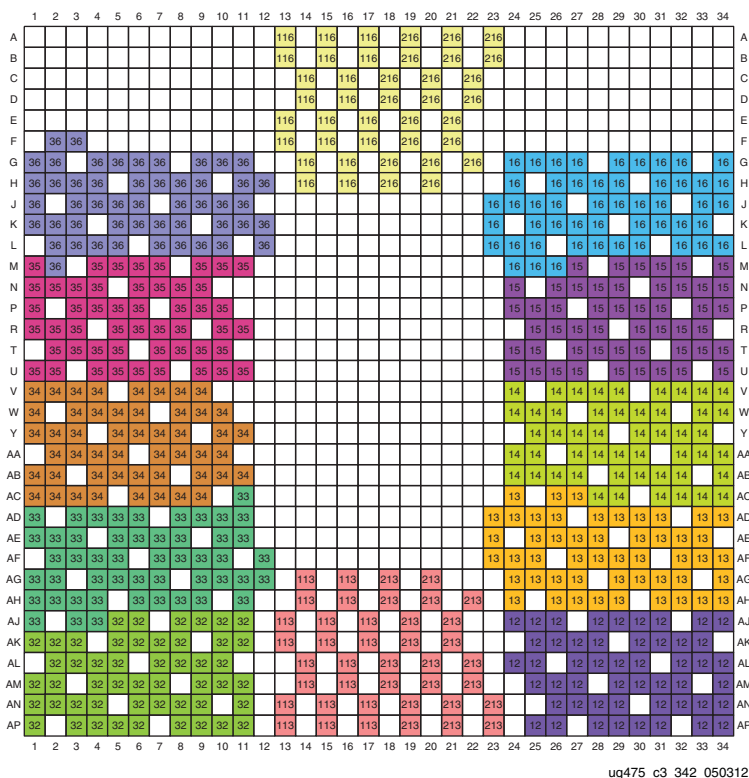
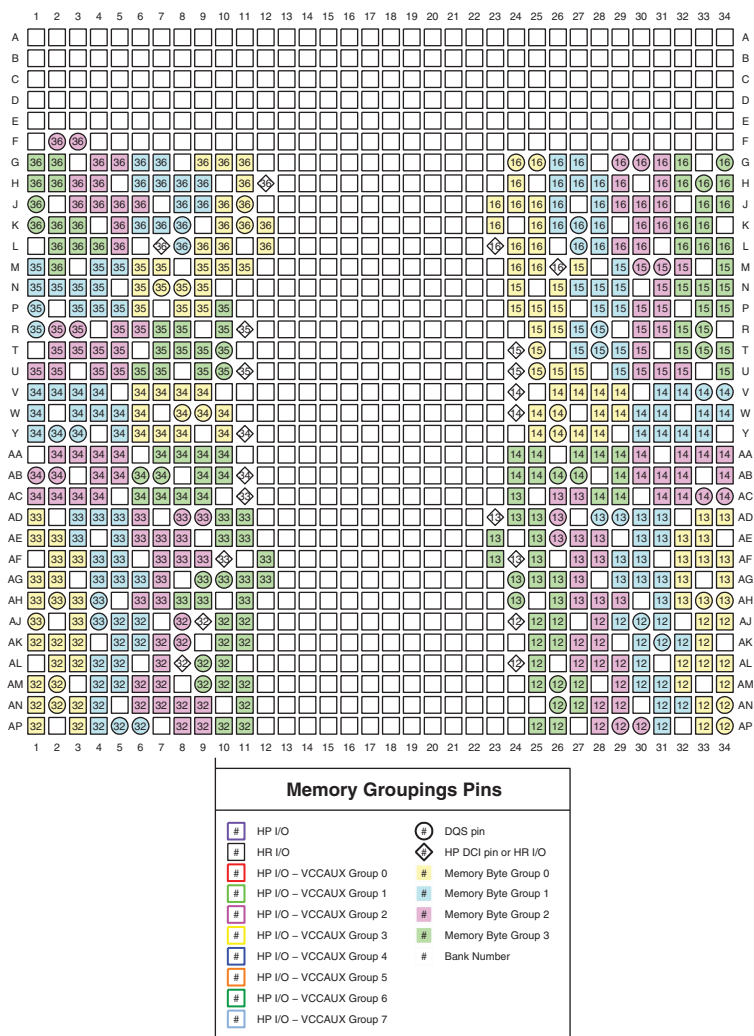
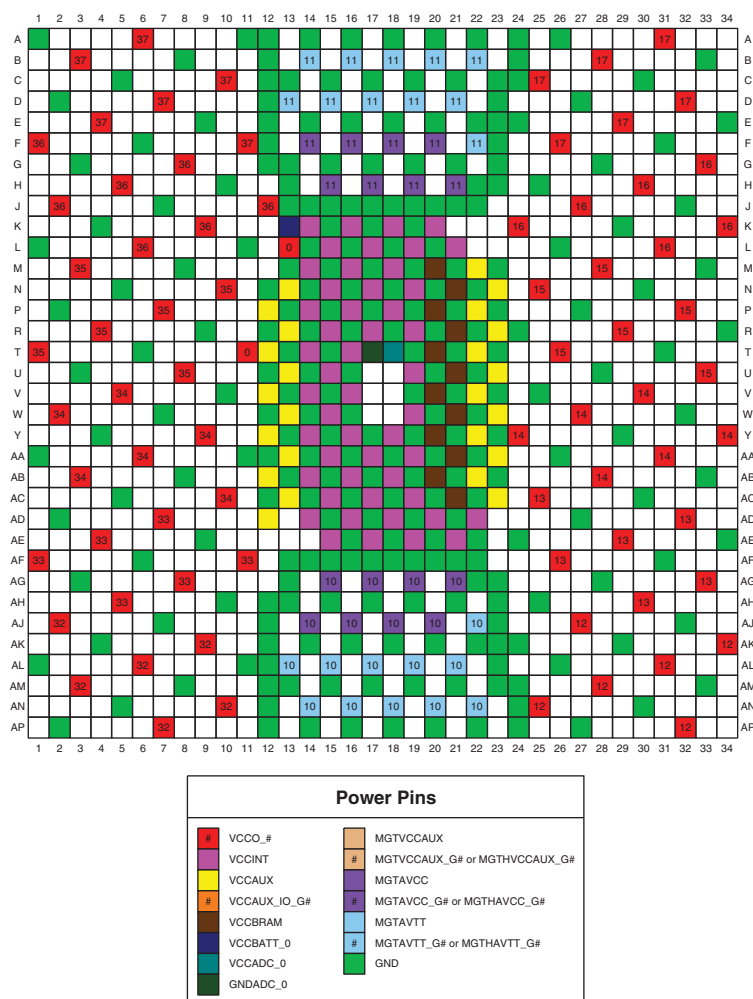


Figure 3-94: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7A200T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_343_013014

Figure 3-95: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7A200T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_344_021021

Figure 3-96: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7A200T Power and GND Placement

Kintex 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams

Table 3-3: Kintex 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams Cross-Reference

Device	FB484 FBG484 FBV484	FB676 FBG676 FBV676	FB900 FBG900 FBV900	FF676 FFG676 FFV676 RF676	FF900 FFG900 FFV900 RF900	FF901 FFG901 FFV901	FF1156 FFG1156 FFV1156
XC7K70T	page 130	page 133					
XC7K160T	page 130	page 136		page 143			
XC7K325T		page 136	page 139	page 143	page 147		
XC7K355T						page 151	
XC7K410T		page 136	page 139	page 143	page 147		
XC7K420T						page 155	page 159
XC7K480T						page 155	page 159
XA7K160T				page 143			

FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Packages—XC7K70T and XC7K160T

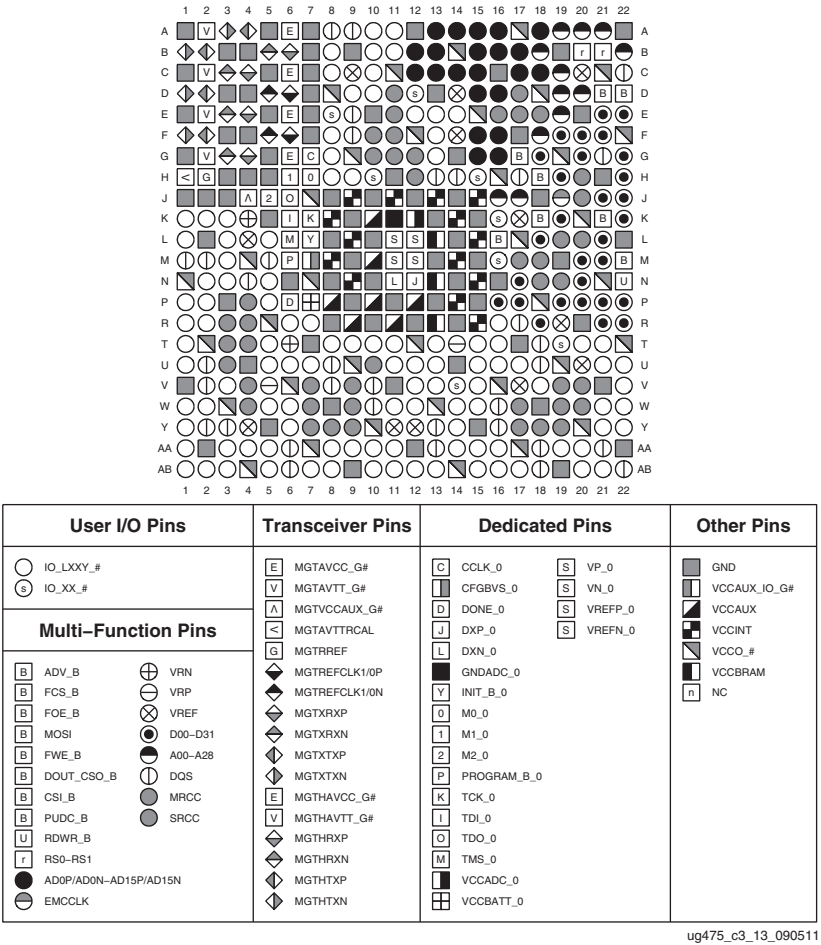


Figure 3-97: FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Packages—XC7K70T and XC7K160T Pinout Diagram

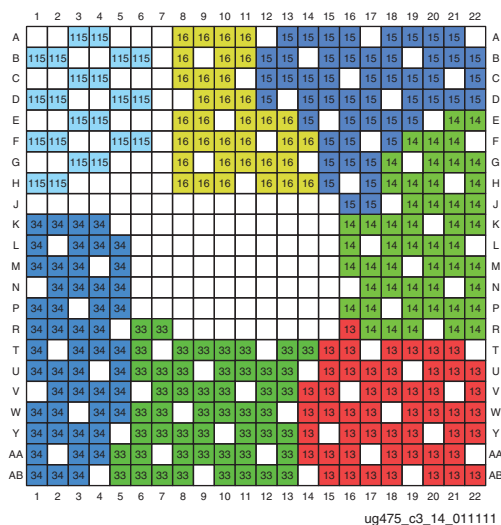


Figure 3-98: FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Packages—XC7K70T and XC7K160T I/O Banks

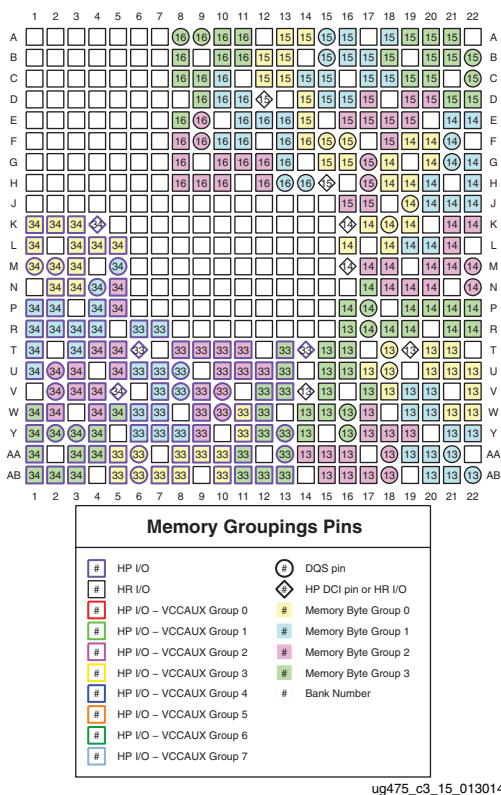
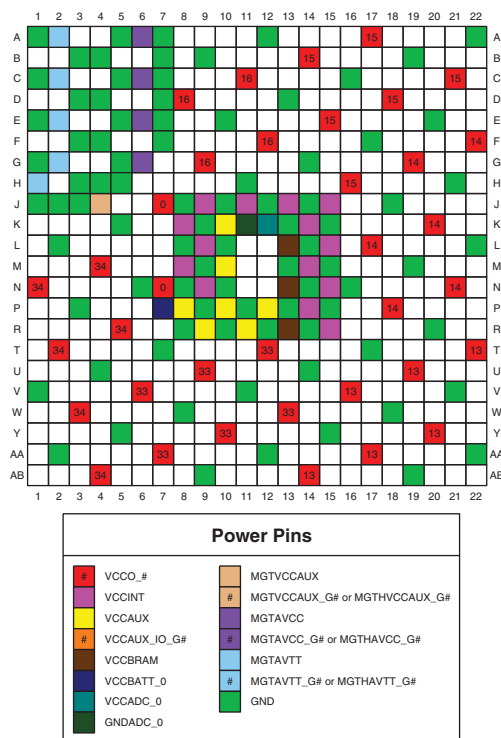


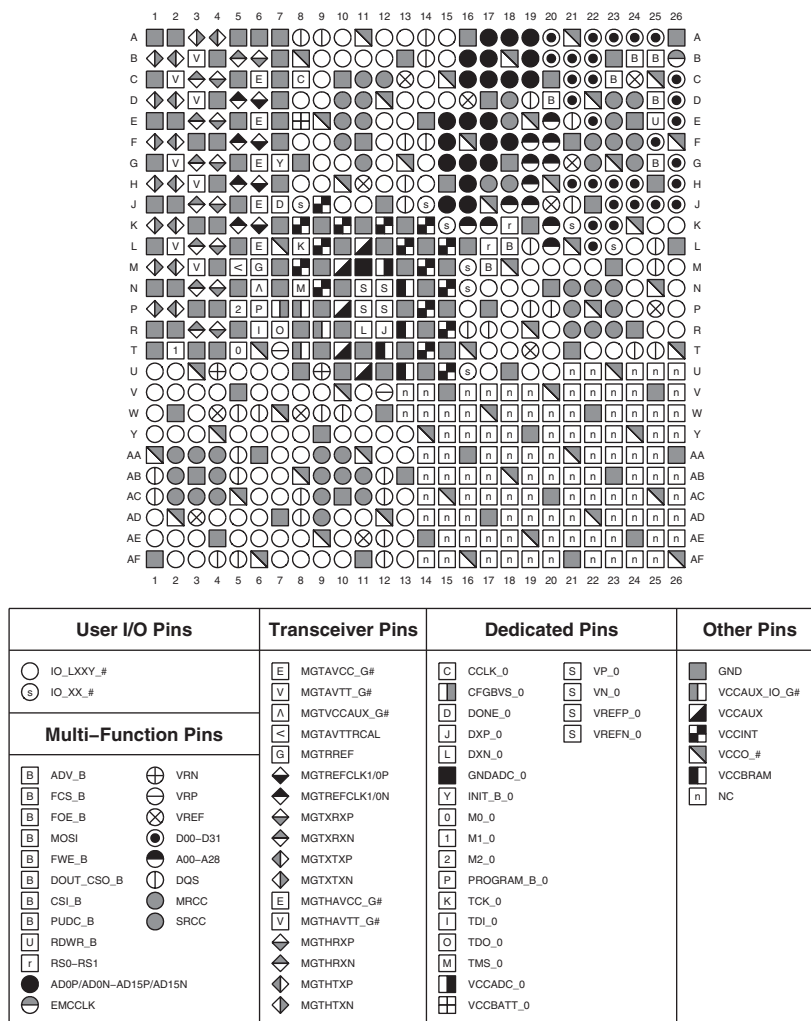
Figure 3-99: FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Packages—XC7K70T and XC7K160T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_16_052311

Figure 3-100: FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Packages—XC7K70T and XC7K160T Power and GND Placement

FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K70T



ug475_c3_05_090511

Figure 3-101: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K70T Pinout Diagram

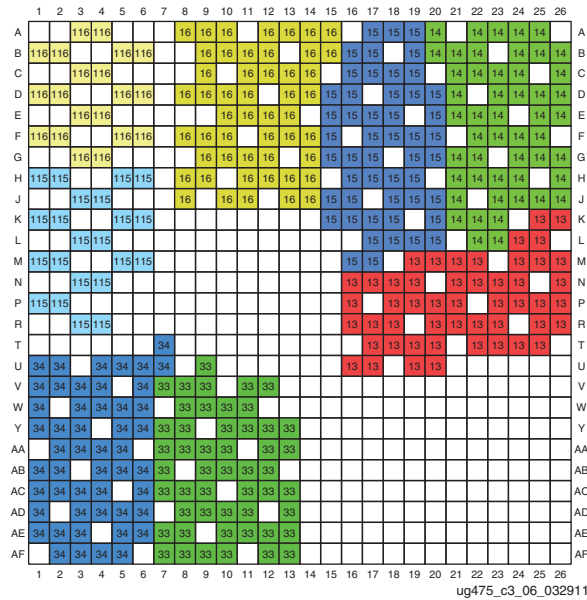


Figure 3-102: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K70T I/O Banks

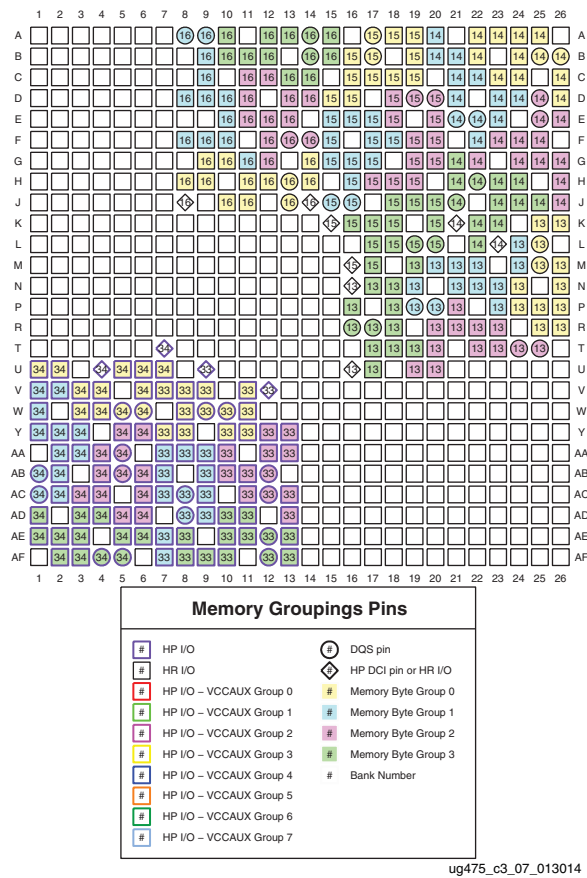
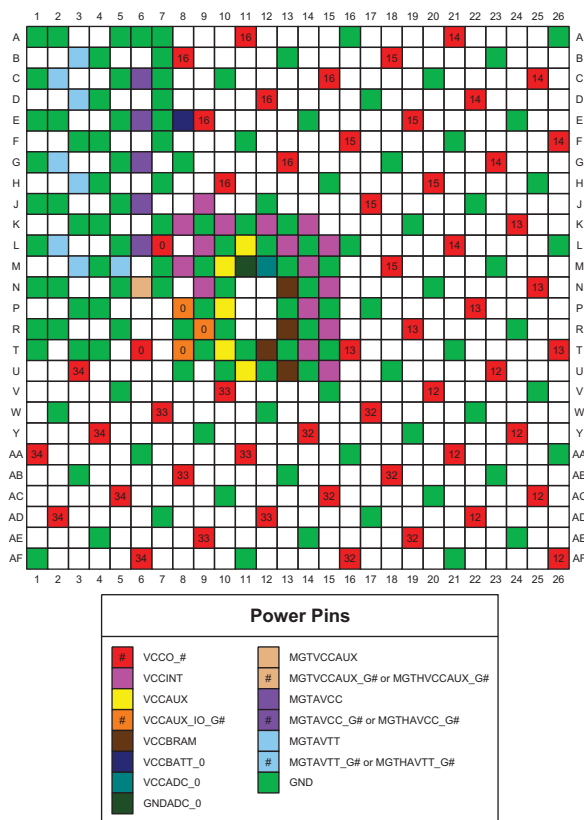


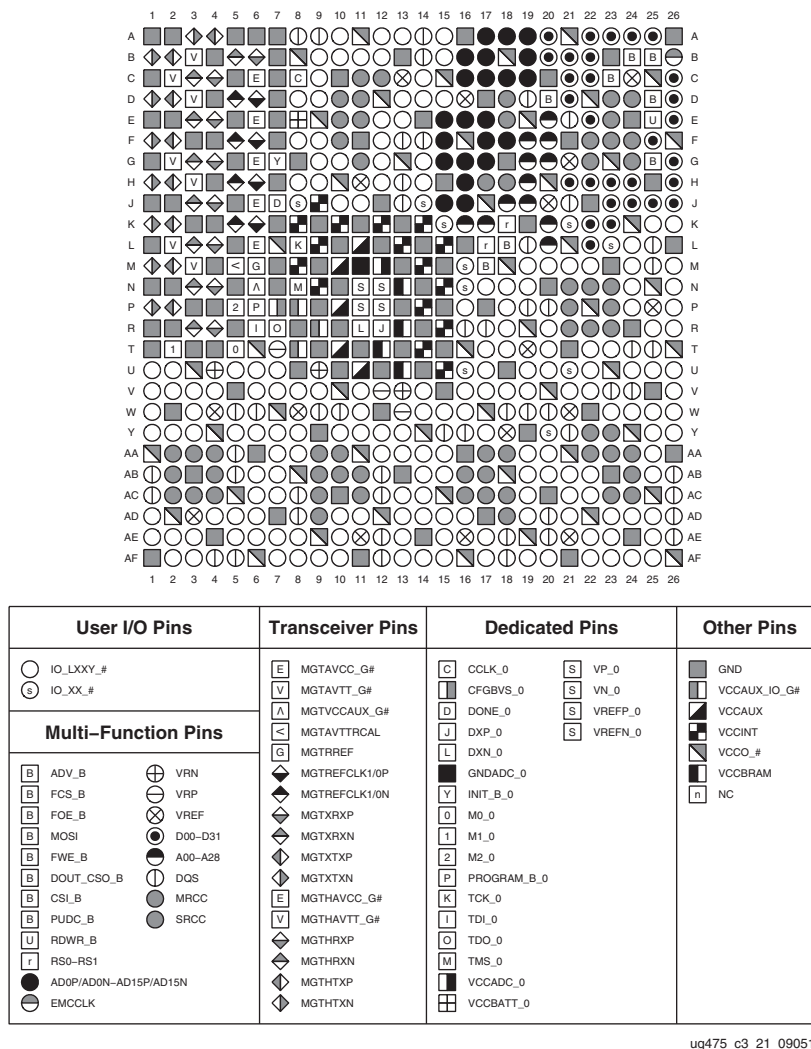
Figure 3-103: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K70T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_08_052311

Figure 3-104: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K70T Power and GND Placement

FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T



ug475_c3_21_090511

Figure 3-105: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T Pinout Diagram

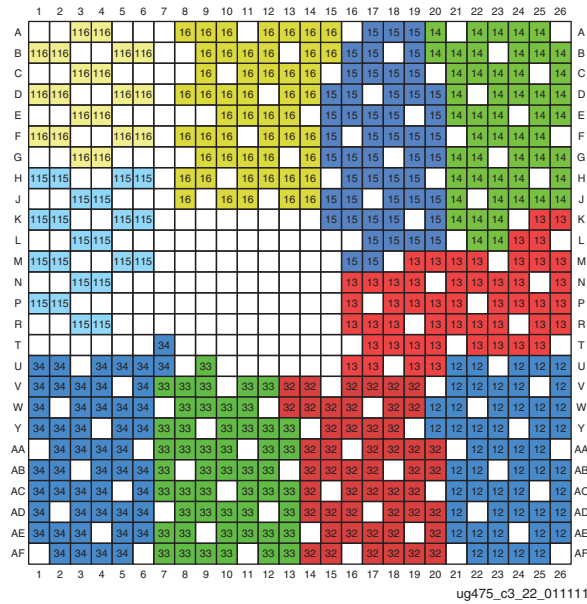


Figure 3-106: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T I/O Banks

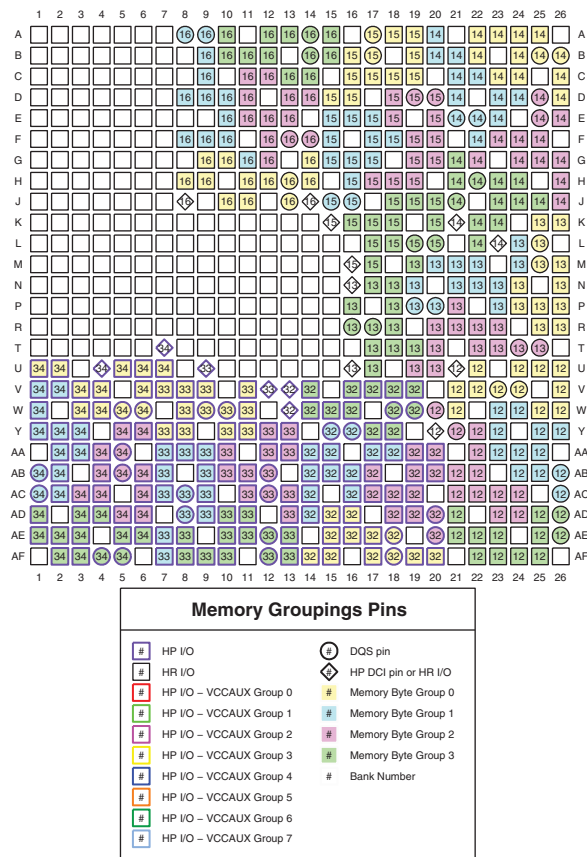
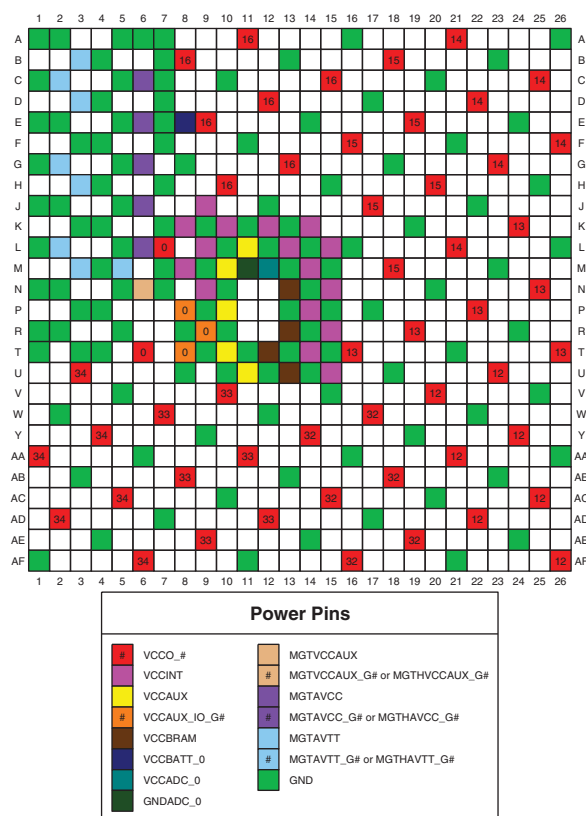


Figure 3-107: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_24_052311

Figure 3-108: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Packages—XC7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T Power and GND Placement

FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T

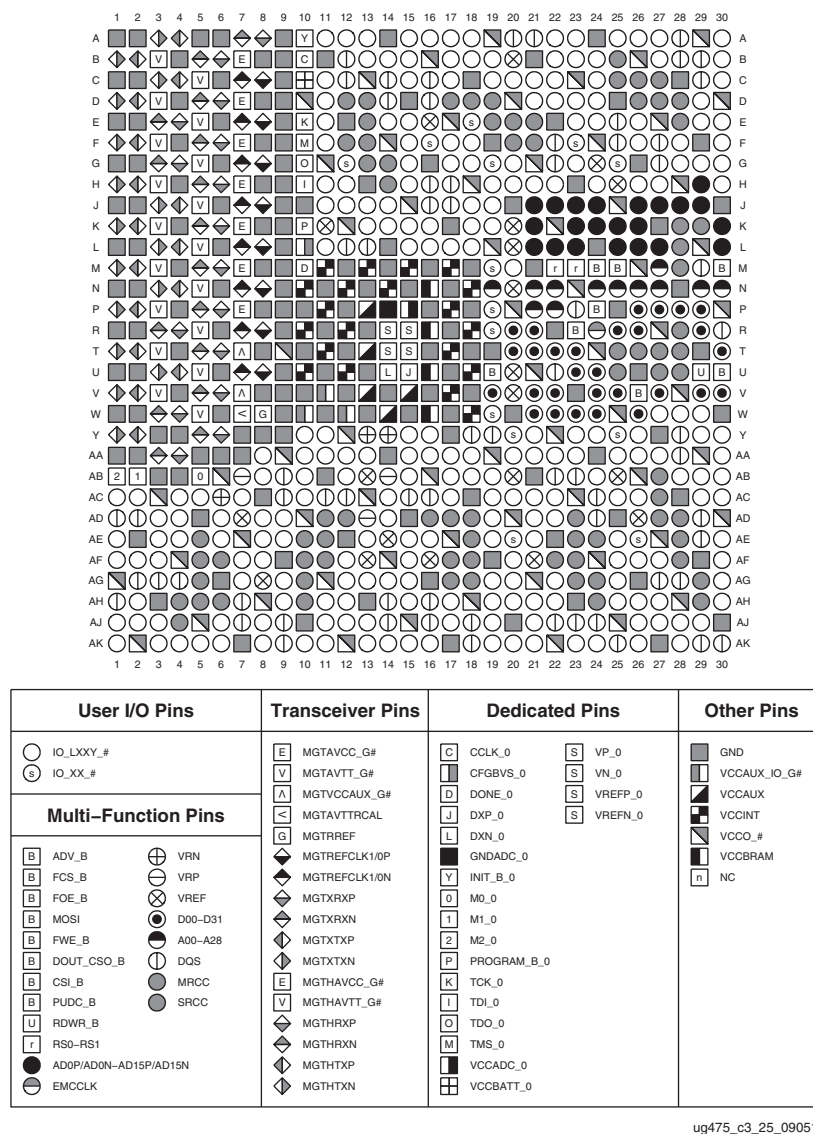


Figure 3-109: FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T Pinout Diagram

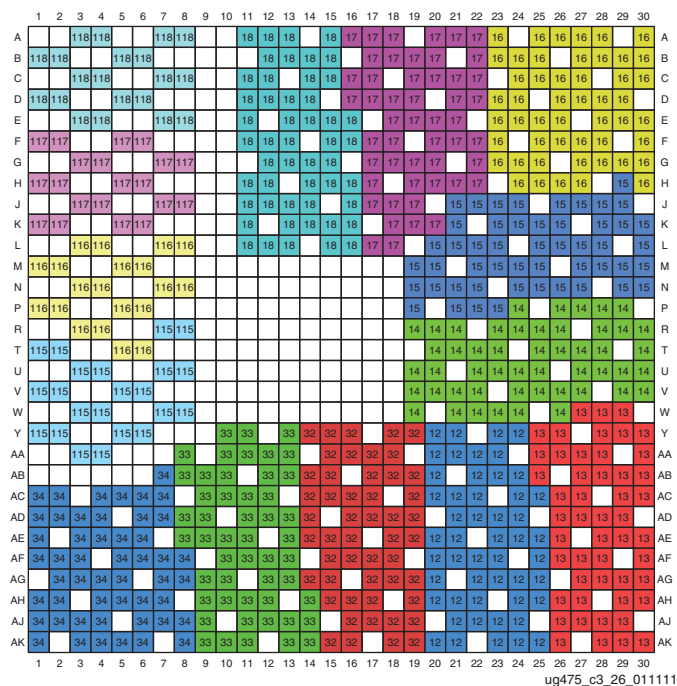


Figure 3-110: FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T I/O Banks

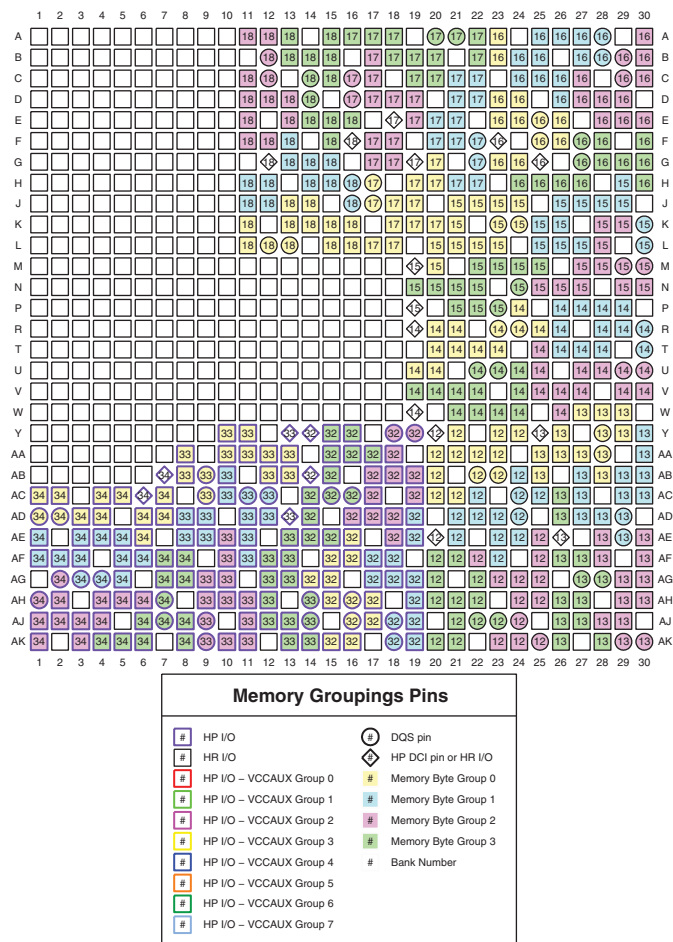
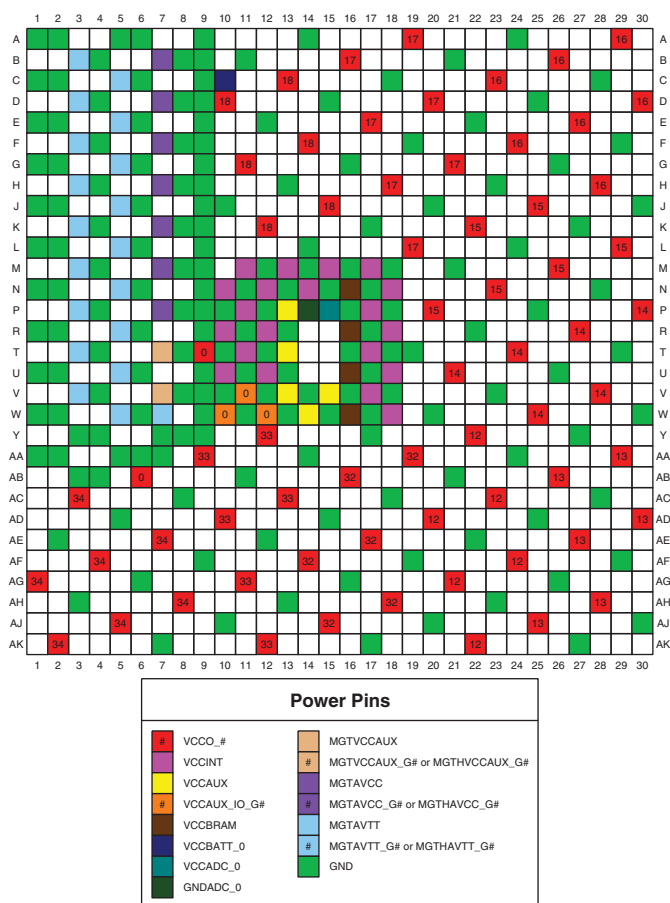


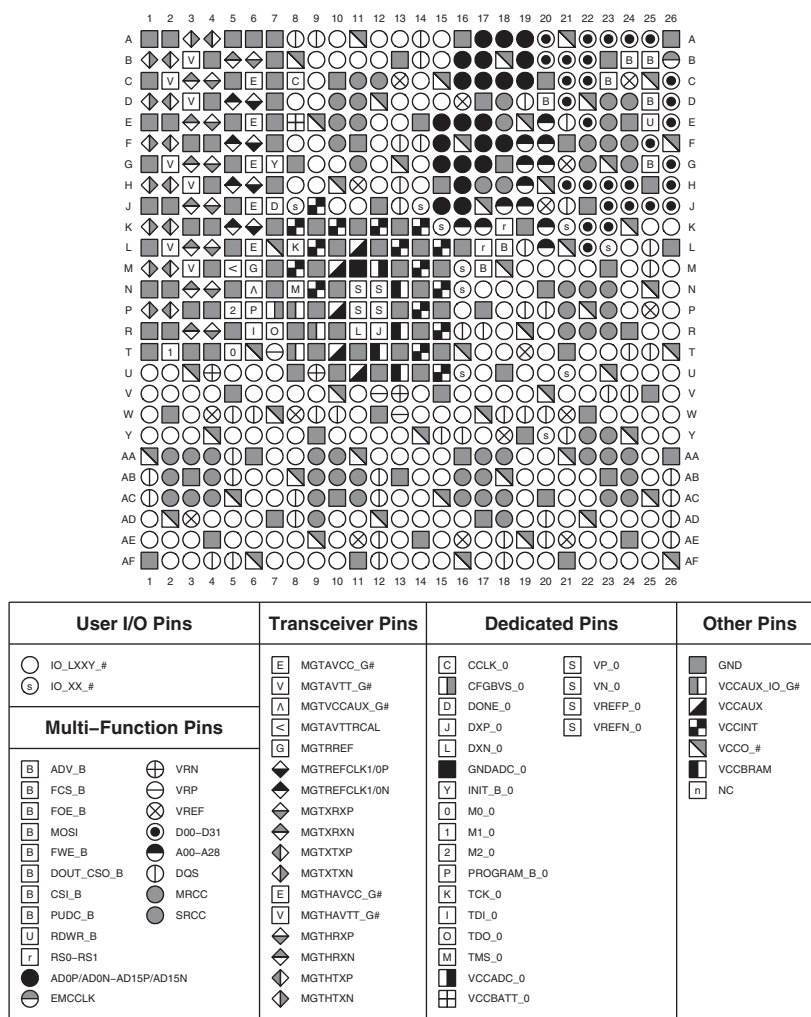
Figure 3-111: FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_28_052311

Figure 3-112: FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T Power and GND Placement

FF676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages—XC7K160T, XA7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T



ug475_c3_29_090511

Figure 3-113: FF676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages—XC7K160T, XA7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T Pinout Diagram

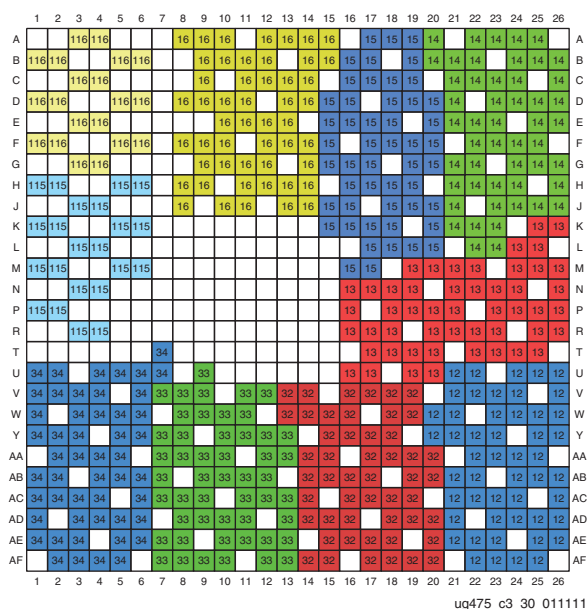
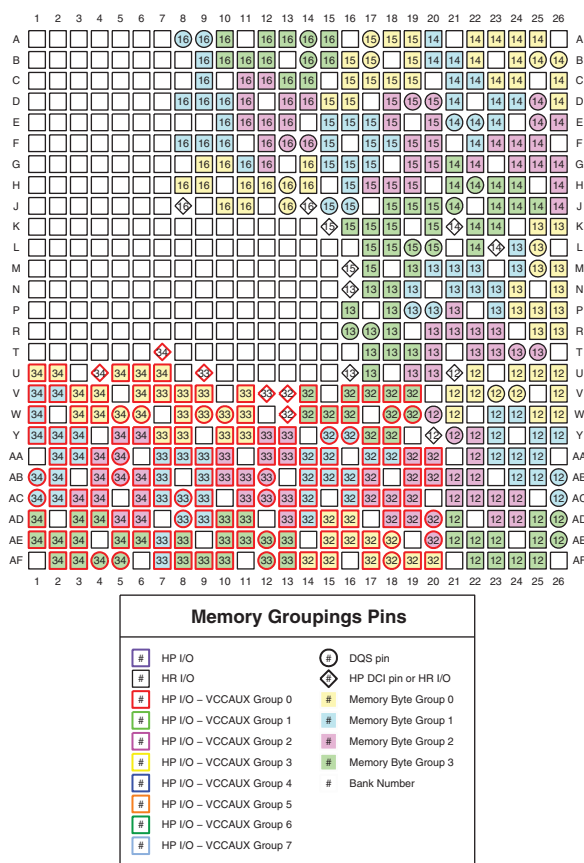
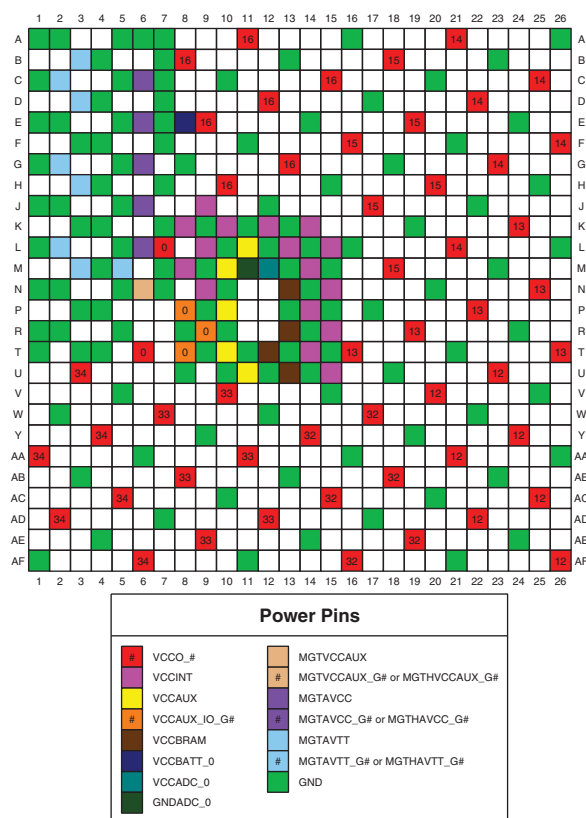


Figure 3-114: FF676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages—XC7K160T, XA7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_31_013014

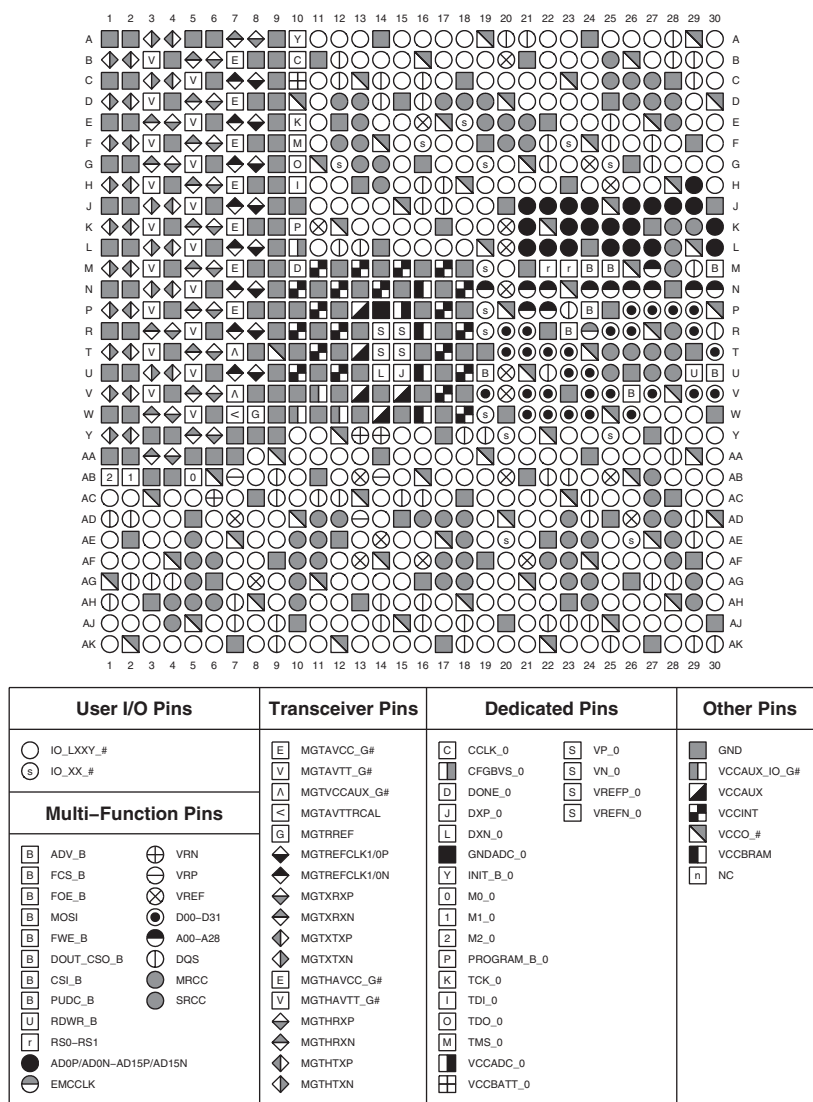
Figure 3-115: FF676, FFG676, FV676, and RF676 Packages—XC7K160T, XA7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_32_052311

Figure 3-116: FF676, FFG676, FFV676, and RF676 Packages—XC7K160T, XA7K160T, XC7K325T, and XC7K410T Power and GND Placement

FF900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T



ug475_c3_33_090511

Figure 3-117: FF900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T Pinout Diagram

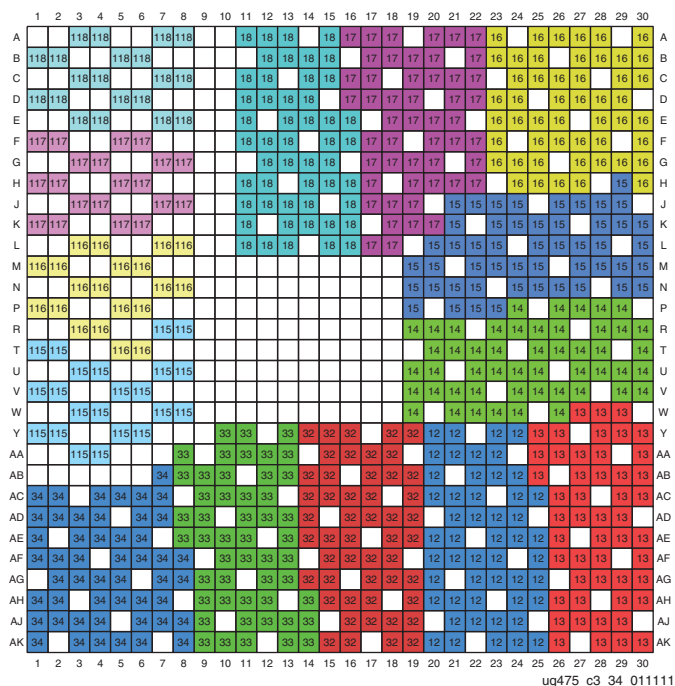


Figure 3-118: FF900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T I/O Banks

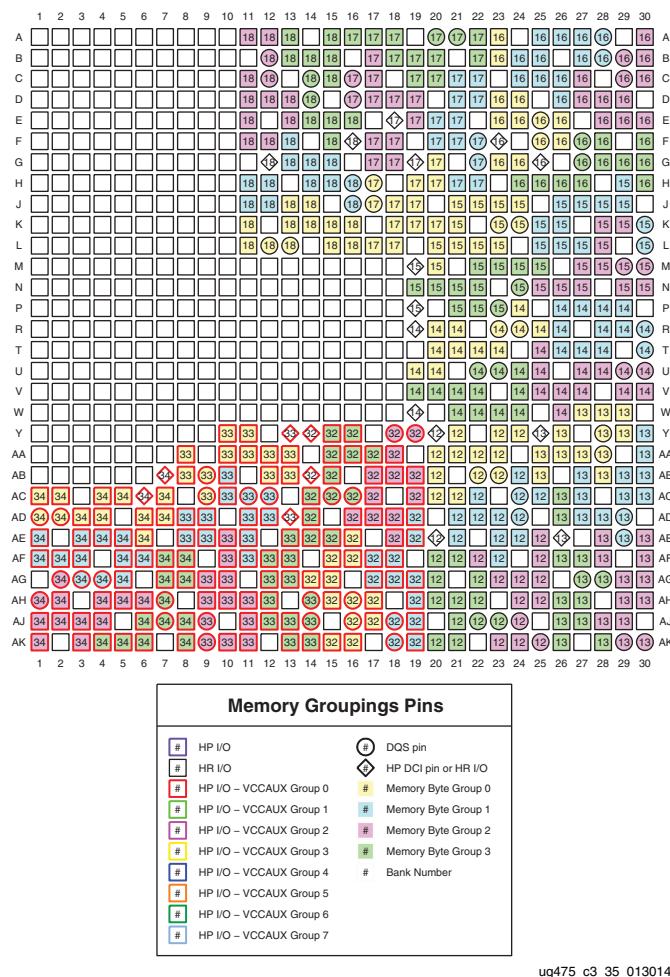
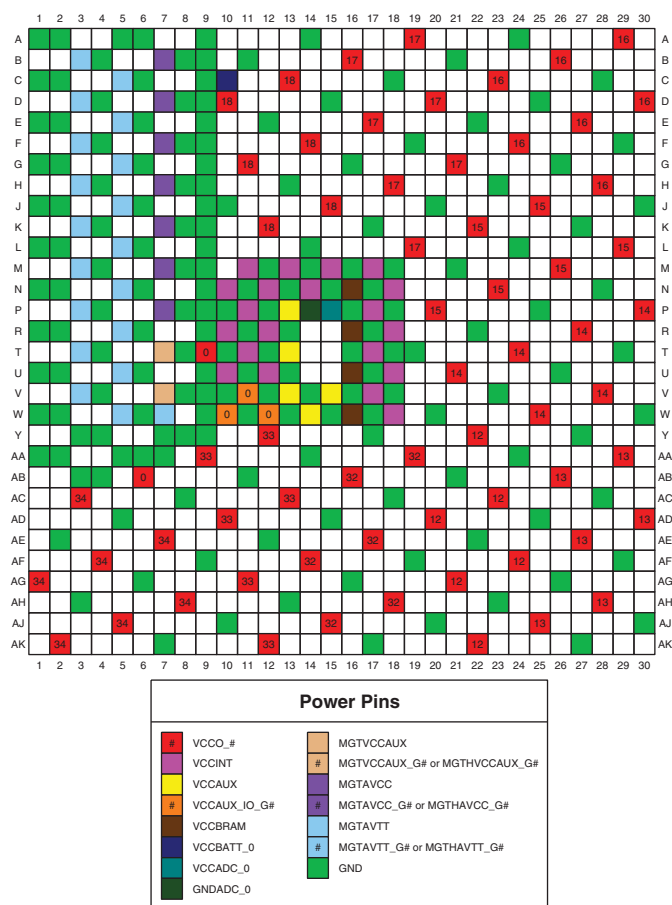


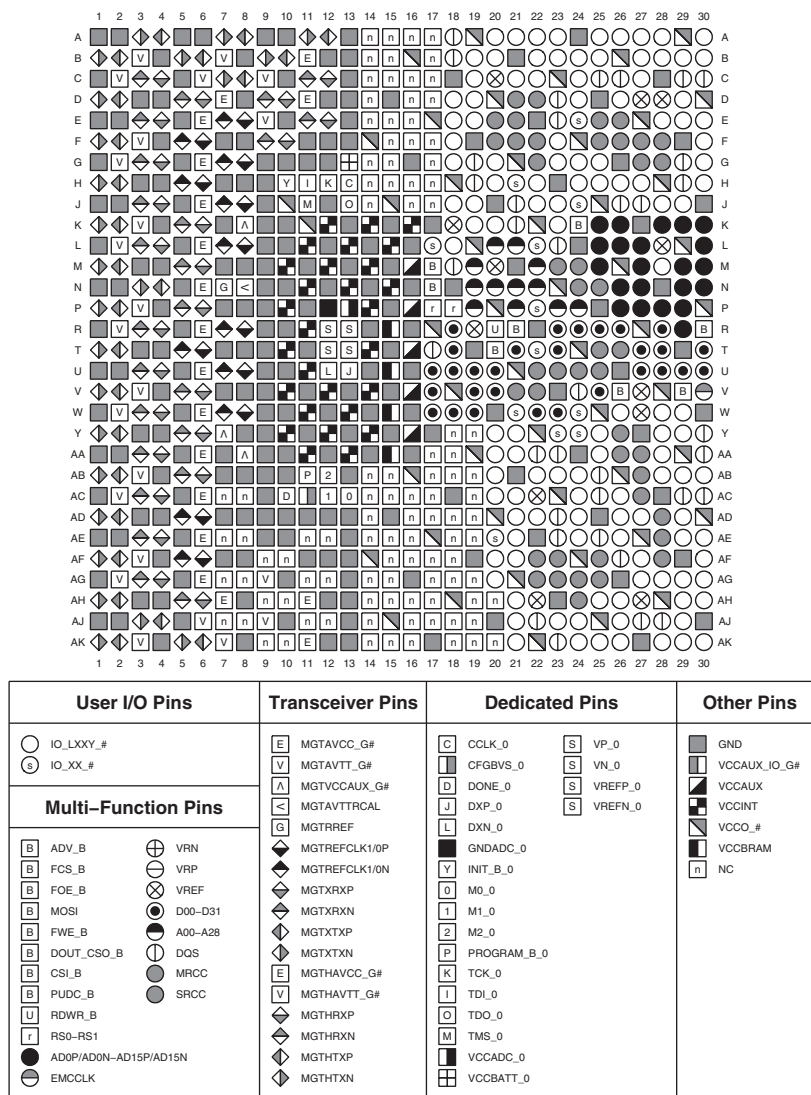
Figure 3-119: FF900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_36_052311

Figure 3-120: FF900, FFG900, FFV900, and RF900 Packages—XC7K325T and XC7K410T Power and GND Placement

FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K355T



ug475_c3_37_090511

Figure 3-121: FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K355T Pinout Diagram

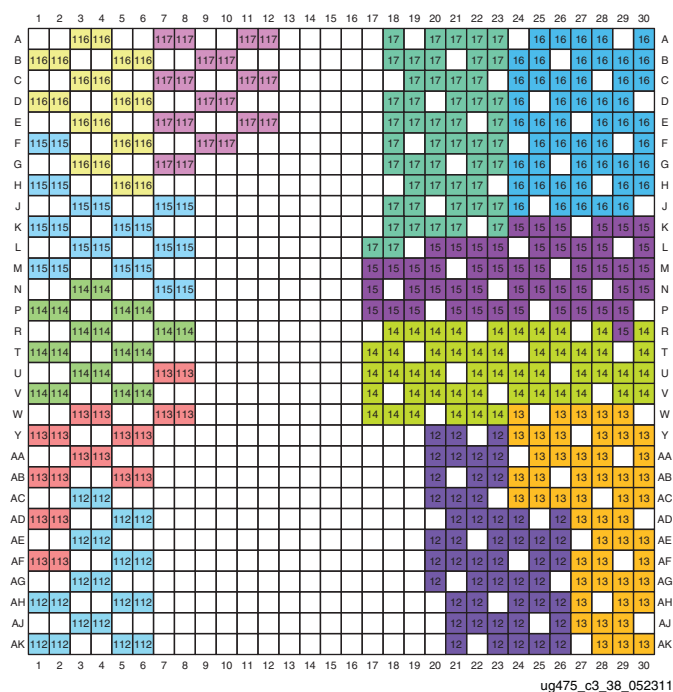
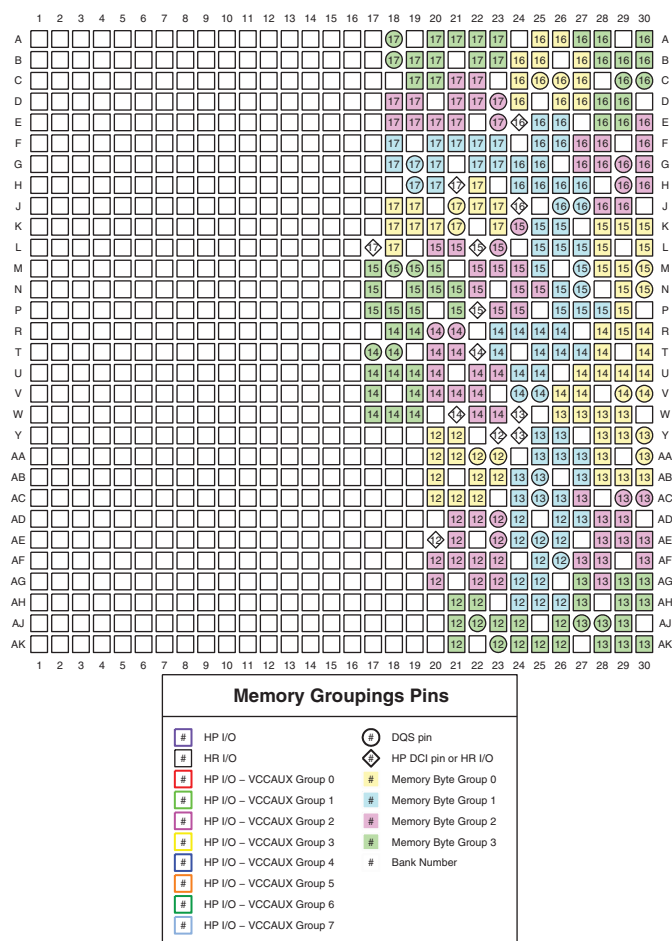
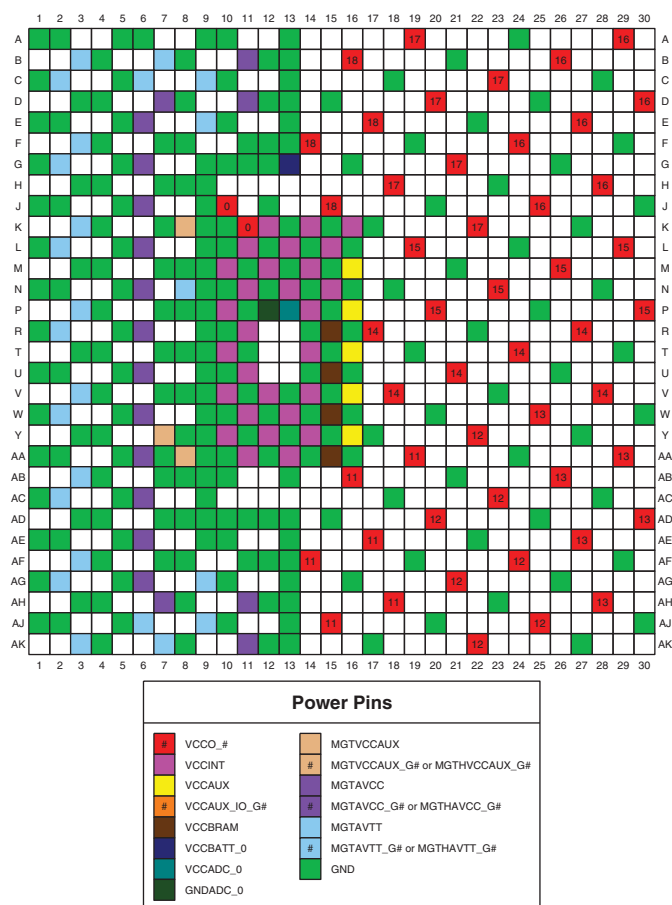


Figure 3-122: FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K355T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_39_013014

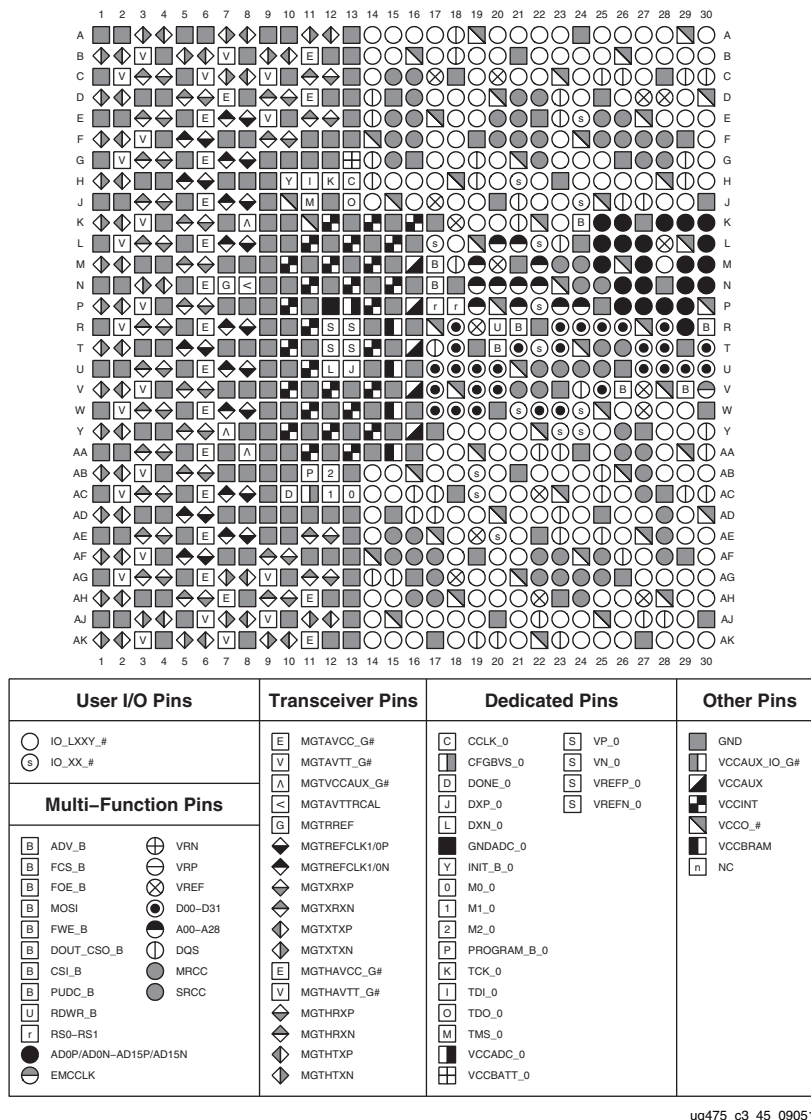
Figure 3-123: FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K355T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_40_052311

Figure 3-124: FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K355T Power and GND Placement

FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T



ug475_c3_45_090511

Figure 3-125: FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T Pinout Diagram

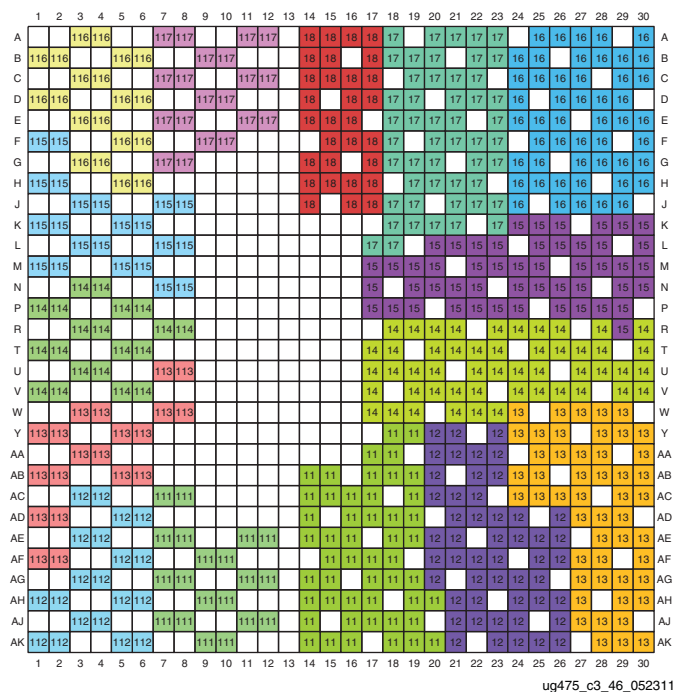
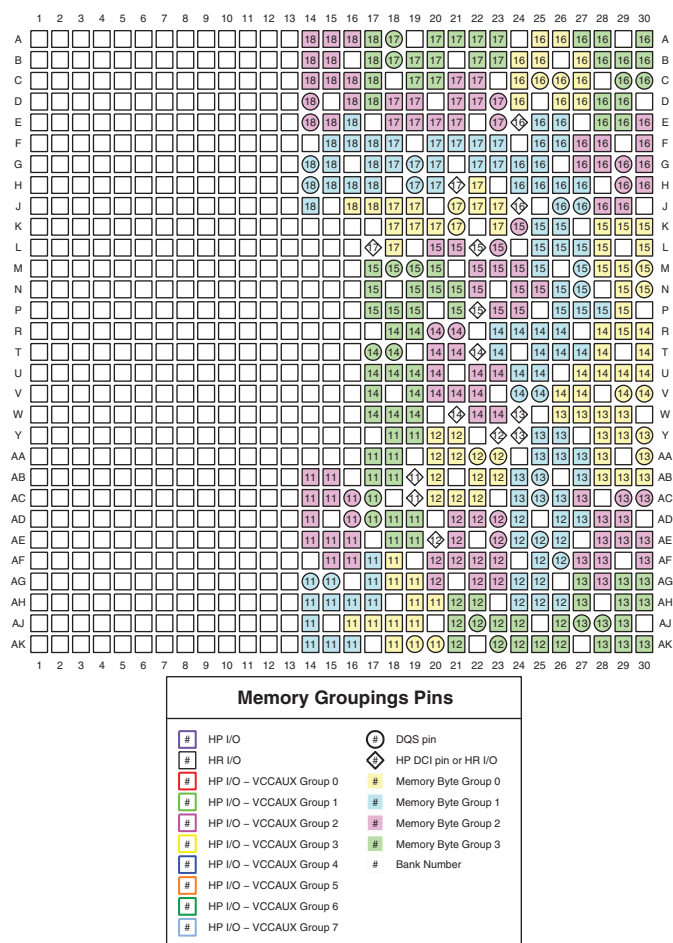
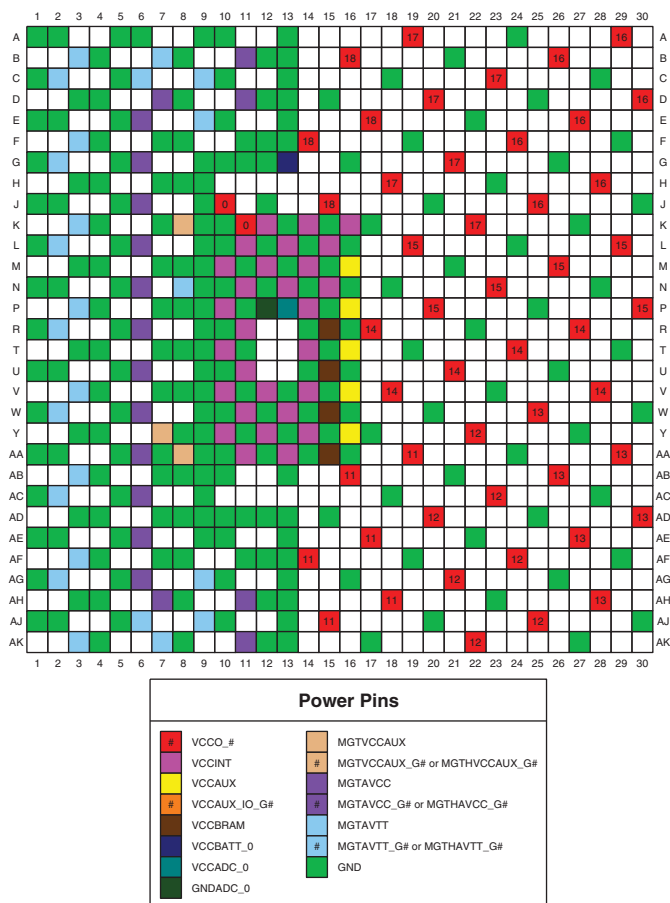


Figure 3-126: FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_47_013014

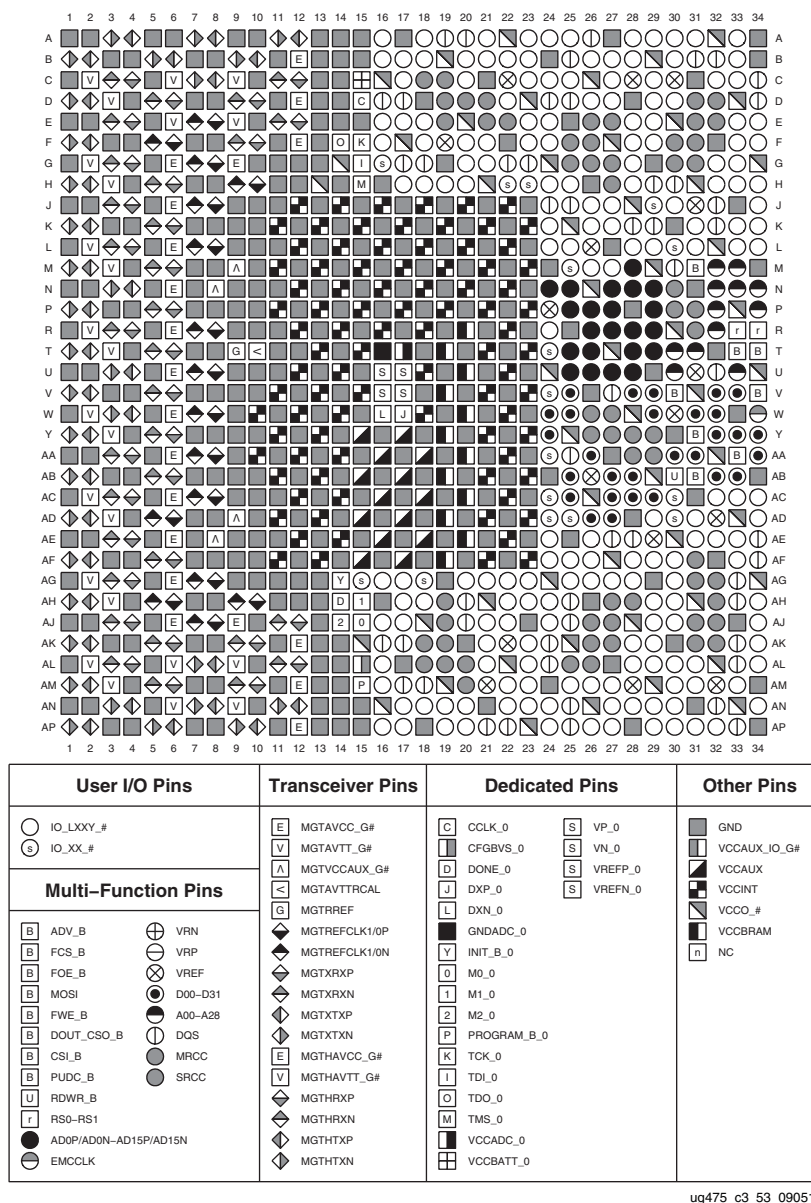
Figure 3-127: FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_48_052311

Figure 3-128: FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T Power and GND Placement

FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T



ug475_c3_53_090511

Figure 3-129: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T Pinout Diagram

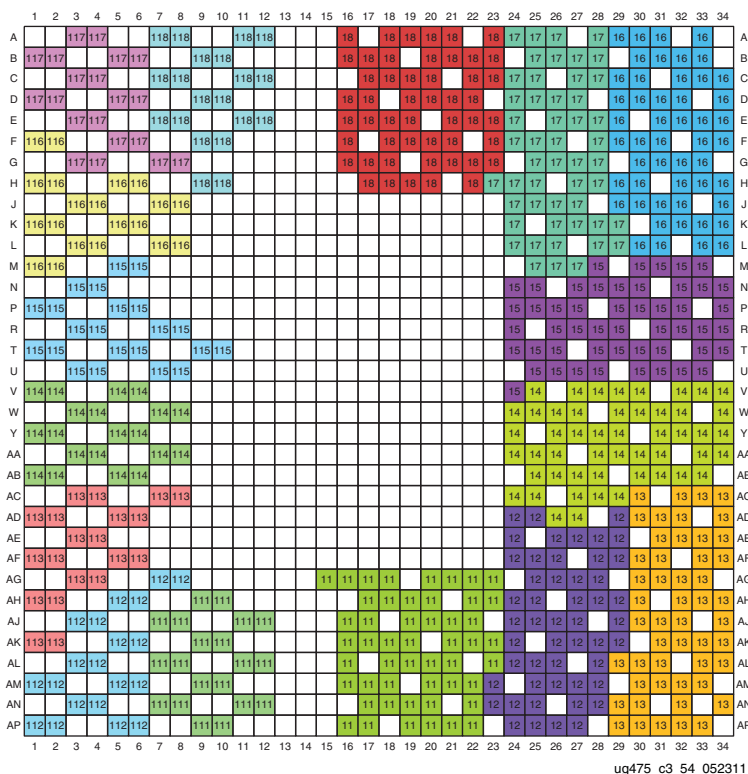
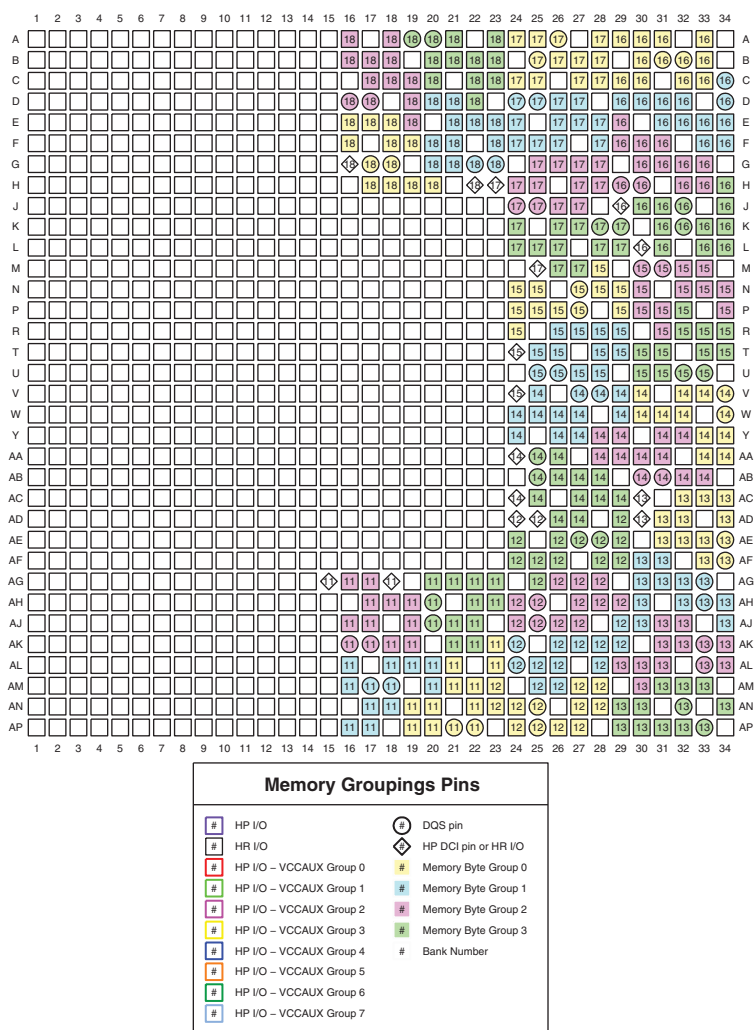
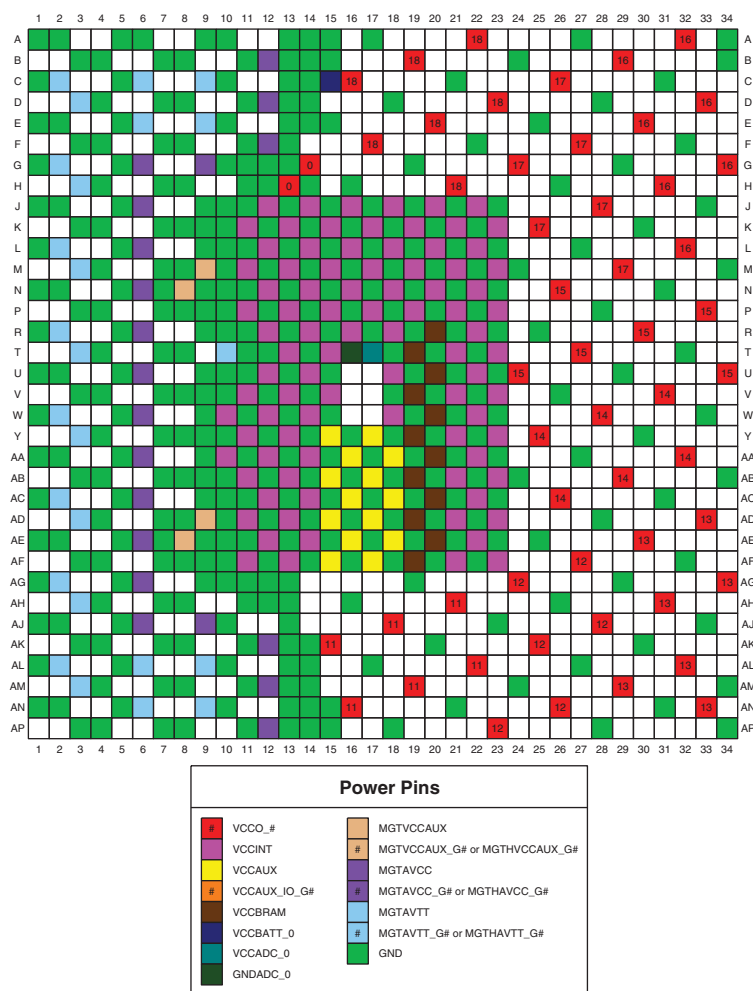


Figure 3-130: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_55_013014

Figure 3-131: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_56_052311

Figure 3-132: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Packages—XC7K420T and XC7K480T Power and GND Placement

Virtex 7 FPGAs Device Diagrams

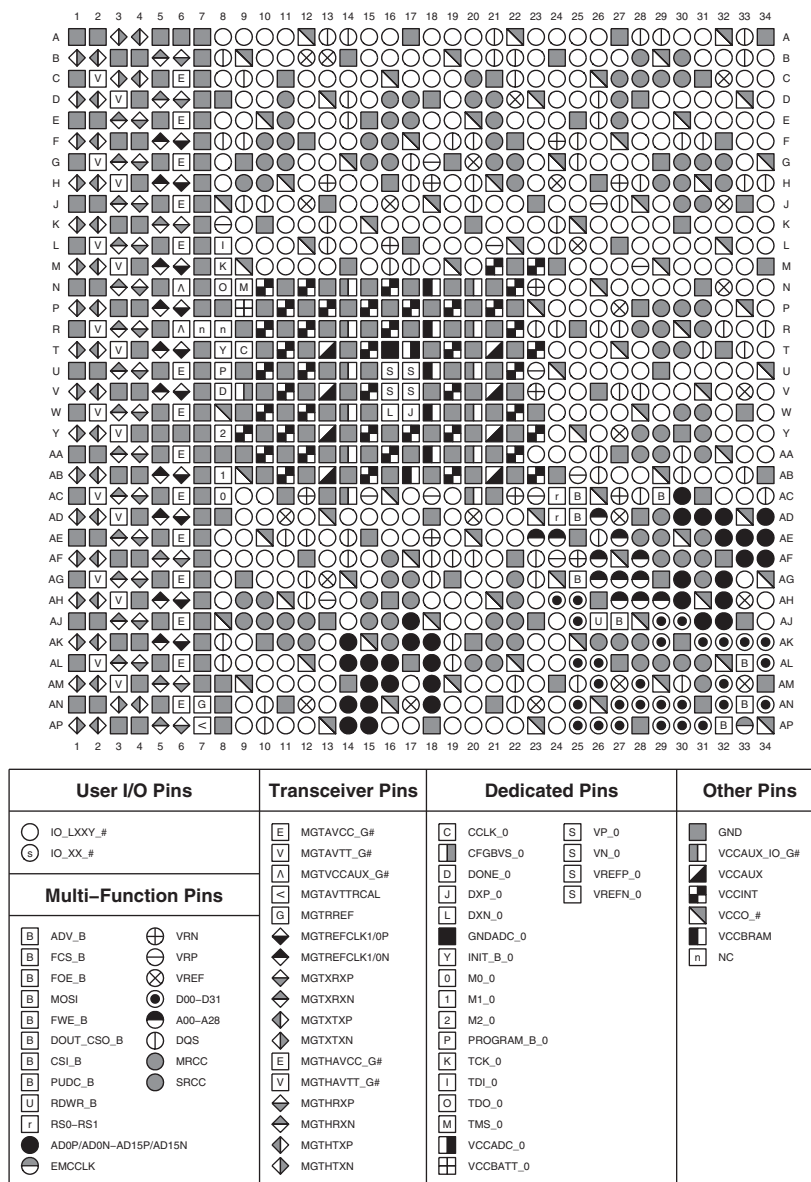
Table 3-4: Virtex 7 T FPGAs Device Diagrams Cross Reference

Device	FF1157 FFG1157 RF1157	FF1761 FFG1761 RF1761	FL1925 FLG1925	FH1761 FHG1761
XC7V585T	page 164	page 168		
XC7V2000T			page 172	page 176

Table 3-5: Virtex 7 XT FPGAs Device Diagrams Cross Reference

Device	FF1157 FFG1157 FFV1157 RF1157	FF1158 FFG1158 FFV1158 RF1158	FF1761 FFG1761 FFV1761 RF1761	FF1926 FFG1926	FF1927 FFG1927 FFV1927	FF1928 FFG1928	FF1930 FFG1930 RF1930	FL1926 FLG1926	FL1928 FLG1928	FL1930 FLG1930
XC7VX330T	page 180		page 184							
XC7VX415T	page 180	page 188			page 192					
XC7VX485T	page 196	page 200	page 204		page 208		page 212			
XC7VX550T		page 188			page 224					
XC7VX690T	page 180	page 188	page 216	page 220	page 224		page 228			
XC7VX980T				page 220		page 232	page 236			
XC7VX1140T								page 240	page 244	page 248

FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7V585T



ug475_c3_085_122811

Figure 3-133: FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7V585T Pinout Diagram

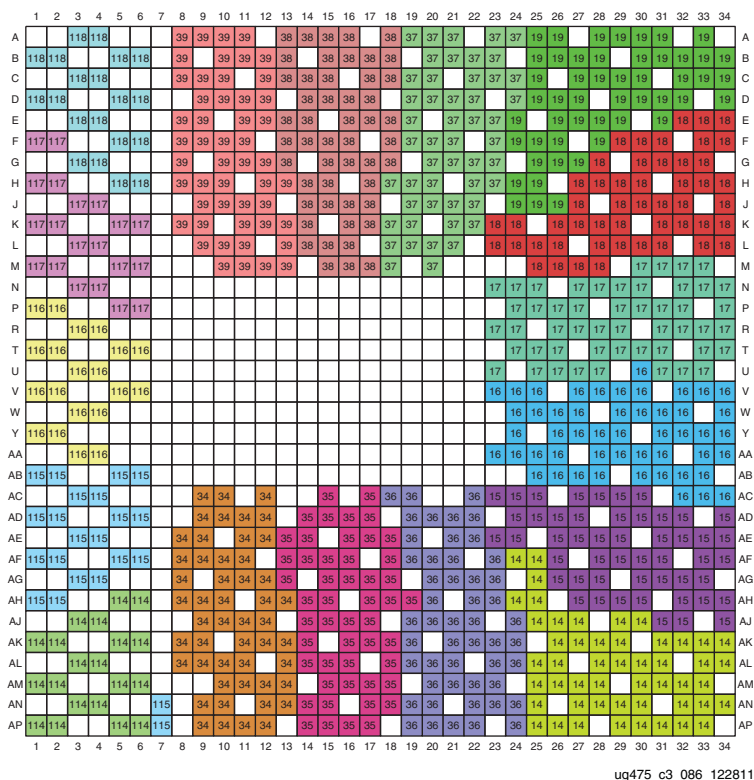
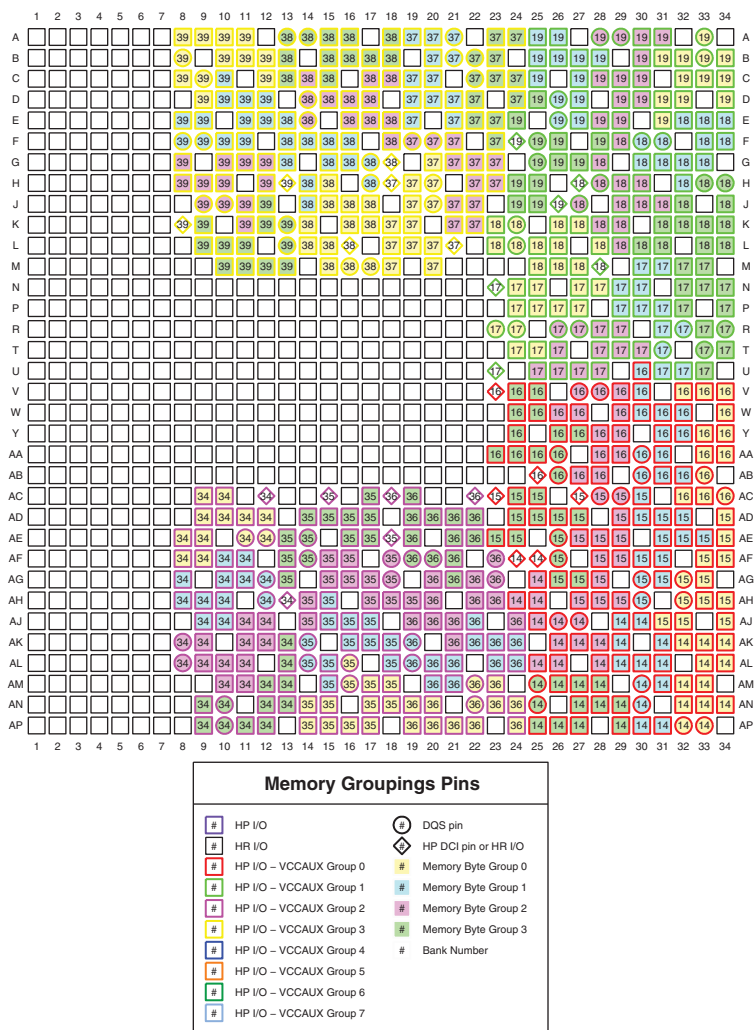
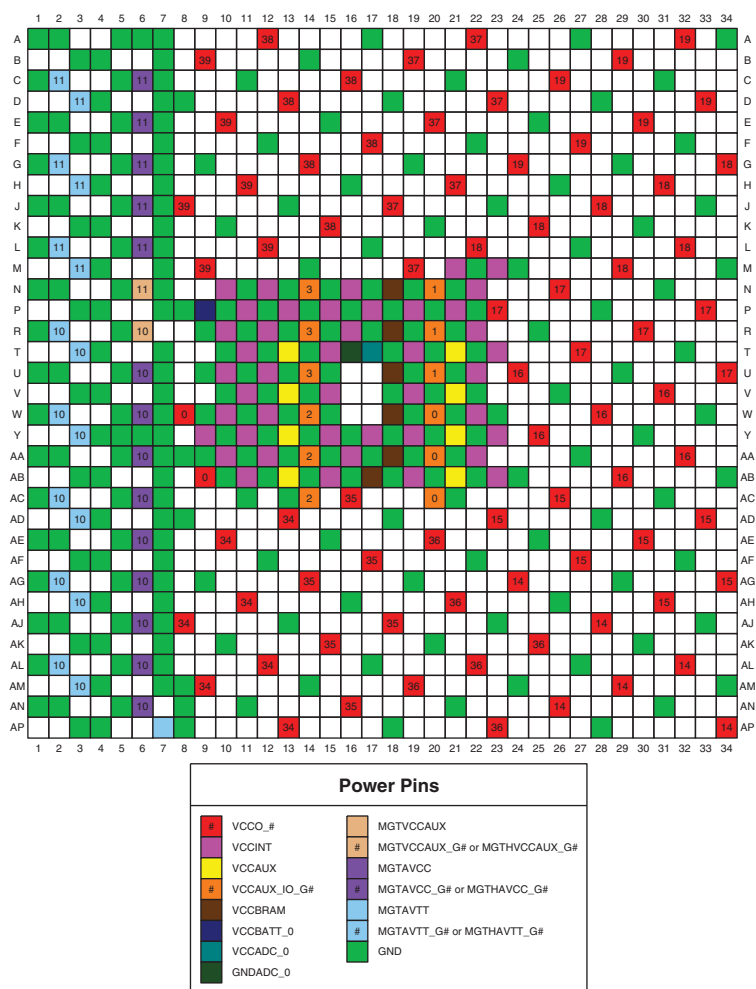


Figure 3-134: FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7V585T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_087_013014

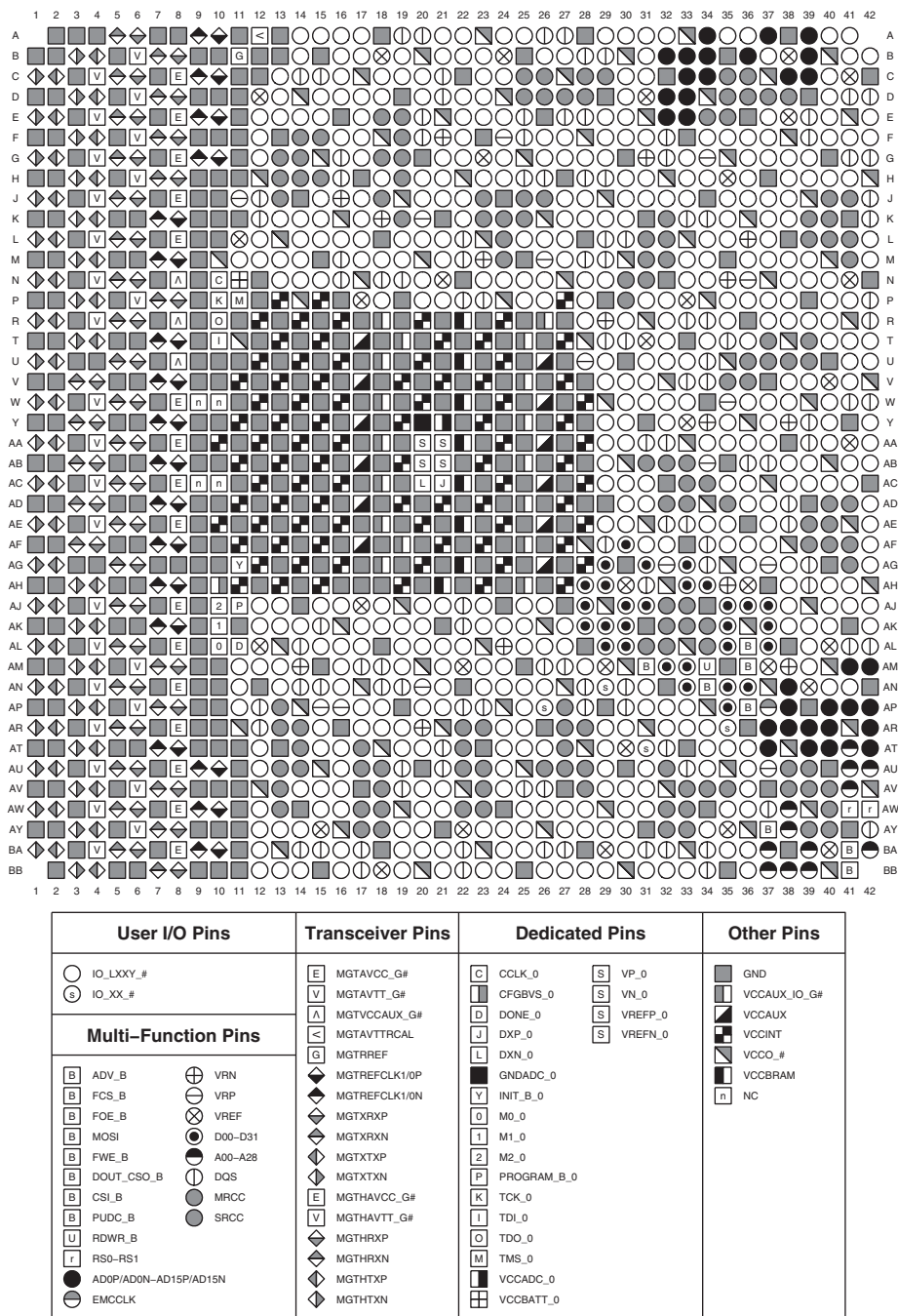
Figure 3-135: FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7V585T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_088_122811

Figure 3-136: FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7V585T Power and GND Placement

FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7V585T



ug475_c3_089_070512

Figure 3-137: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7V585T Pinout Diagram

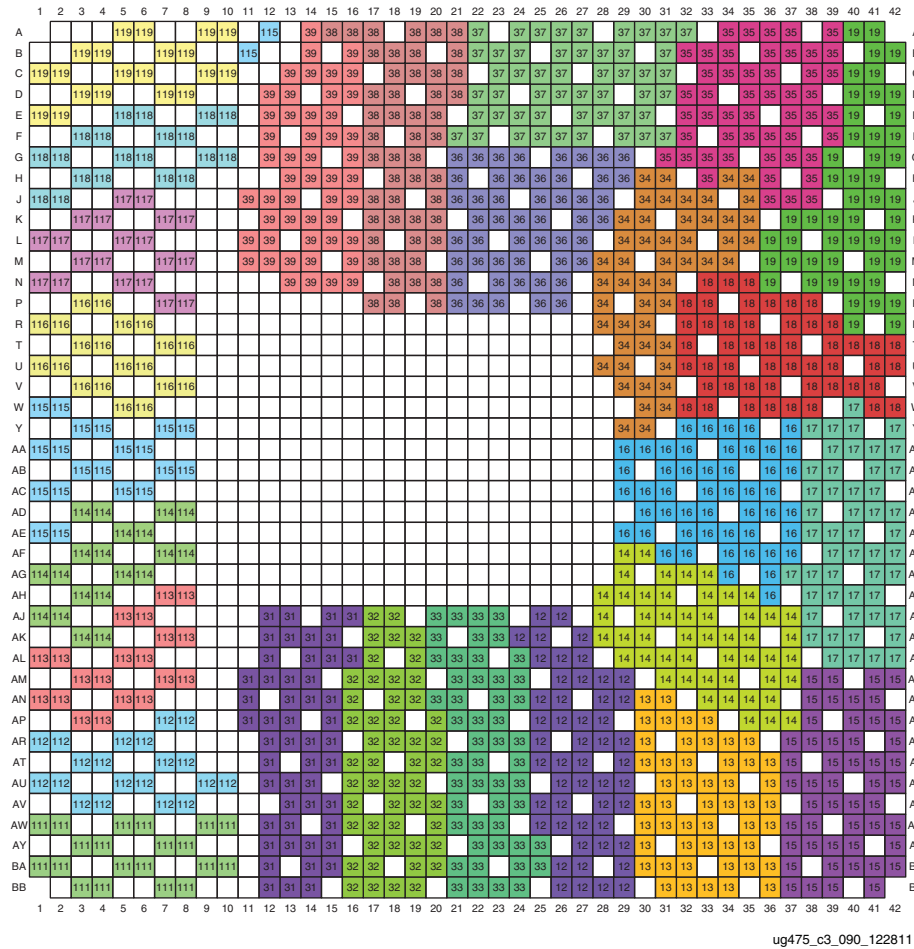
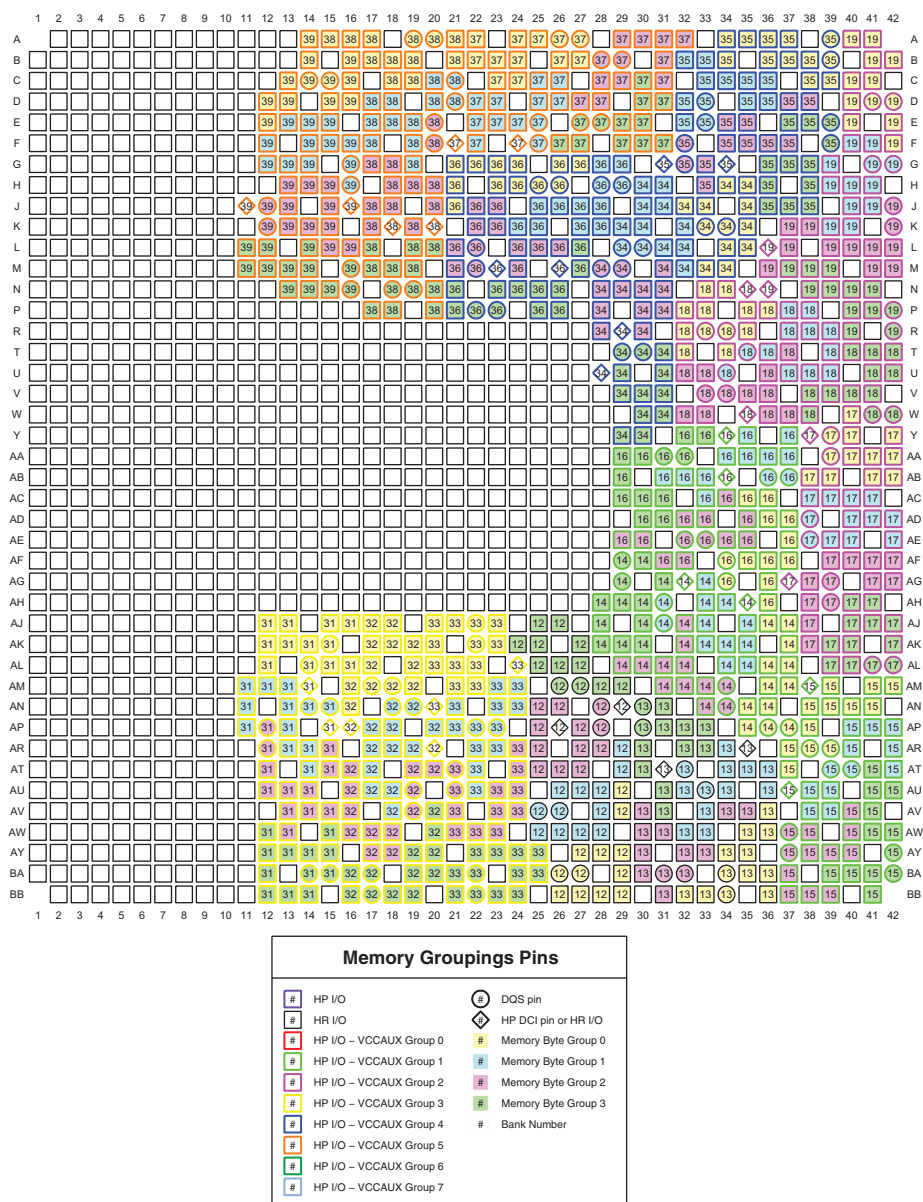
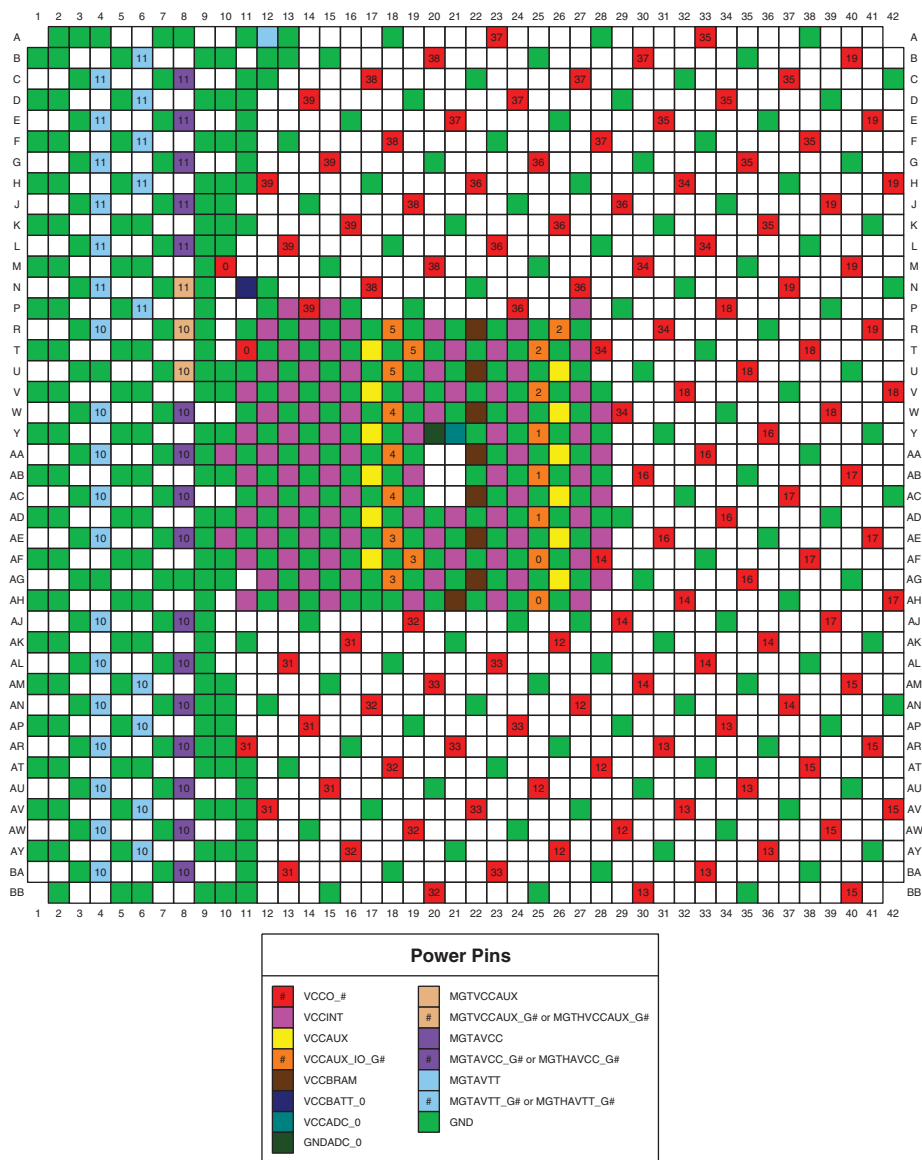


Figure 3-138: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7V585T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_091_013014

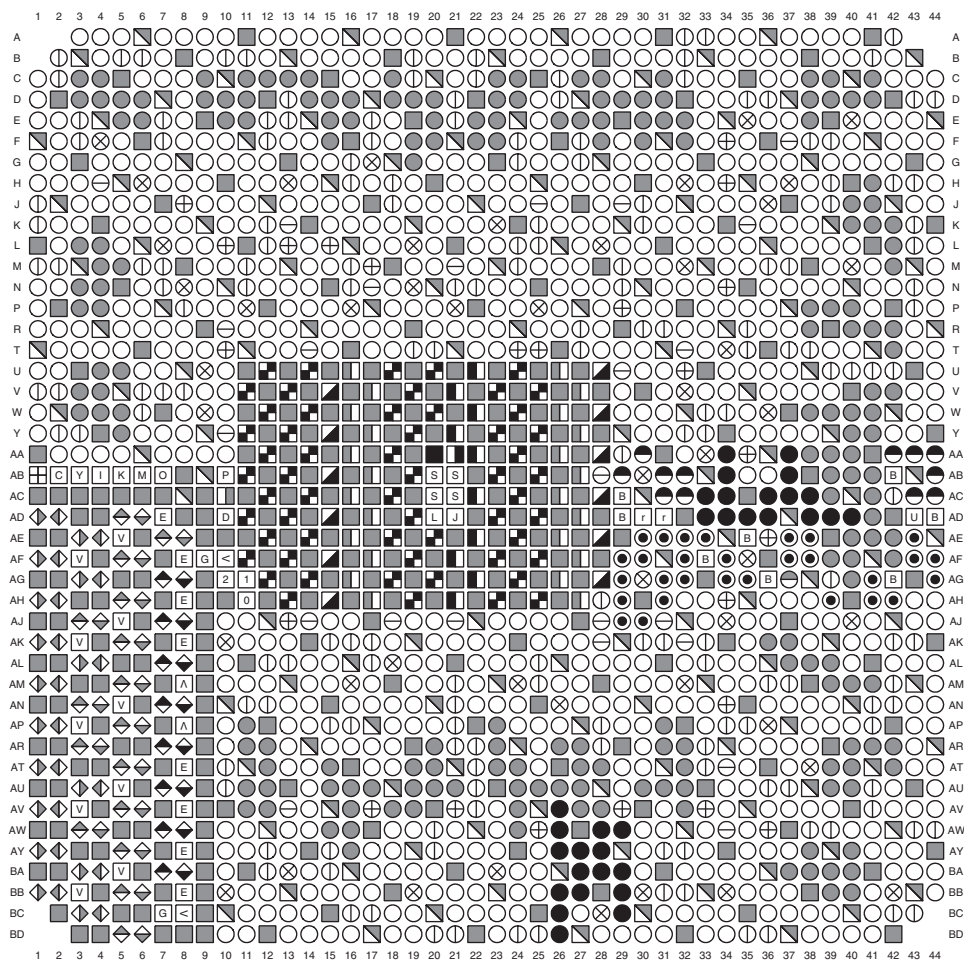
Figure 3-139: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7V585T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_092_070512

Figure 3-140: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7V585T Power and GND Placement

FL1925 and FLG1925 Packages—XC7V2000T



User I/O Pins	Transceiver Pins	Dedicated Pins	Other Pins
○ IO_LXXY_# ○ IO_XX_#	E MGTAVCC_G# V MGTAVTT_G# A MGTVCCAUX_G# < MGTAVTTRCAL G MGTTRREF ◆ MGTRREFCLK1/0P ◆ MGTRREFCLK1/0N ◆ MGTXRXP ◆ MGTXRXN ◆ MGTXTXP ◆ MGTXTXN E MGTHAVCC_G# V MGTHAVTT_G# ◆ MGTHRXP ◆ MGTHRXN ◆ MGHTHTXP ◆ MGHTHTXN	C CCLK_0 CFGBVS_0 D DONE_0 J DXP_0 L DXN_0 Y GNDADC INIT_B_0 0 M0_0 1 M1_0 2 M2_0 P PROGRAM_B_0 K TCK_0 I TDI_0 O TDO_0 M TMS_0 VCCAADC VCCBATT_0 S VP_0 S VN_0 S VREFP_0 S VREFN_0	■ GND VCCAUX_IO_G# VCCAUX VCCINT VCCO_# VCCBRAM n NC
Multi-Function Pins			
B ADV_B B FCS_B B FOE_B B MOSI B FWE_B B DOUT_CSO_B B CSI_B B PUDC_B U RDWR_B I RS0-RS1 ● AD0P/AD0N-AD15P/AD15N ○ EMCCLK ⊕ VRN ⊖ VRP ⊗ VREF ● D00-D31 ● A00-A28 ⊖ DQS ● MRCC ● SRCC			

ug475_c3_097_101413

Figure 3-141: FL1925 and FLG1925 Packages—XC7V2000T Pinout Diagram

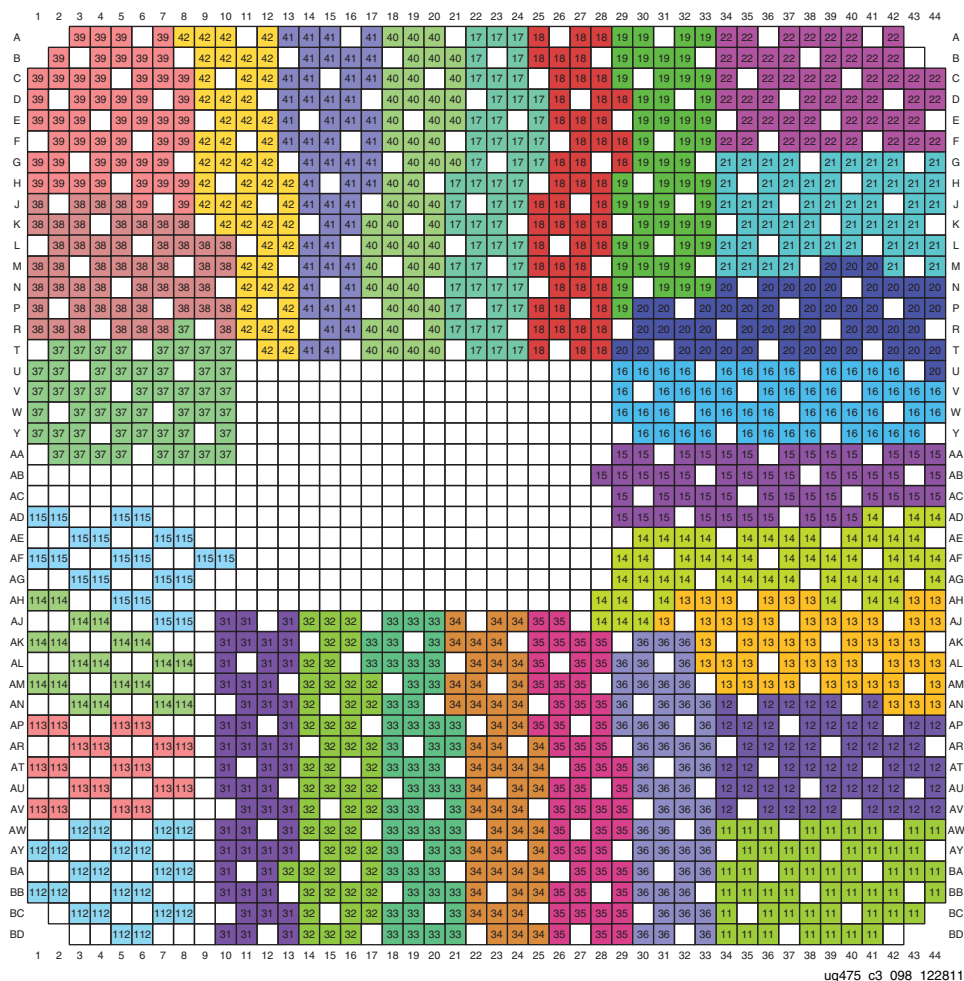
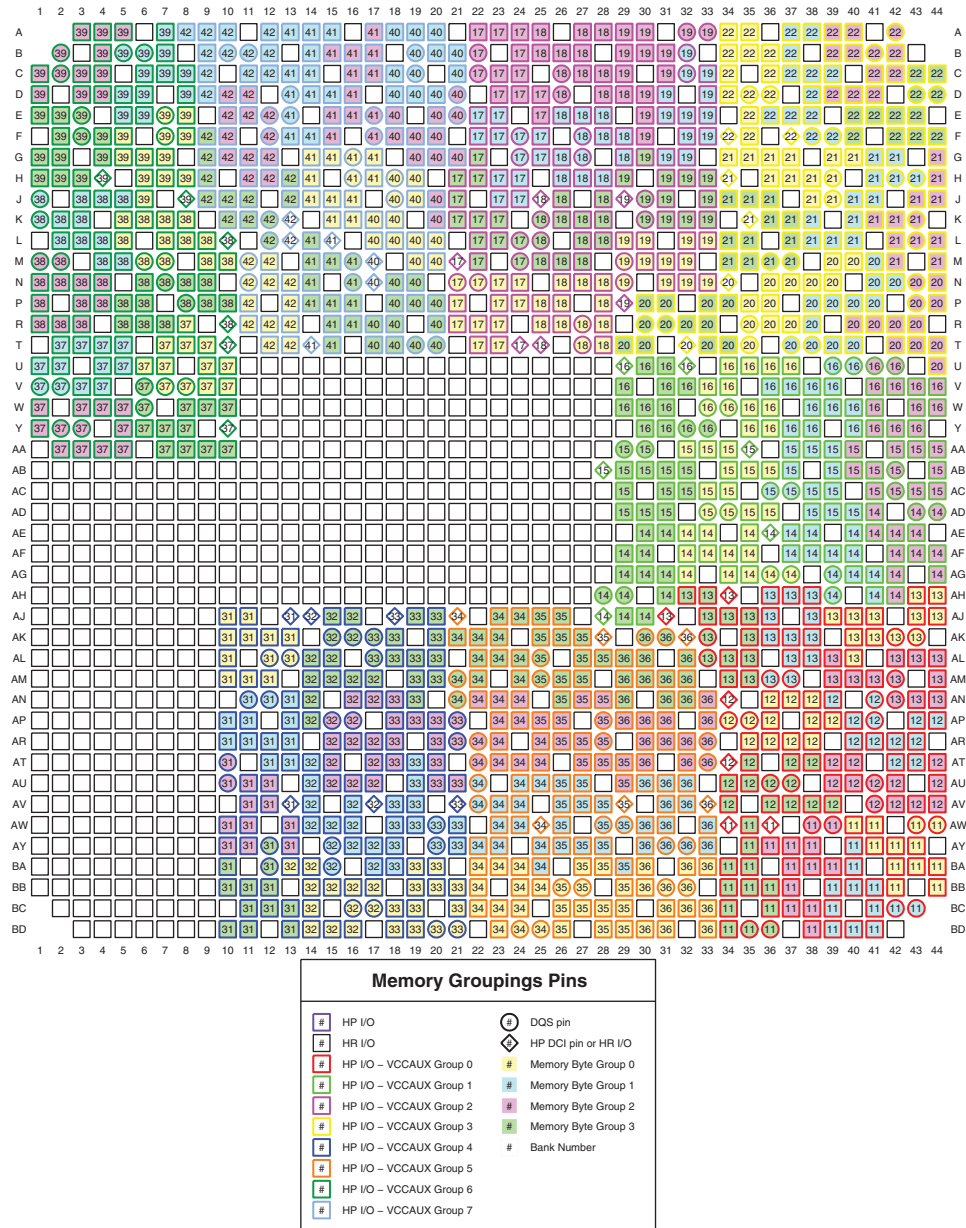
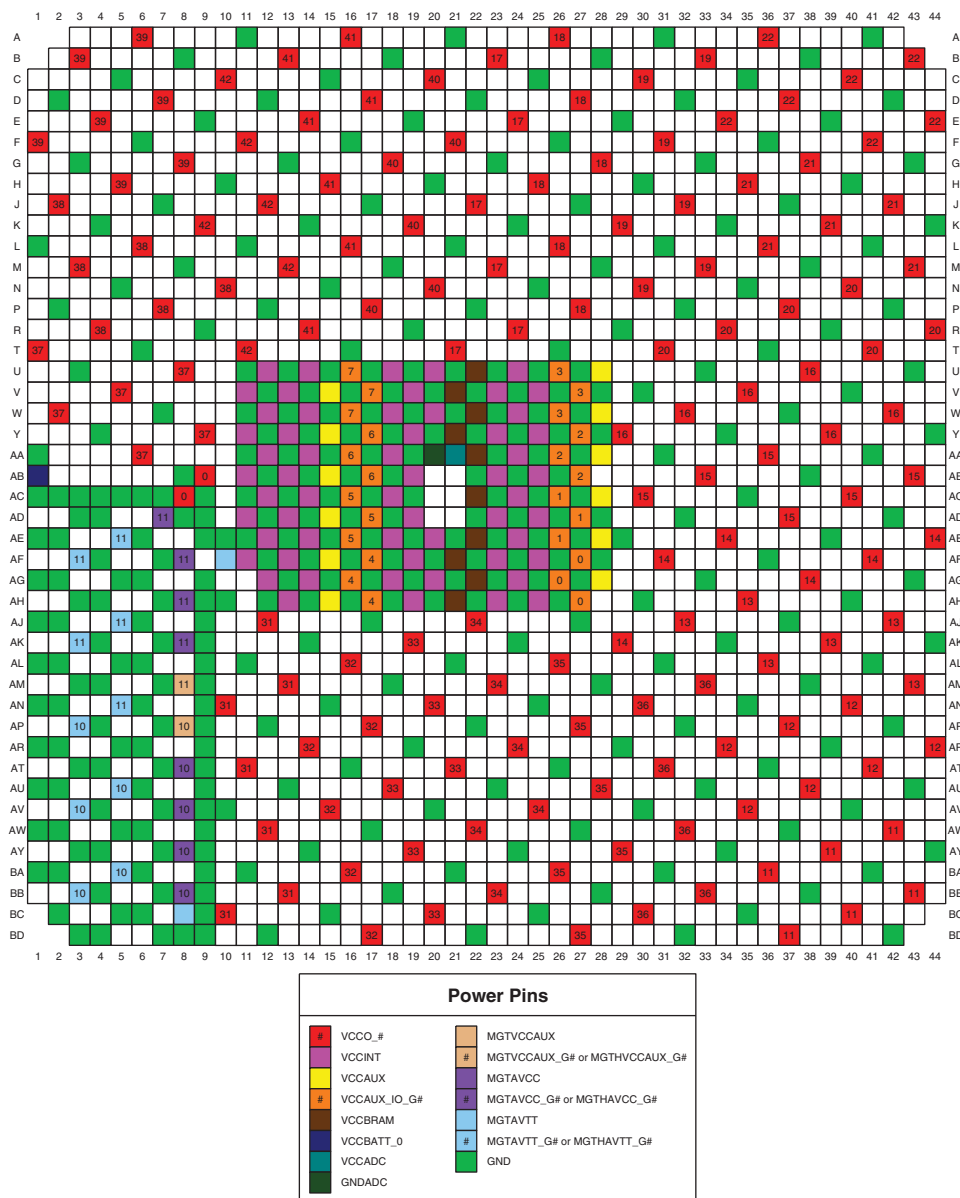


Figure 3-142: FL1925 and FLG1925 Packages—XC7V2000T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_099_013014

Figure 3-143: FL1925 and FLG1925 Packages—XC7V2000T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_100_101413

Figure 3-144: FL1925 and FLG1925 Packages—XC7V2000T Power and GND Placement

FH1761 and FHG1761 Packages—XC7V2000T

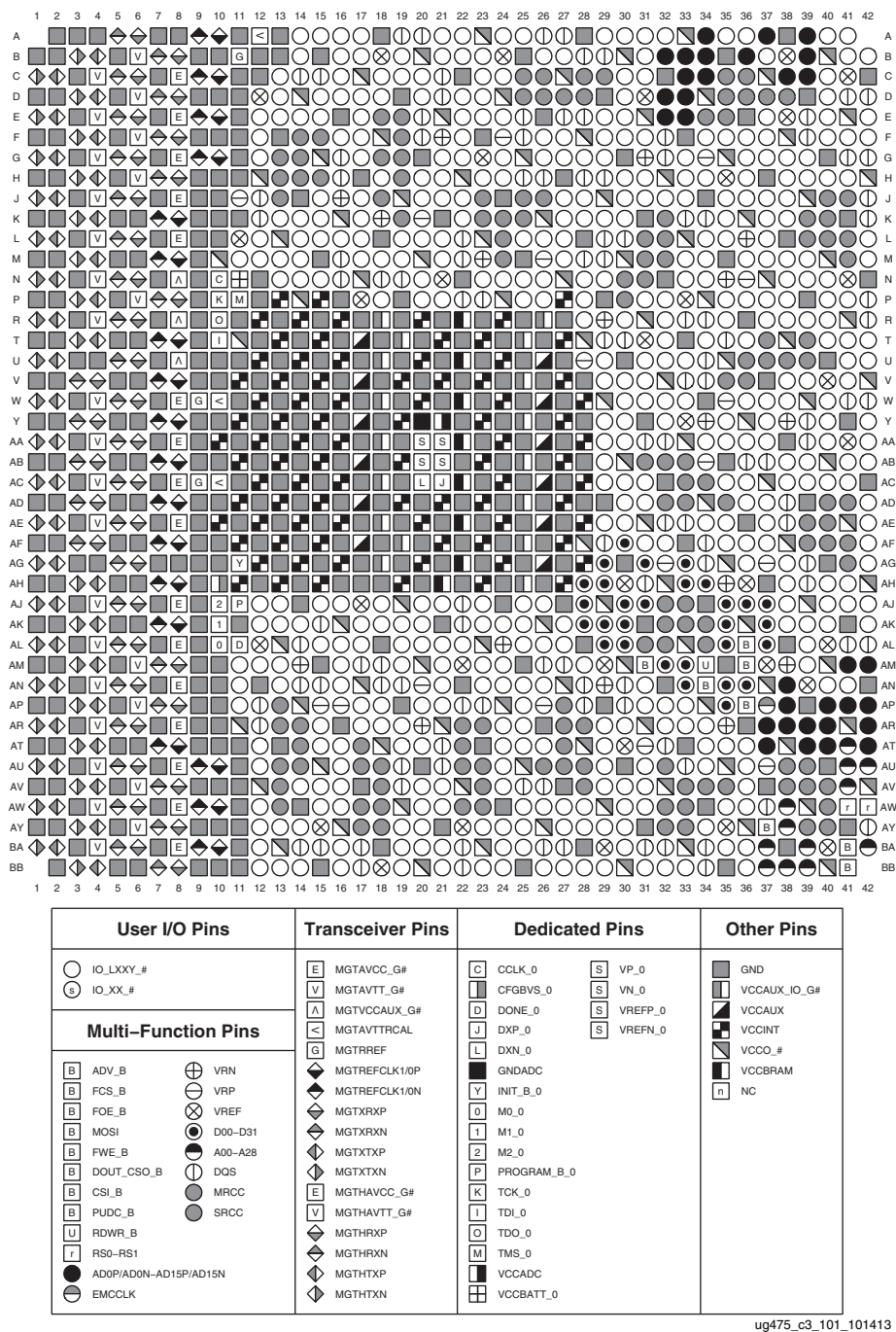


Figure 3-145: FH1761 and FHG1761 Packages—XC7V2000T Pinout Diagram

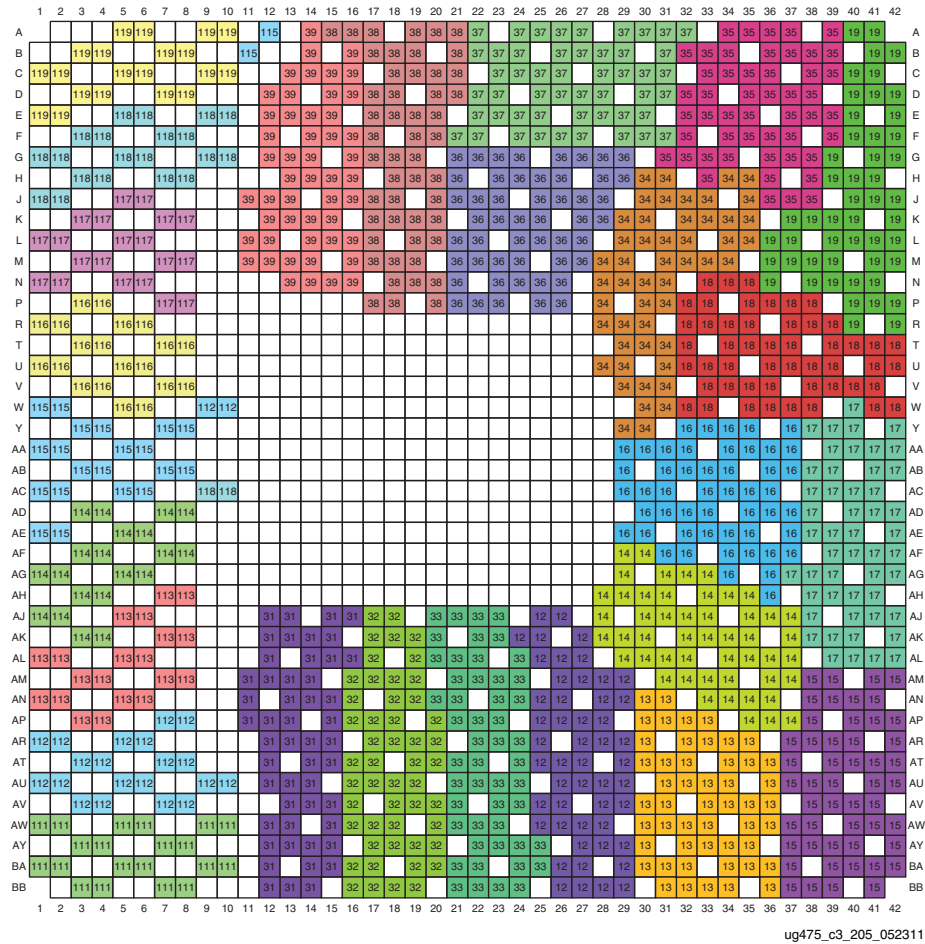
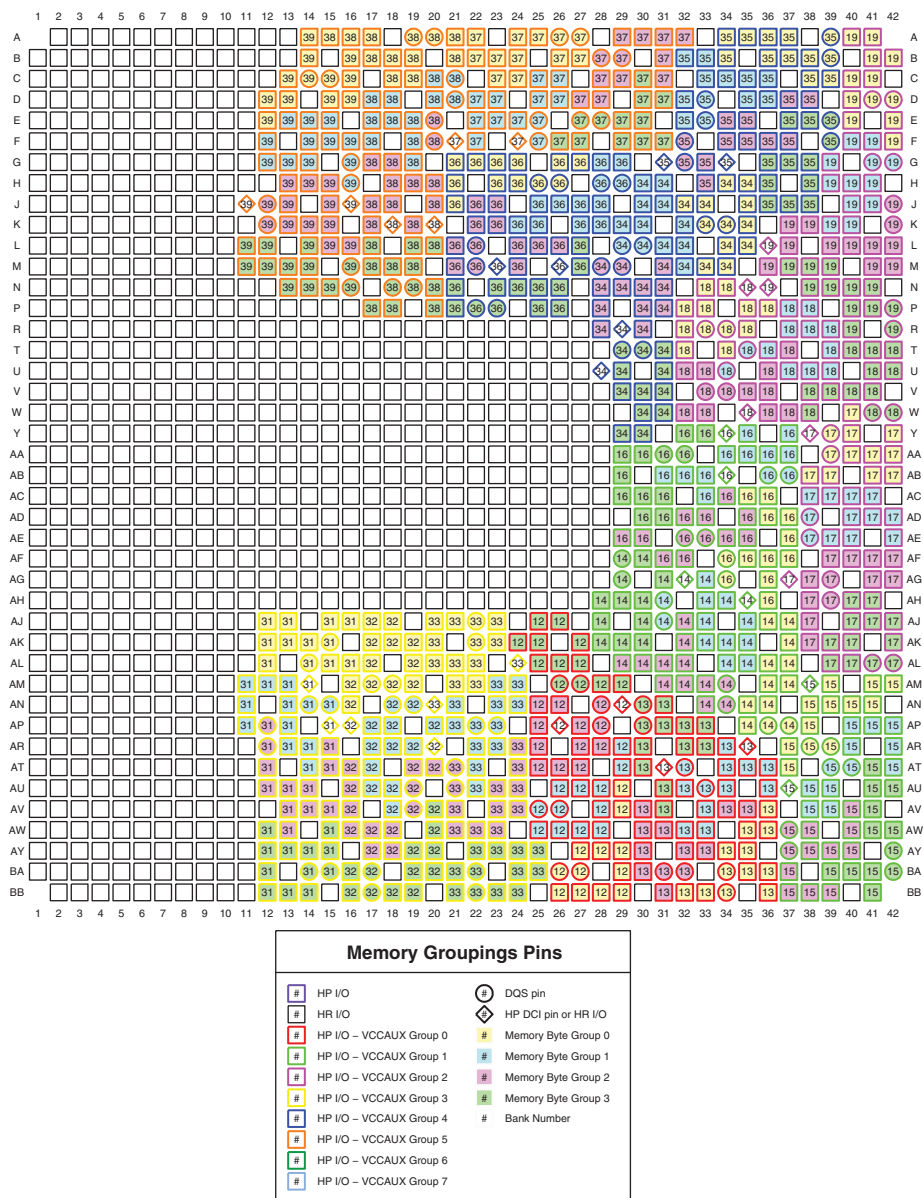
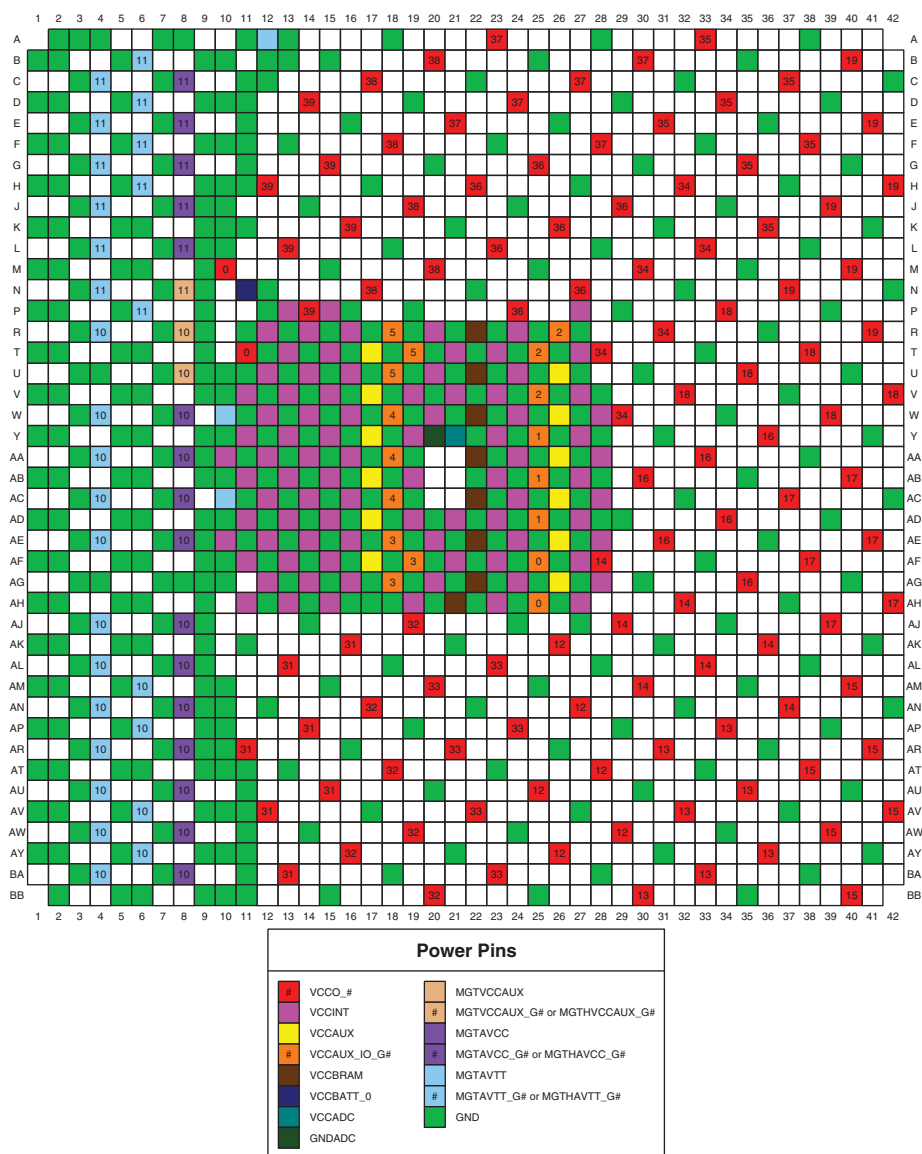


Figure 3-146: FH1761 and FHG1761 Packages—XC7V2000T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_103_013014

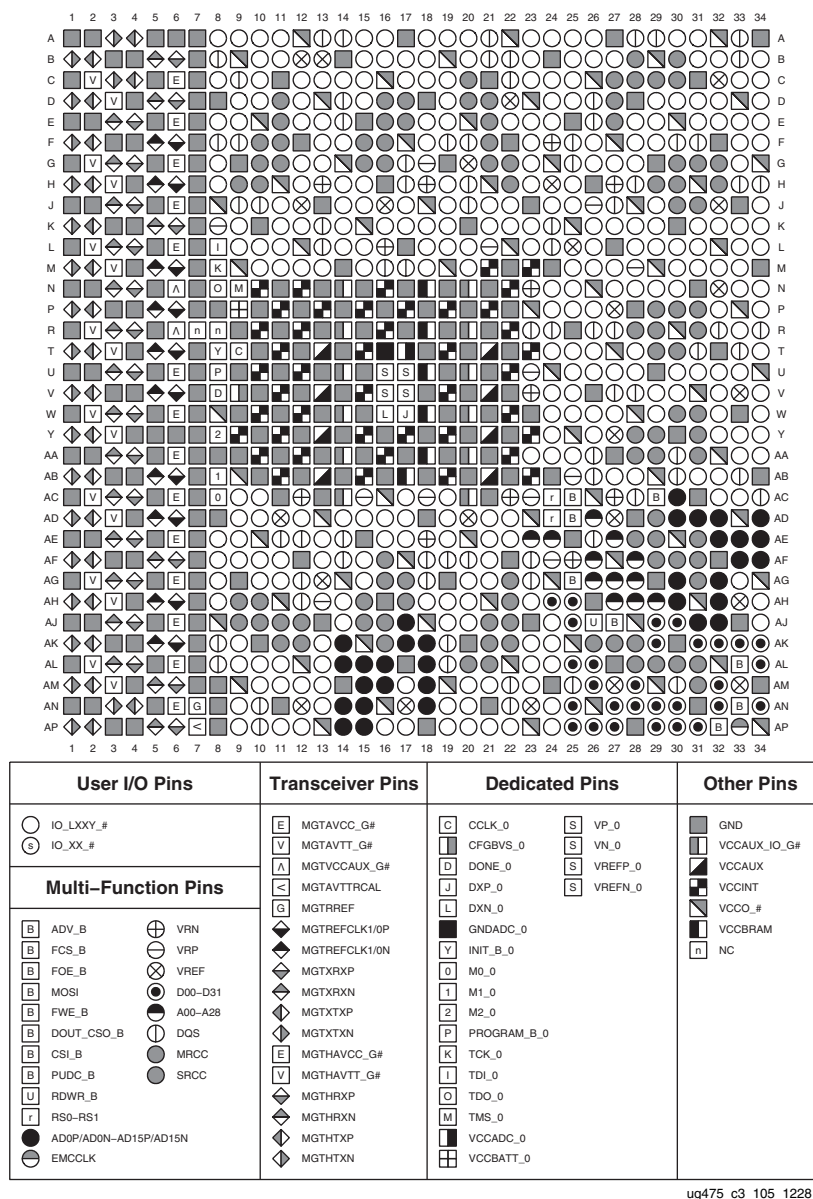
Figure 3-147: FH1761 and FHG1761 Packages—XC7V2000T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_104_101413

Figure 3-148: FH1761 and FHG1761 Packages—XC7V2000T Power and GND Placement

FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7VX330T, XC7VX415T, and XC7VX690T



ug475_c3_105_122811

Figure 3-149: FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7VX330T, XC7VX415T, and XC7VX690T Pinout Diagram

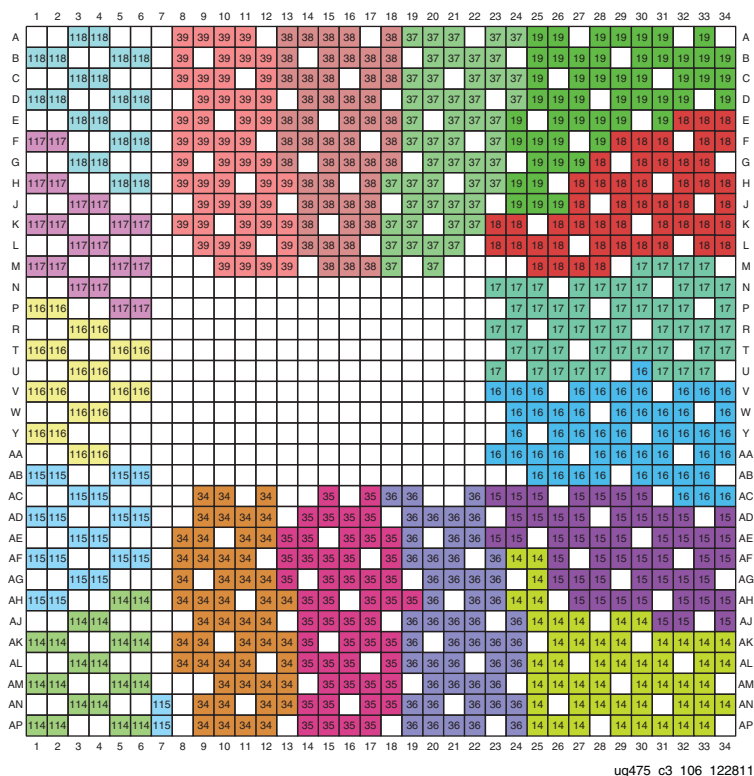
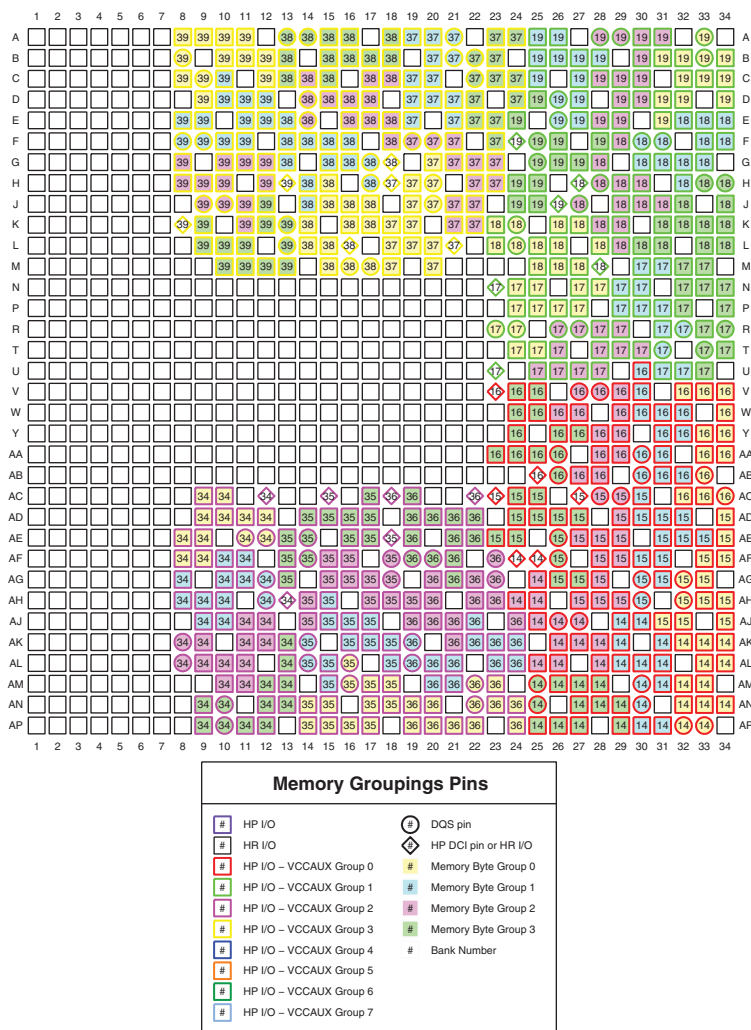
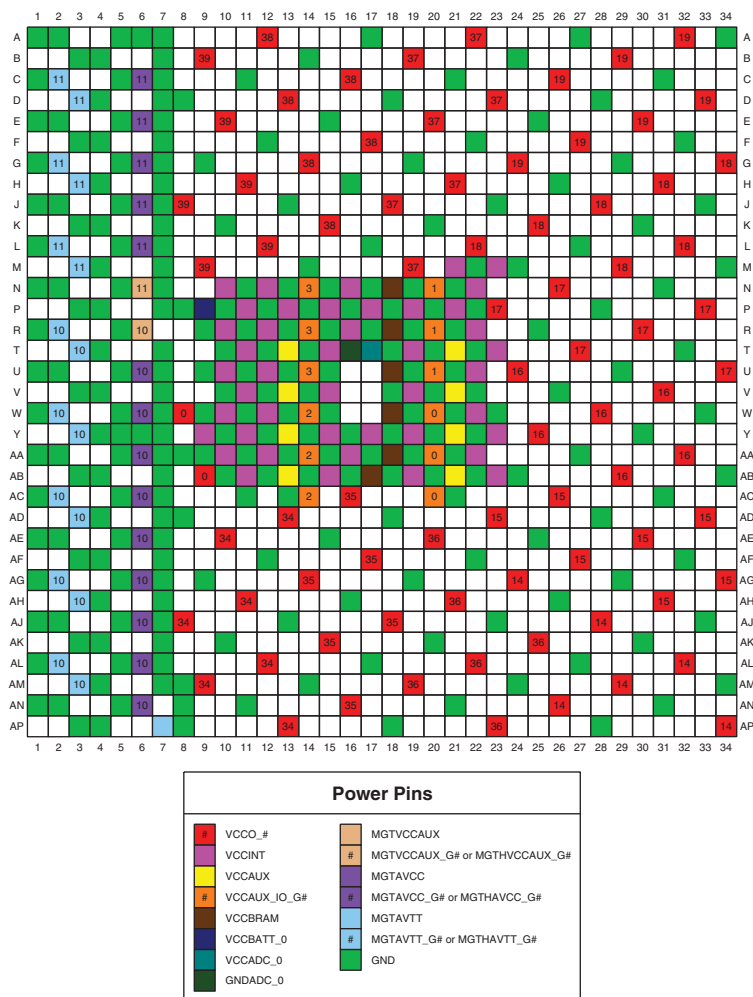


Figure 3-150: FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7VX330T, XC7VX415T, and XC7VX690T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_107_013014

Figure 3-151: FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7VX330T, XC7VX415T, and XC7VX690T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_108_122811

Figure 3-152: FF1157, FFG1157, and RF1157 Packages—XC7VX330T, XC7VX415T, and XC7VX690T Power and GND Placement

FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX330T

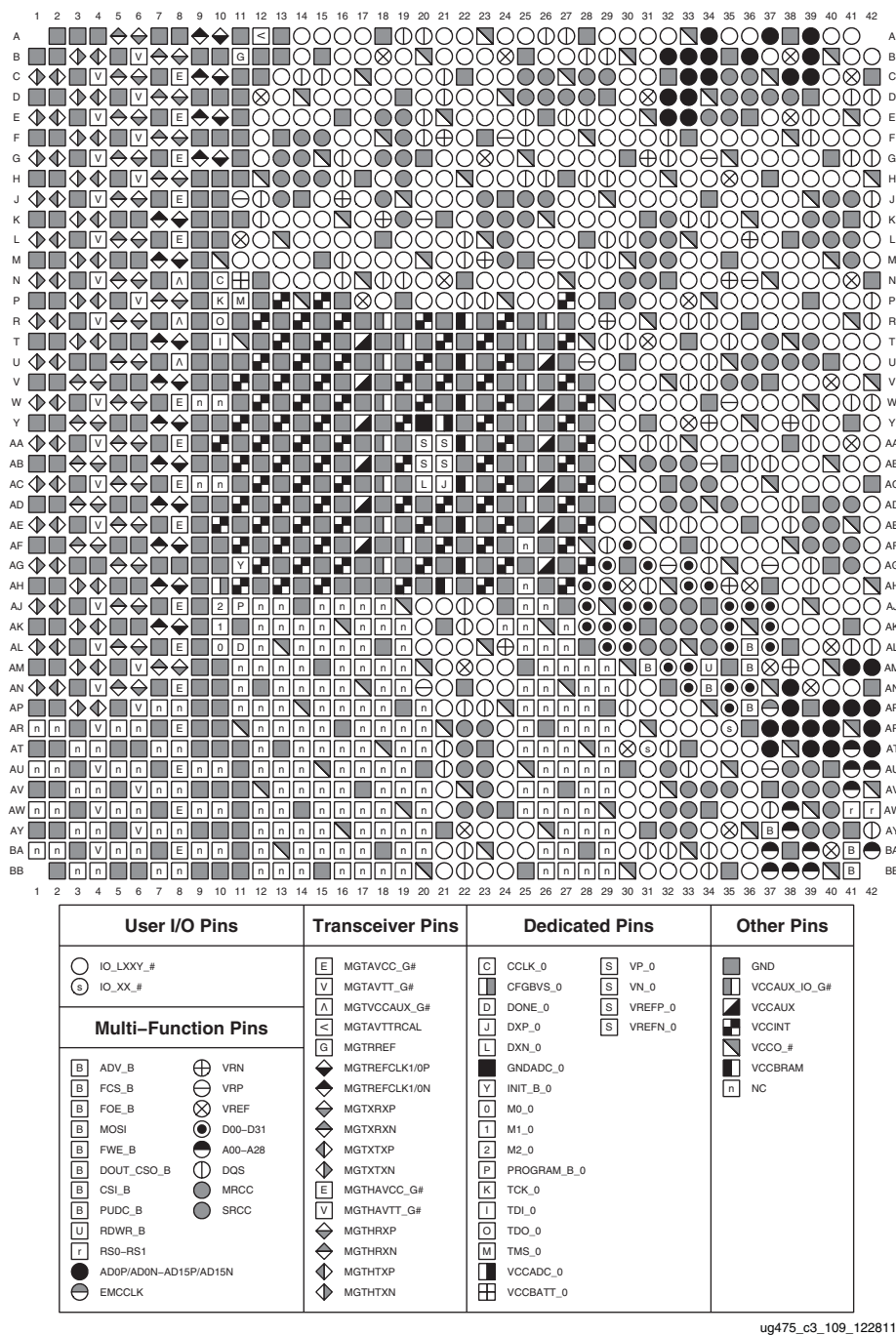


Figure 3-153: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX330T Pinout Diagram

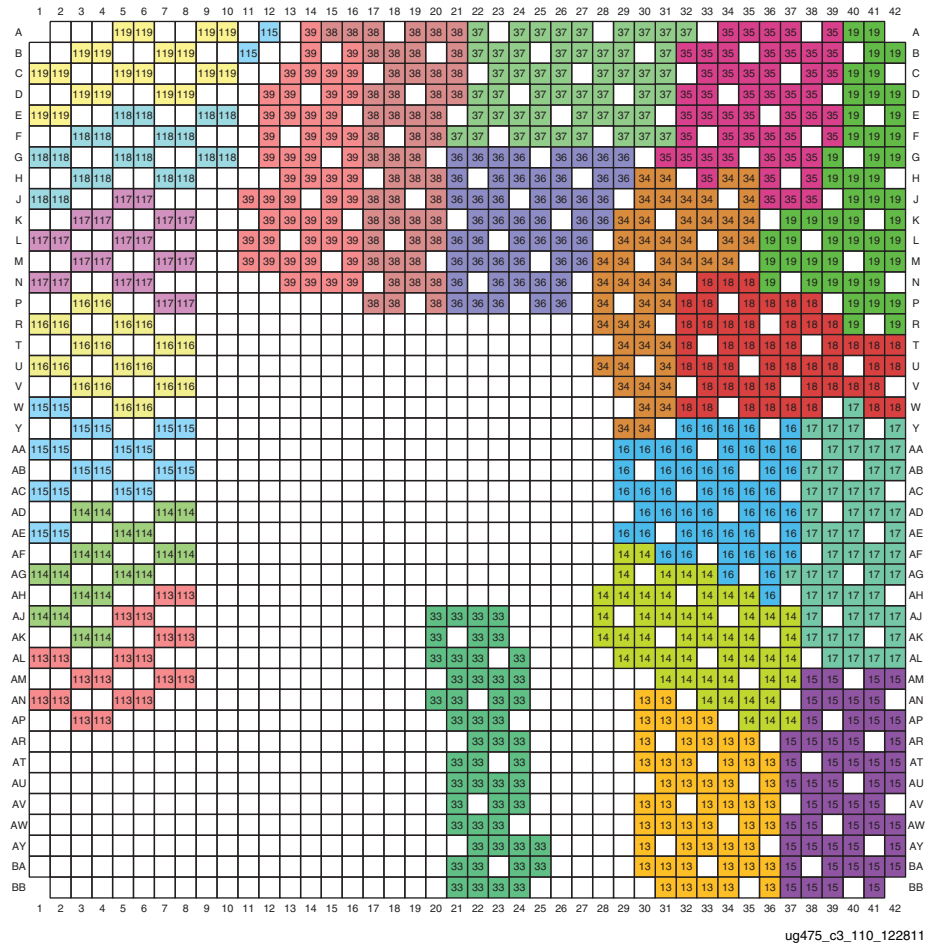
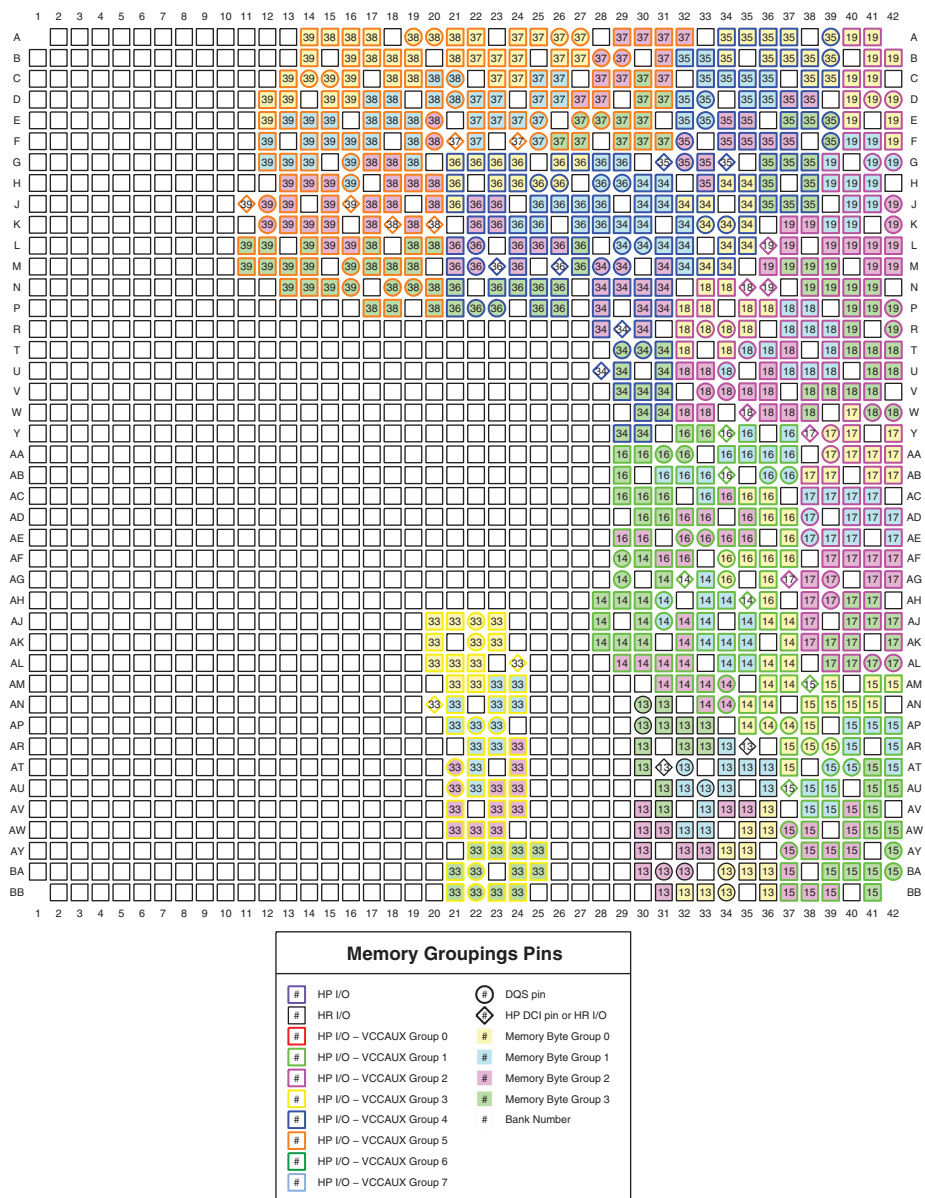
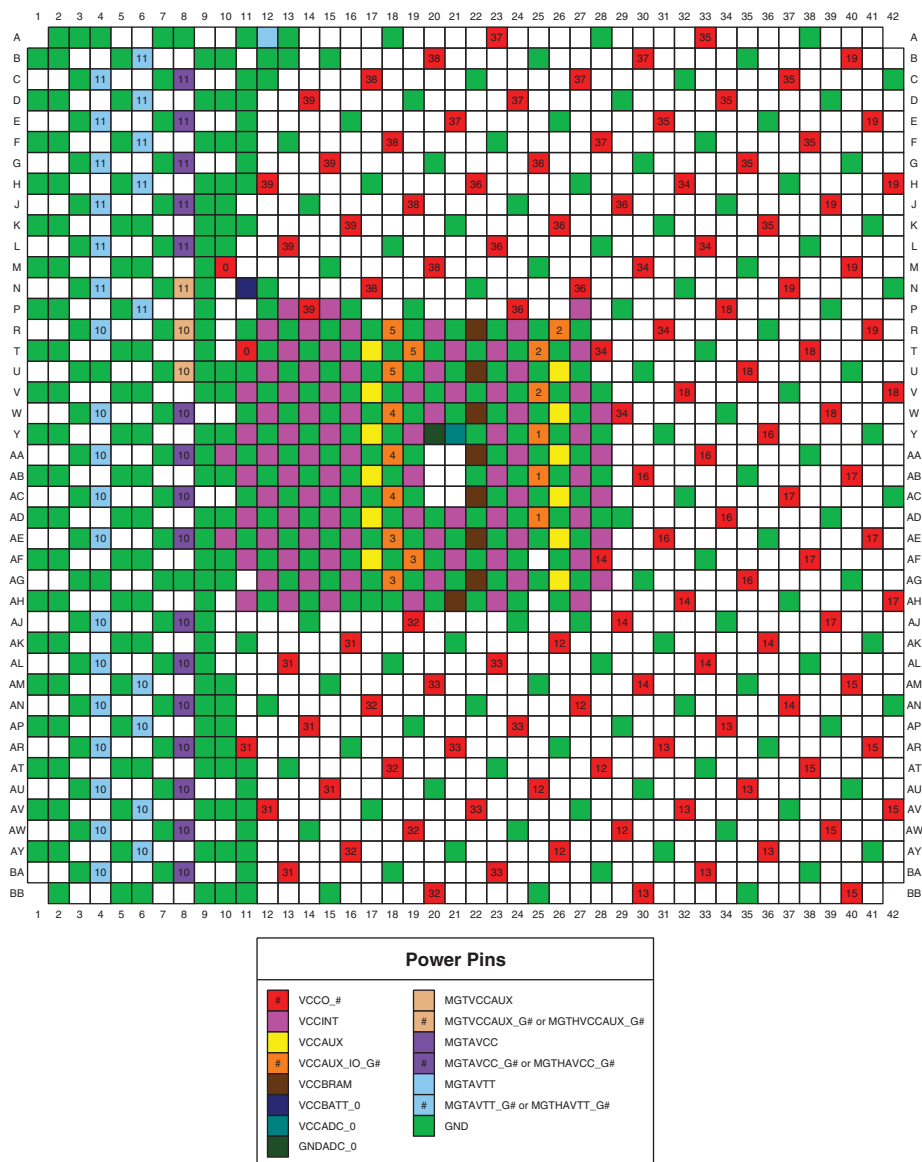


Figure 3-154: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX330T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_111_013014

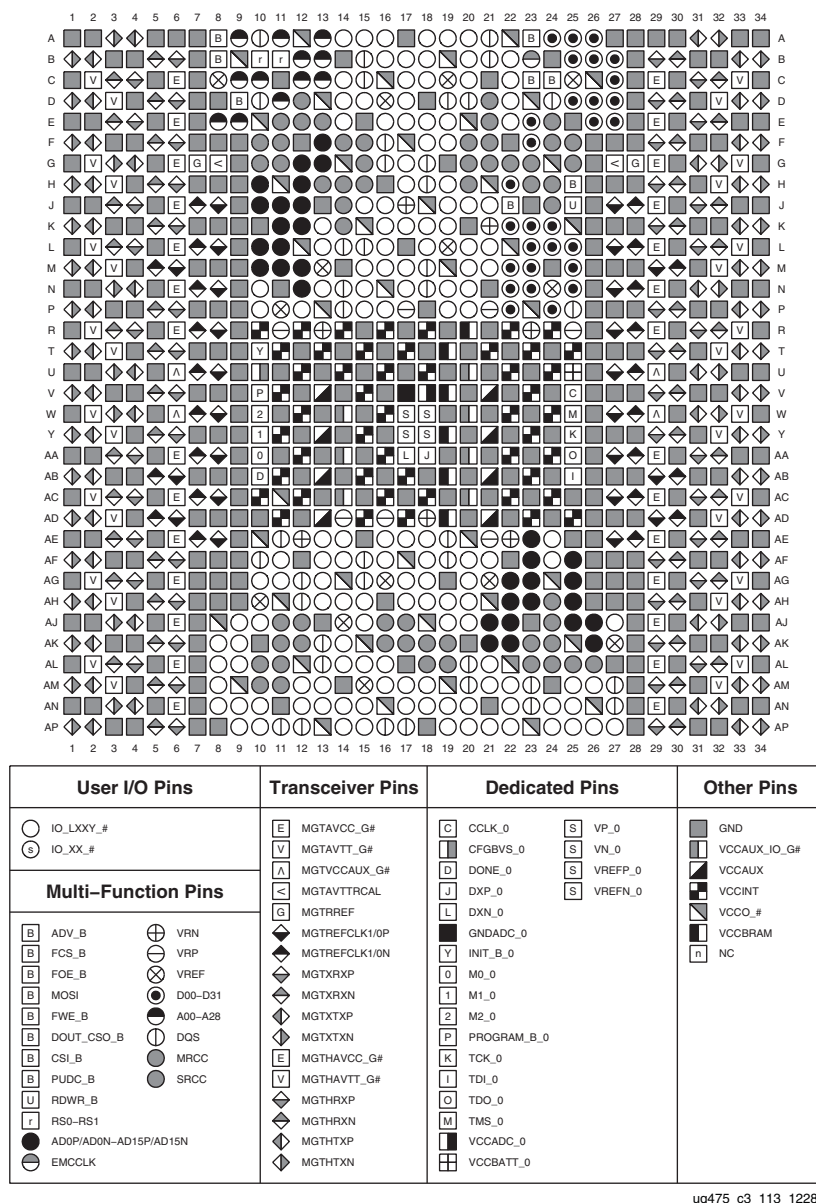
Figure 3-155: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX330T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_112_122811

Figure 3-156: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX330T Power and GND Placement

FF1158, FFG1158, FFV1158, and RF1158 Packages—XC7VX415T, XC7VX550T, and XC7VX690T



ug475_c3_113_122811

Figure 3-157: FF1158, FFG1158, FFV1158, and RF1158 Packages—XC7VX415T, XC7VX550T, and XC7VX690T Pinout Diagram

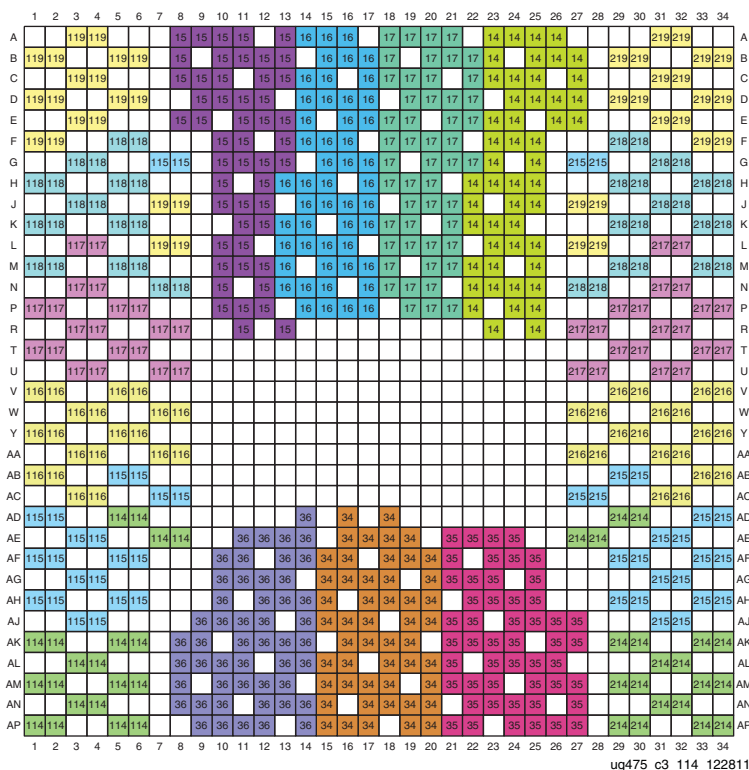
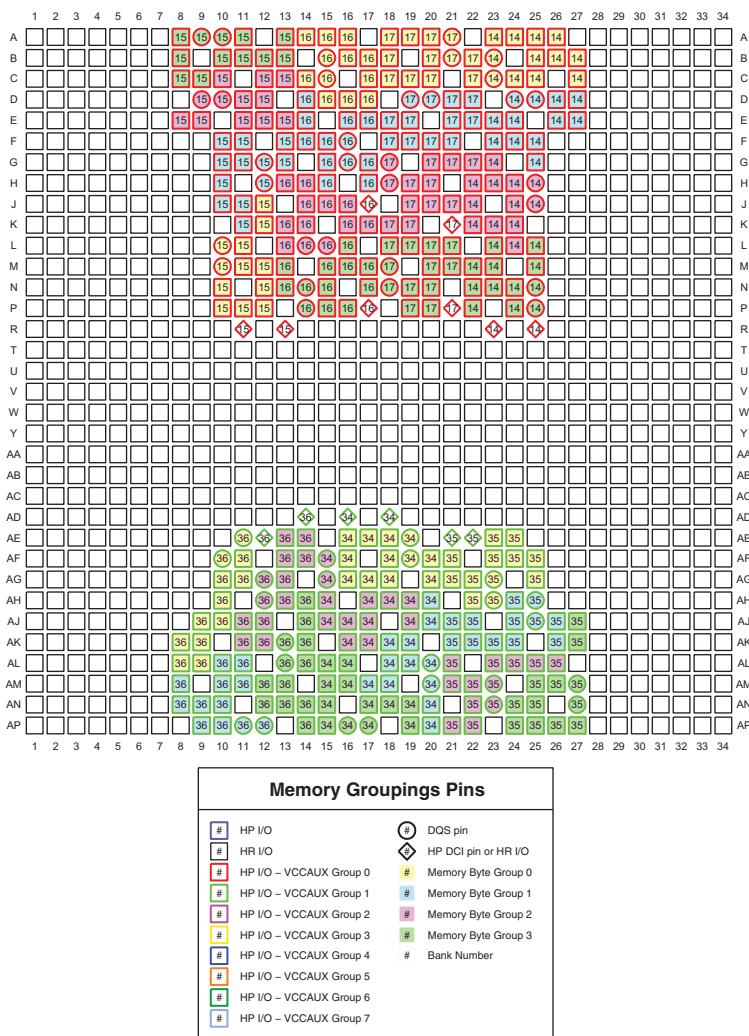
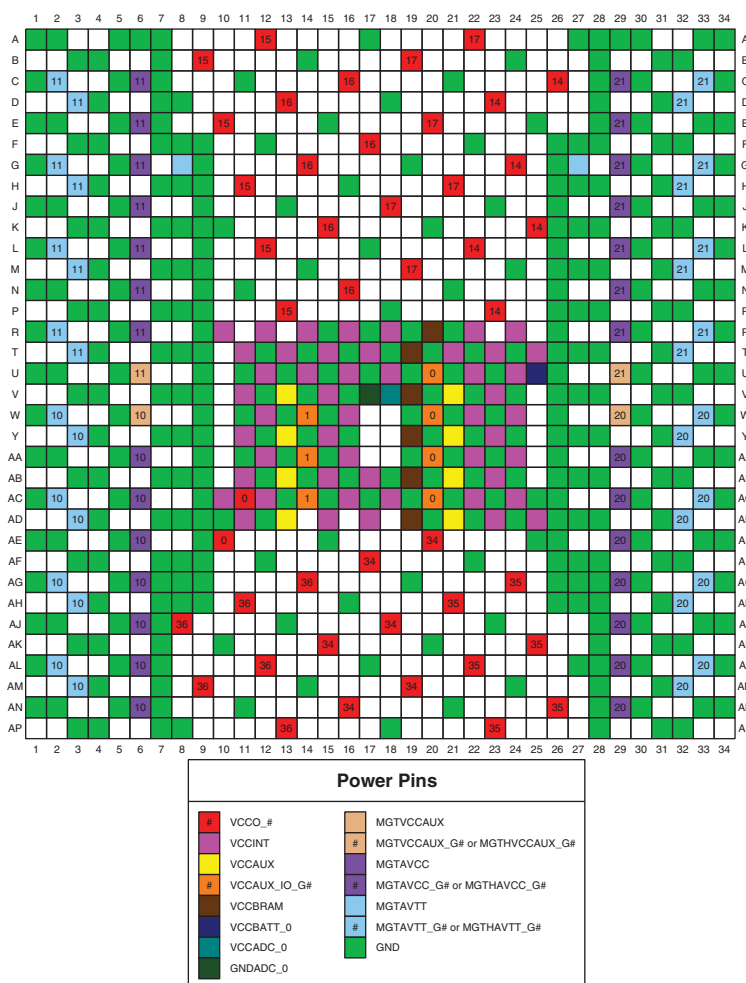


Figure 3-158: FF1158, FFG1158, FV1158, and RF1158 Packages—XC7VX415T, XC7VX550T, and XC7VX690T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_115_013014

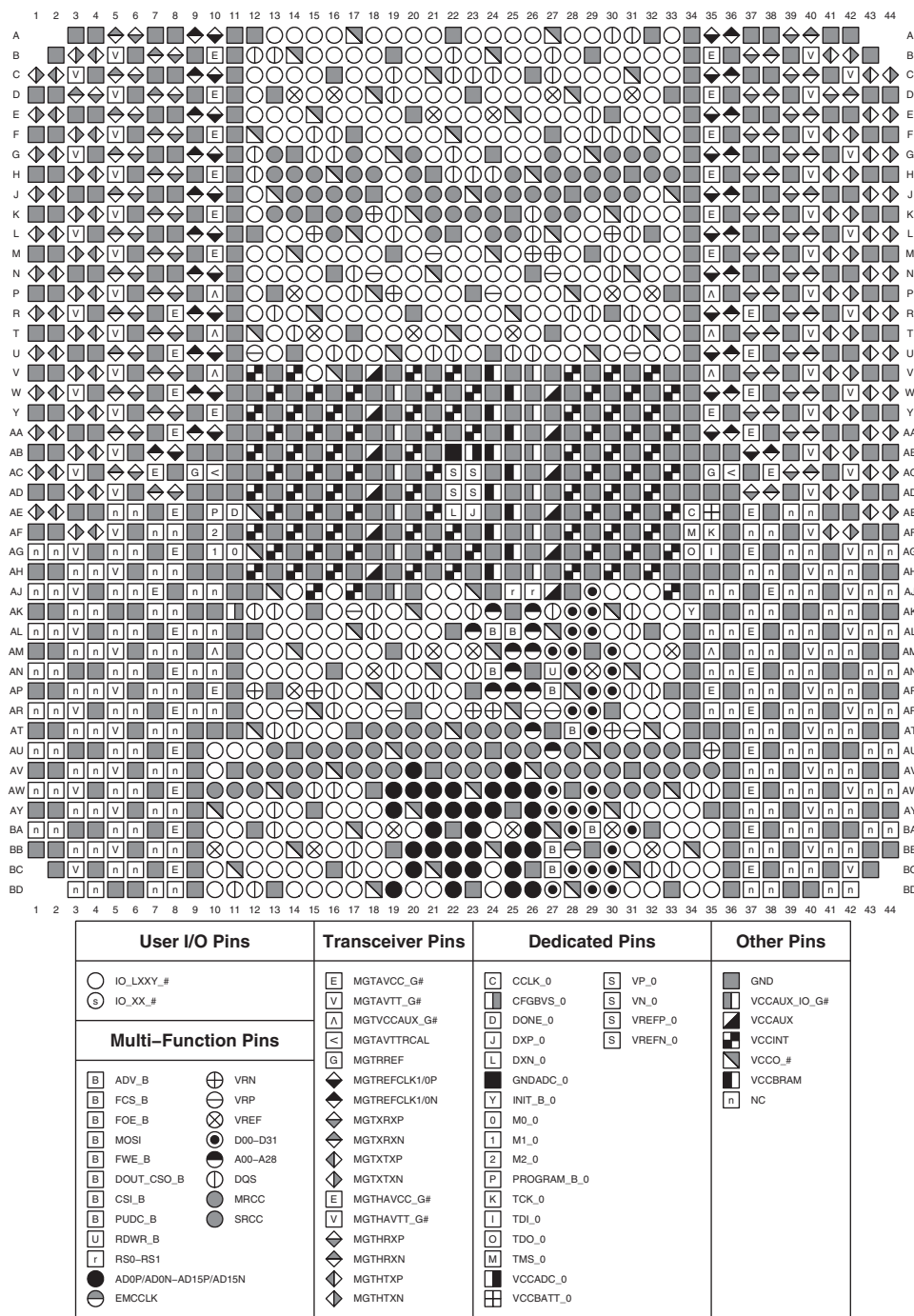
Figure 3-159: FF1158, FFG1158, FFFV1158, and RF1158 Packages—XC7VX415T, XC7VX550T, and XC7VX690T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_116_122811

Figure 3-160: FF1158, FFG1158, FFV1158, and RF1158 Packages—XC7VX415T, XC7VX550T, and XC7VX690T Power and GND Placement

FF1927, FFG1927, and FFV1927 Packages—XC7VX415T



ug475_c3_117_122811

Figure 3-161: FF1927, FFG1927, and FFV1927 Packages—XC7VX415T Pinout Diagram

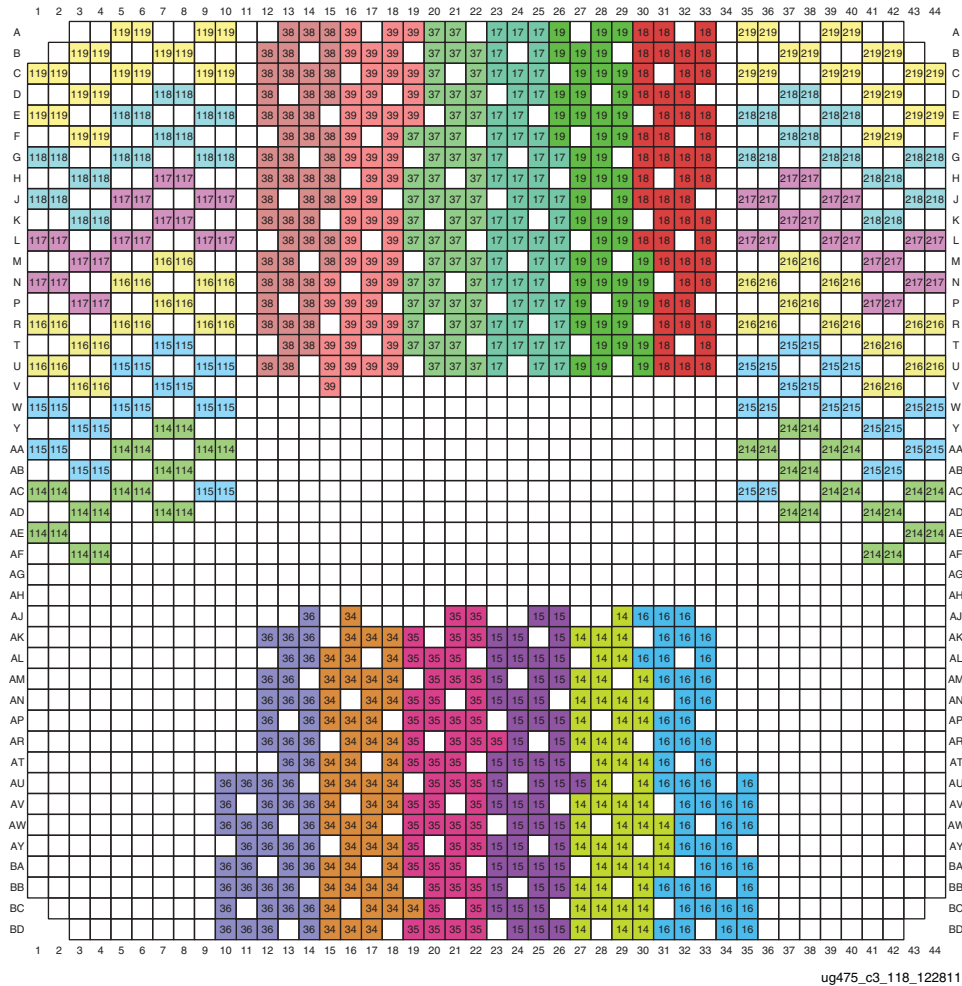
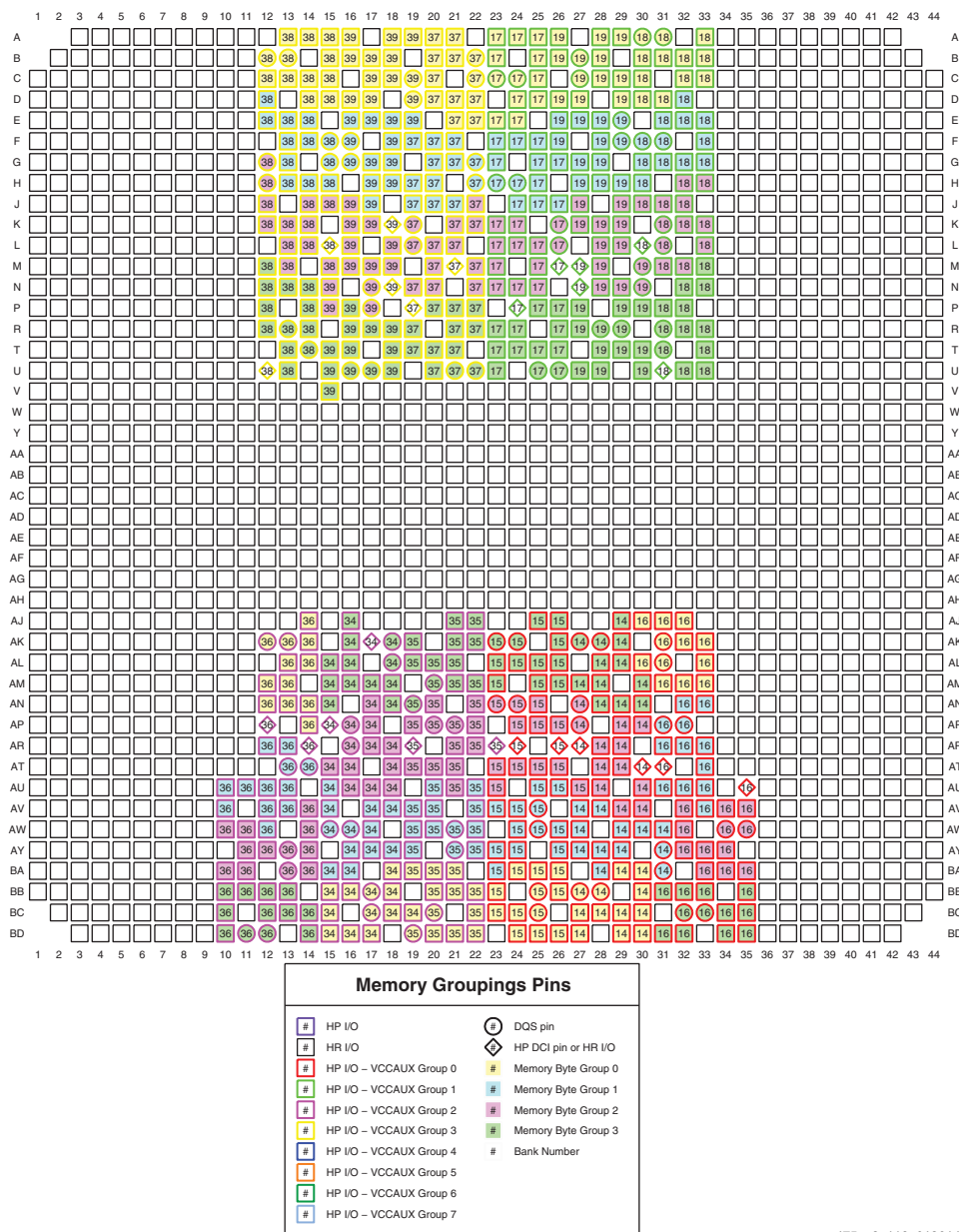
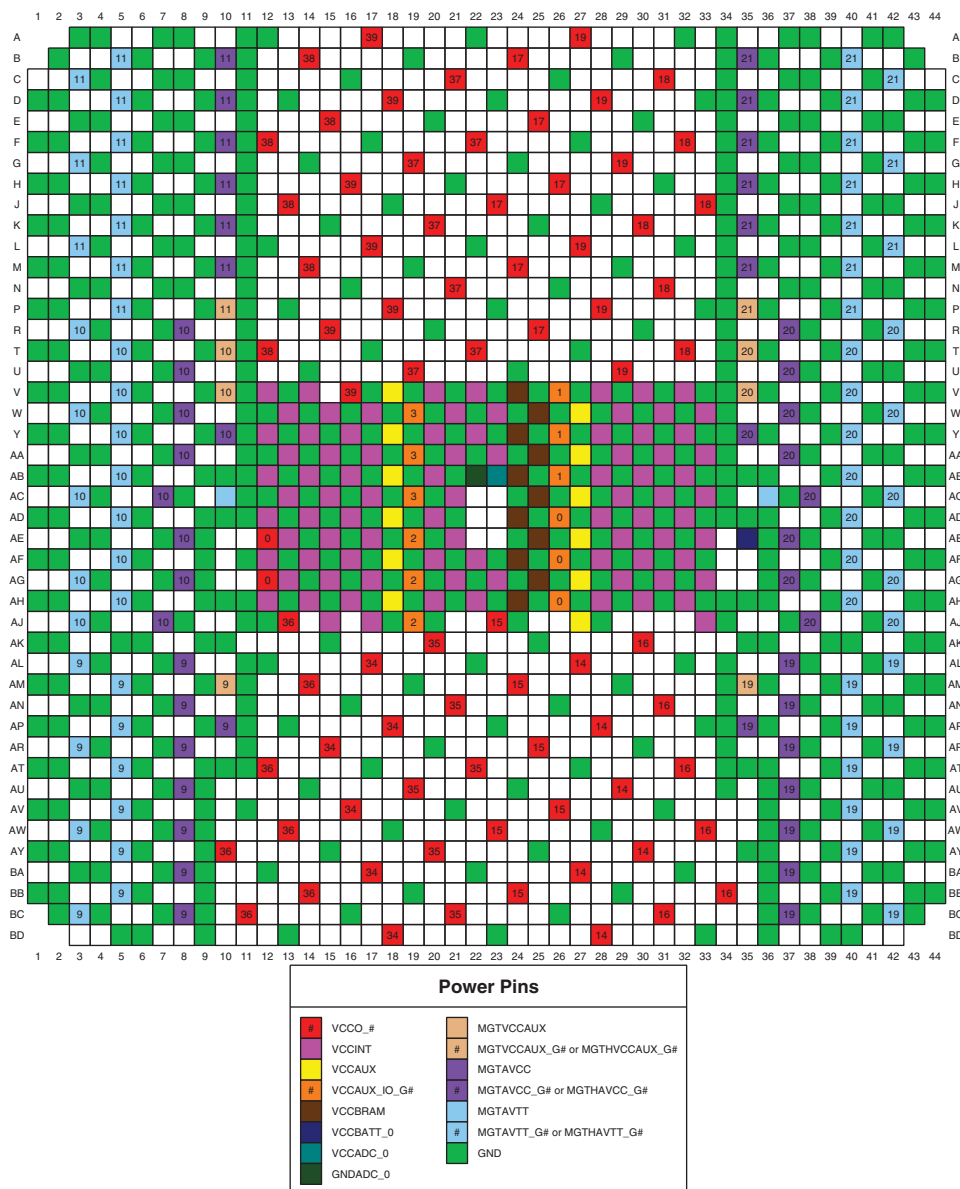


Figure 3-162: FF1927, FFG1927, and FFV1927 Packages—XC7VX415T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_119_013014

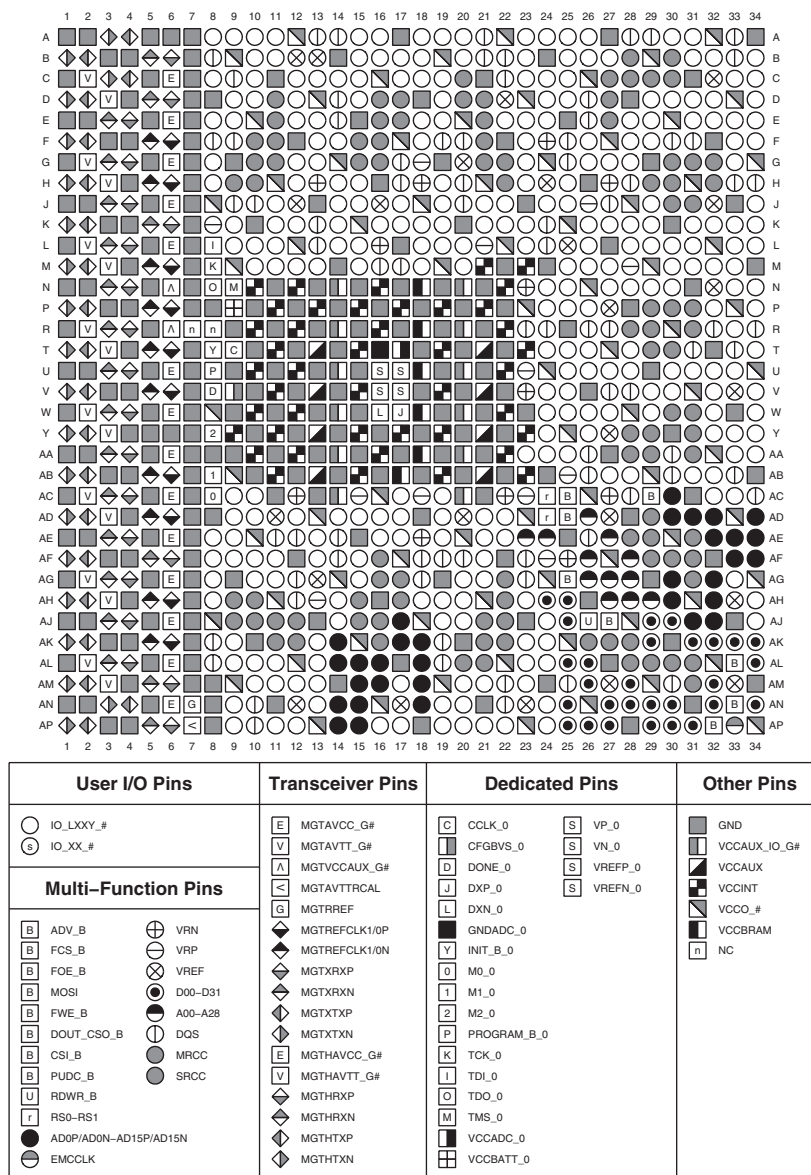
Figure 3-163: FF1927, FFG1927, and FFV1927 Packages—XC7VX415T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_120_122811

Figure 3-164: FF1927, FFG1927, and FFV1927 Packages—XC7VX415T Power and GND Placement

FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157 Packages—XC7VX485T



ug475_c3_100_090511

Figure 3-165: FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157 Packages—XC7VX485T Pinout Diagram

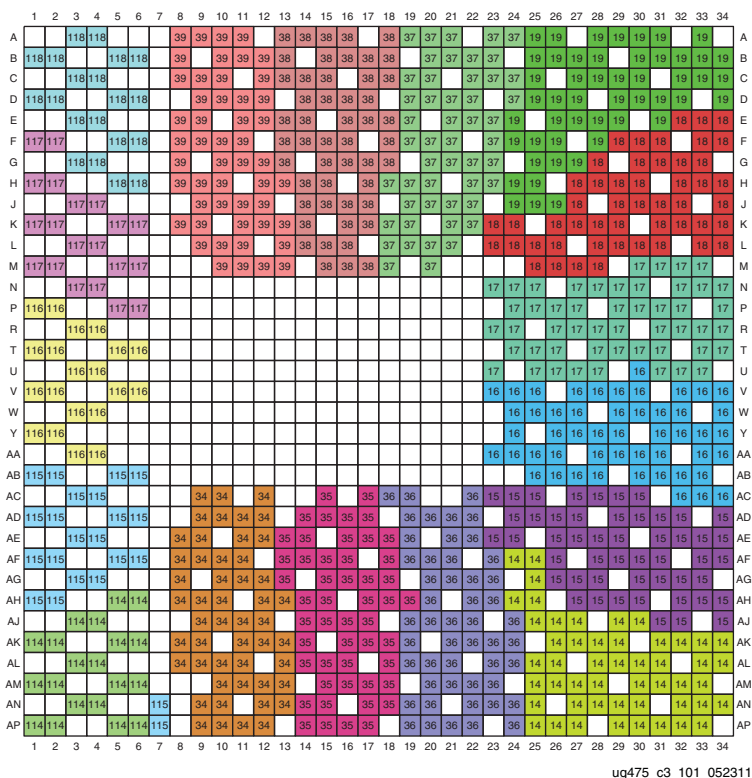
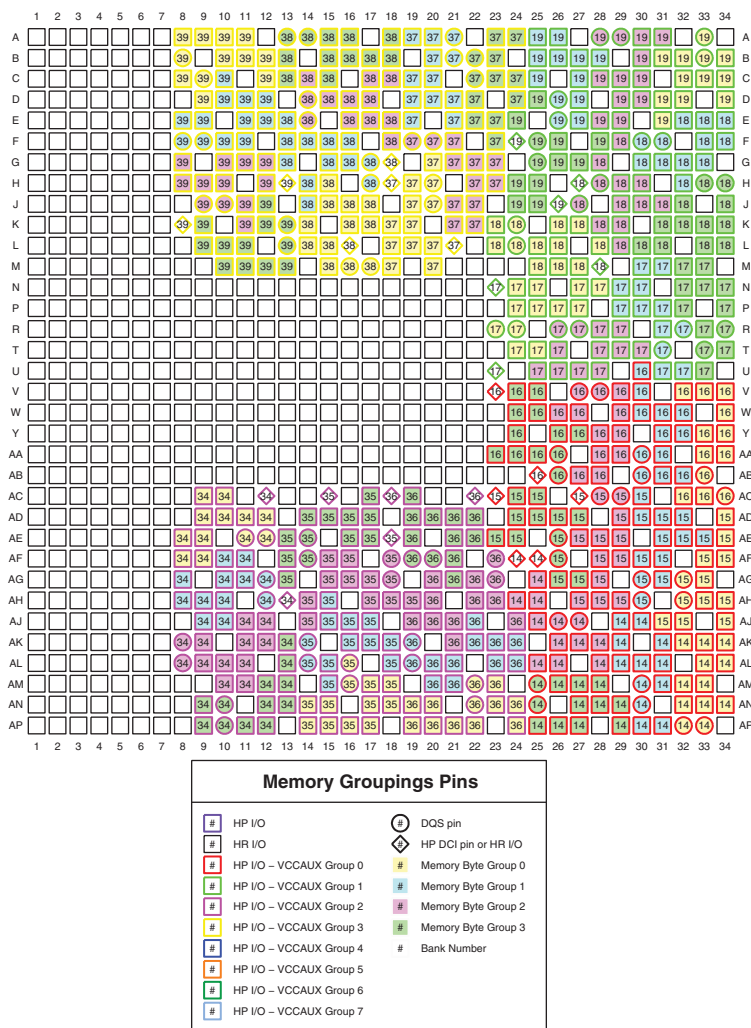
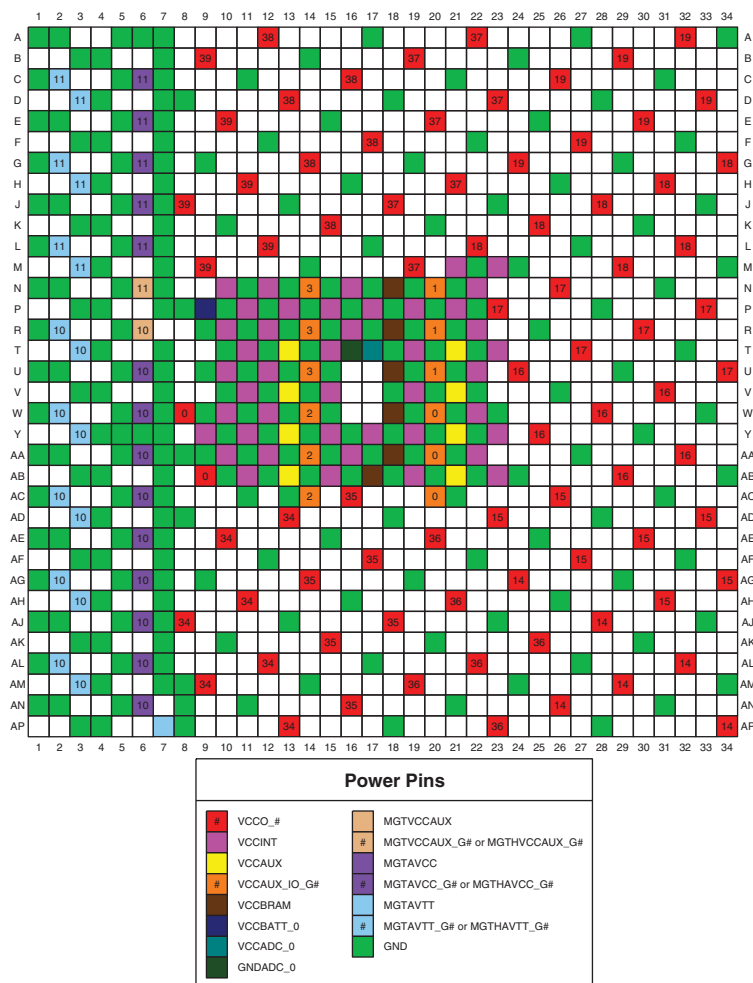


Figure 3-166: FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157 Packages—XC7VX485T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_123_013014

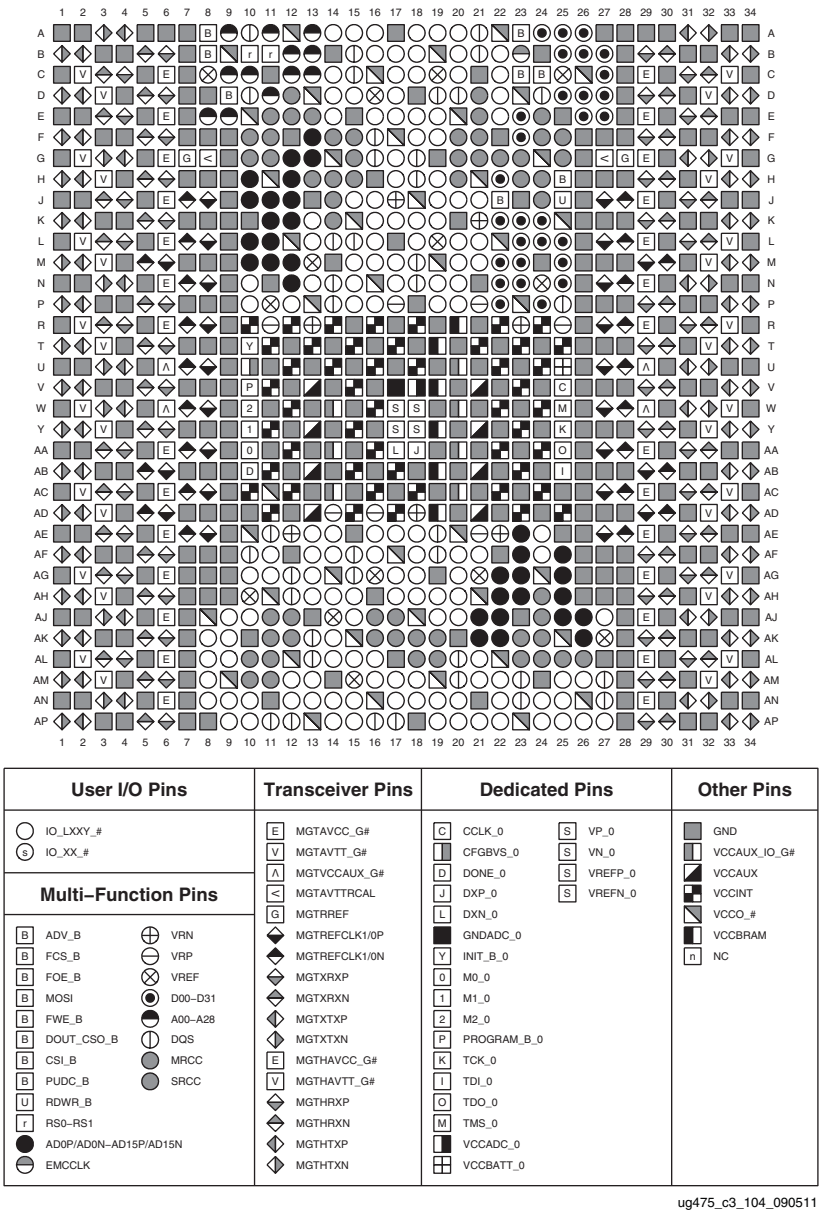
Figure 3-167: FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157 Packages—XC7VX485T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_103_052311

Figure 3-168: FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157 Packages—XC7VX485T Power and GND Placement

FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 Packages—XC7VX485T



ug475_c3_104_090511

Figure 3-169: FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 Packages—XC7VX485T Pinout Diagram

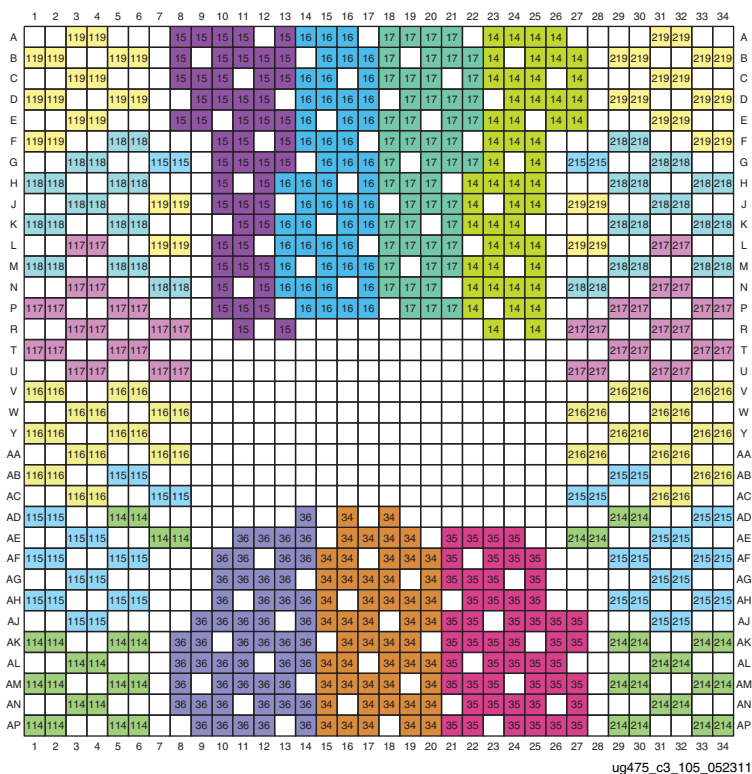
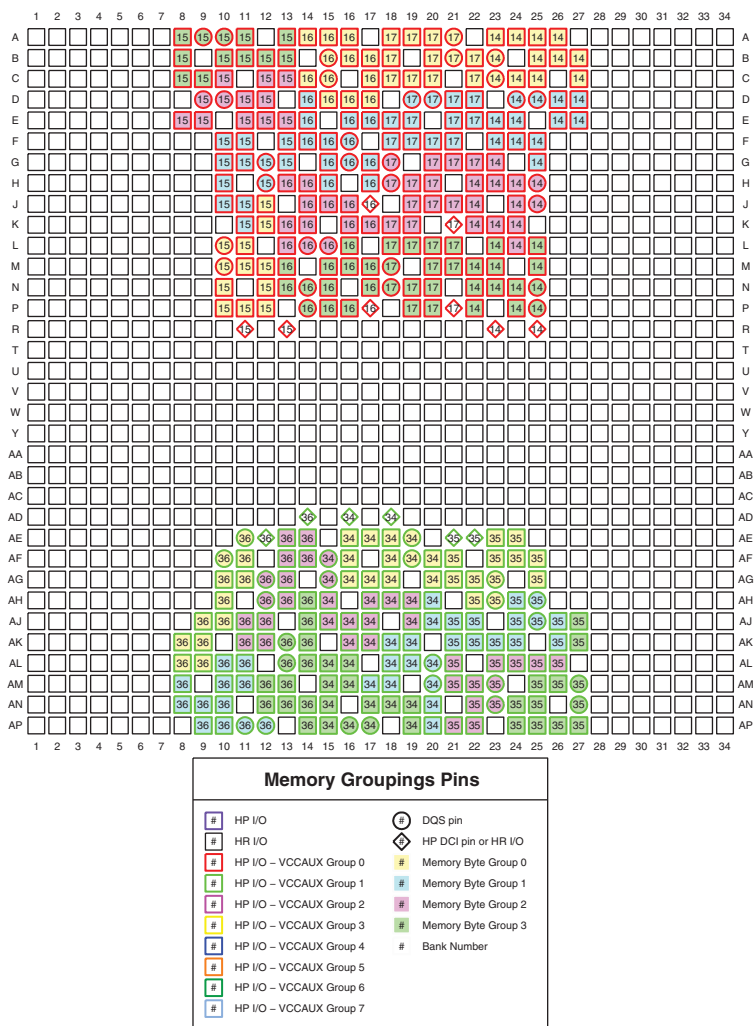
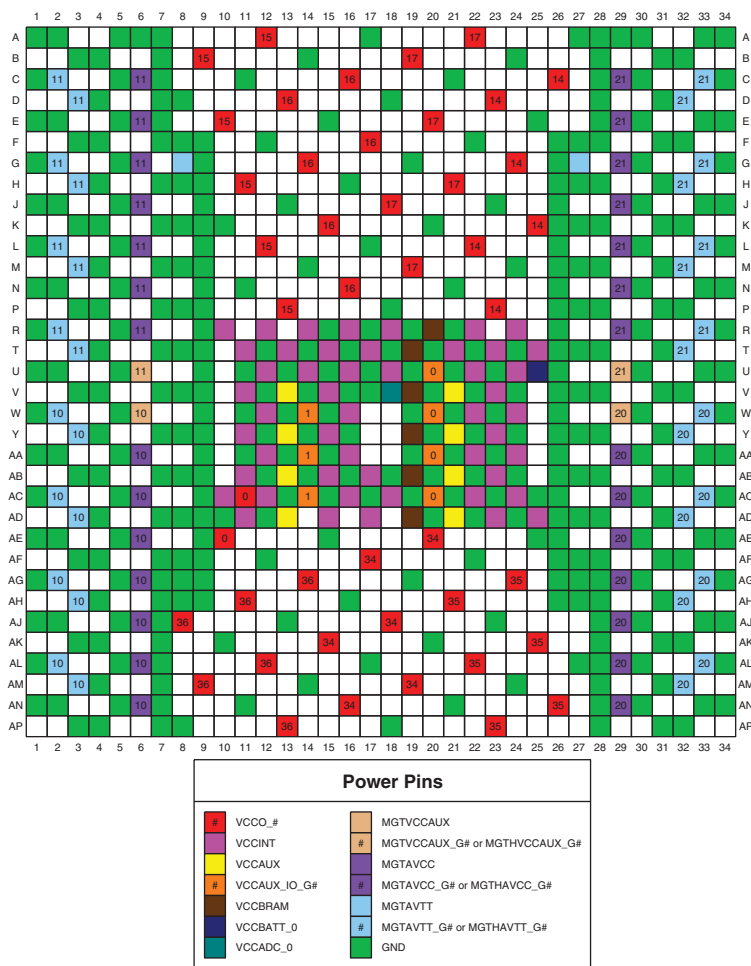


Figure 3-170: FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 Packages—XC7VX485T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_127_013014

Figure 3-171: FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 Packages—XC7VX485T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_107_052311

Figure 3-172: FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 Packages—XC7VX485T Power and GND Placement

FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX485T

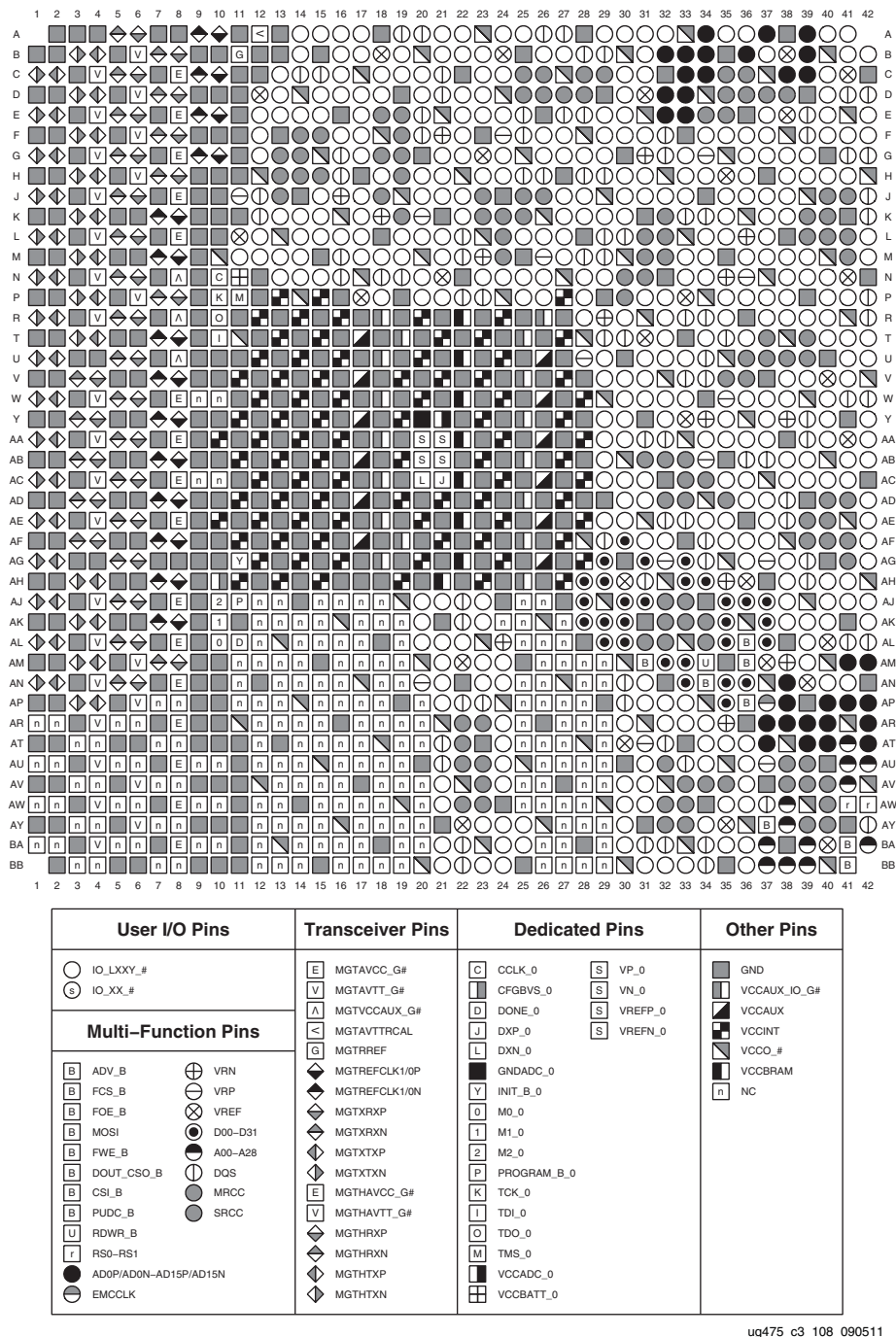
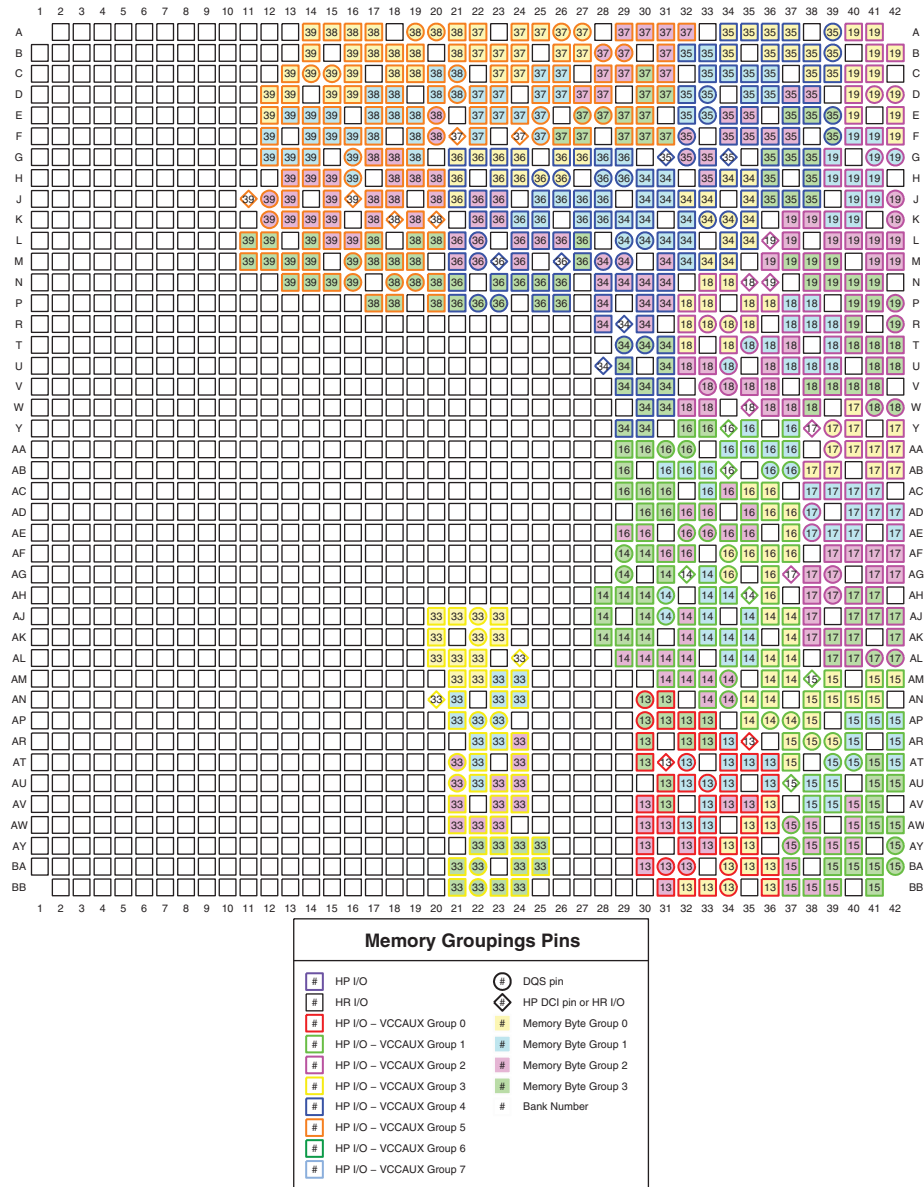


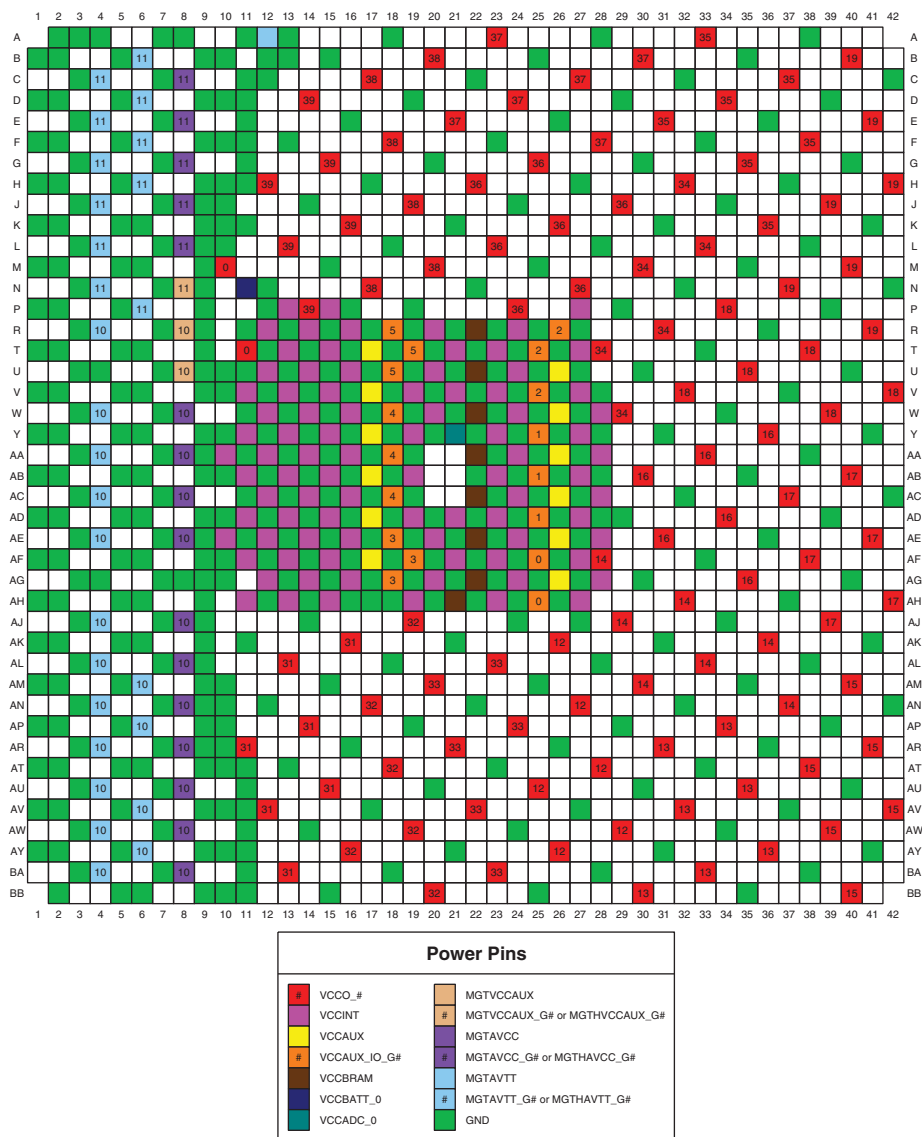
Figure 3-173: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX485T Pinout Diagram





ug475_c3_131_013014

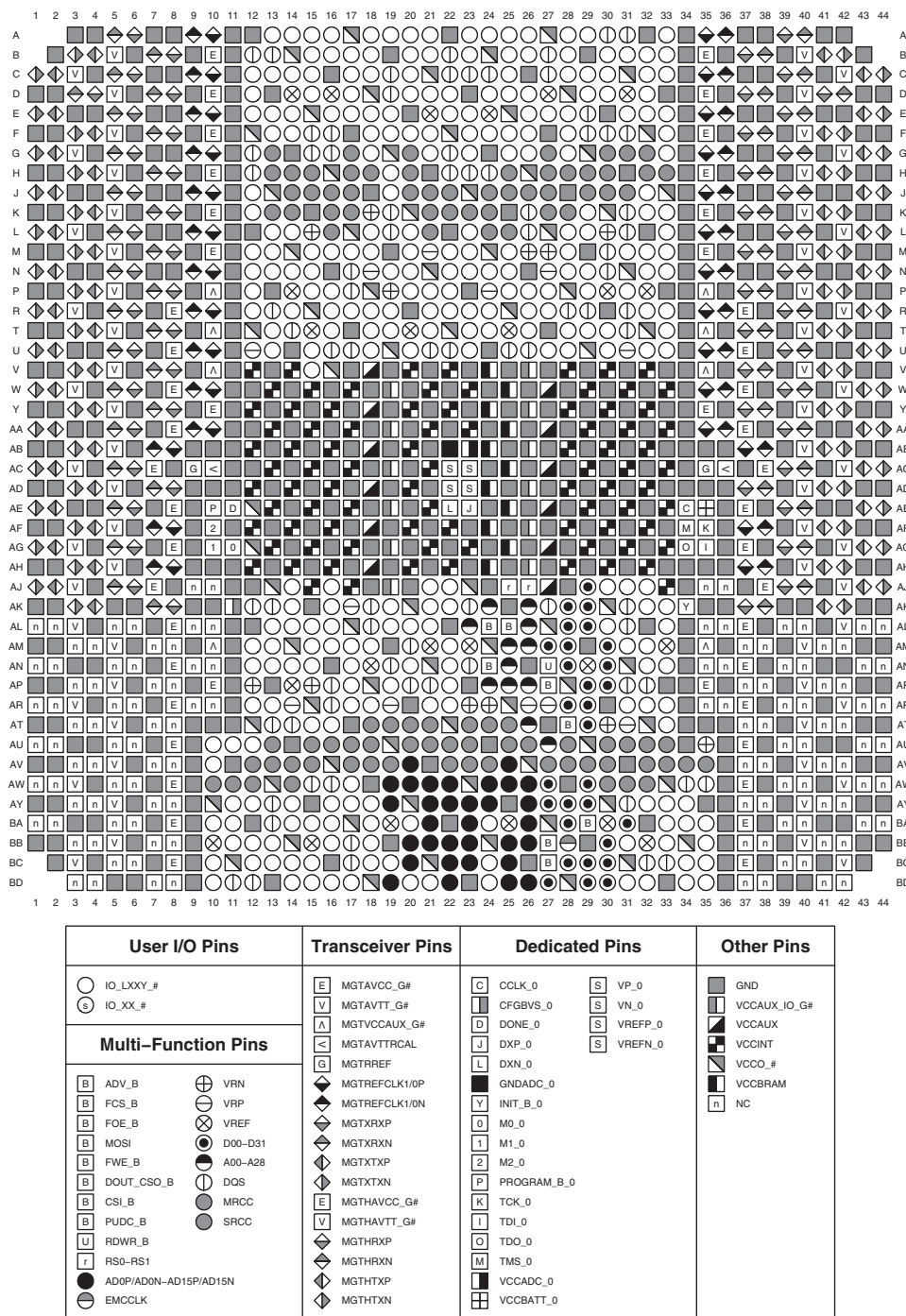
Figure 3-175: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX485T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_111_052311

Figure 3-176: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX485T Power and GND Placement

FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX485T



ug475_c3_112_090511

Figure 3-177: FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX485T Pinout Diagram

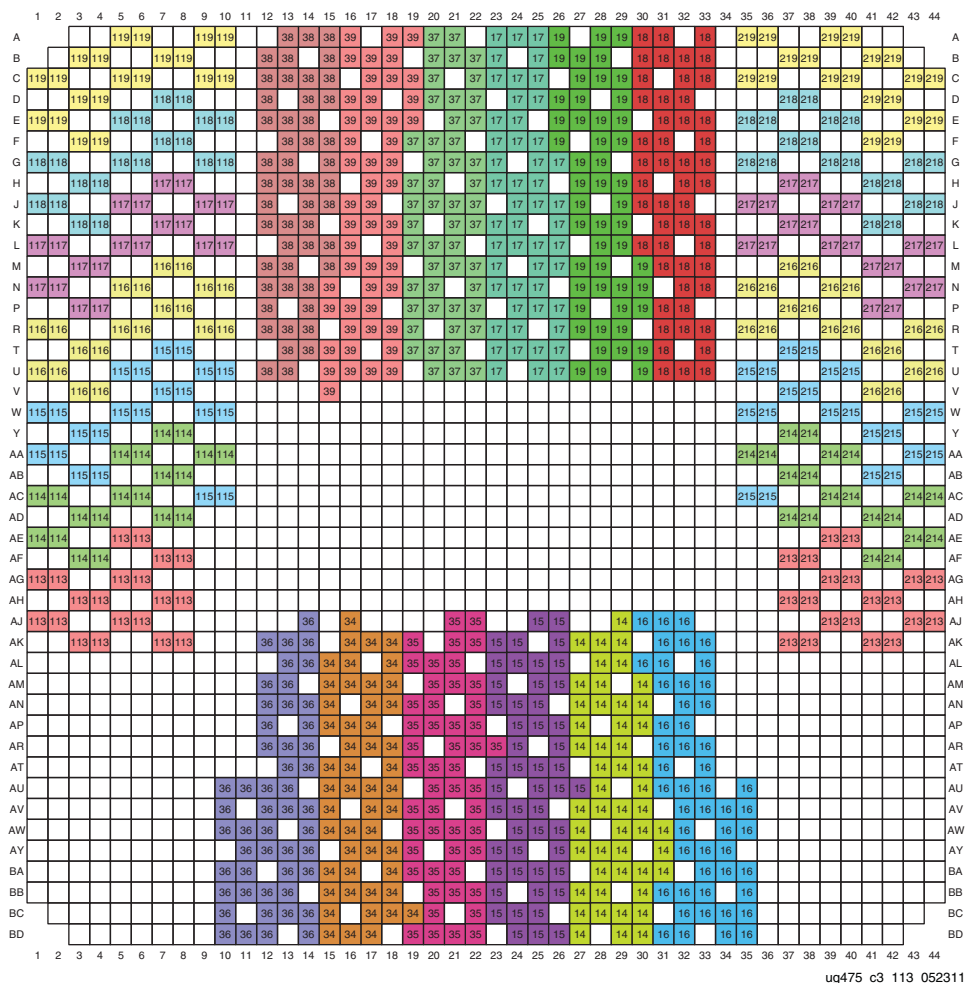
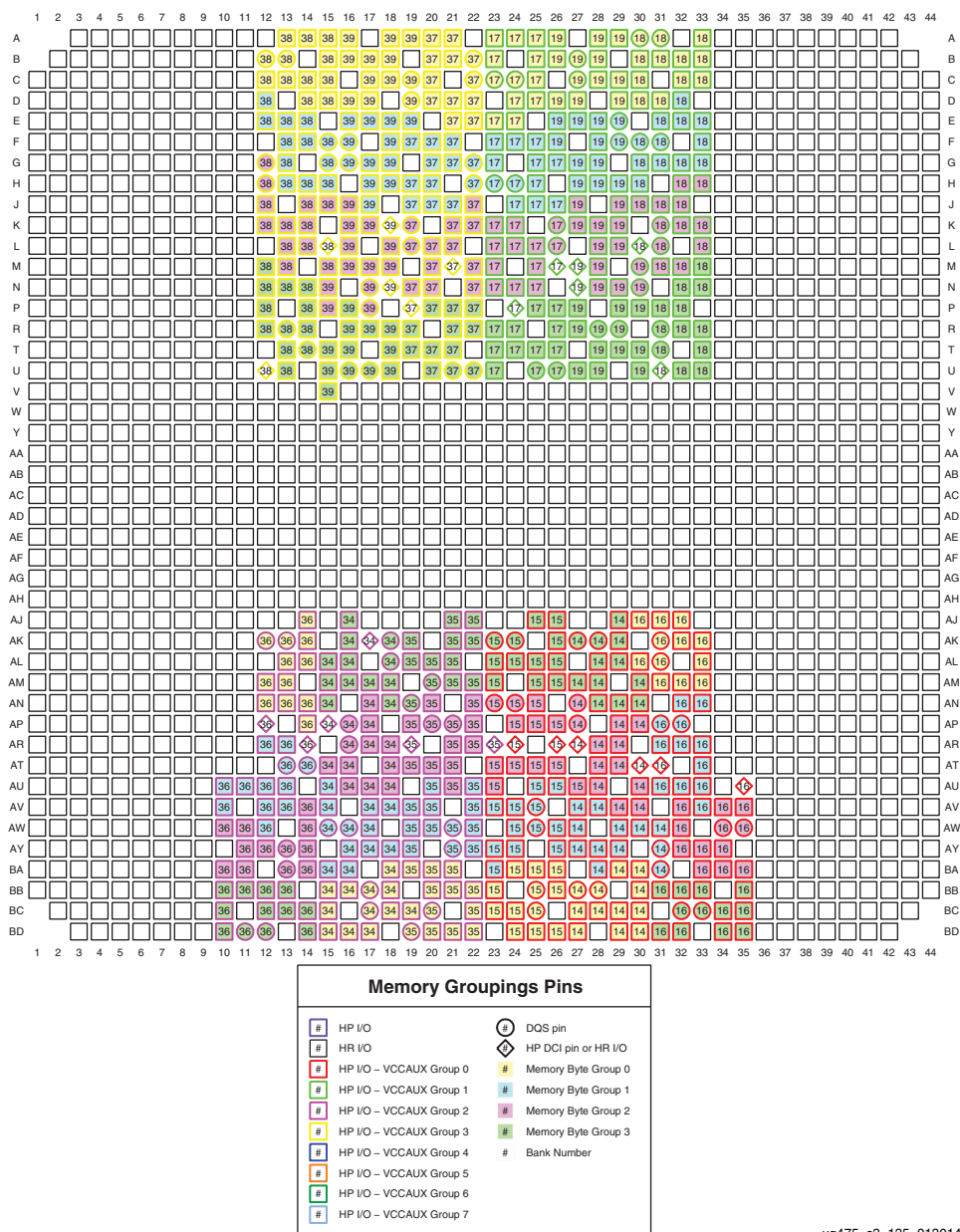
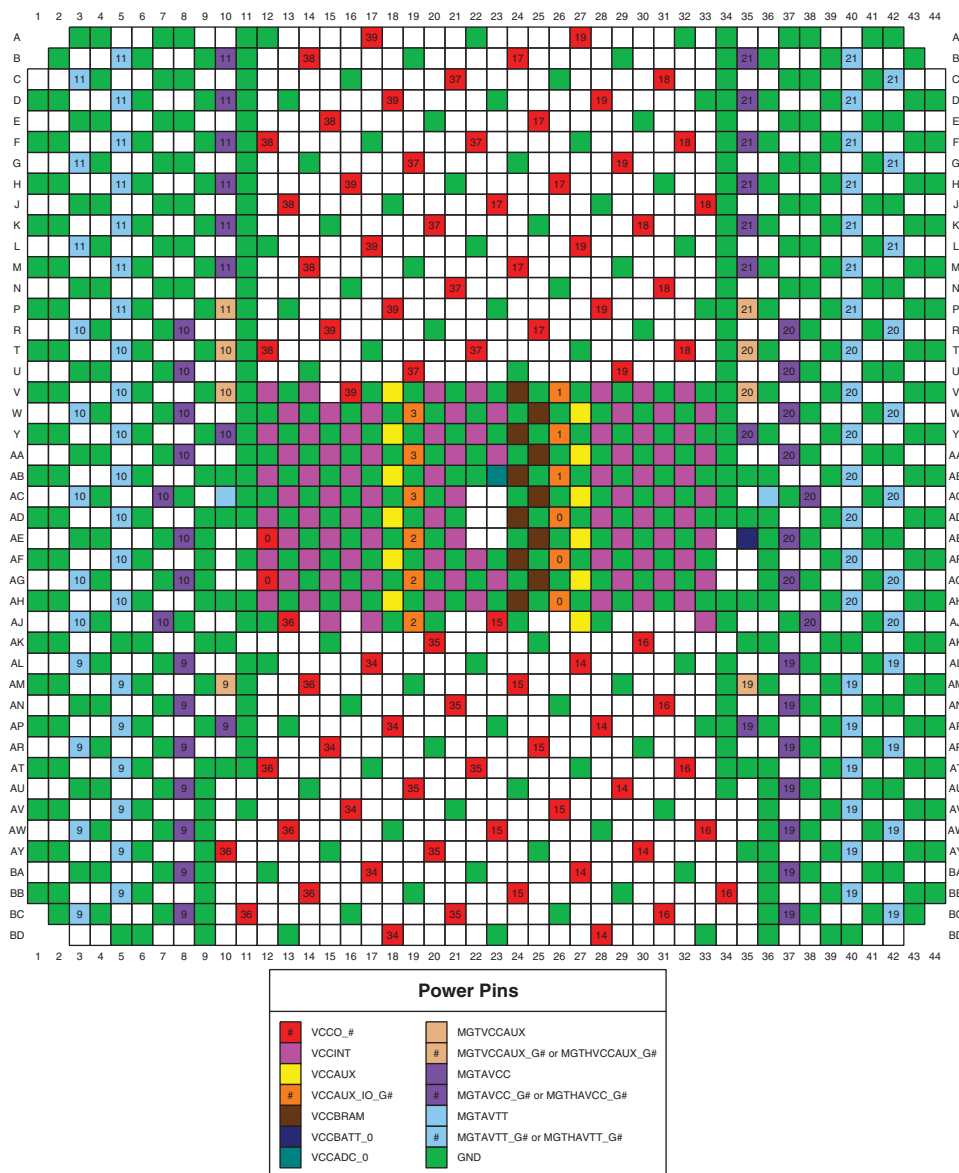


Figure 3-178: FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX485T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_135_013014

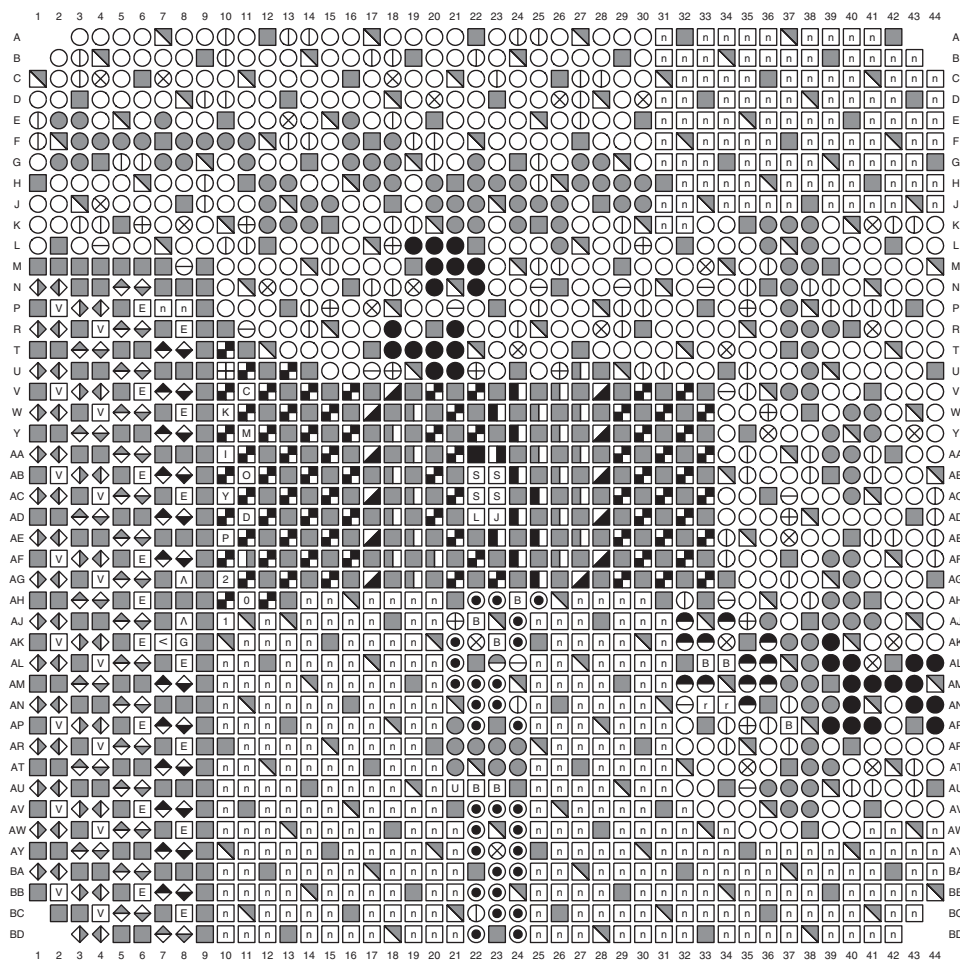
Figure 3-179: FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX485T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_115_052311

Figure 3-180: FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX485T Power and GND Placement

FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX485T



User I/O Pins	Transceiver Pins	Dedicated Pins	Other Pins
○ IO_LXXY_# ○ IO_XX_#	E MGTAVCC_G# V MGTAVTT_G# A MGTVCCAUX_G# < MGTAVTTRCAL G MGTTRREF ◆ MGTREFCLK1/0P ◆ MGTREFCLK1/0N ◆ MGTXRXP ◆ MGTXRXN ◆ MGTXTXP ◆ MGTXTXN E MGTHAVCC_G# V MGTHAVTT_G# ◆ MGTHRXP ◆ MGTHRXN ◆ MGTHTXP ◆ MGHTXN	C CCLK_0 CFGBVS_0 D DONE_0 J DXP_0 L DXN_0 Y GNDADC_0 INIT_B_0 0 M0_0 1 M1_0 2 M2_0 P PROGRAM_B_0 K TCK_0 I TDI_0 O TDO_0 M TMS_0 VCCADC_0 VCCBATT_0 S VP_0 S VN_0 S VREFP_0 S VREFN_0	■ GND VCCAUX_IO_G# VCCAUX VCCINT VCCO_# VCCBRAM n NC
Multi-Function Pins			
B ADV_B B FCS_B B FOE_B B MOSI B FWE_B B DOUT_CSO_B B CSI_B B PUDC_B U RDWR_B I RS0-RS1 ● AD0P/AD0N-AD15P/AD15N ⊖ EMCCLK ⊕ VRN ⊖ VRP ⊗ VREF ● D00-D31 ● A00-A28 ⊖ DQS ● MRCC ● SRCC			

ug475_c3_116_090511

Figure 3-181: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX485T Pinout Diagram

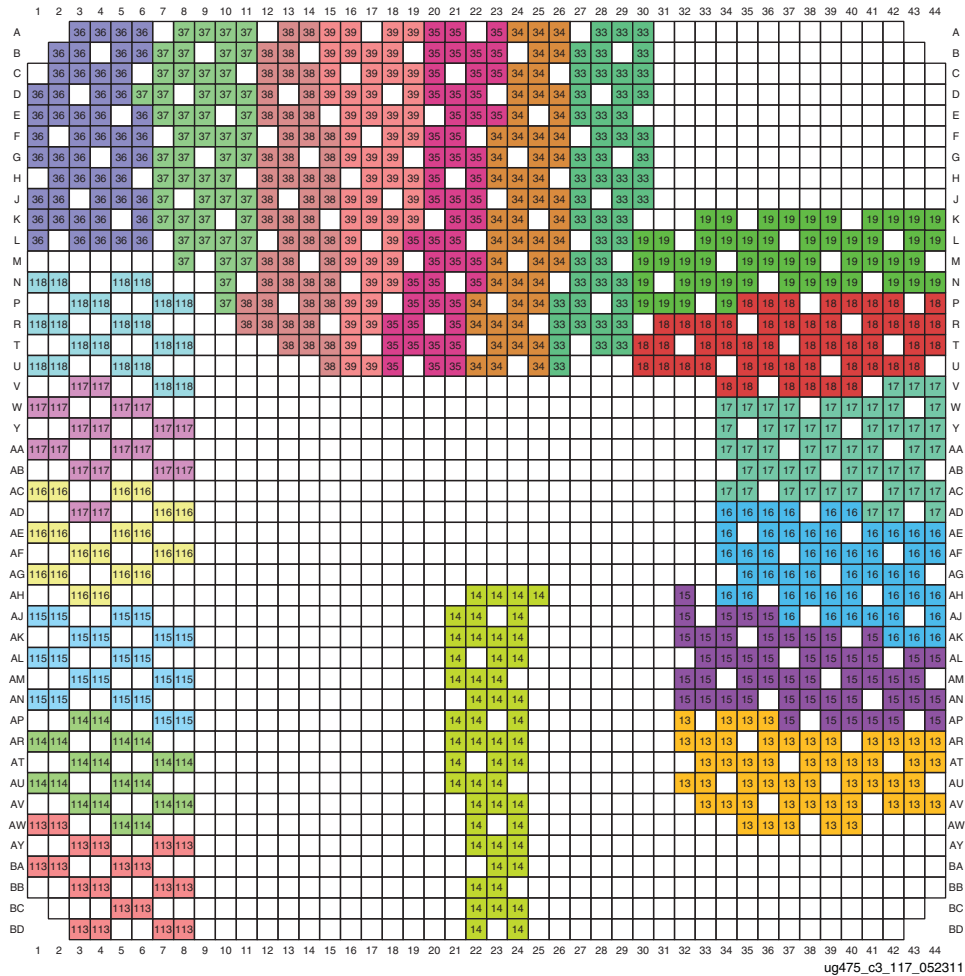
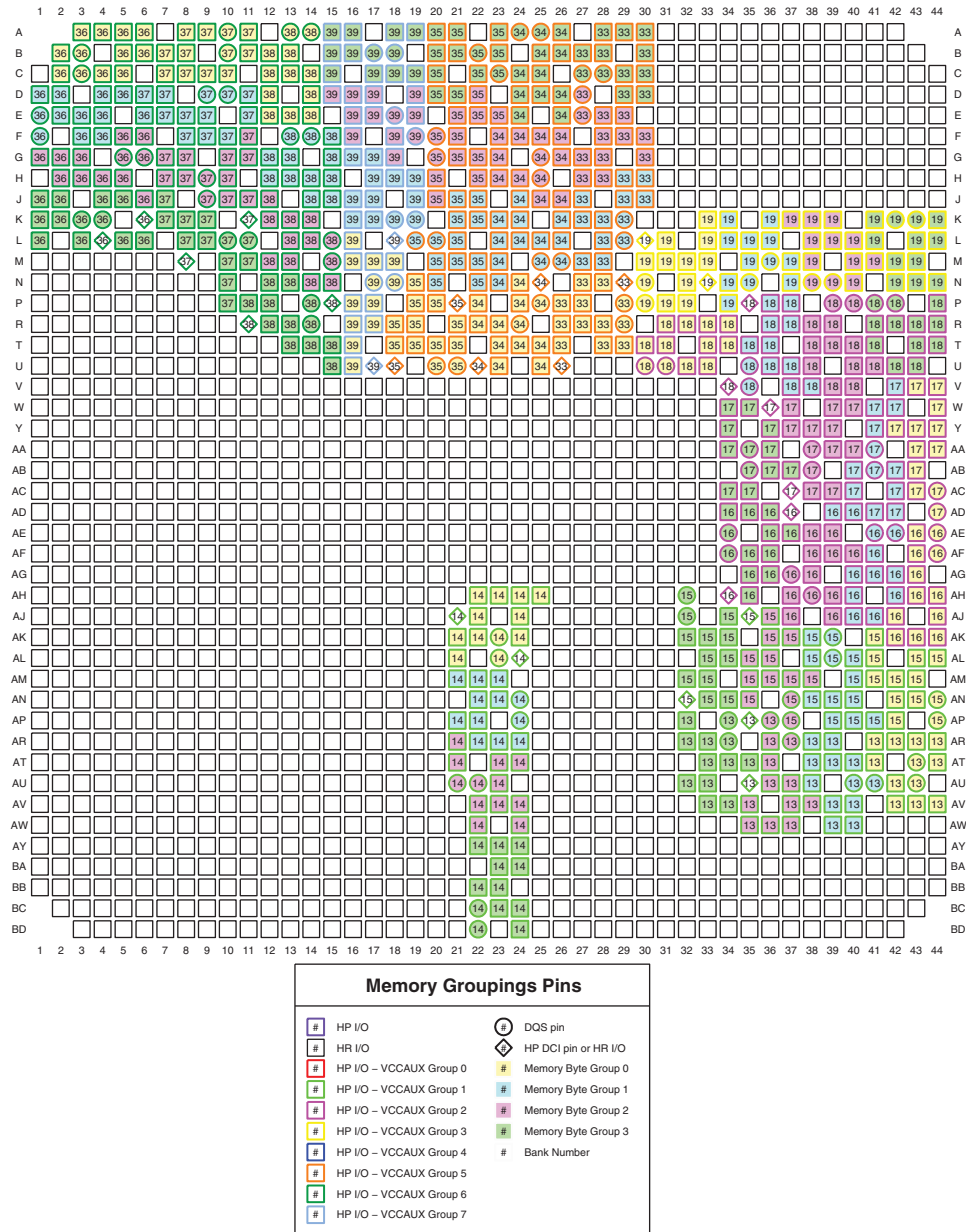
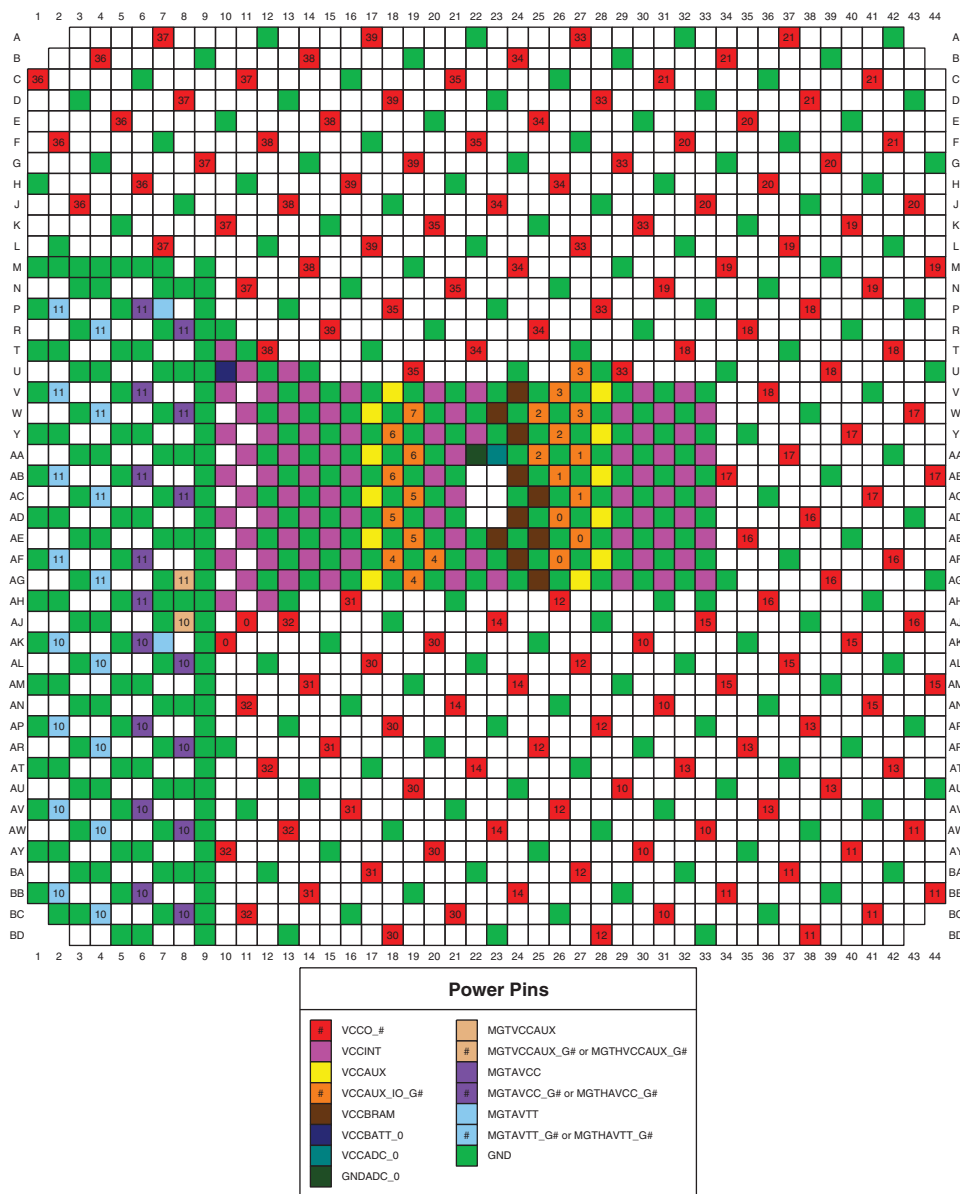


Figure 3-182: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX485T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_139_013114

Figure 3-183: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX485T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_140_122811

Figure 3-184: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX485T Power and GND Placement

FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX690T

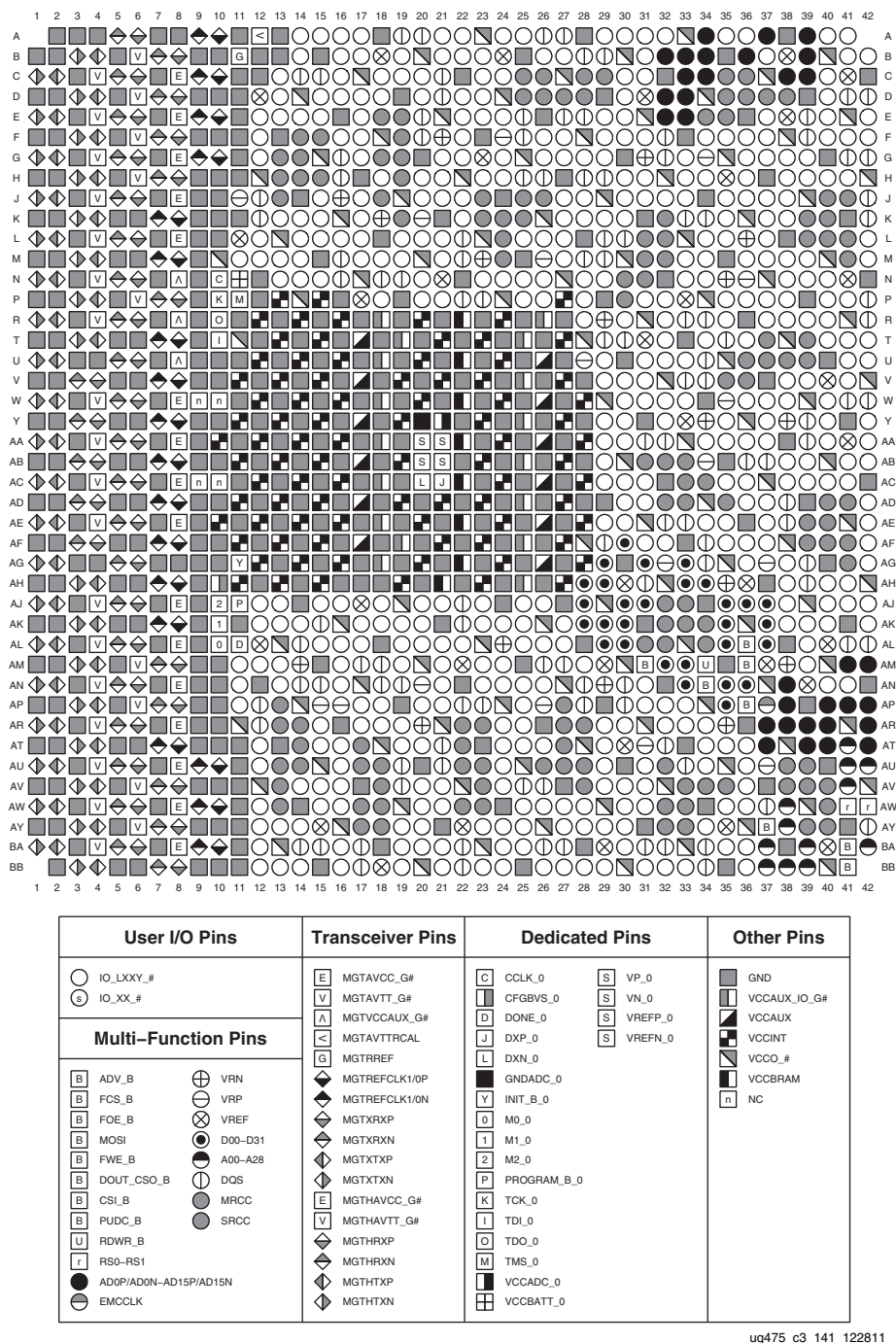


Figure 3-185: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX690T Pinout Diagram

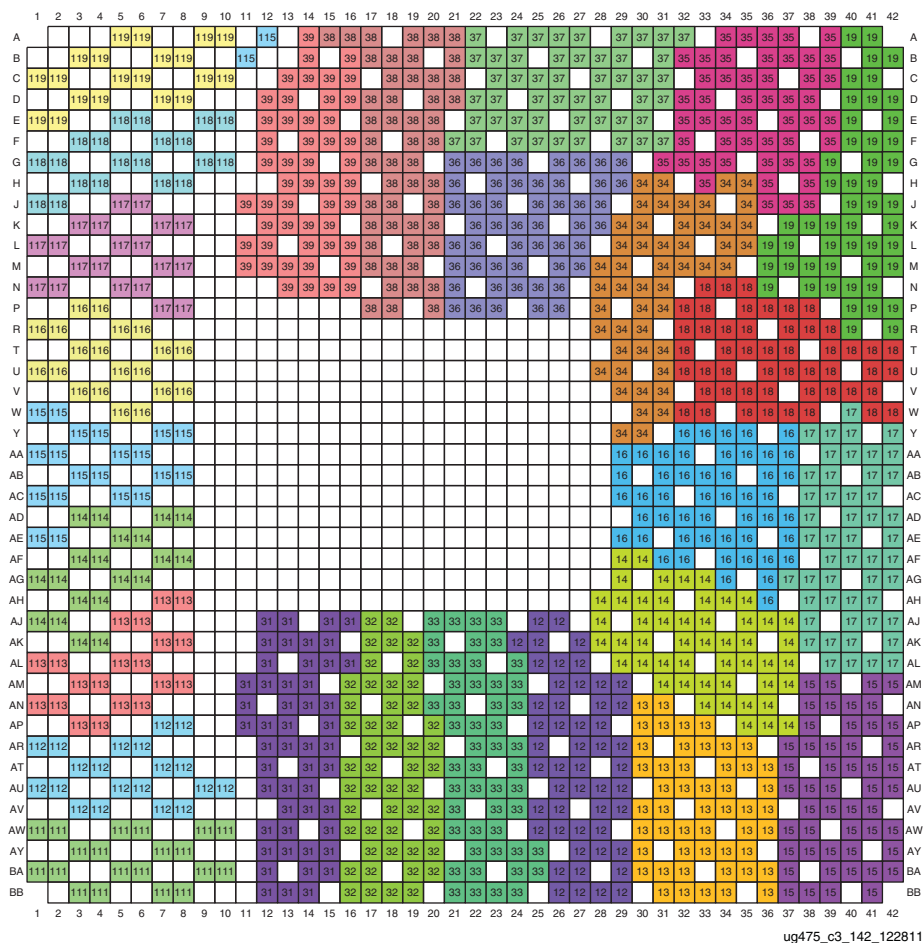
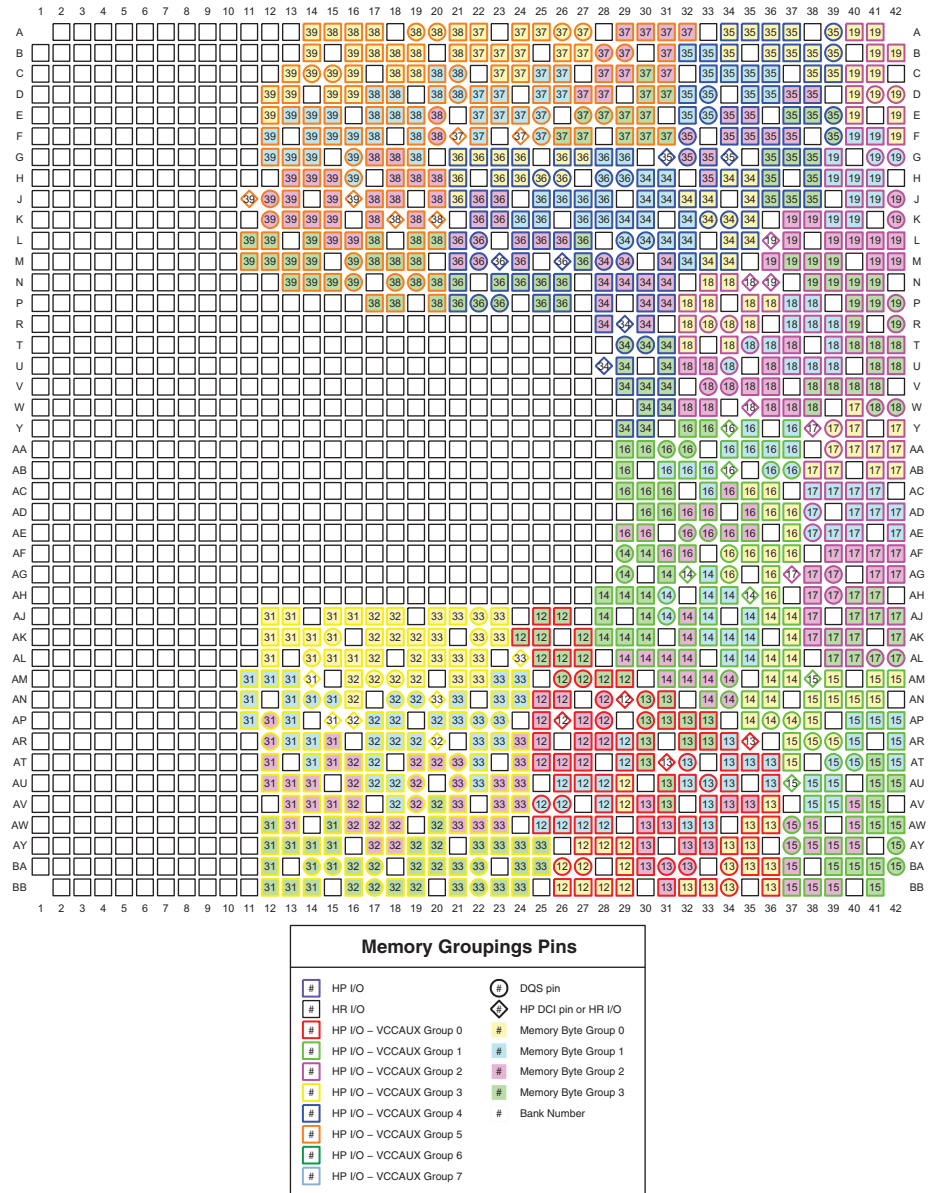


Figure 3-186: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX690T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_143_013114

Figure 3-187: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX690T Memory Groupings

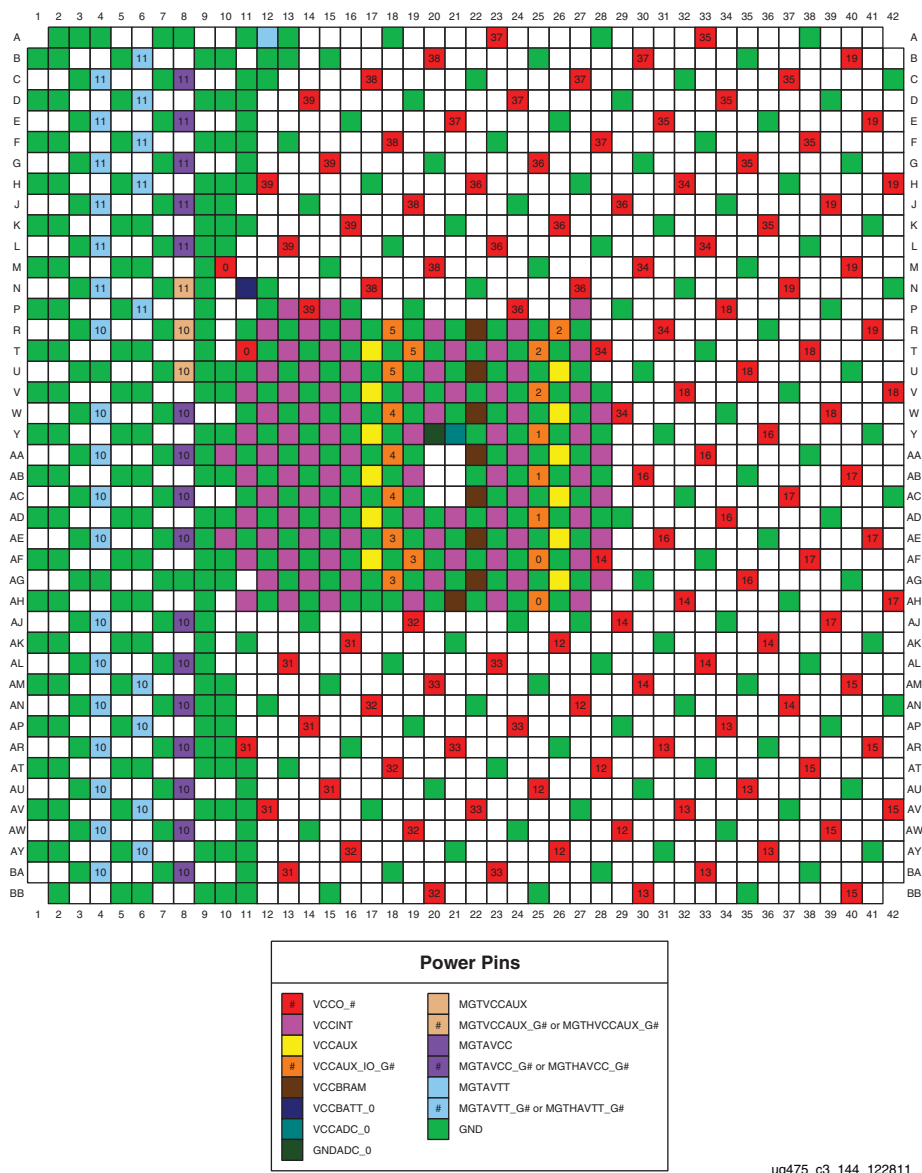
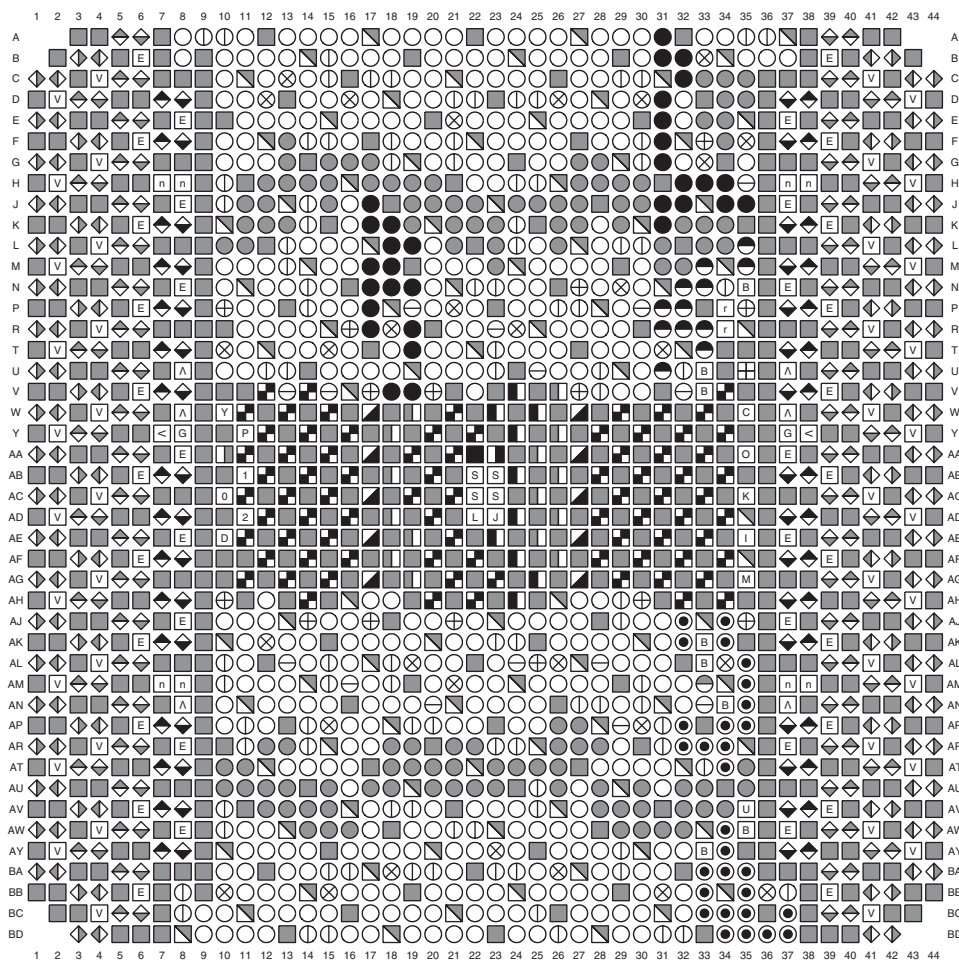


Figure 3-188: FF1761, FFG1761, and RF1761 Packages—XC7VX690T Power and GND Placement

FF1926 and FFG1926 Packages—XC7VX690T and XC7VX980T



User I/O Pins	Transceiver Pins	Dedicated Pins	Other Pins
○ IO_LXXY_# ○ IO_XX_#	E MGTAVCC_G# V MGTAVTT_G# A MGTAVCCAUX_G# < MGTAVTTRCAL G MGTREF ◇ MGTREFCLK1/0P ◇ MGTREFCLK1/0N ◇ MGTXXRX ◇ MGTXXRXN ◇ MGTXTXP ◇ MGTXTXN E MGTAVCC_G# V MGTAVTT_G# ◇ MGTXXRX ◇ MGTXXRXN ◇ MGTXTXP ◇ MGTXTXN	C CCLK_0 CFGBVS_0 D DONE_0 J DXP_0 L DXN_0 Y GNDADC_0 0 M0_0 1 M1_0 2 M2_0 P PROGRAM_B_0 K TCK_0 I TDI_0 O TDO_0 M TMS_0 VCCADC_0 VCCBATT_0 S VP_0 S VN_0 S VREFP_0 S VREFN_0	■ GND VCCAUX_IO_G# VCCAUX VCCINT VCCO_# VCCBRAM n NC
Multi-Function Pins			
B ADV_B B FCS_B B FOE_B B MOSI B FWE_B B DOUT_CSO_B B CSI_B B PUDC_B U RDWR_B r RS0-RS1 ● AD0P/AD0N-AD15P/AD15N ○ EMCCLK ⊕ VRN ⊖ VRP ⊗ VREF ⊙ D00-D31 ⊙ A00-A28 ⊙ DQS ⊙ MRCC ⊙ SRCC			

ug475_c3_145_122811

Figure 3-189: FF1926 and FFG1926 Packages—XC7VX690T and XC7VX980T Pinout Diagram

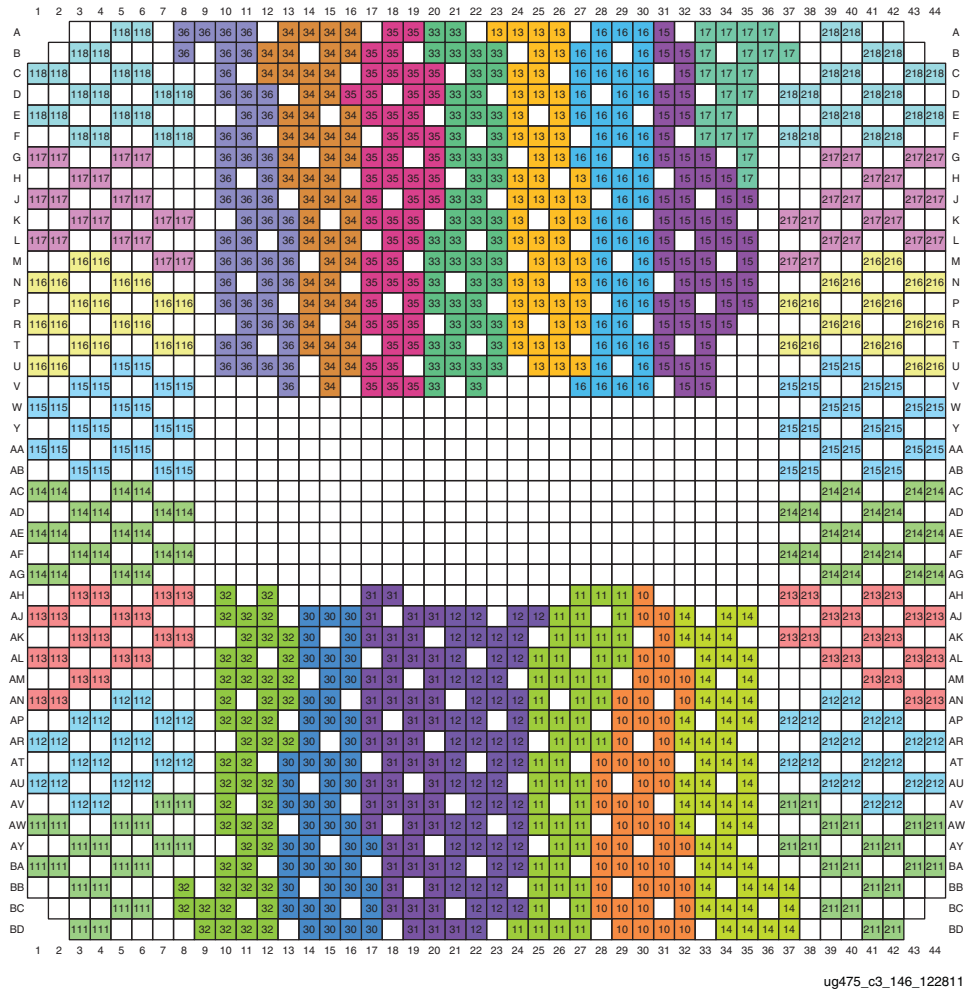
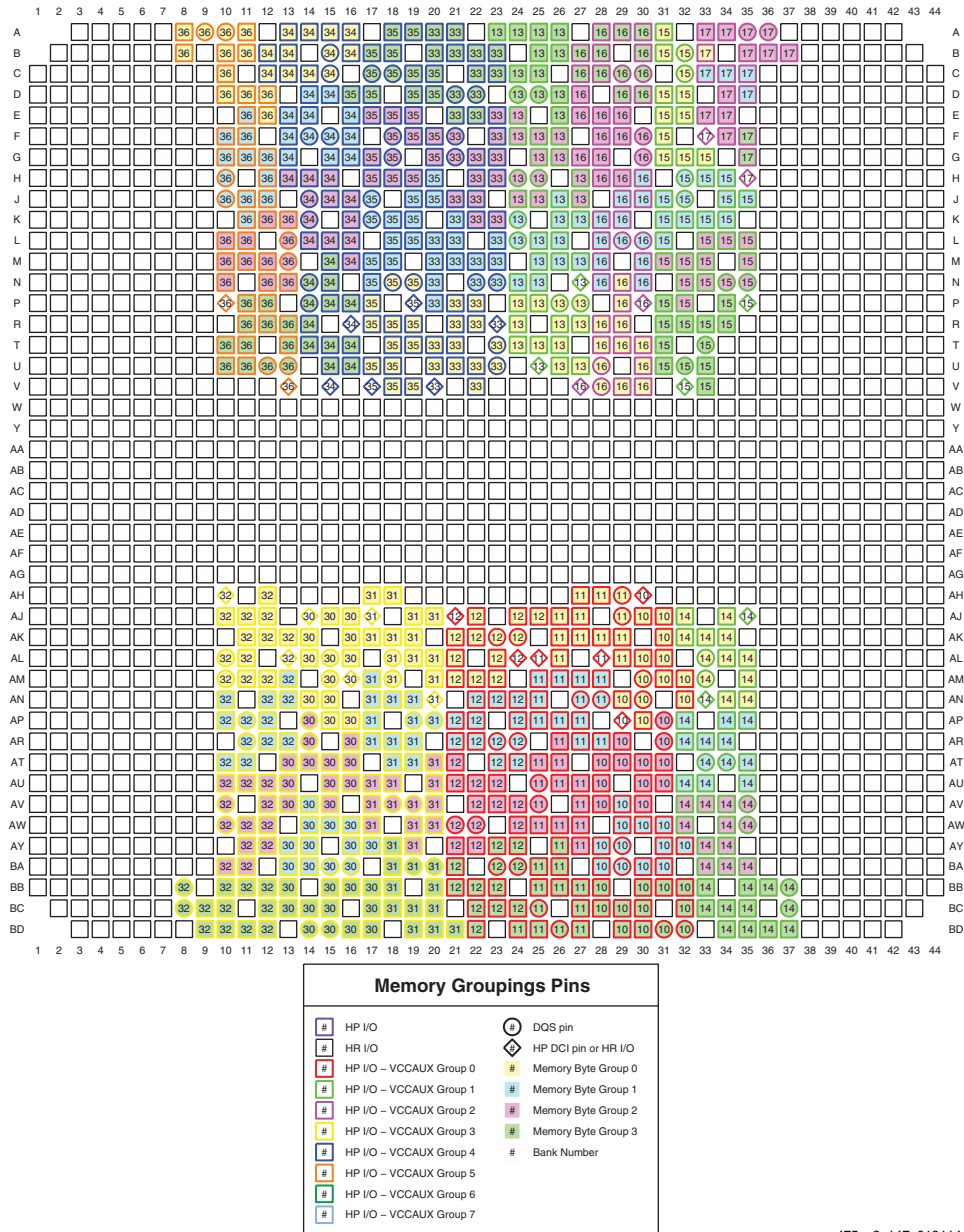


Figure 3-190: FF1926 and FFG1926 Packages—XC7VX690T and XC7VX980T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_147_013114

Figure 3-191: FF1926 and FFG1926 Packages—XC7VX690T and XC7VX980T Memory Groupings

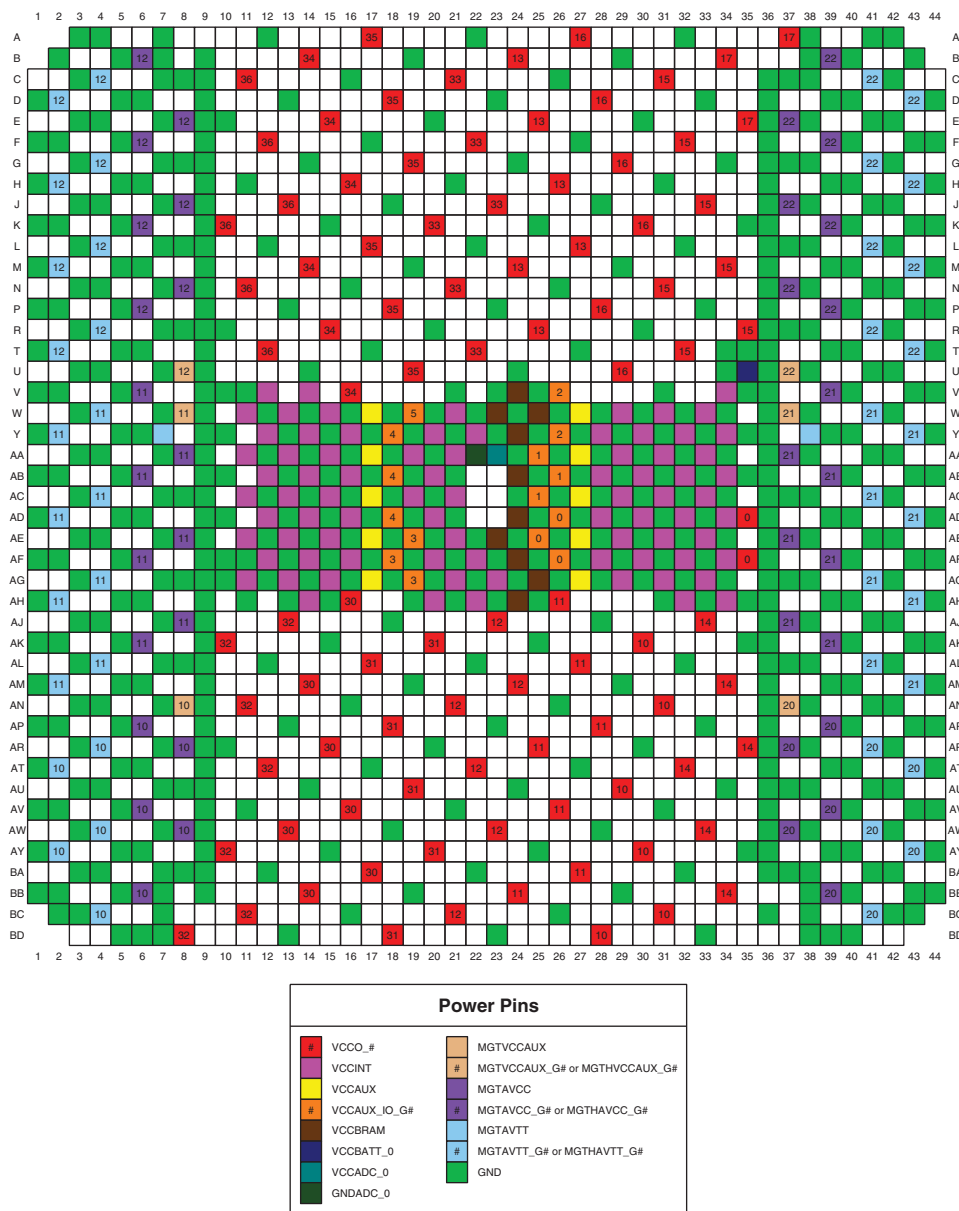
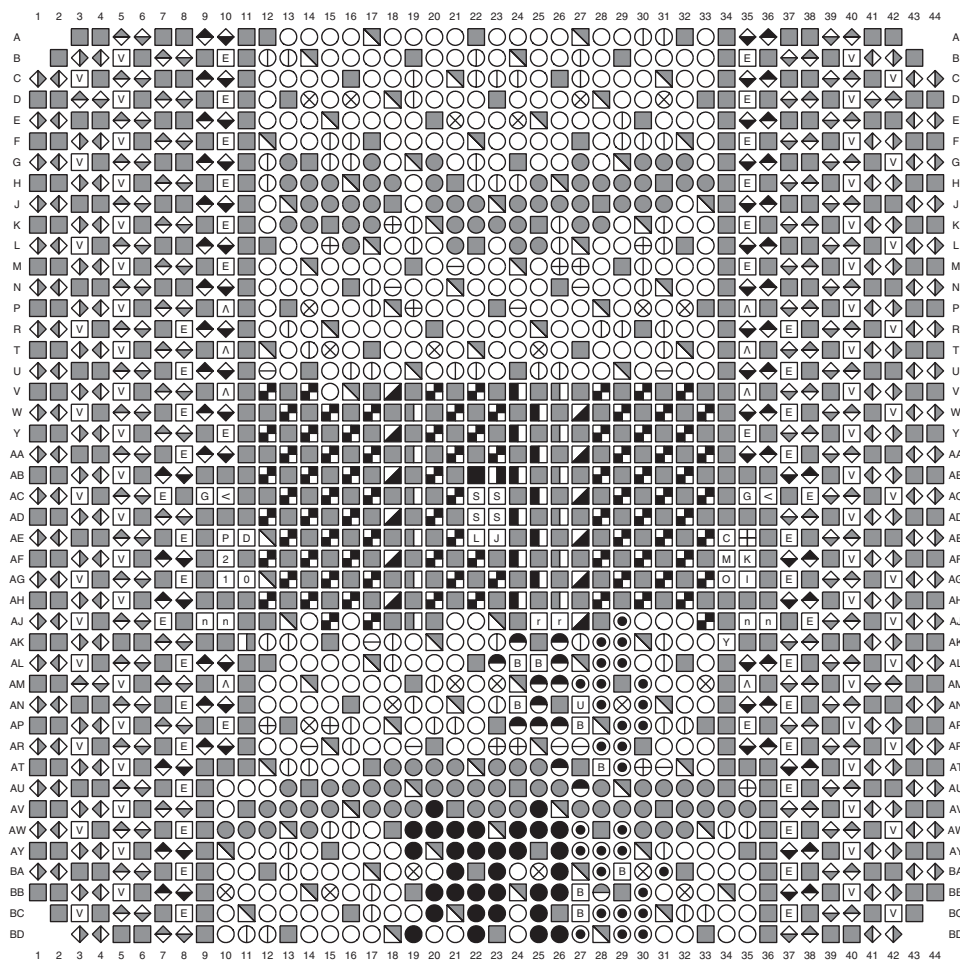


Figure 3-192: FF1926 and FFG1926 Packages—XC7VX690T and XC7VX980T Power and GND Placement

FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX550T and XC7VX690T



User I/O Pins	Transceiver Pins	Dedicated Pins		Other Pins
○ IO_LXXY_# Ⓢ IO_XX_#	E MGTA VCC_# V MGTA VTT_# A MGTVCCAUX_# < MGTA VTTFCAL G MGTRREF ◆ MGTRREFCLK1/0P ◆ MGTRREFCLK1/0N ◆ MGTXRX ◆ MGTXRXN ◆ MGTXTXP ◆ MGTXTXN E MGTHA VCC_# V MGTHA VTT_# ◆ MGTHRX ◆ MGTHRXN ◆ MGTHTXP ◆ MGTHTXN	C CCLK_0 V CFGBVS_0 D DONE_0 J DXP_0 L DXN_0 ■ GNDADC_0 Y INIT_B_0 0 M0_0 1 M1_0 2 M2_0 P PROGRAM_B_0 K TKC_0 I TDI_0 O TDO_0 M TMS_0 ■ VCCADC_0 ⊞ VCCBATT_0 S VP_0 S VN_0 S VREFP_0 S VREFN_0	■ GND ■ VCCAUX_IO_# ■ VCCAUX ■ VCCINT ■ VCCO_# ■ VCCBRAM n NC	
Multi-Function Pins				
B ADV_B B FCS_B B FOE_B B MOSI B FWE_B B DOUT_CS0_B B CSI_B B PUDC_B U RDWR_B r RS0-RS1 ● AD0P/AD0N-AD15P/AD15N ⊖ EMCCLK ⊕ VRN ⊗ VRP ⊙ VREF ● D00-D31 ⦶ A00-A28 ⦶ DQS ● MRCC ● SRCC				

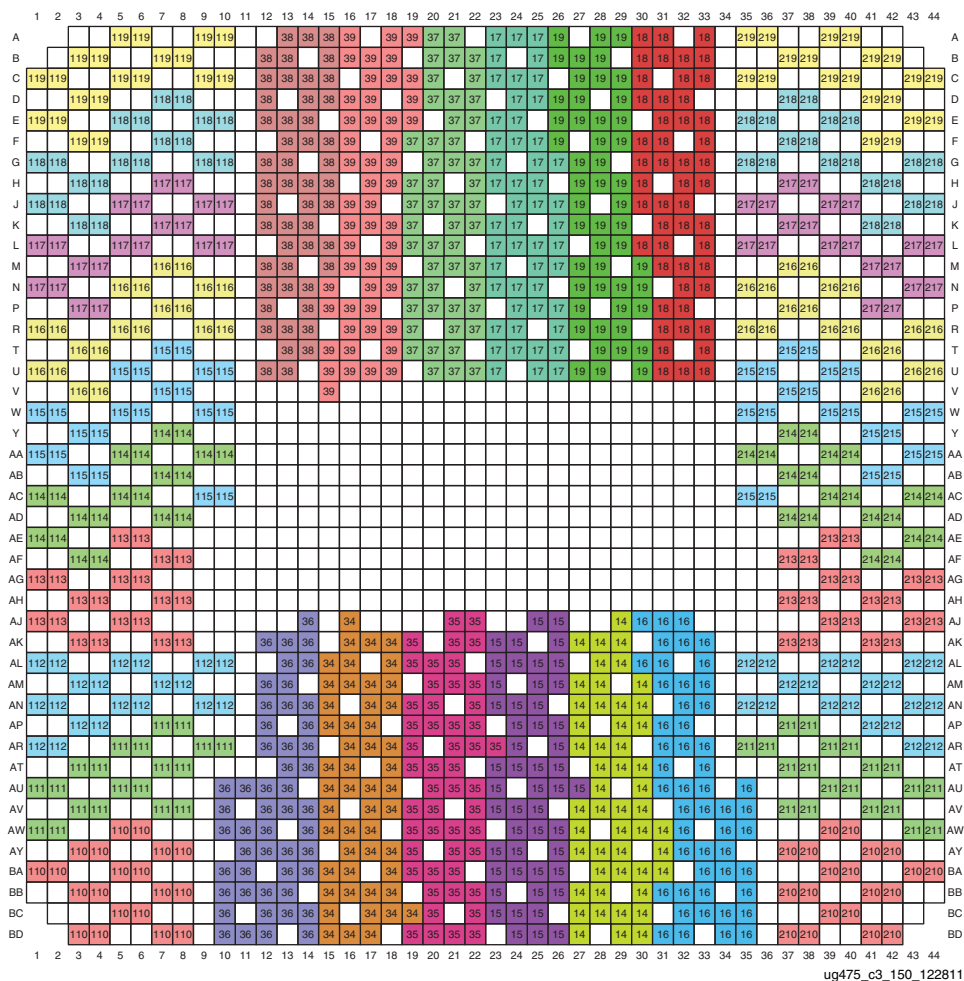
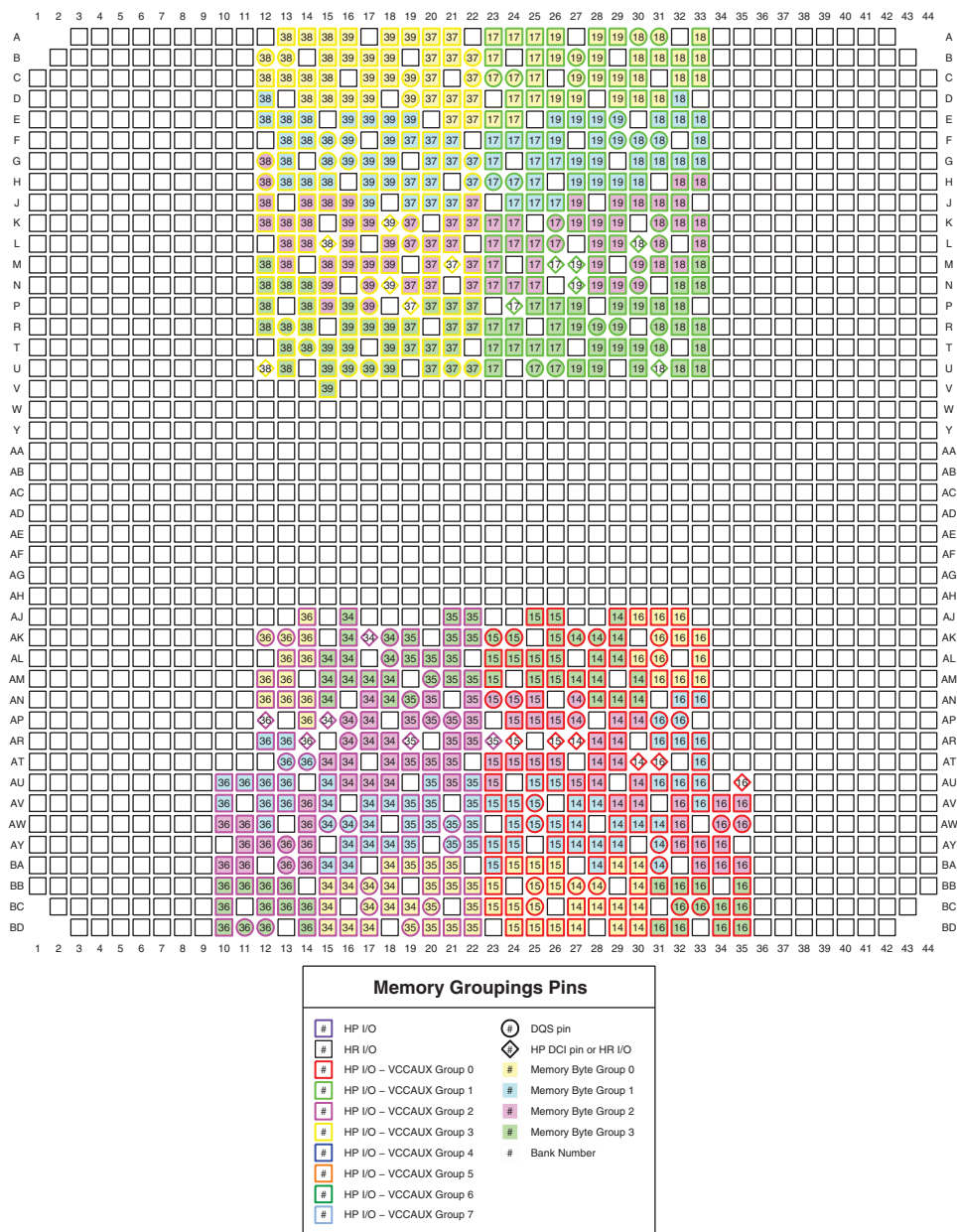
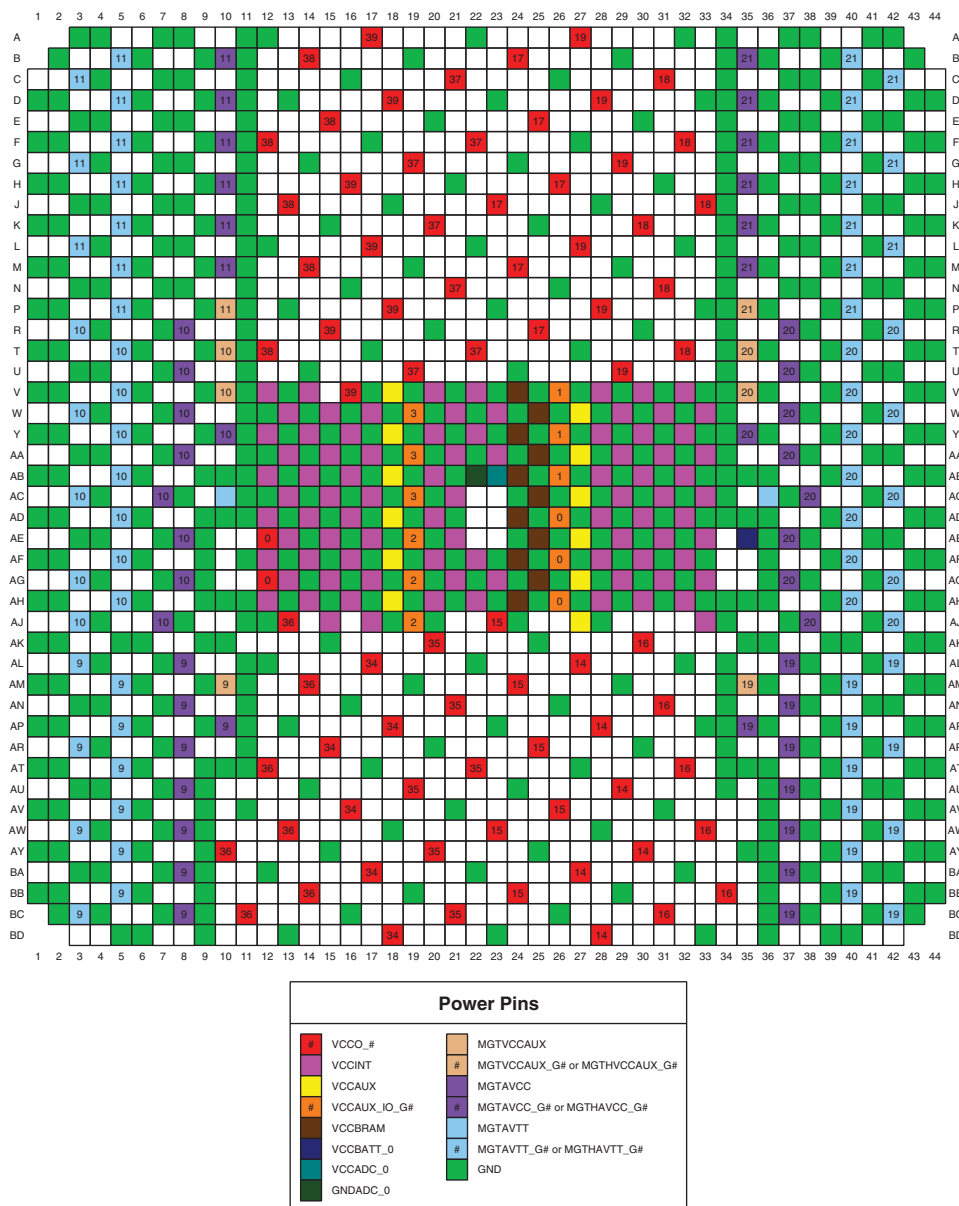


Figure 3-194: FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX550T and XC7VX690T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_151_013114

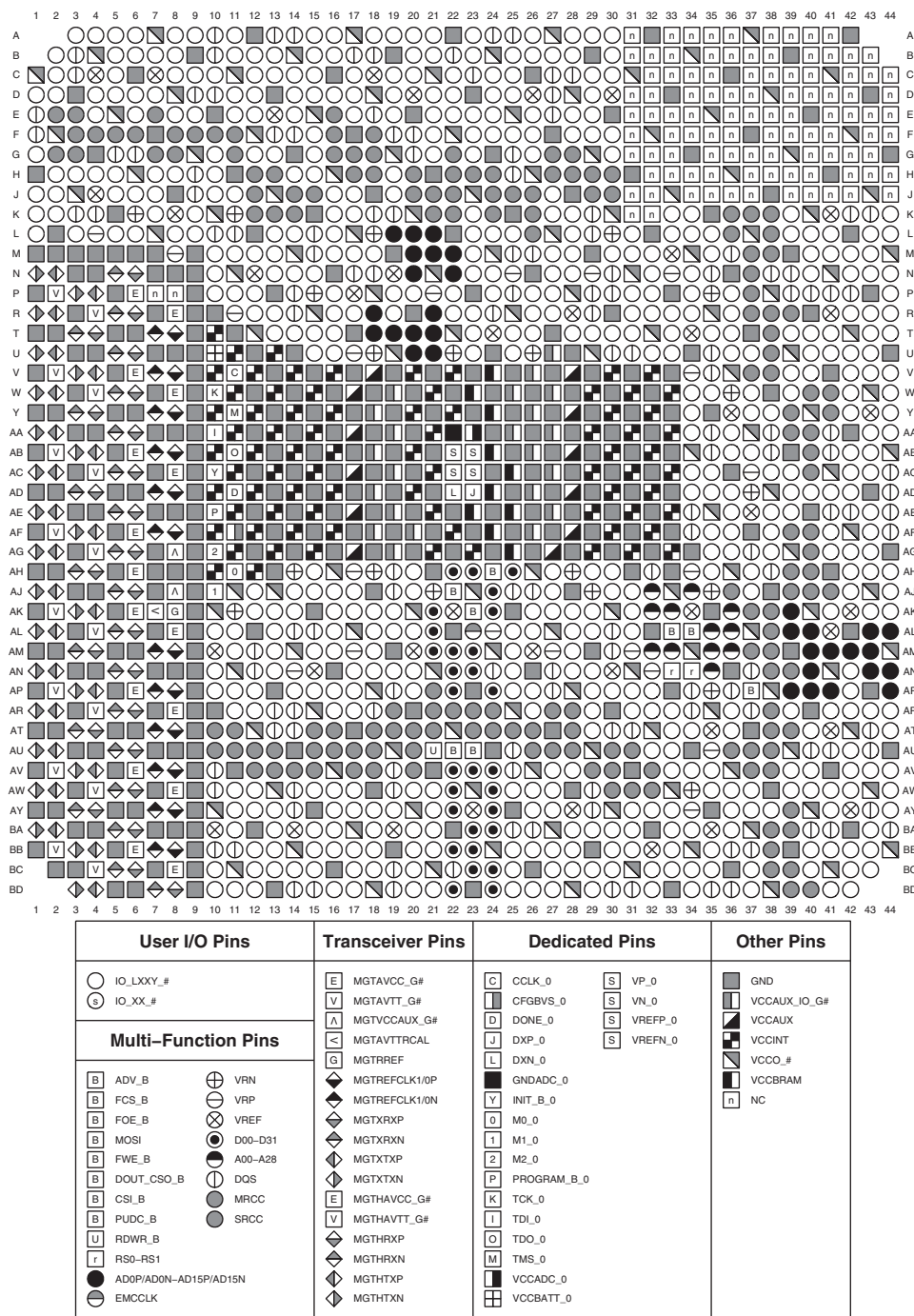
Figure 3-195: FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX550T and XC7VX690T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_152_122811

Figure 3-196: FF1927 and FFG1927 Packages—XC7VX550T and XC7VX690T Power and GND Placement

FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX690T



ug475_c3_153_122911

Figure 3-197: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX690T Pinout Diagram

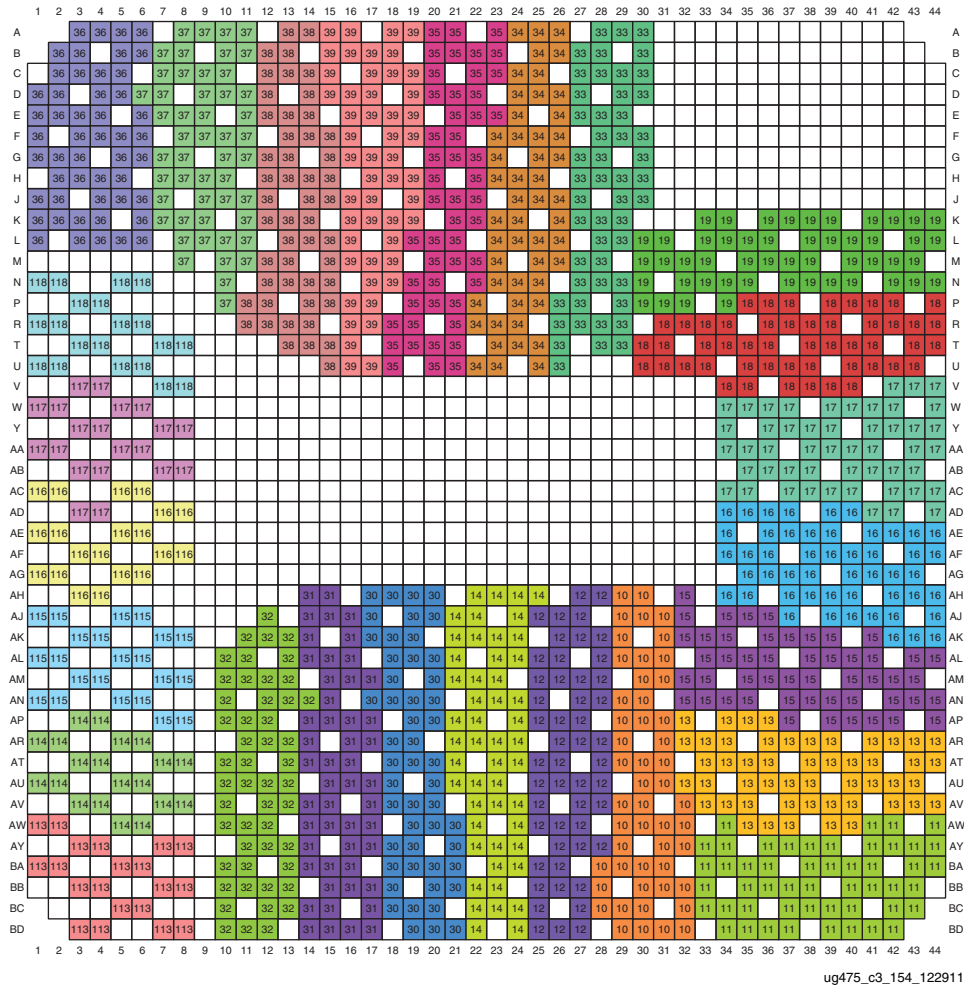
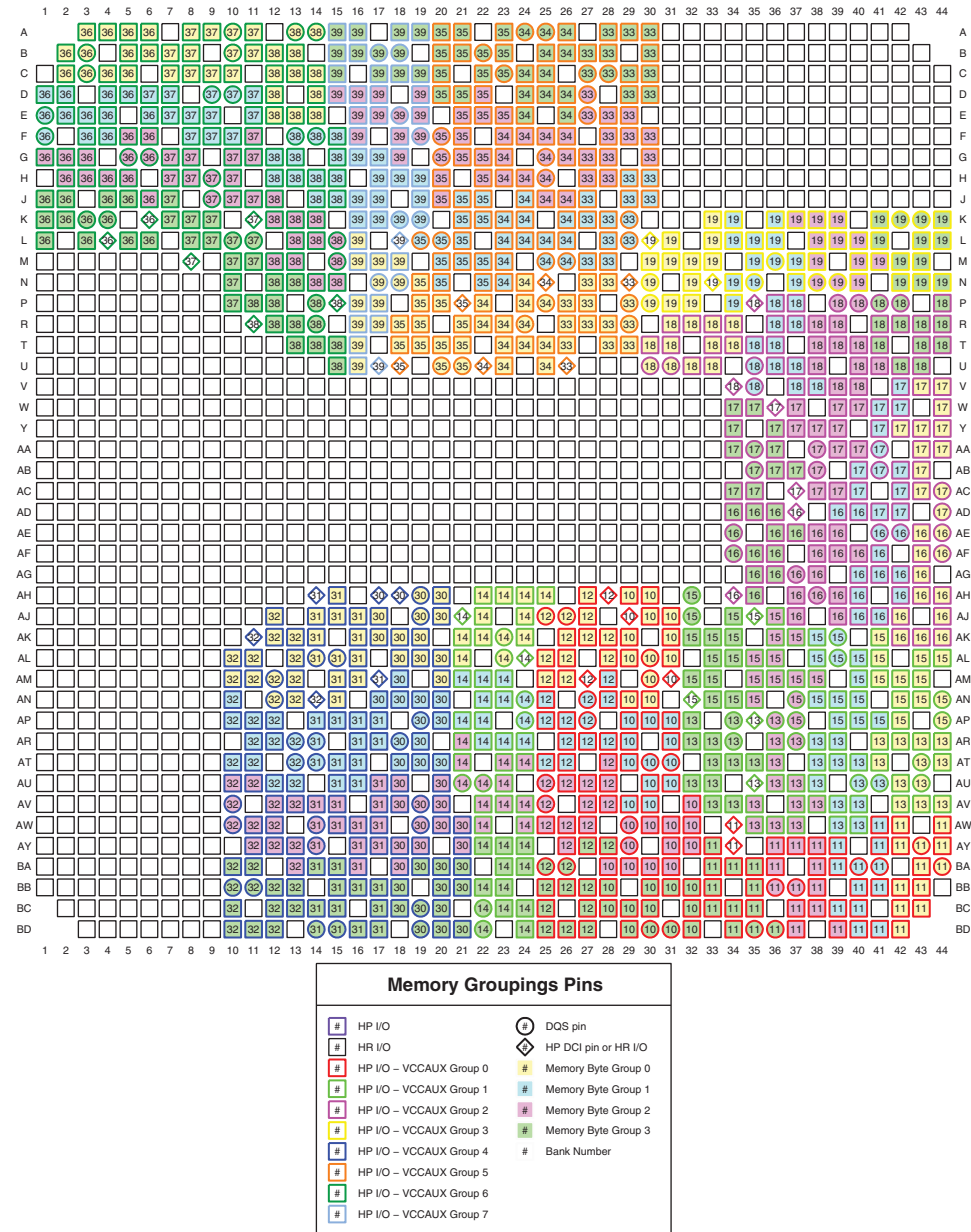


Figure 3-198: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX690T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_155_013114

Figure 3-199: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX690T Memory Groupings

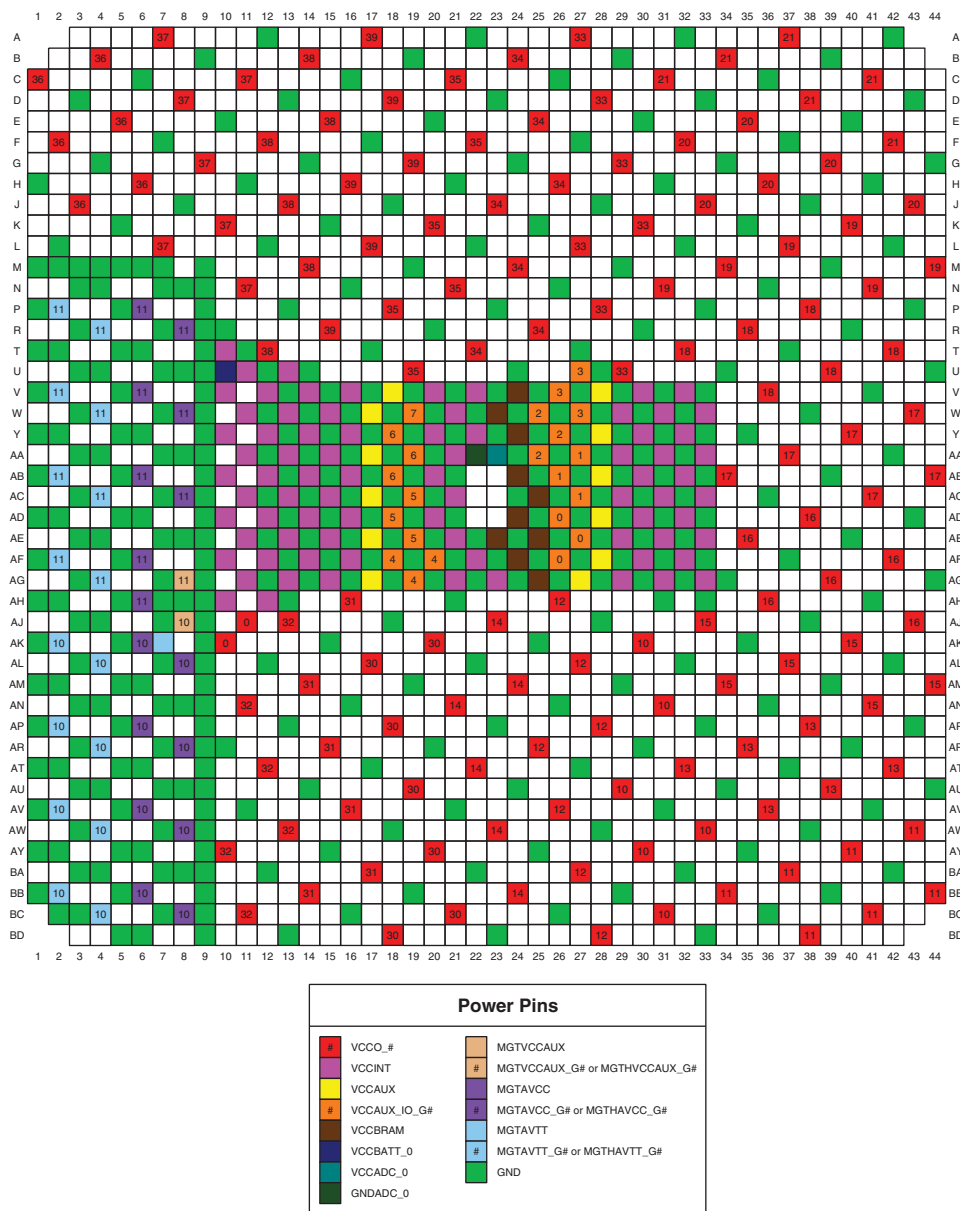
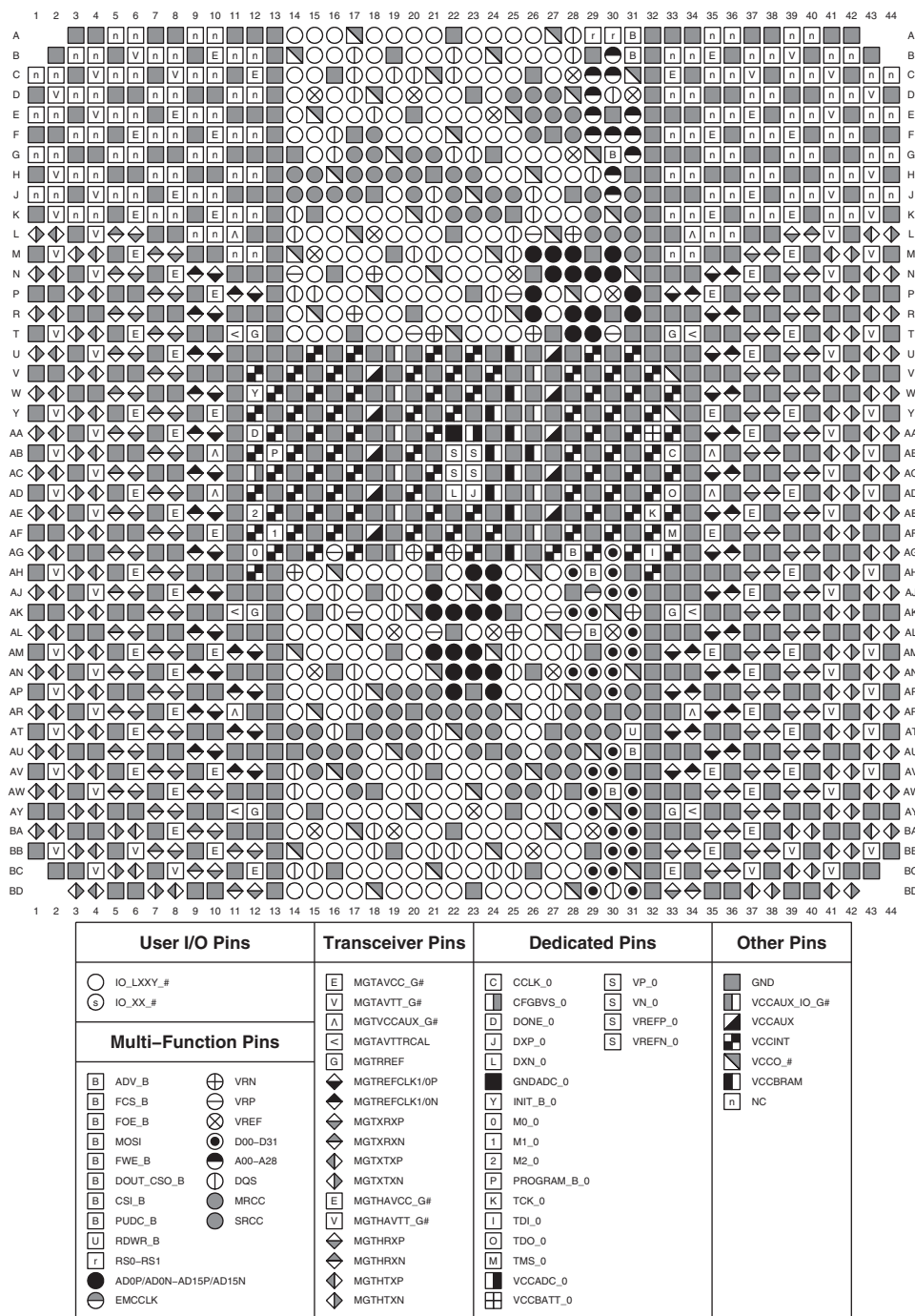


Figure 3-200: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX690T Power and GND Placement

FF1928 and FFG1928 Packages—XC7VX980T



ug475_c3_157_122911

Figure 3-201: FF1928 and FFG1928 Packages—XC7VX980T Pinout Diagram

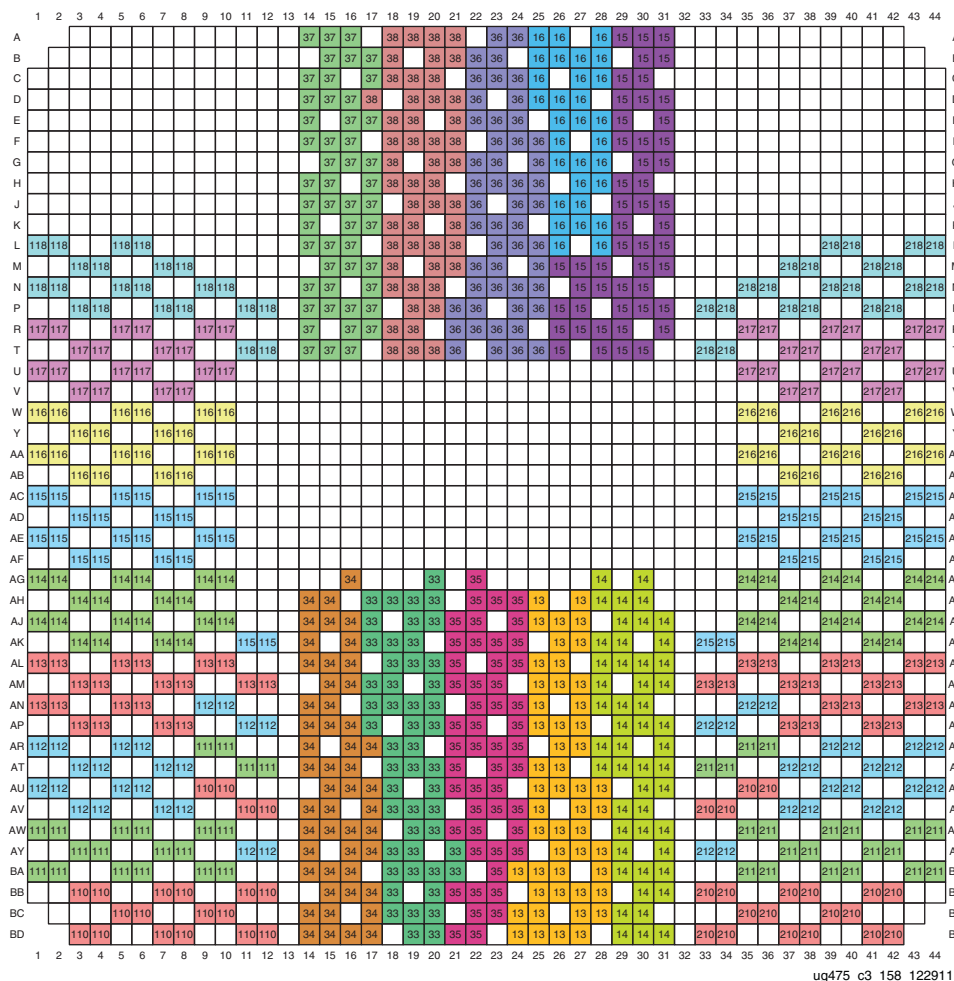
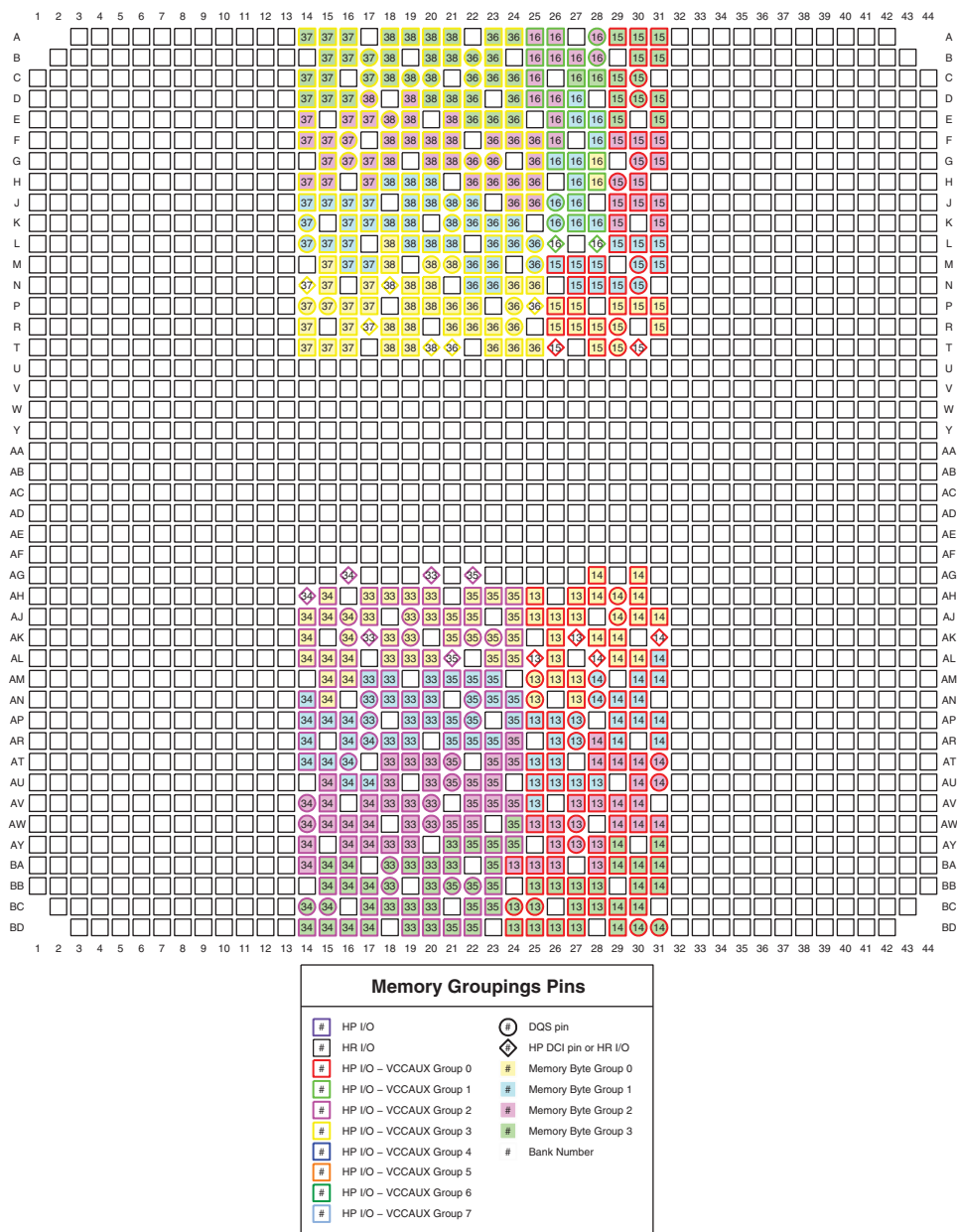


Figure 3-202: FF1928 and FFG1928 Packages—XC7VX980T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_159_013114

Figure 3-203: FF1928 and FFG1928 Packages—XC7VX980T Memory Groupings

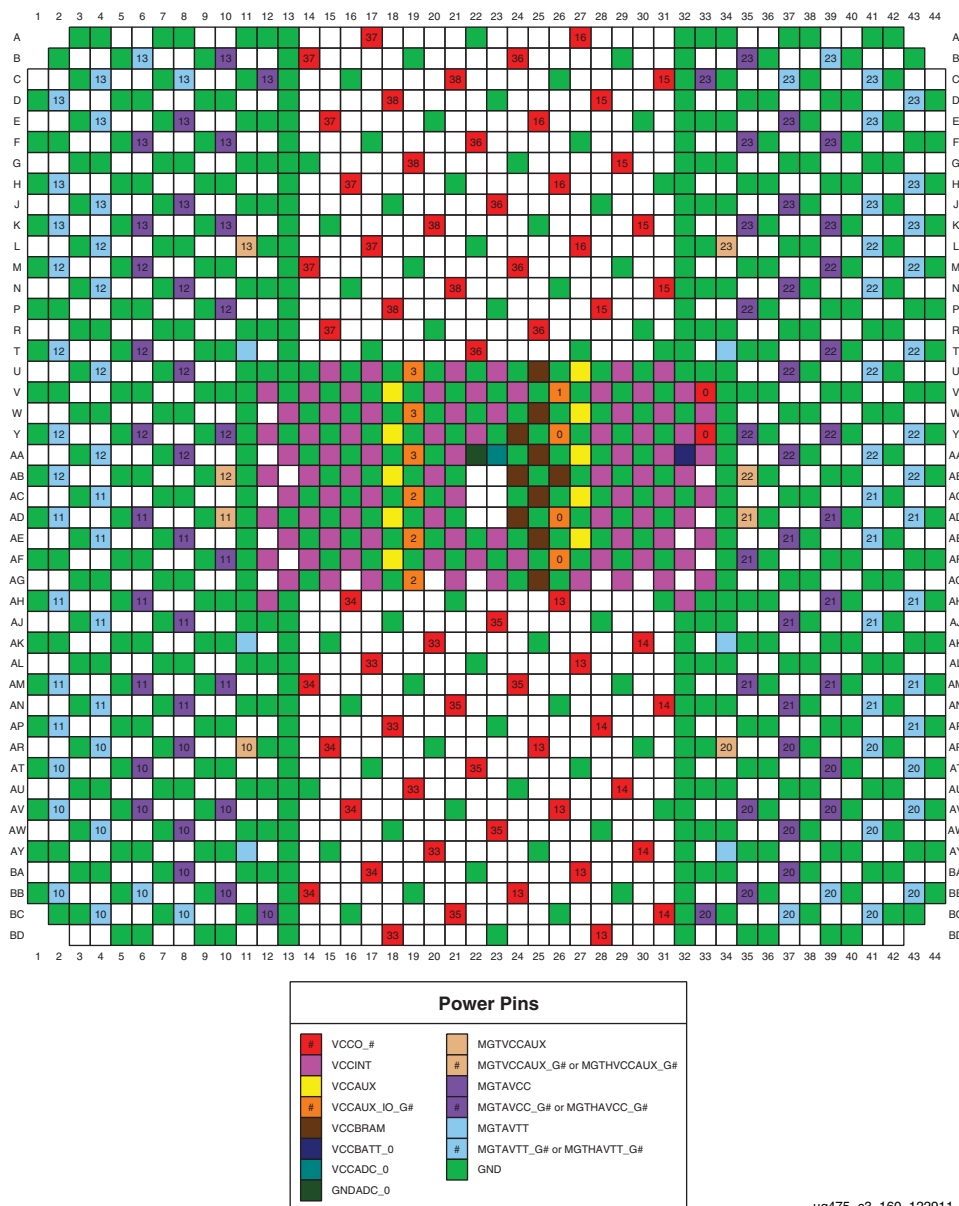
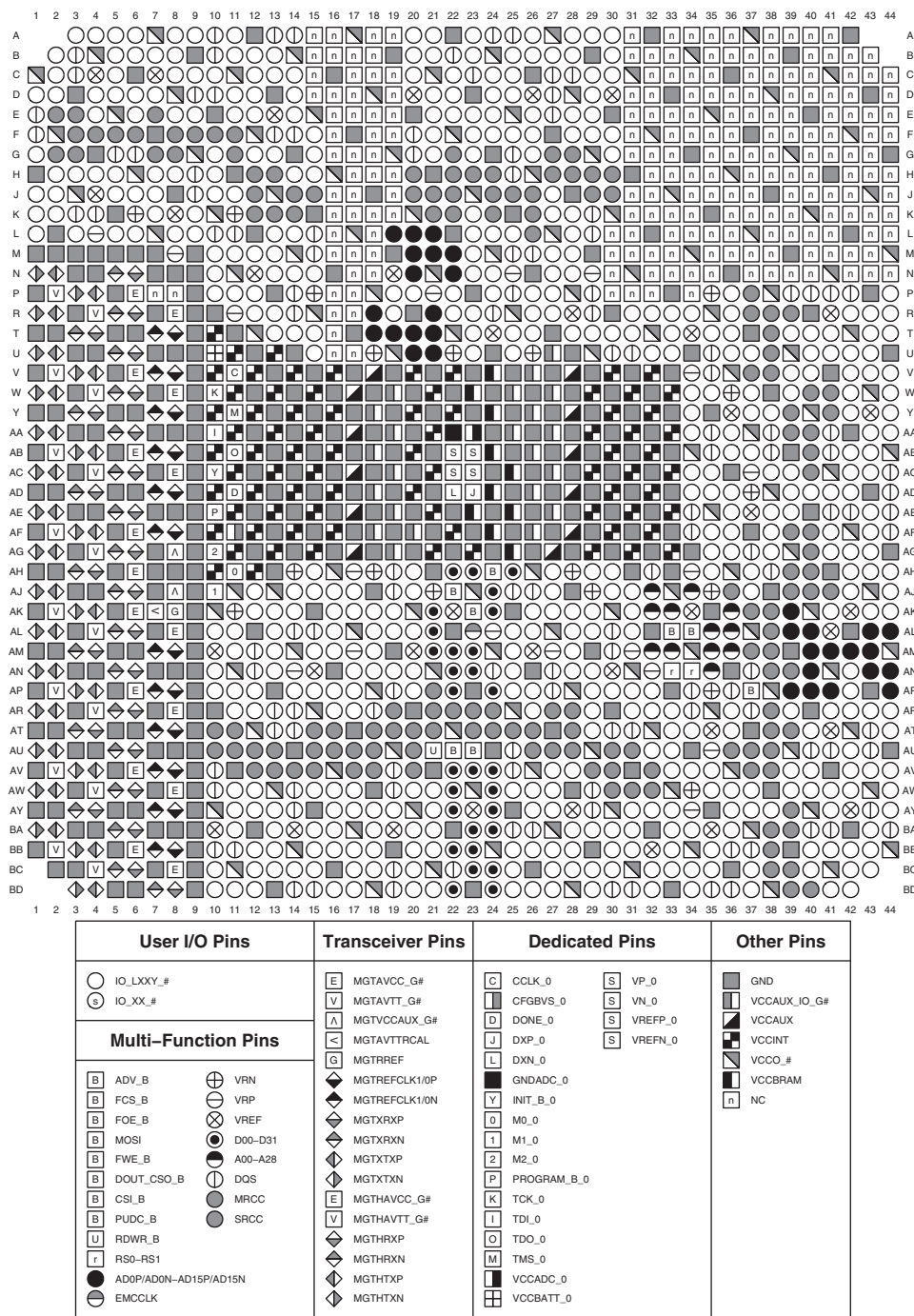


Figure 3-204: FF1928 and FFG1928 Packages—XC7VX980T Power and GND Placement

FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX980T



ug475_c3_161_122911

Figure 3-205: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX980T Pinout Diagram

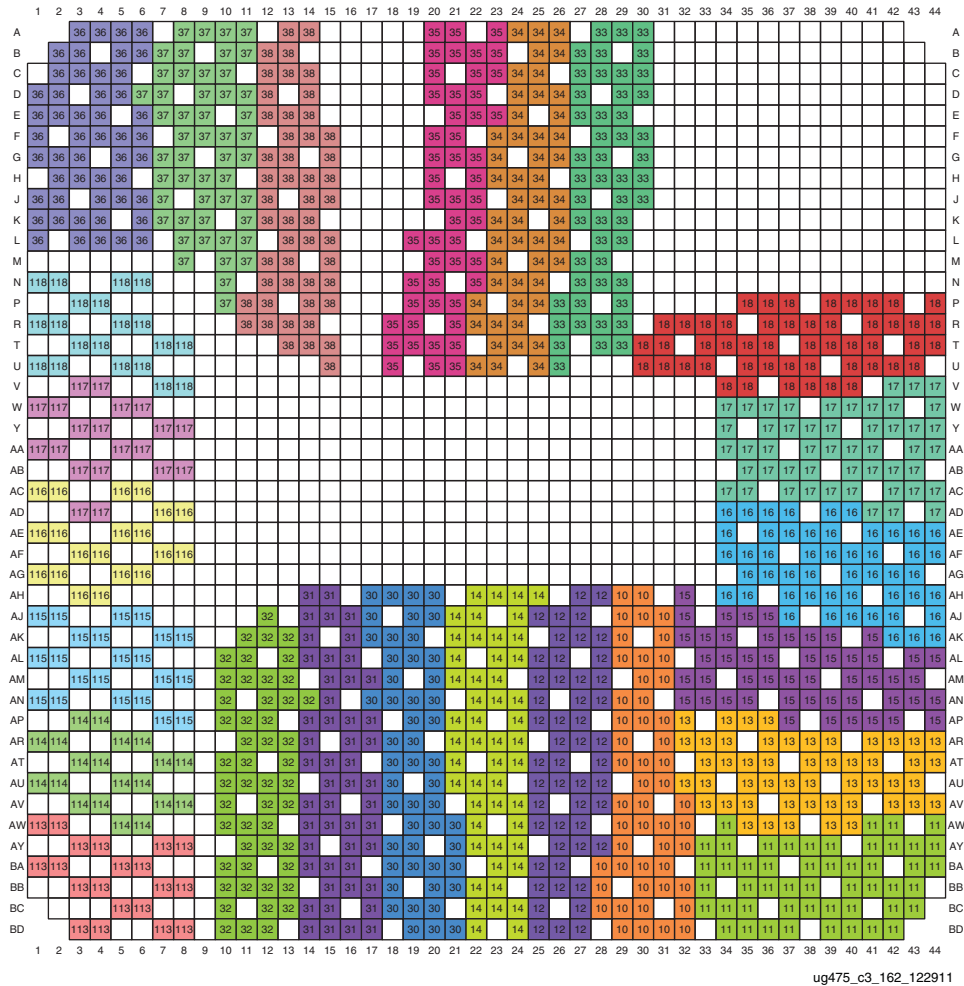
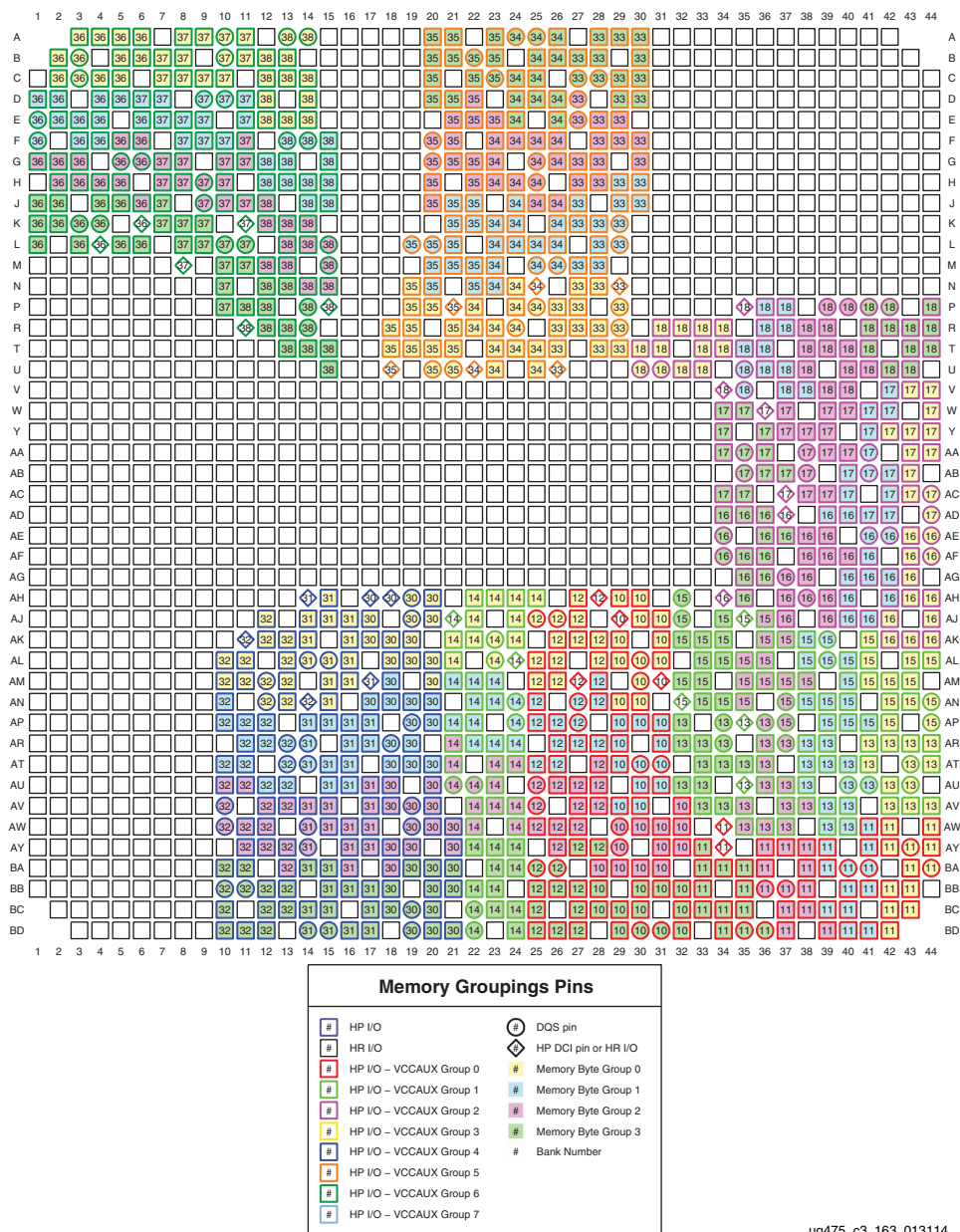


Figure 3-206: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX980T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_163_013114

Figure 3-207: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX980T Memory Groupings

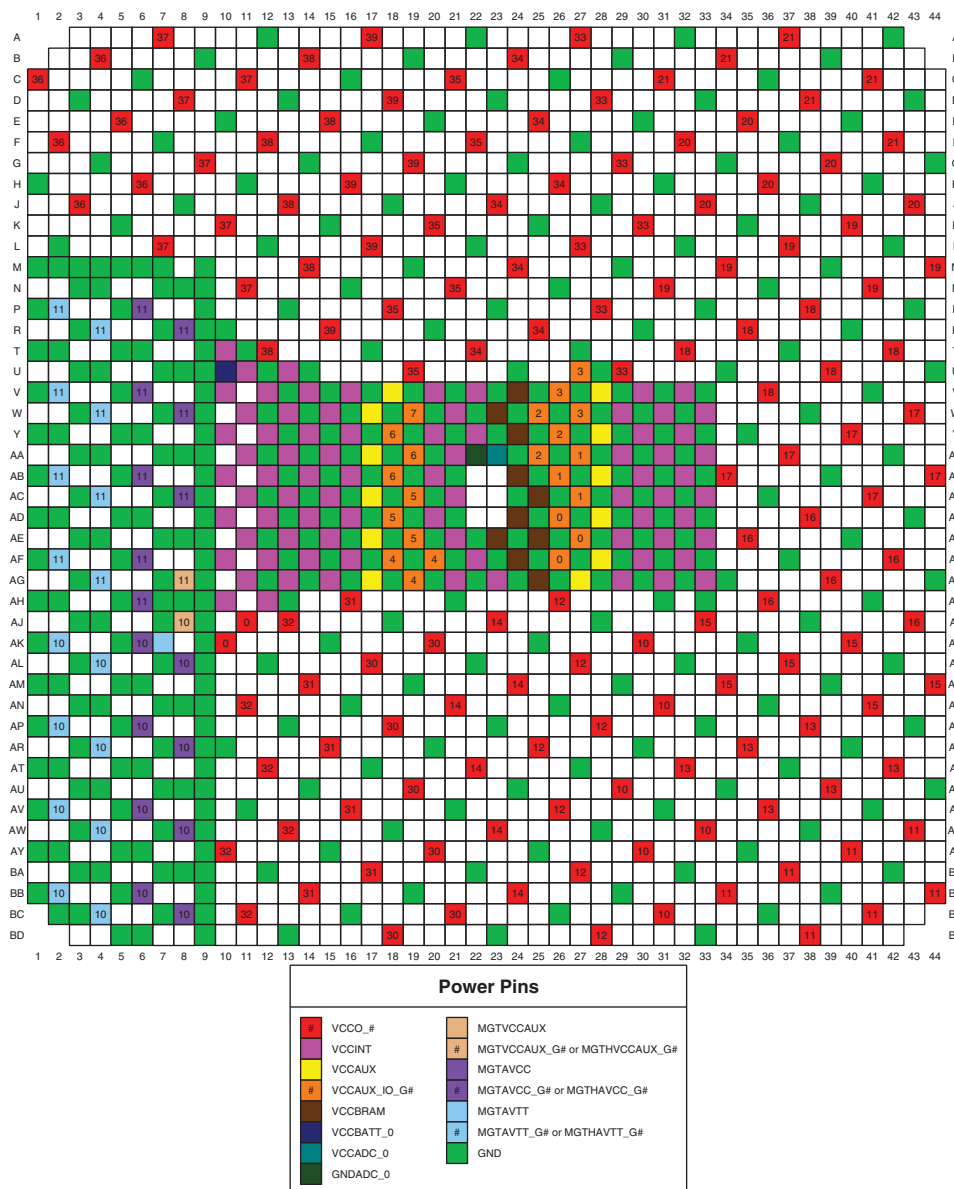
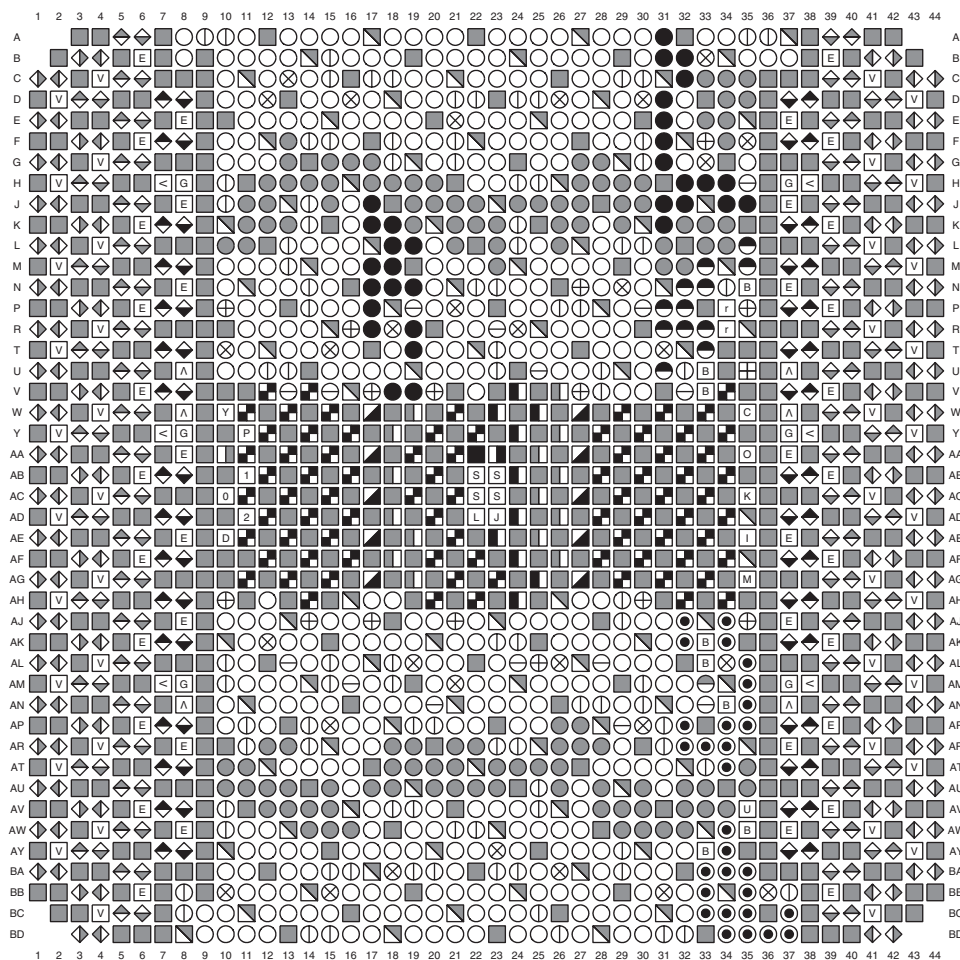


Figure 3-208: FF1930, FFG1930, and RF1930 Packages—XC7VX980T Power and GND Placement

FL1926 and FLG1926 Packages—XC7VX1140T



User I/O Pins	Transceiver Pins	Dedicated Pins	Other Pins
○ IO_LXXY_# ○ IO_XX_#	E MGTAVCC_G# V MGTAVTT_G# A MGTAVCCAUX_G# < MGTAVTTRCAL G MGTREF ◆ MGTREFCLK1/0P ◆ MGTREFCLK1/0N ◆ MGTXRXP ◆ MGTXRXP ◆ MGTXTXP ◆ MGTXTXN E MGTAVCC_G# V MGTAVTT_G# ◆ MGTXRXP ◆ MGTXRXP ◆ MGTXTXP ◆ MGTXTXN	C CCLK_0 S CFBVS_0 D DONE_0 J DXP_0 L DXN_0 ■ GNDADC Y INIT_B_0 0 M0_0 1 M1_0 2 M2_0 P PROGRAM_B_0 K TCK_0 I TDI_0 O TDO_0 M TMS_0 ■ VCCADC ■ VCCBATT_0 S VP_0 S VN_0 S VREFP_0 S VREFN_0	■ GND ■ VCCAUX_IO_G# ■ VCCAUX ■ VCCINT ■ VCCO_# ■ VCCBRAM n NC
Multi-Function Pins			
B ADV_B B FCS_B B FOE_B B MOSI B FWE_B B DOUT_CS0_B B CSI_B B PUOC_B U RDWR_B ■ RS0-RS1 ● AD0P/AD0N-AD15P/AD15N ○ EMCCLK ⊕ VRN ⊖ VRP ⊗ VREF ● D00-D31 ● A00-A28 ○ DQS ● MRCC ● SRCC			

ug475_c3_165_101413

Figure 3-209: FL1926 and FLG1926 Packages—XC7VX1140T Pinout Diagram

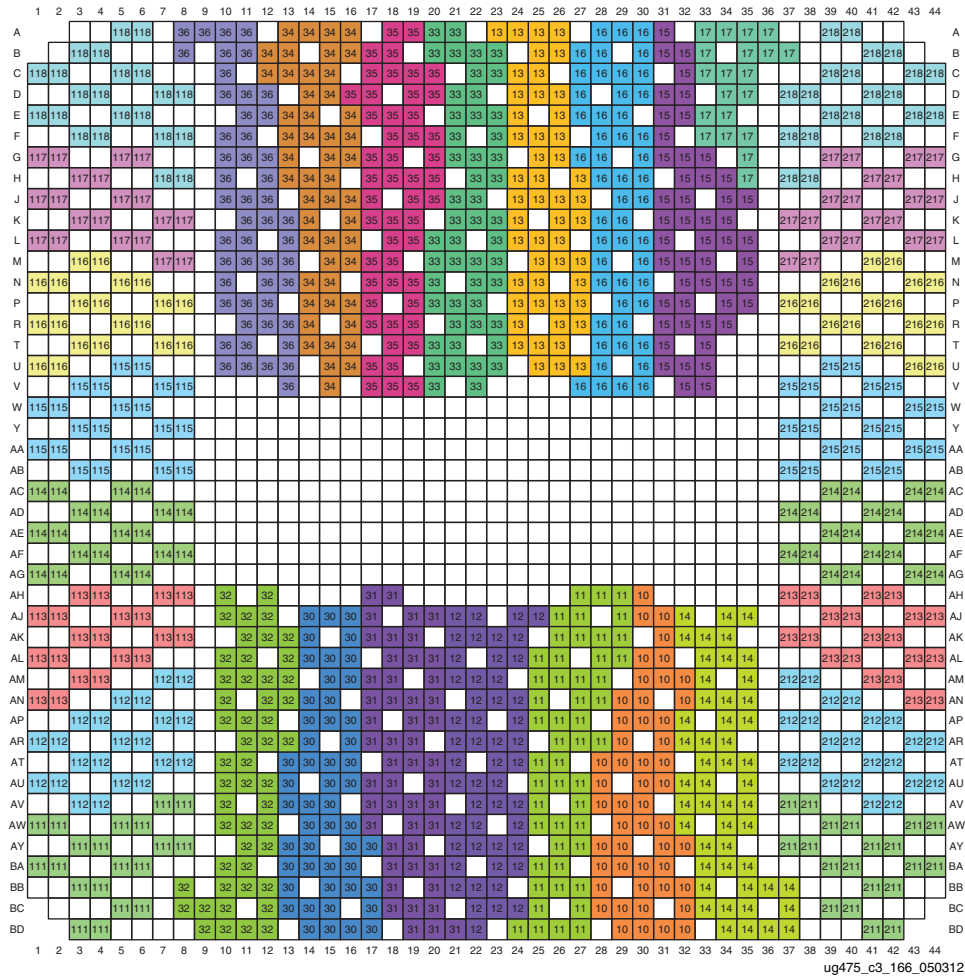
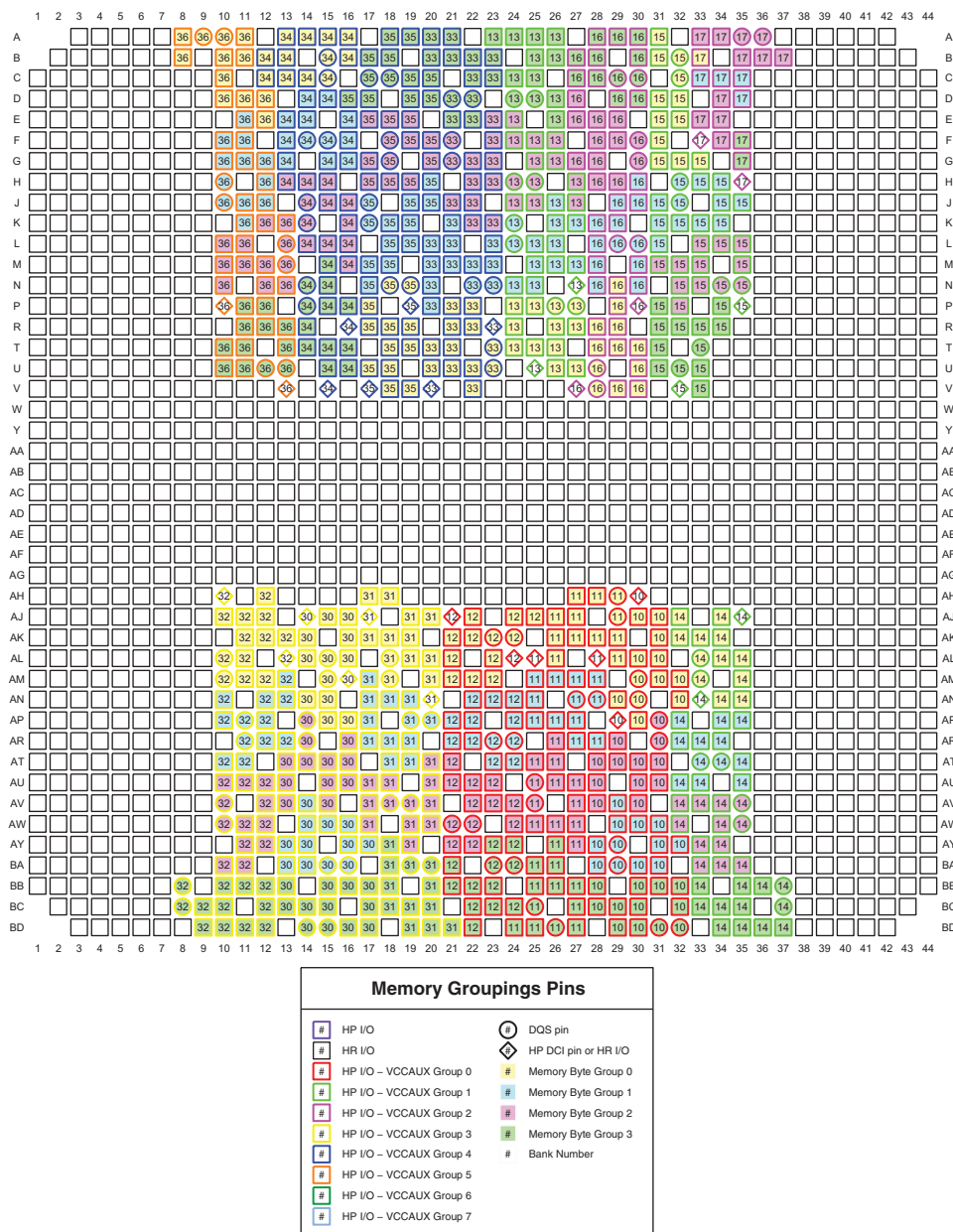
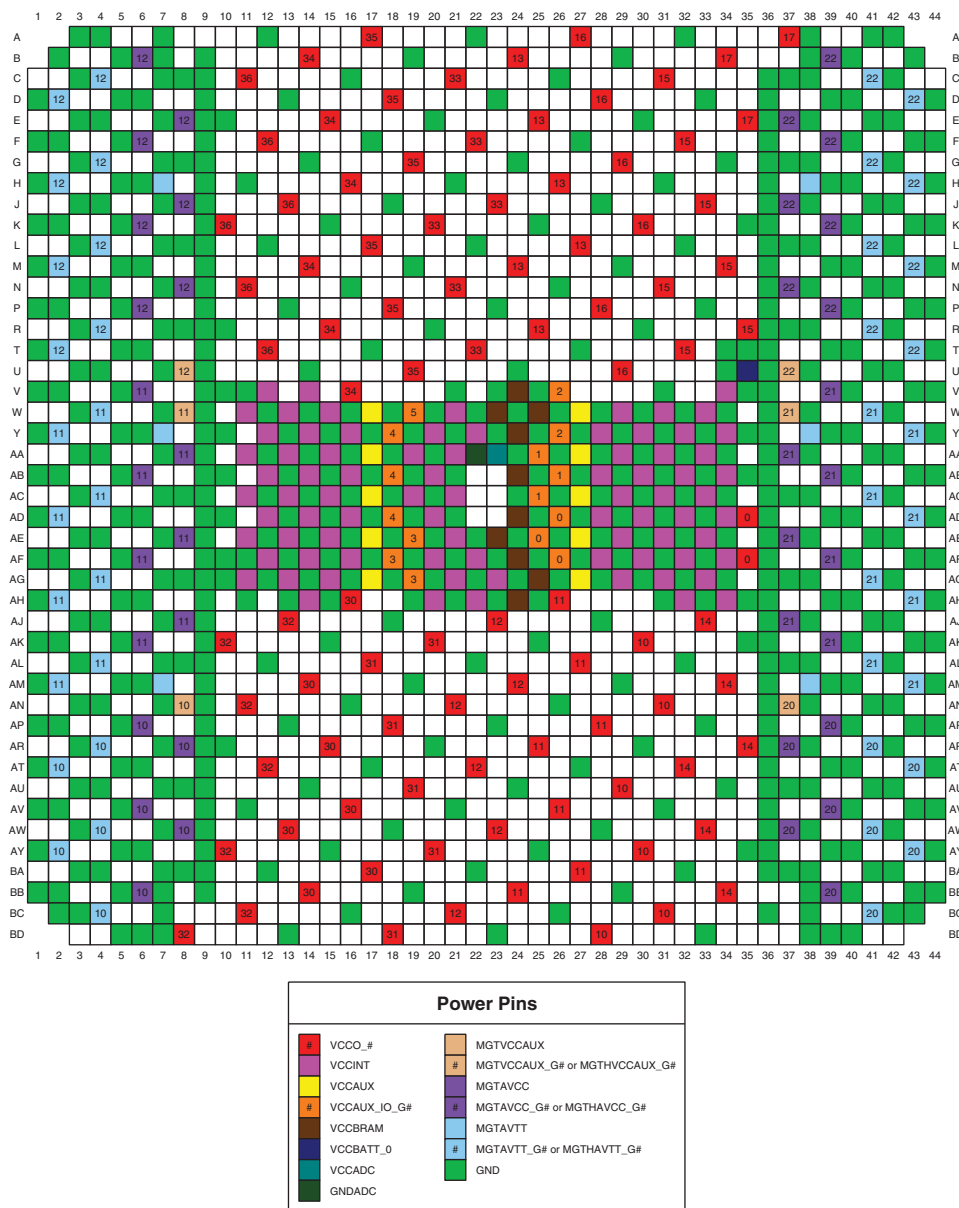


Figure 3-210: FL1926 and FLG1926 Packages—XC7VX1140T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_167_013114

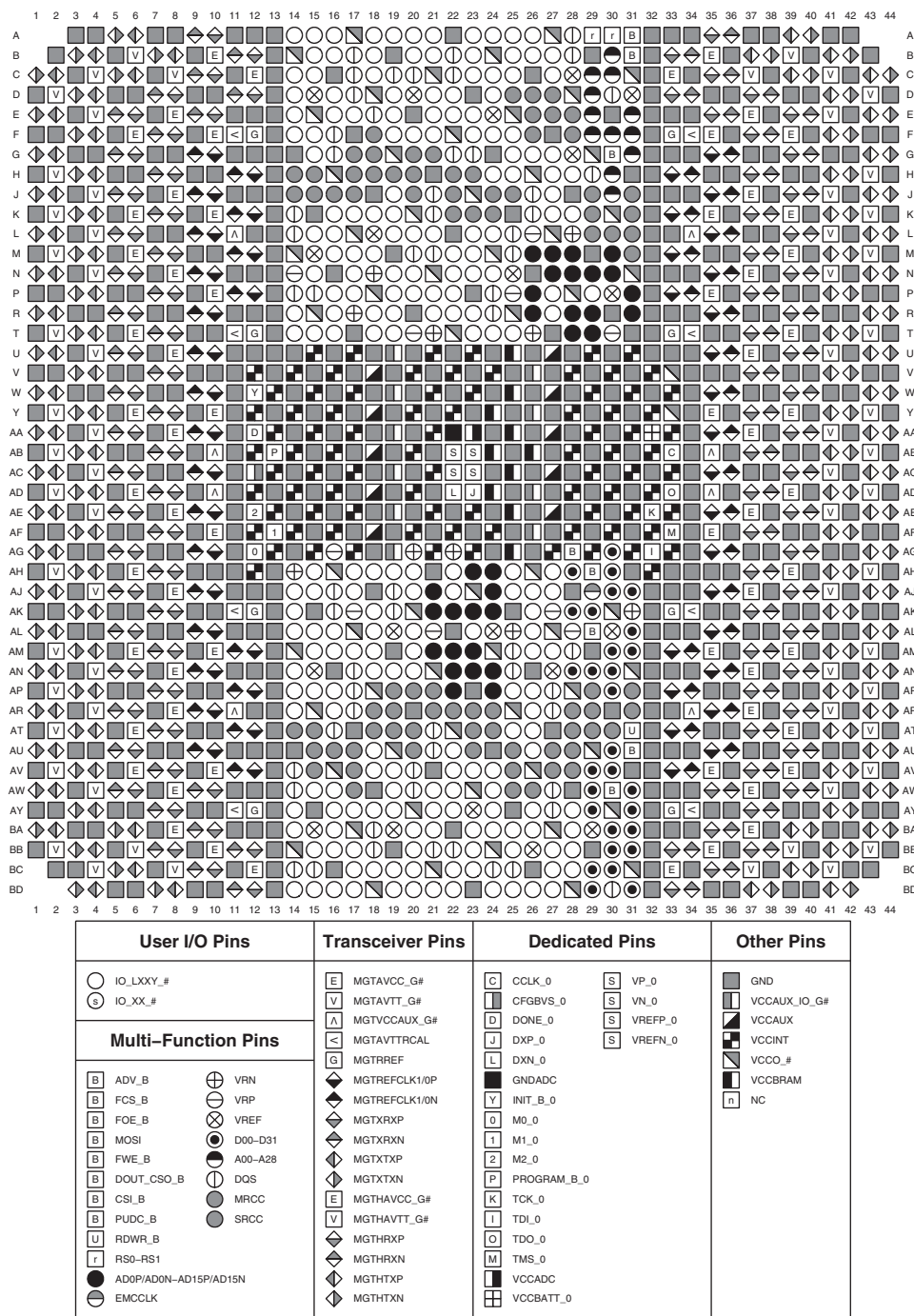
Figure 3-211: FL1926 and FLG1926 Packages—XC7VX1140T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_168_101413

Figure 3-212: FL1926 and FLG1926 Packages—XC7VX1140T Power and GND Placement

FL1928 and FLG1928 Packages—XC7VX1140T



ug475_c3_169_101413

Figure 3-213: FL1928 and FLG1928 Packages—XC7VX1140T Pinout Diagram

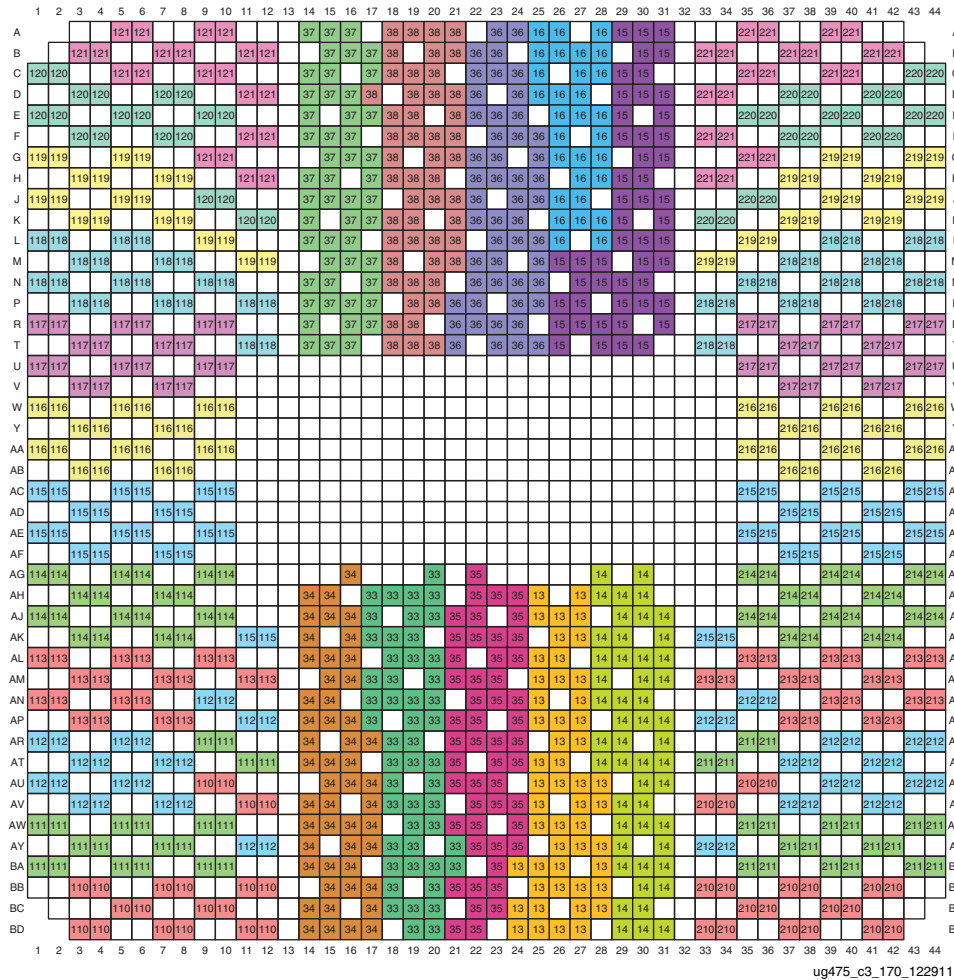
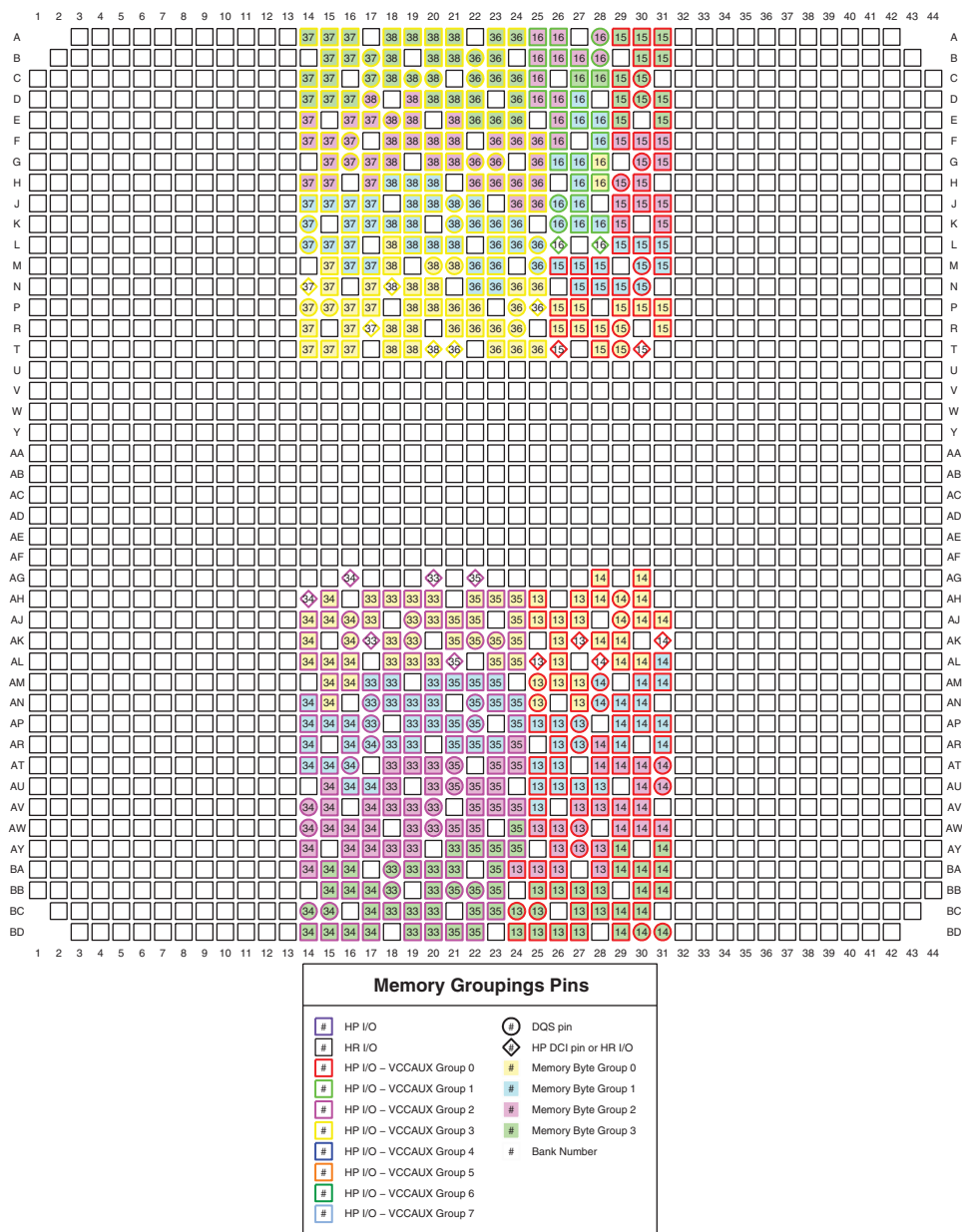


Figure 3-214: FL1928 and FLG1928 Packages—XC7VX1140T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_171_013114

Figure 3-215: FL1928 and FLG1928 Packages—XC7VX1140T Memory Groupings

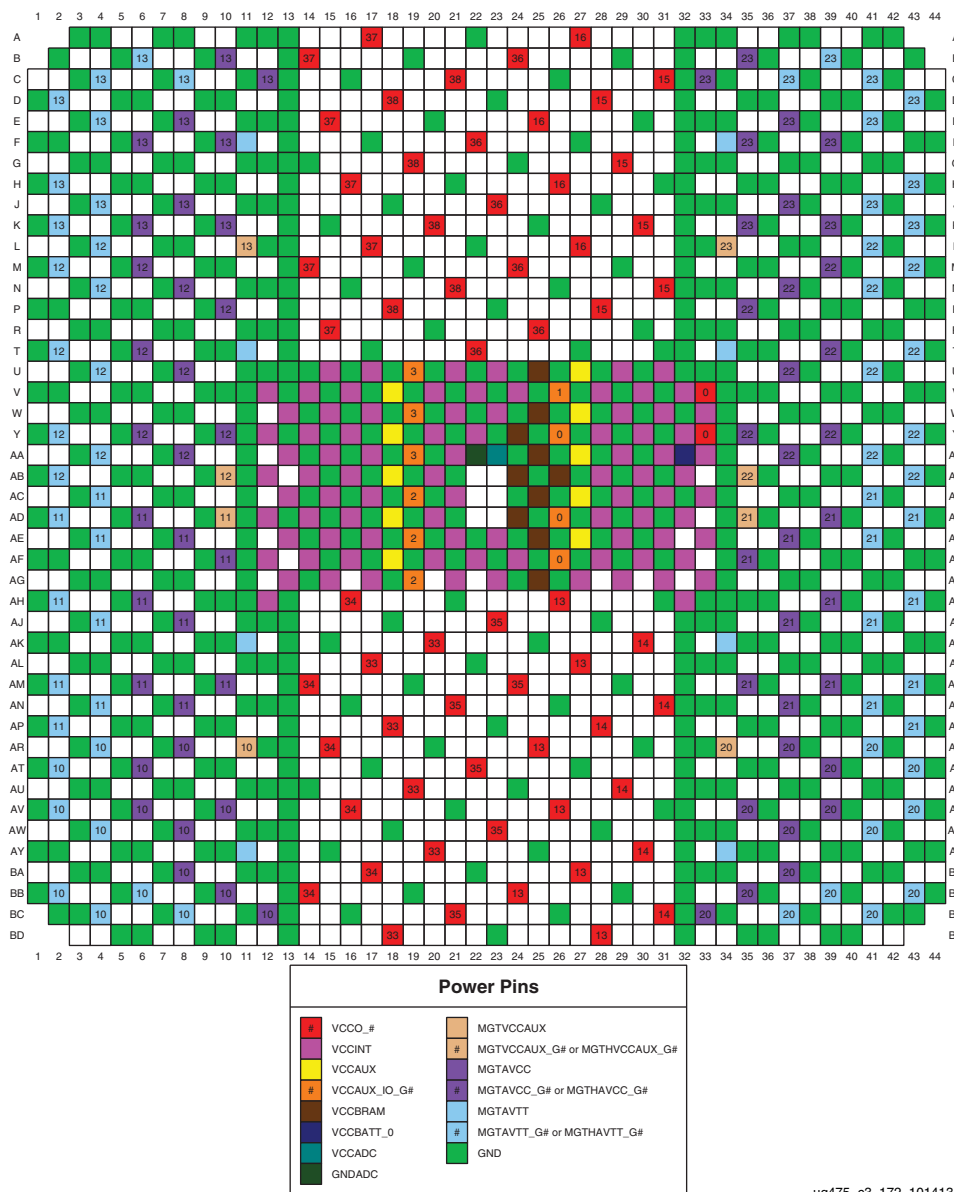
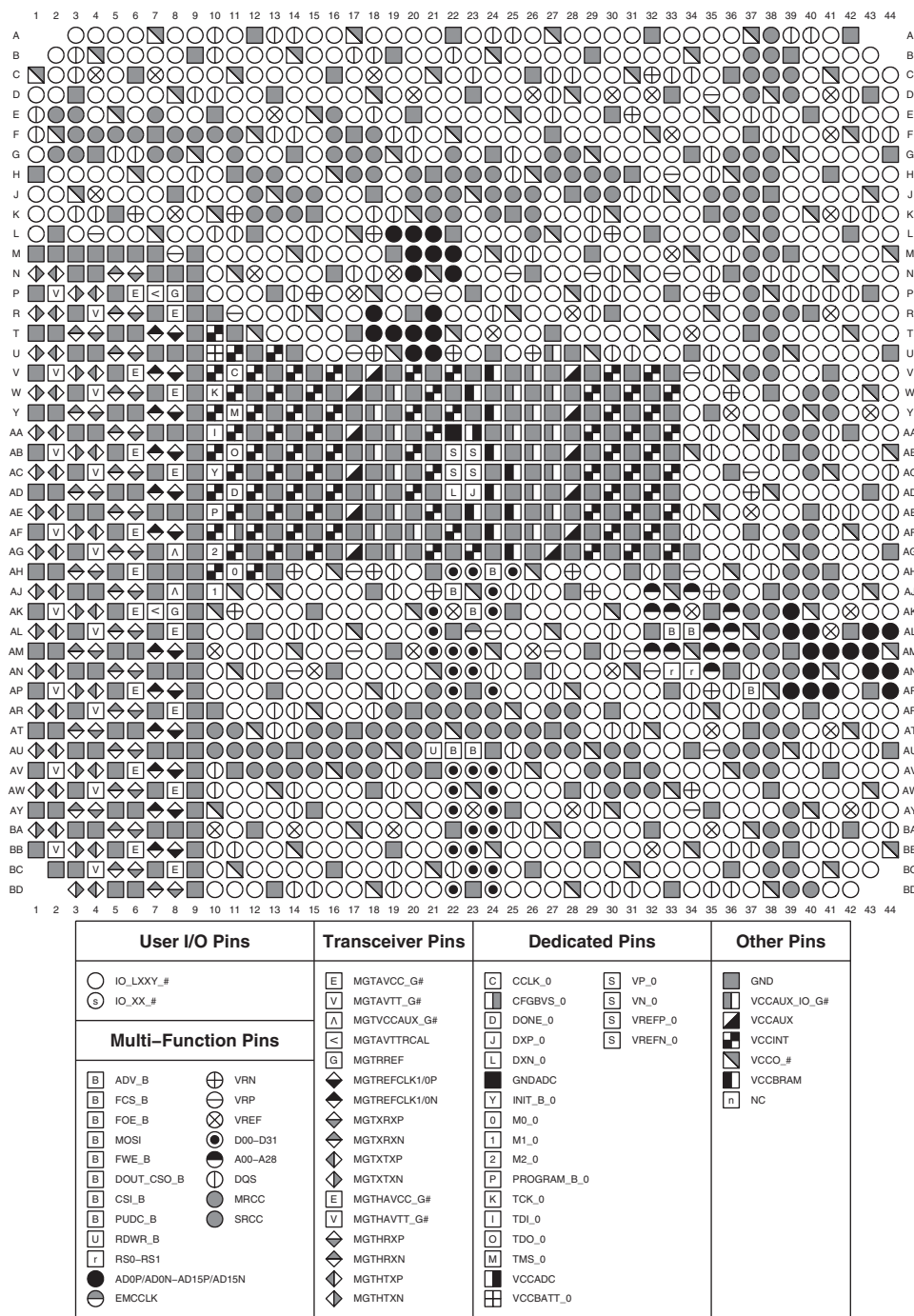


Figure 3-216: FL1928 and FLG1928 Packages—XC7VX1140T Power and GND Placement

FL1930 and FLG1930 Packages—XC7VX1140T



ug475_c3_173_101413

Figure 3-217: FL1930 and FLG1930 Packages—XC7VX1140T Pinout Diagram

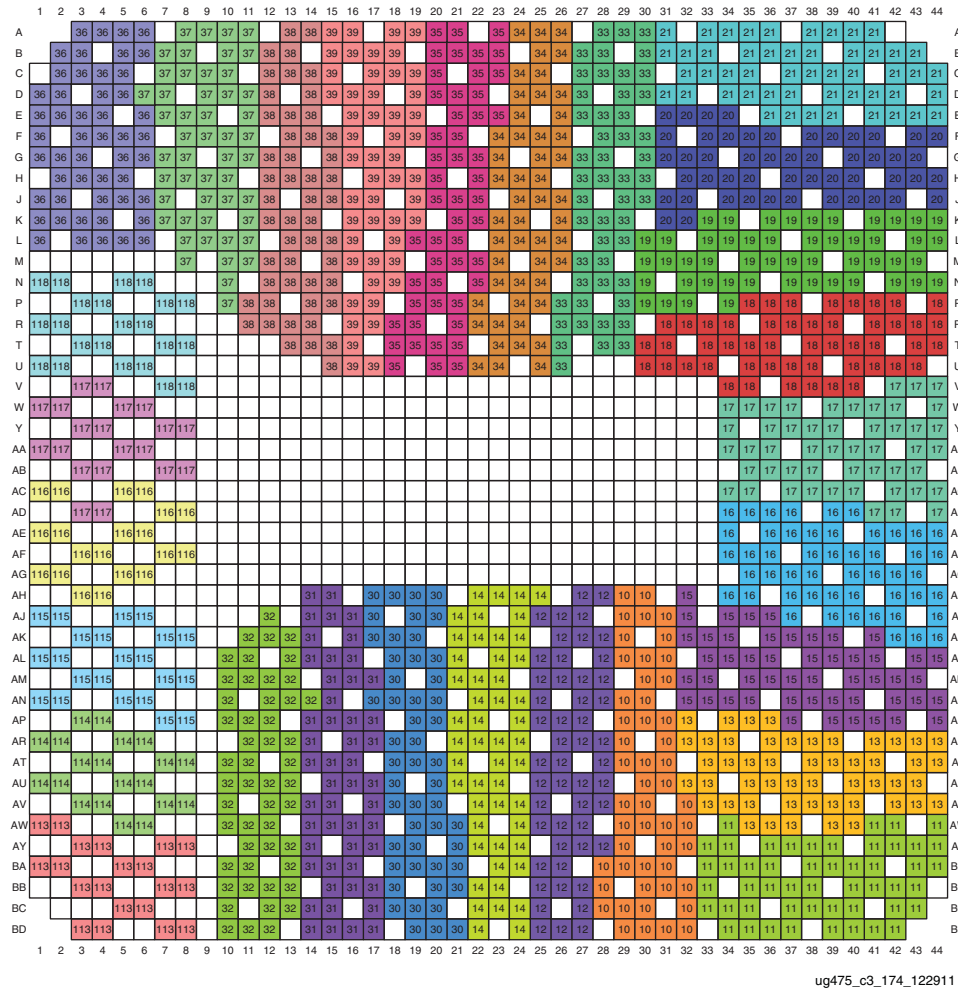
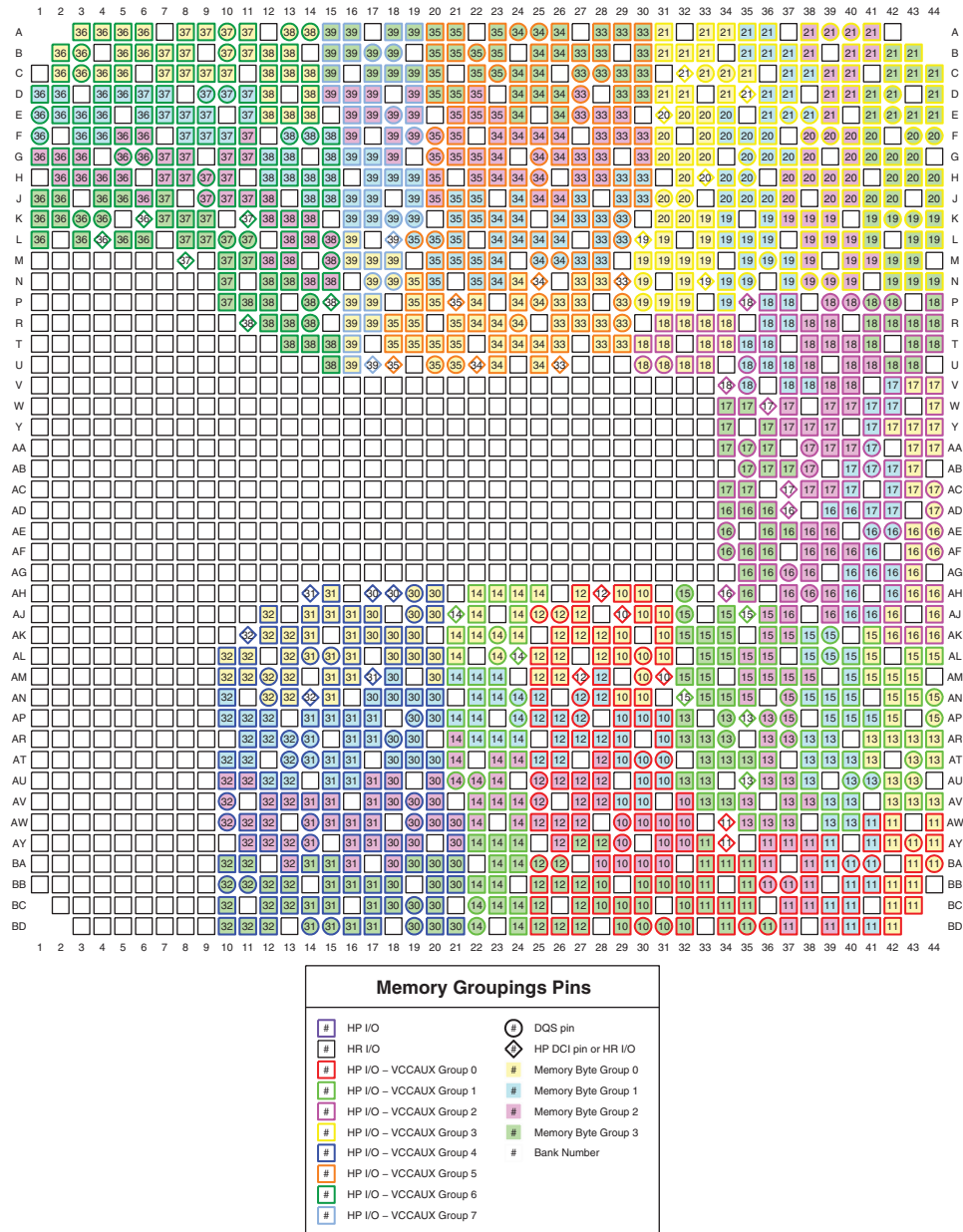
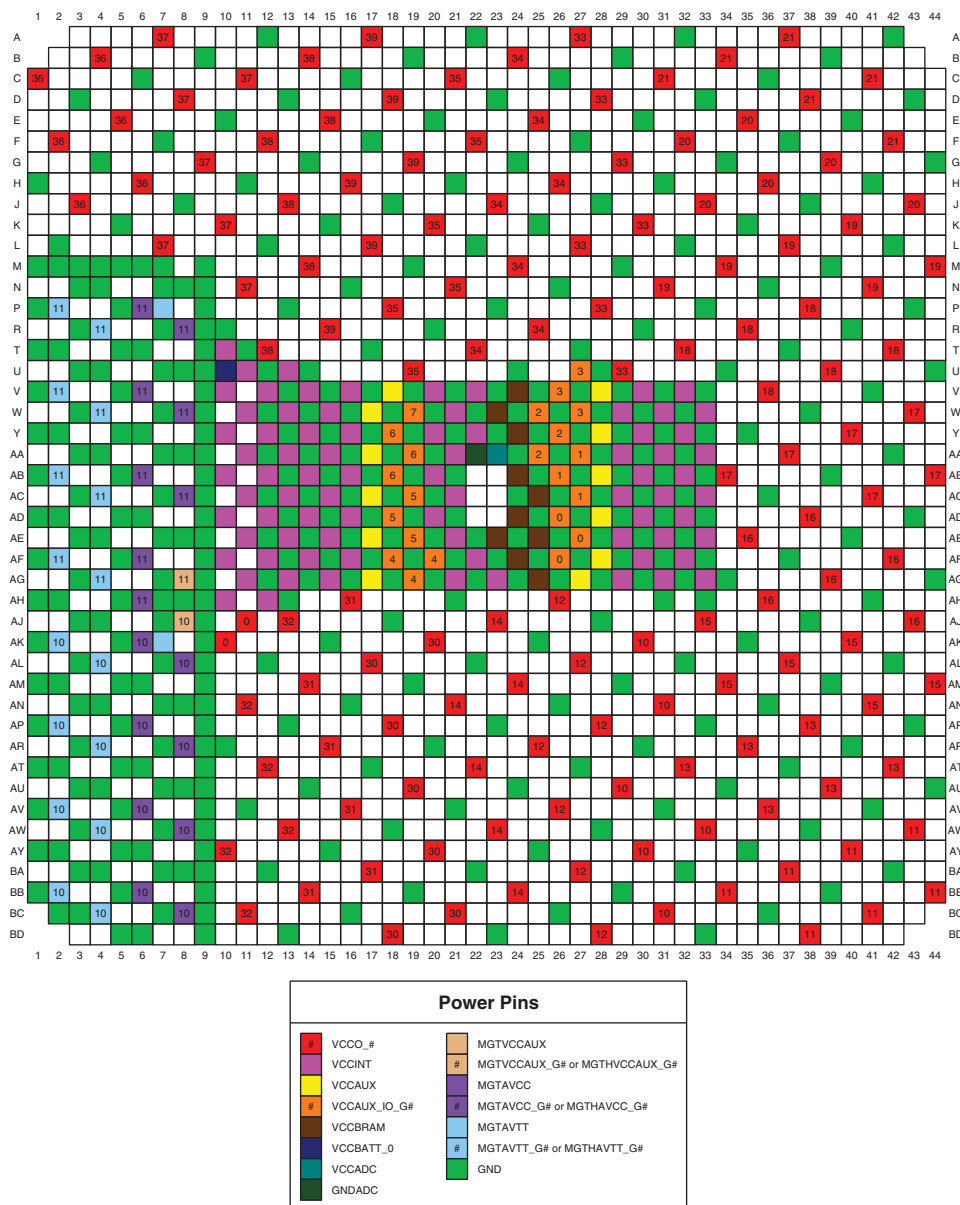


Figure 3-218: FL1930 and FLG1930 Packages—XC7VX1140T I/O Banks



ug475_c3_175_013114

Figure 3-219: FL1930 and FLG1930 Packages—XC7VX1140T Memory Groupings



ug475_c3_176_101413

Figure 3-220: FL1930 and FLG1930 Packages—XC7VX1140T Power and GND Placement

Mechanical Drawings

Summary

This chapter provides mechanical drawings (package specifications) of the following 7 series (Artix™ 7, Kintex™ 7, Spartan™ 7, and Virtex™ 7 FPGA) packages.

Spartan 7 FPGAs

- [CPGA196 \(Spartan 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA \(0.5 mm Pitch\), page 255](#)
- [FTGB196 \(Spartan 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 256](#)
- [CSGA225 \(Spartan 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA \(0.8 mm Pitch\), page 257](#)
- [CSGA324 \(Spartan 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA \(0.8 mm Pitch\), page 258](#)
- [FGGA484 \(Spartan 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 259](#)
- [FGGA676 \(Spartan 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 260](#)

Artix 7 FPGAs

- [CP236 and CPG236 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA \(0.5 mm Pitch\), page 261](#)
- [CPG238 \(Artix 7 FPGAs: XC7A12T and XC7A25T\) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA \(0.5 mm Pitch\), page 262](#)
- [CS/CSG324 and CS/CSG325 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA \(0.8 mm Pitch\), page 263](#)
- [FT/FTG256 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch Thin BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 264](#)
- [SB484, SBG484, and SBV484 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA \(0.8 mm Pitch\), page 265](#)
- [FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 266](#)
 - [XC7A200T FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Die Dimensions, page 267](#)

- [FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 268](#)
 - [XC7A200T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions, page 269](#)
- [FG484 and FGG484 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 270](#)
- [FG676 and FGG676 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 271](#)
- [FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Flip-Chip BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 272](#)
- [RB484 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 273](#)
- [RS484 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA \(0.8 mm Pitch\), page 274](#)
- [RB676 \(Artix 7 FPGAs\) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 275](#)

Kintex 7 FPGAs

- [FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 \(Kintex 7 FPGAs\) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 276](#)
 - [XC7K70T FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations, page 277](#)
 - [XC7K160T FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations, page 278](#)
- [FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 \(Kintex 7 FPGAs\) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 279](#)
 - [XC7K70T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations, page 280](#)
 - [XC7K160T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations, page 281](#)
 - [XC7K325T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations, page 282](#)
 - [XC7K410T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations, page 283](#)
- [FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 \(Kintex 7 FPGAs\) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 284](#)
 - [XC7K325T FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations, page 285](#)
 - [XC7K410T FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations, page 286](#)
- [FF676, FFG676, and FFV676 \(Kintex 7 FPGAs\) Flip-Chip BGA \(1.0 mm Pitch\), page 287](#)

- There are two drawings for FF900 and FFG900 packages. They are device dependent:
 - FF900 and FFG900 (XC7K325T and XC7K410T) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) with Stamped Lid, page 288
 - FF900, FFG900, FFV900, FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 289
- There are two drawings for FF1156 and FFG1156 packages. They are device dependent:
 - FF1156 and FFG1156 (XC7K420T and XC7K480T) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) with Stamped Lid, page 290
 - FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 291
- RF676 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 292
- RF900 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 293

Virtex 7 FPGAs

- FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157–XC7VX330T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 294
- FF1157, FFG1157, FFV1157, FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 for XC7V585T and XC7VX415T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 295
- FF1157, FFG1157, FFV1157, FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158–XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 296
- FF1761 and FFG1761–XC7VX485T and XC7VX690T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 297
- FF1761 and FFG1761 for XC7V585T and XC7VX330T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 298
- FFV1761 (Virtex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 299
- FH1761 and FHG1761 (Virtex 7 T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 300
- FF1926, FFG1926, FF1927, FFG1927, FFV1927, FF1928, FFG1928, FF1930, and FFG1930 (XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T, and XC7VX980T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 301
- FF1927, FFG1927, FFV1927 (XC7VX415T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 302
- FL1925, FLG1925, FL1926, FLG1926, FL1928, FLG1928, and FL1930, FLG1930 (Virtex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch), page 303
- RF1157 and RF1158 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs) (1.0 mm Pitch), page 304
- RF1761 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs Except XQ7VX485T and XQ7VX690T) (1.0 mm Pitch), page 305
- RF1930 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs) (1.0 mm Pitch), page 307

CPGA196 (Spartan 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.5 mm Pitch)

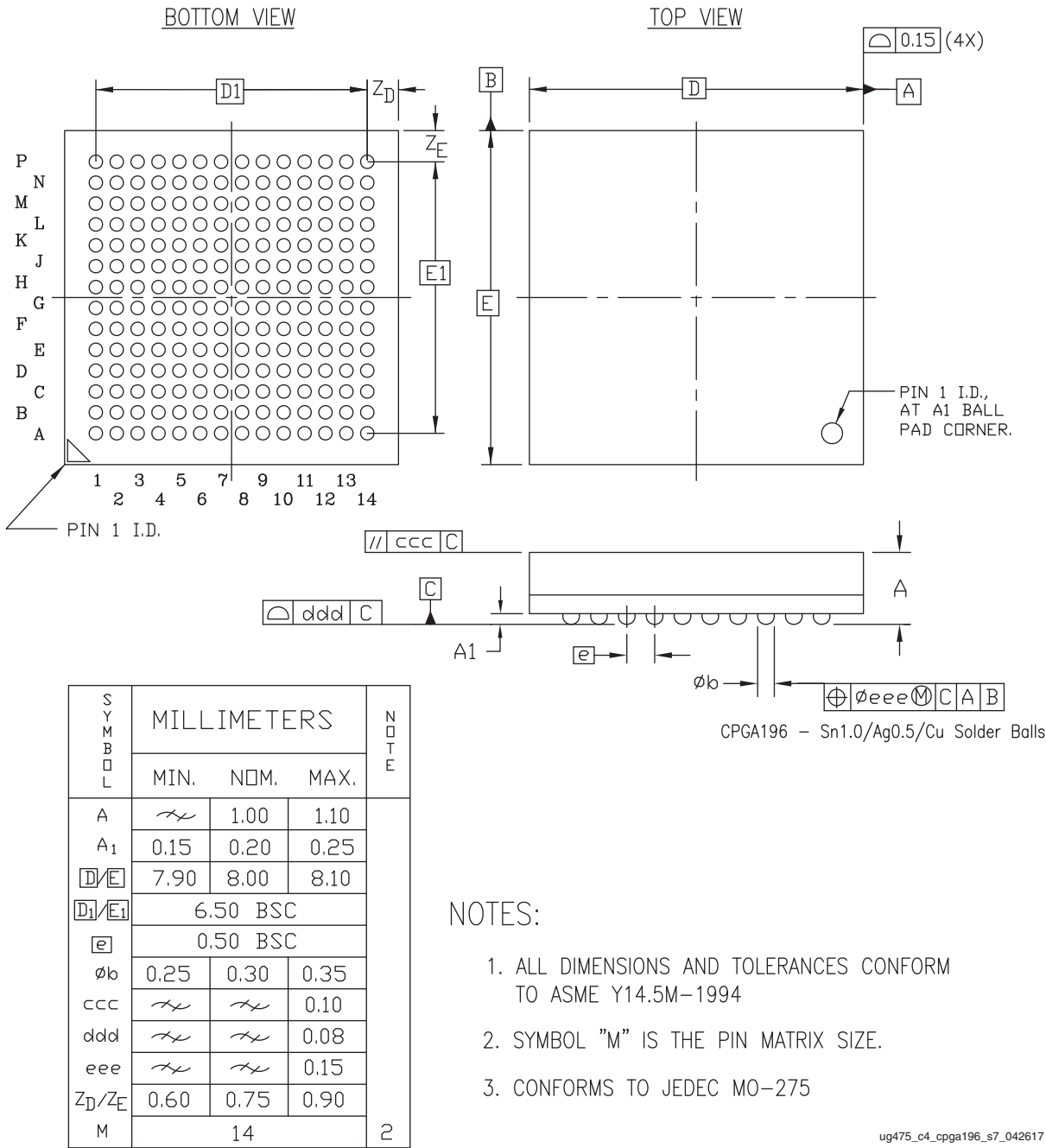
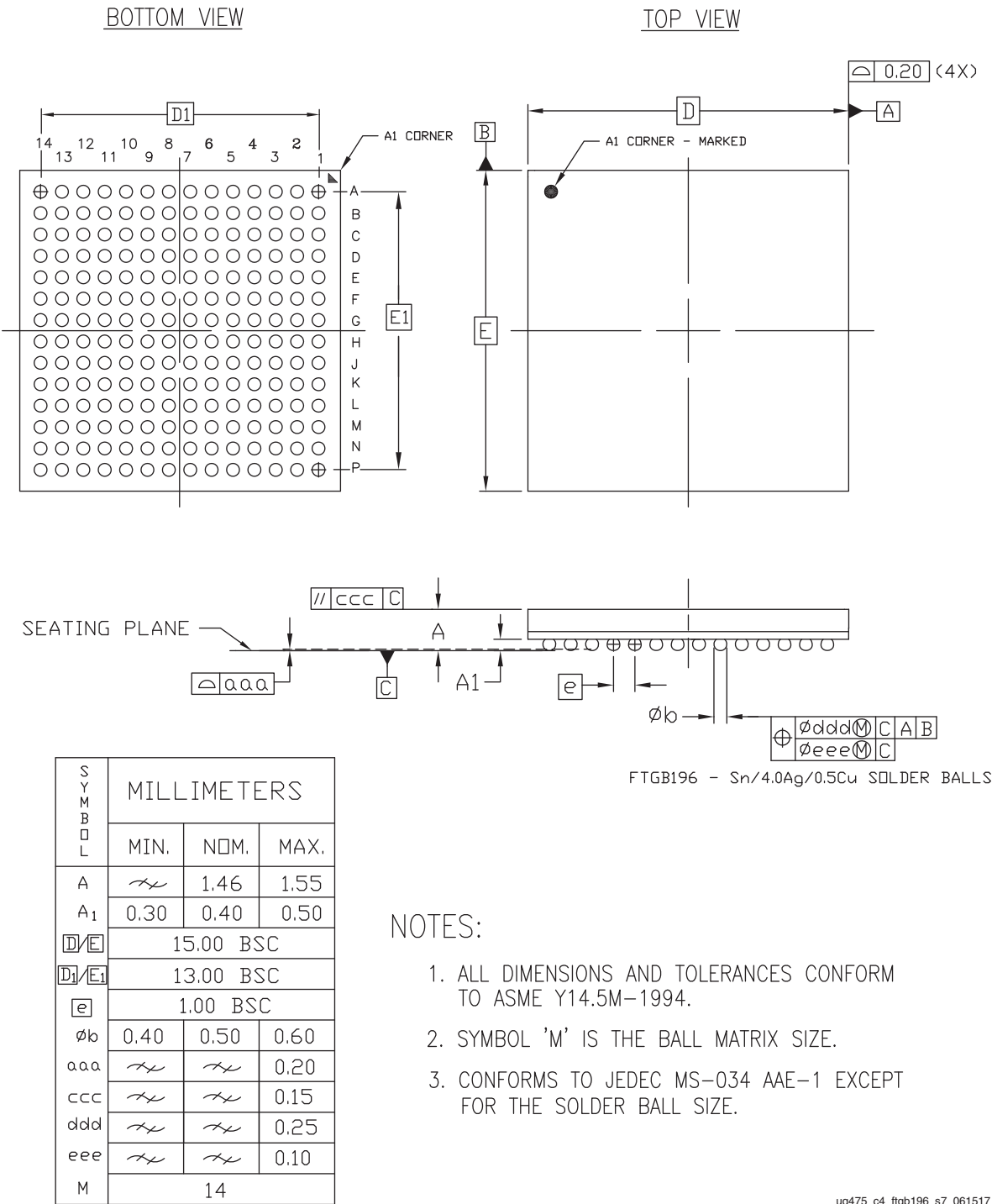


Figure 4-1: CPGA196 Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA Package Specifications for Spartan 7 FPGAs

FTGB196 (Spartan 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_ftgb196_s7_061517

Figure 4-2: FTGB196 Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA Package Specifications for Spartan 7 FPGAs

CSGA225 (Spartan 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)

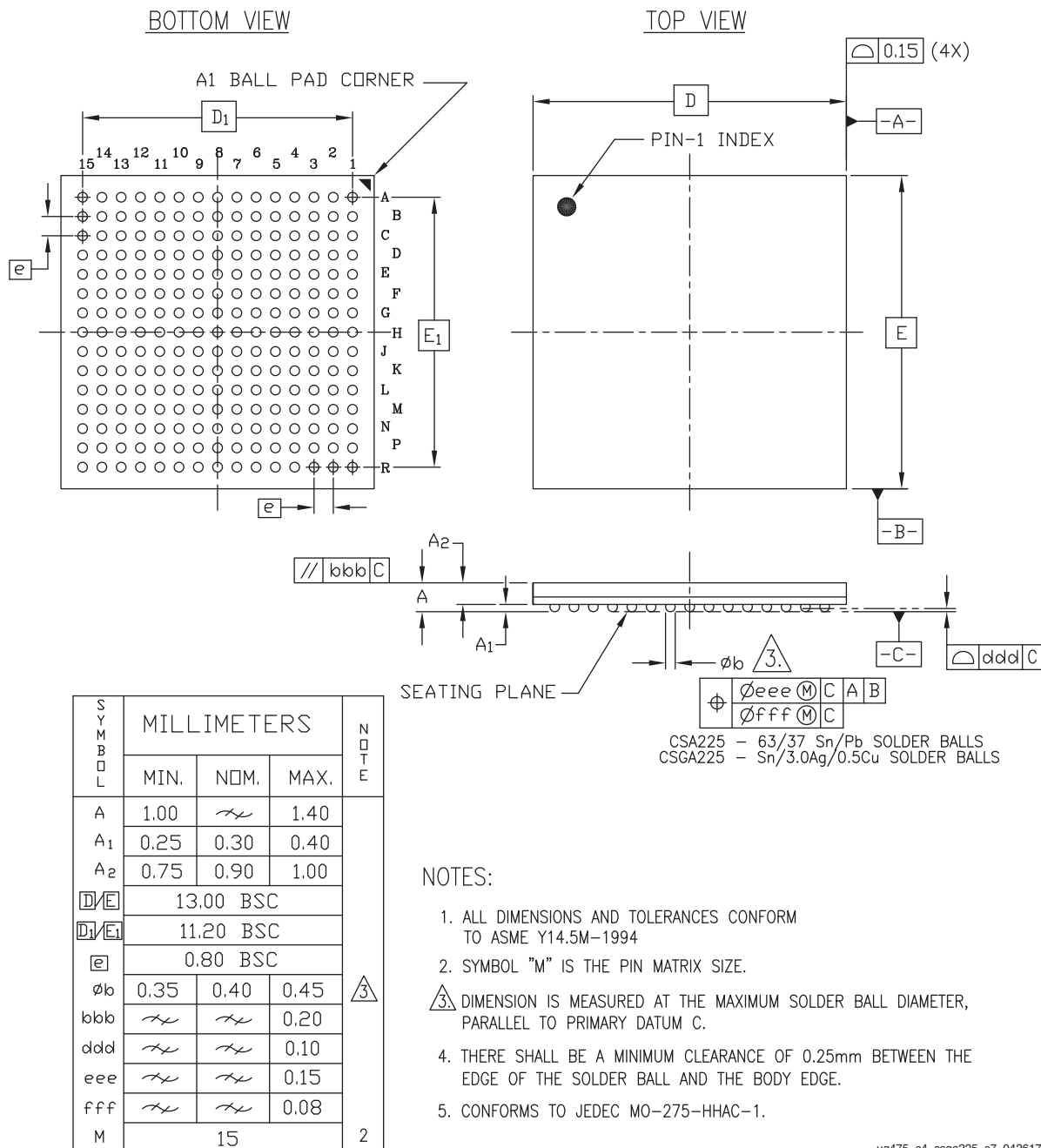


Figure 4-3: CSGA225 Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA Package Specifications for Spartan 7 FPGAs

CSGA324 (Spartan 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)

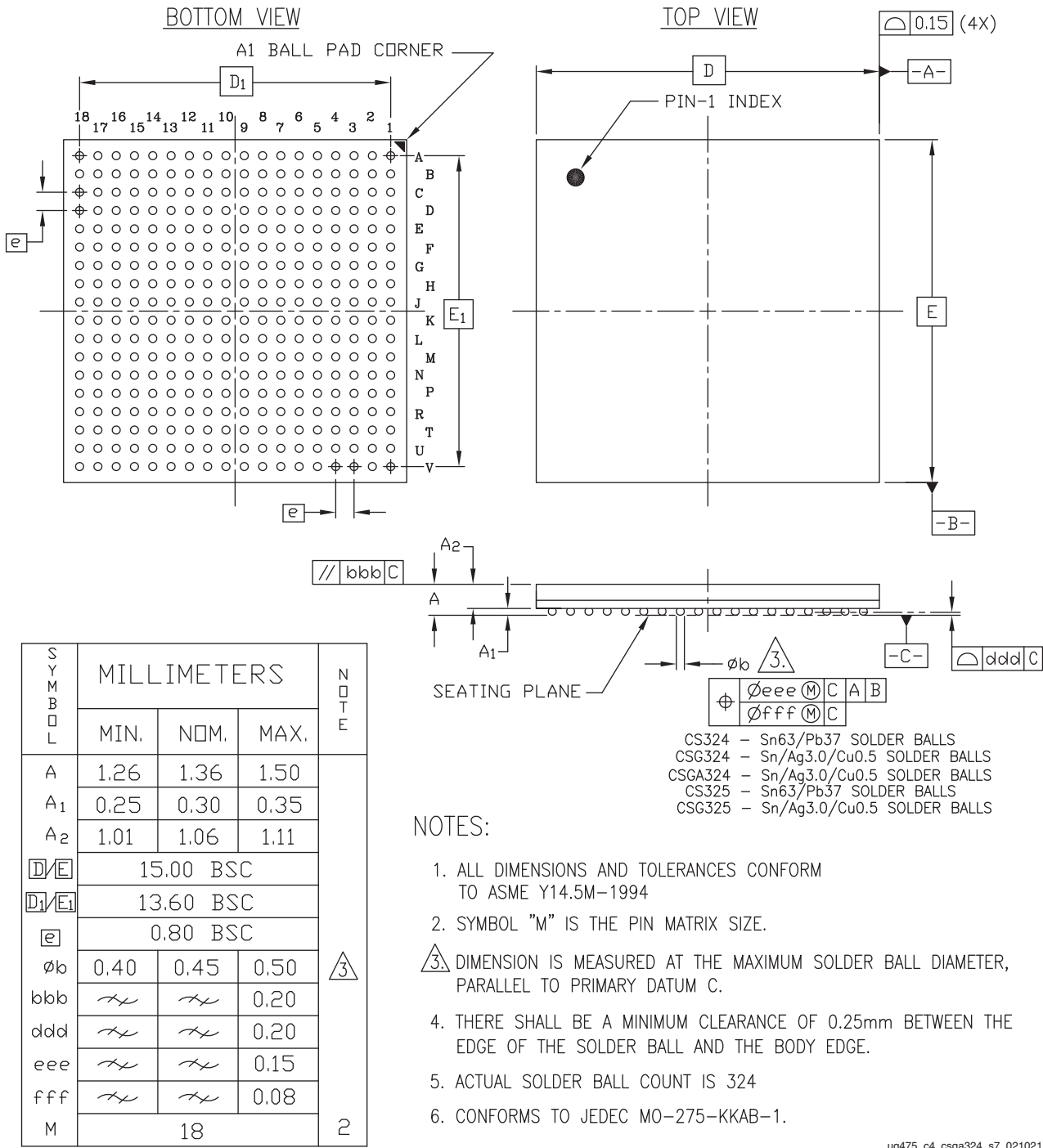
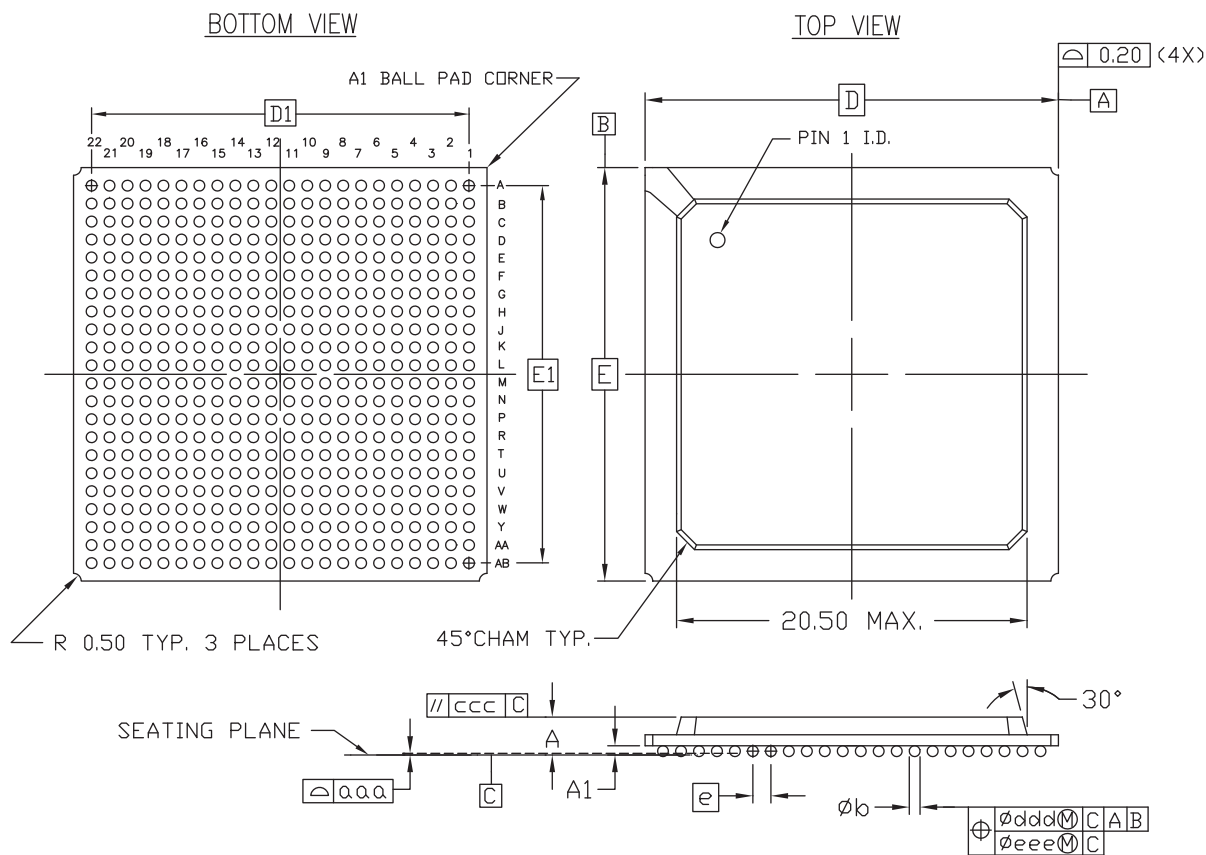


Figure 4-4: CSGA324 Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA Package Specifications for Spartan 7 FPGAs

FGGA484 (Spartan 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS			NOTE
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	2.00	2.20	2.44	3
A ₁	0.35	0.50	0.60	
D/E	23.00 BSC			
D ₁ /E ₁	21.00 REF			
e	1.00 BSC			
øb	0.50	0.60	0.70	
aaa	✓	✓	0.20	
ccc	✓	✓	0.35	
ddd	✓	✓	0.30	
eee	✓	✓	0.10	
M	22			2

NOTE:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
2. SYMBOL 'M' IS THE BALL MATRIX SIZE.
3. CONFORMS TO JEDEC MS-034-AAJ-1.

ug475_c4_fgga484_s7_042617

Figure 4-5: FGGA484 Wire-bond Fine-Pitch BGA Package Specification for Spartan 7 FPGAs

FGGA676 (Spartan 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

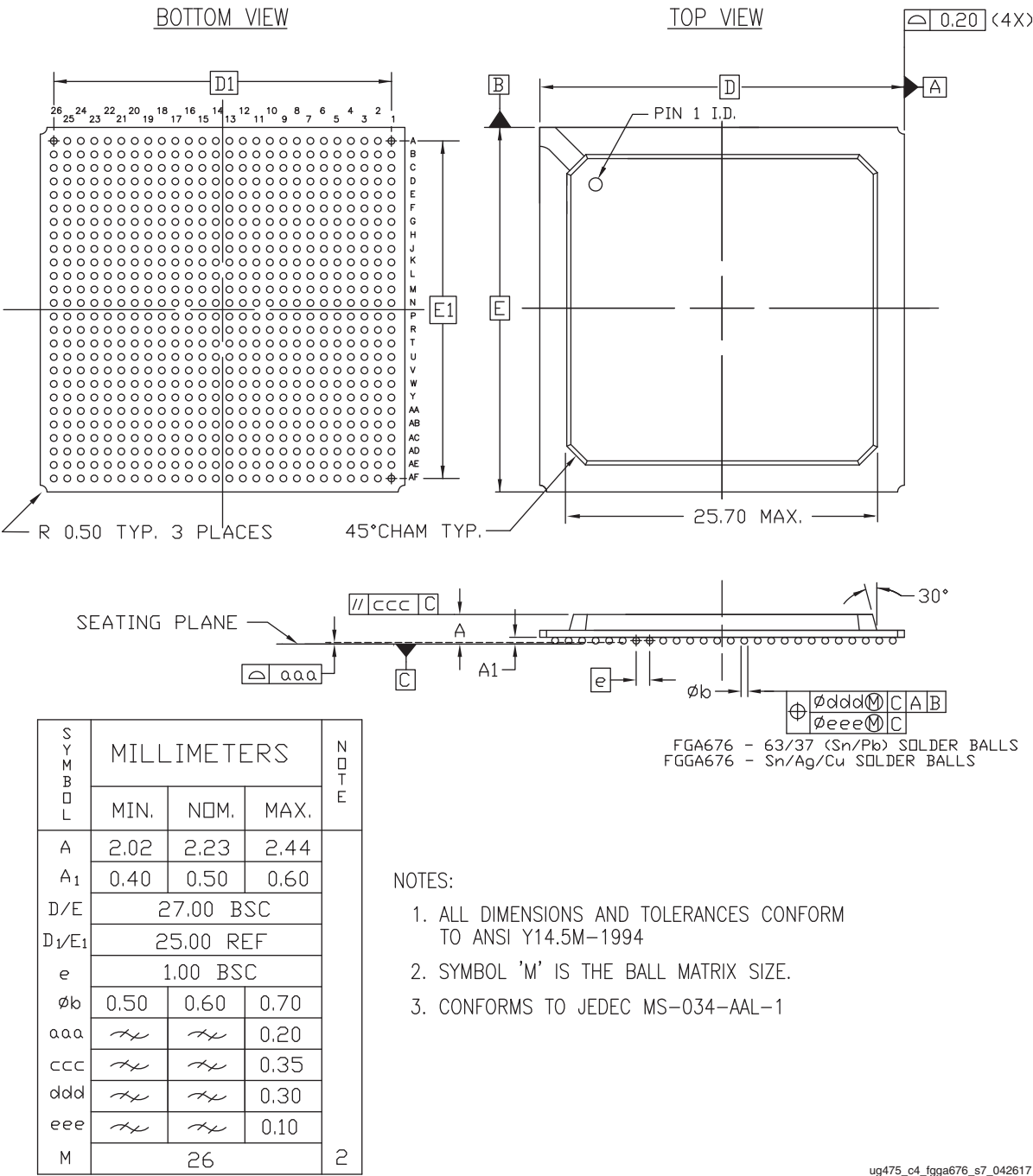


Figure 4-6: FGGA676 Wire-bond Fine-Pitch BGA Package Specification for Spartan 7 FPGAs

CP236 and CPG236 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.5 mm Pitch)

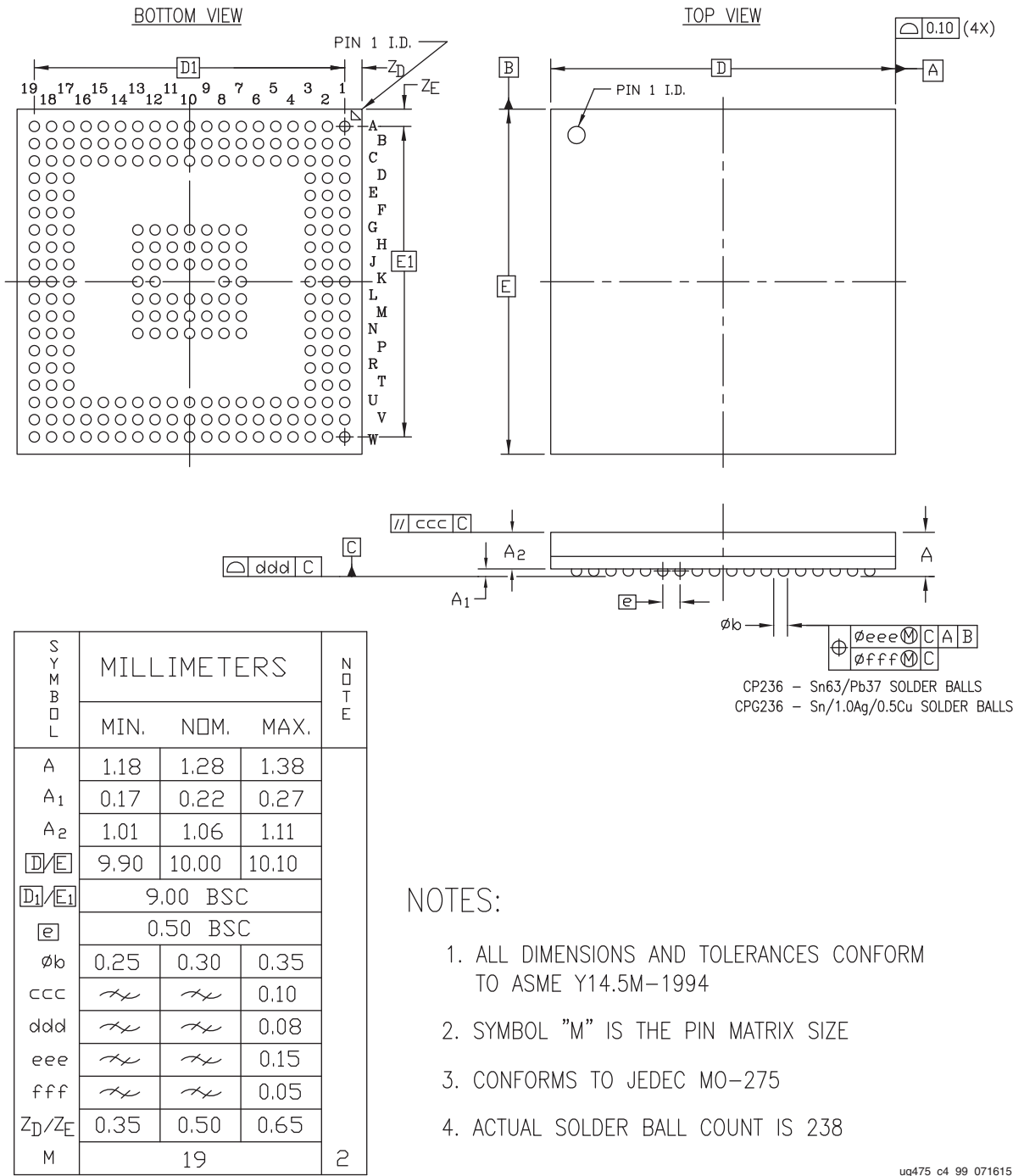


Figure 4-7: CP236 and CPG236 Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs

CPG238 (Artix 7 FPGAs: XC7A12T and XC7A25T) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.5 mm Pitch)

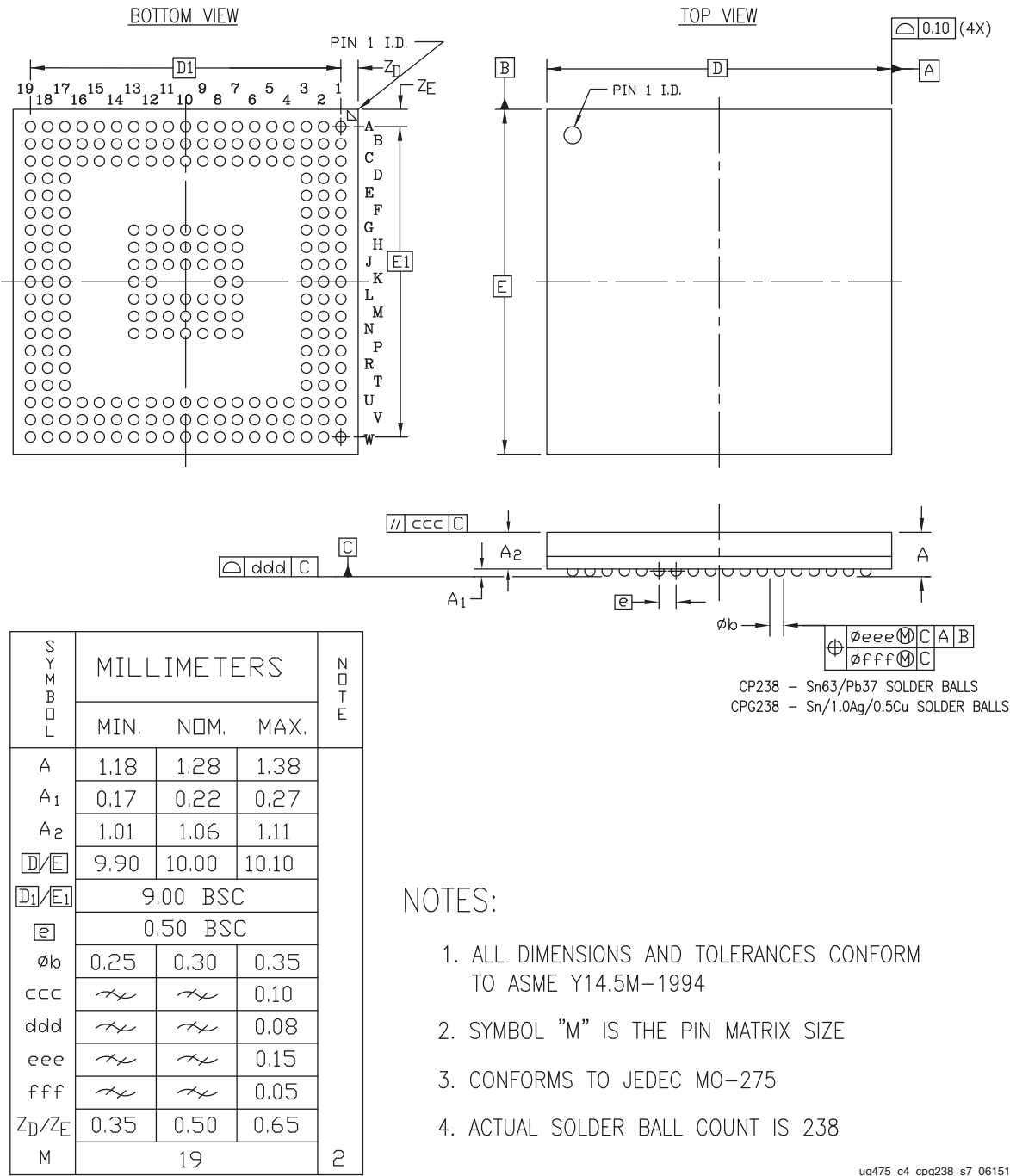


Figure 4-8: CPG238 Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs: XC7A12T and XC7A25T

CS/CSG324 and CS/CSG325 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)

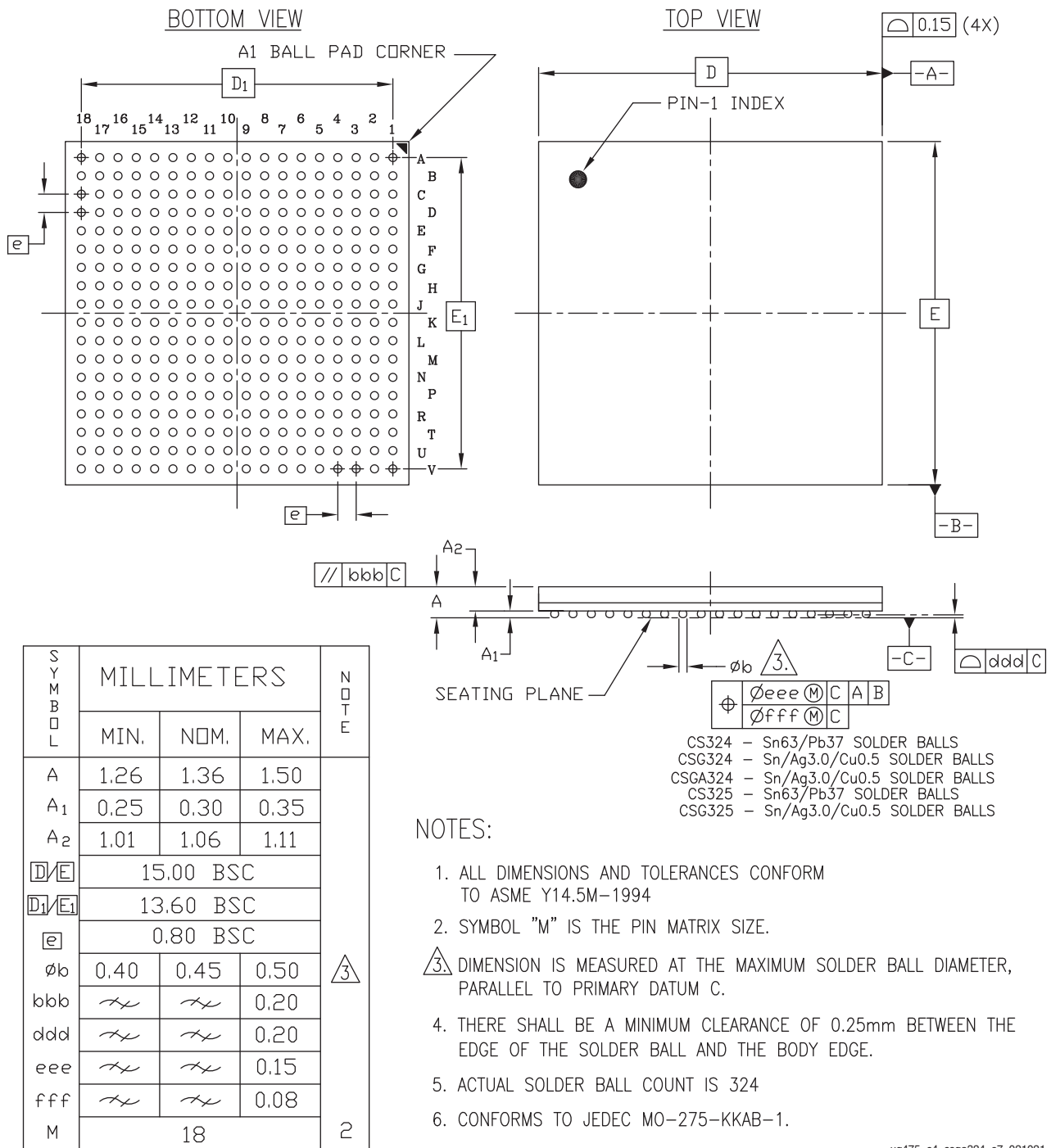


Figure 4-9: CS/CSG324 and CS/CSG325 Wire-Bond Chip-Scale BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs

FT/FTG256 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch Thin BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

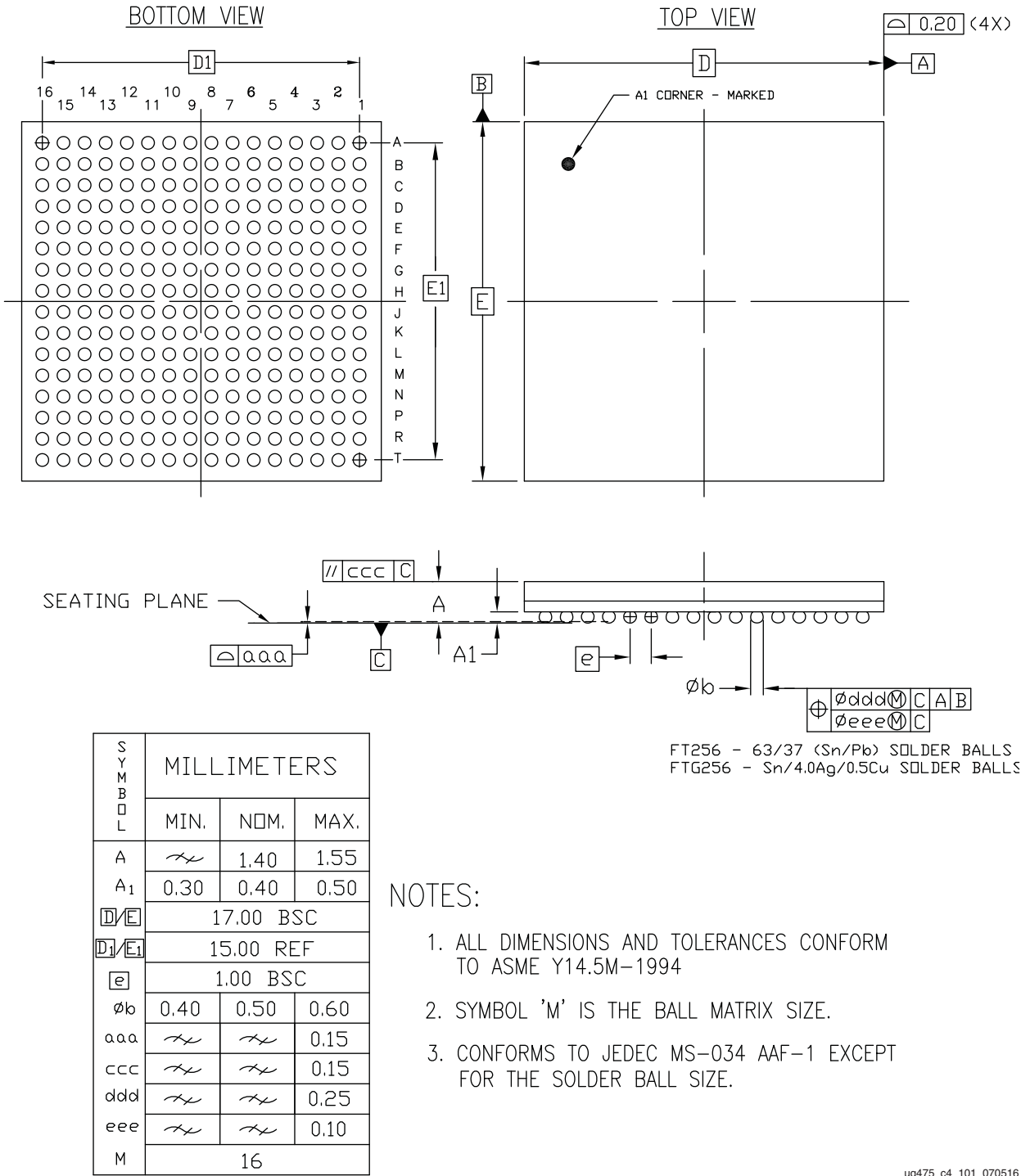


Figure 4-10: FT/FTG256 Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch Thin BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs

SB484, SBG484, and SBV484 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)

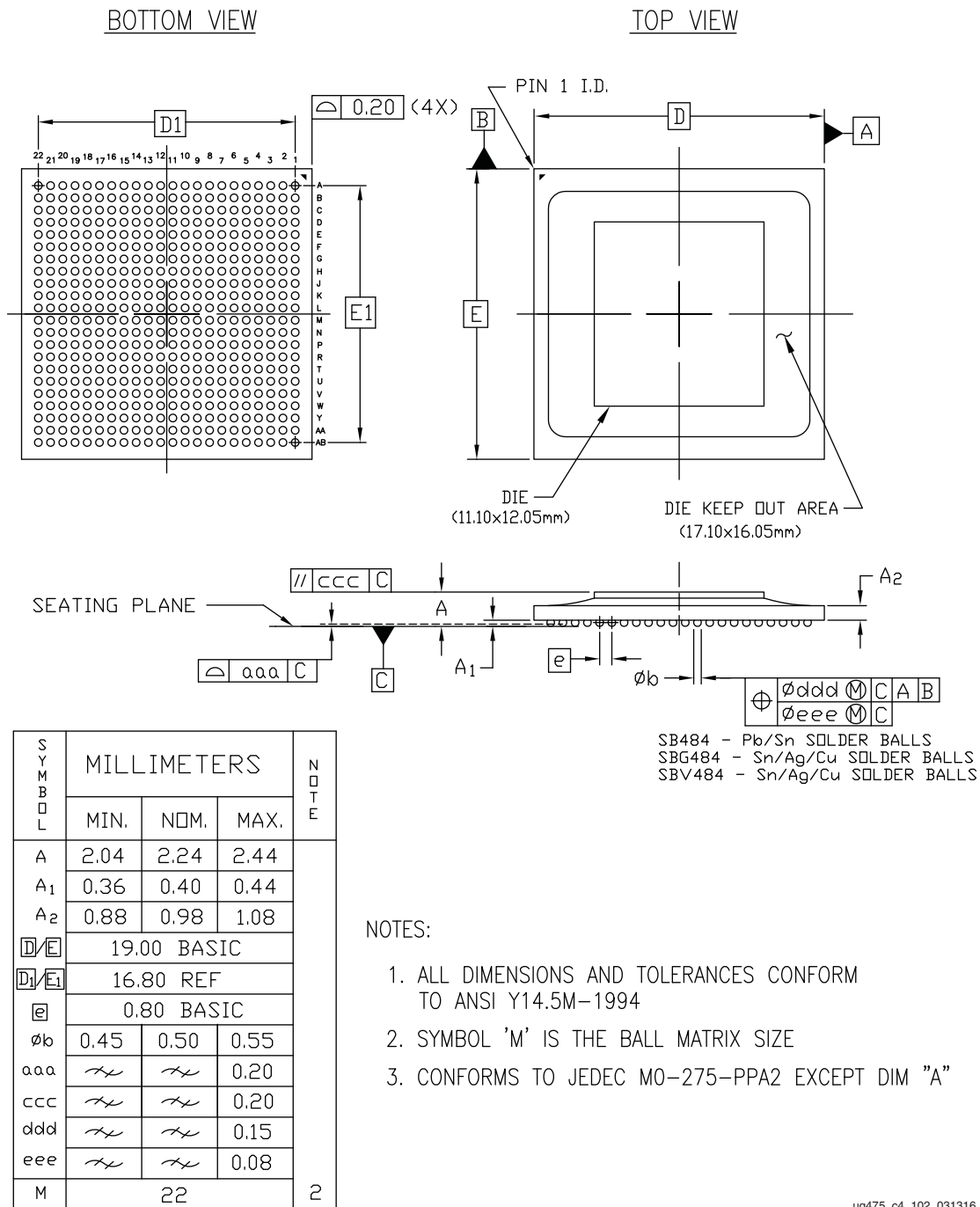
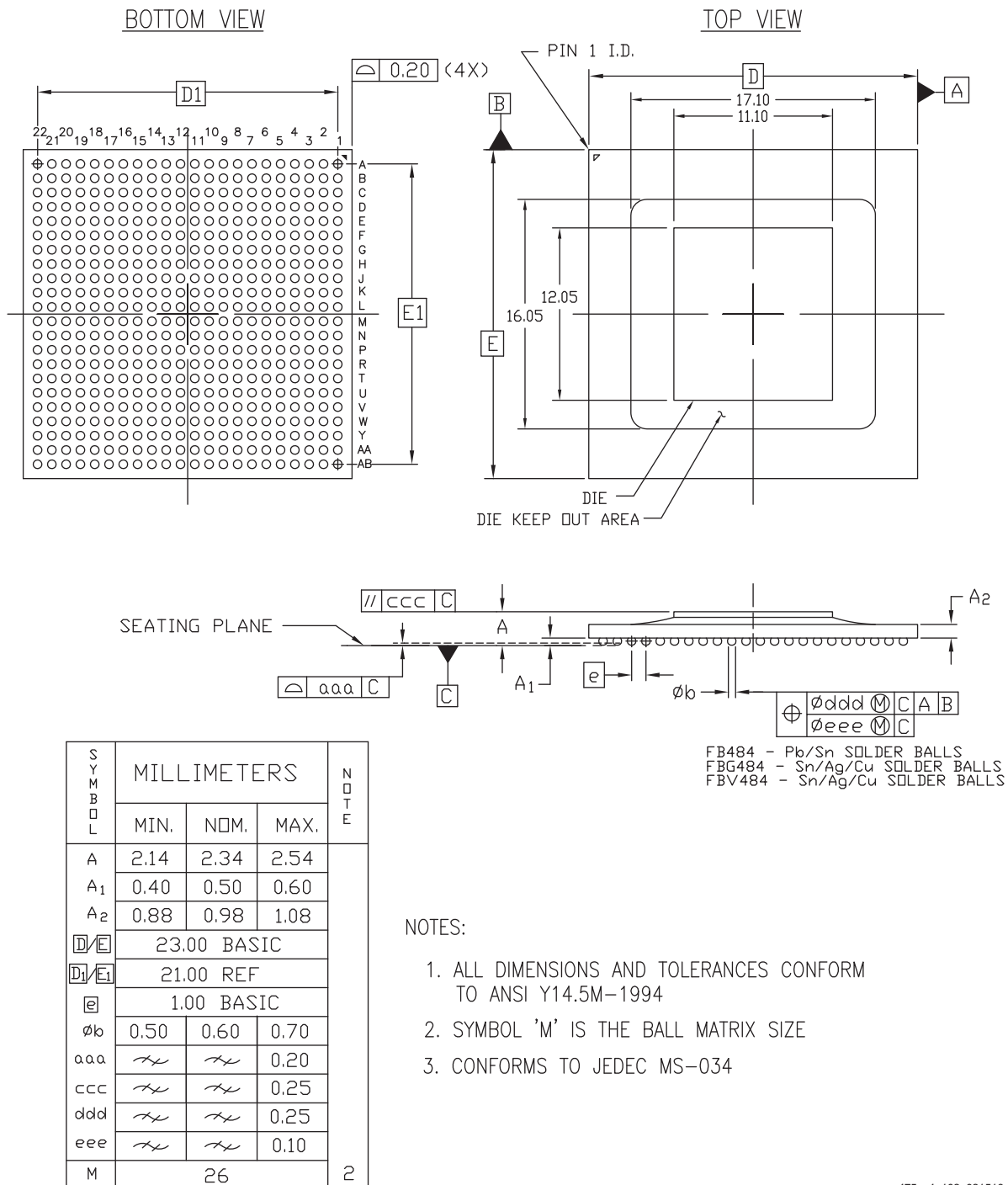


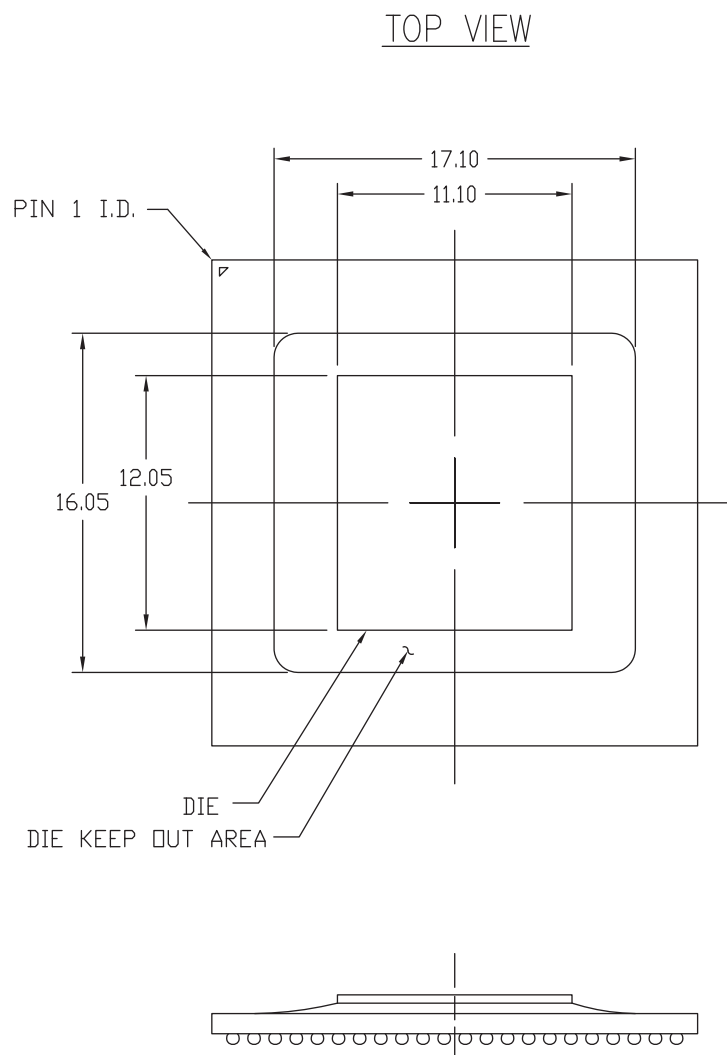
Figure 4-11: SB484, SBG484, and SBV484 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs

FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_103_031516

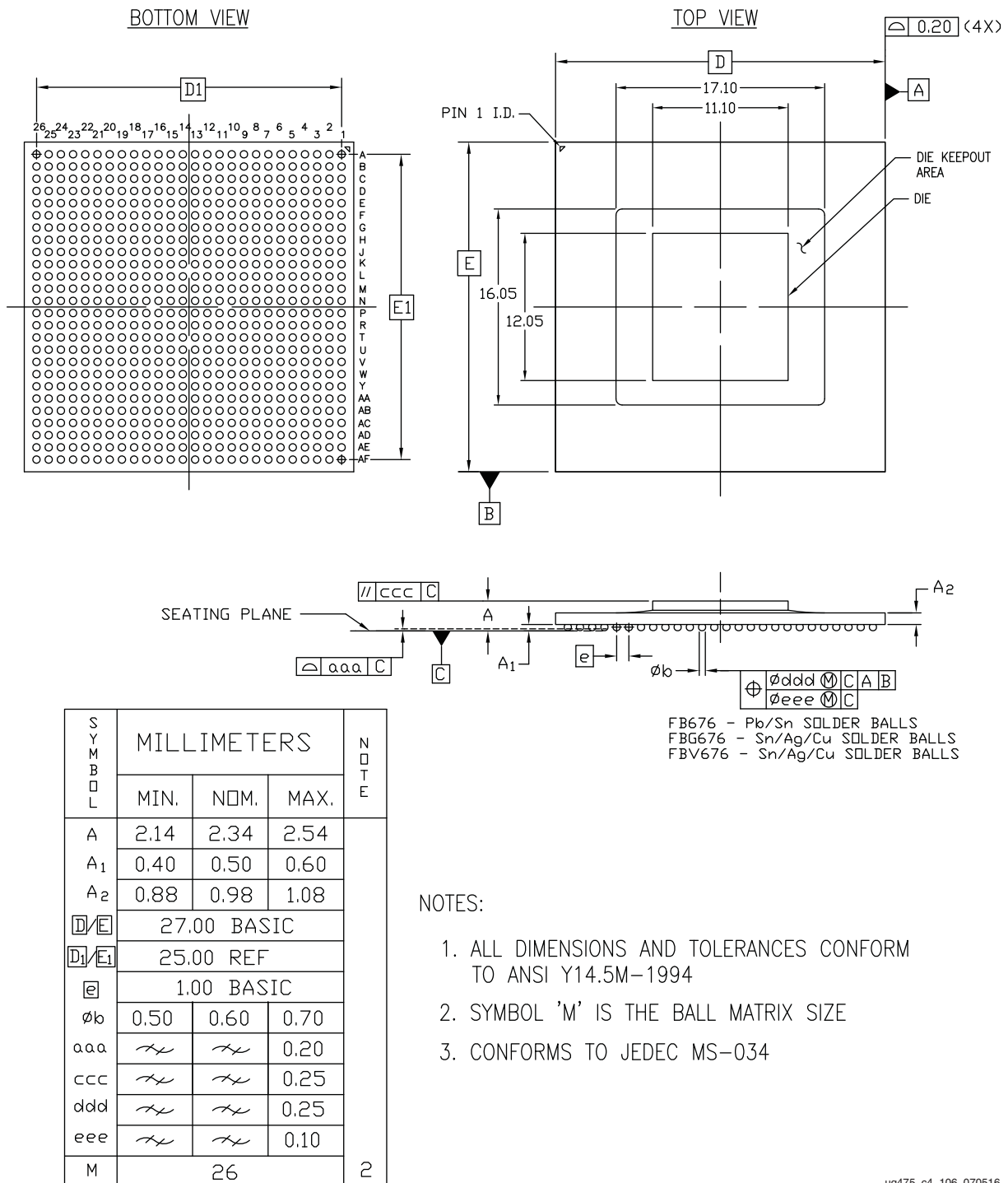
Figure 4-12: FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs



ug475_c4_104_092613

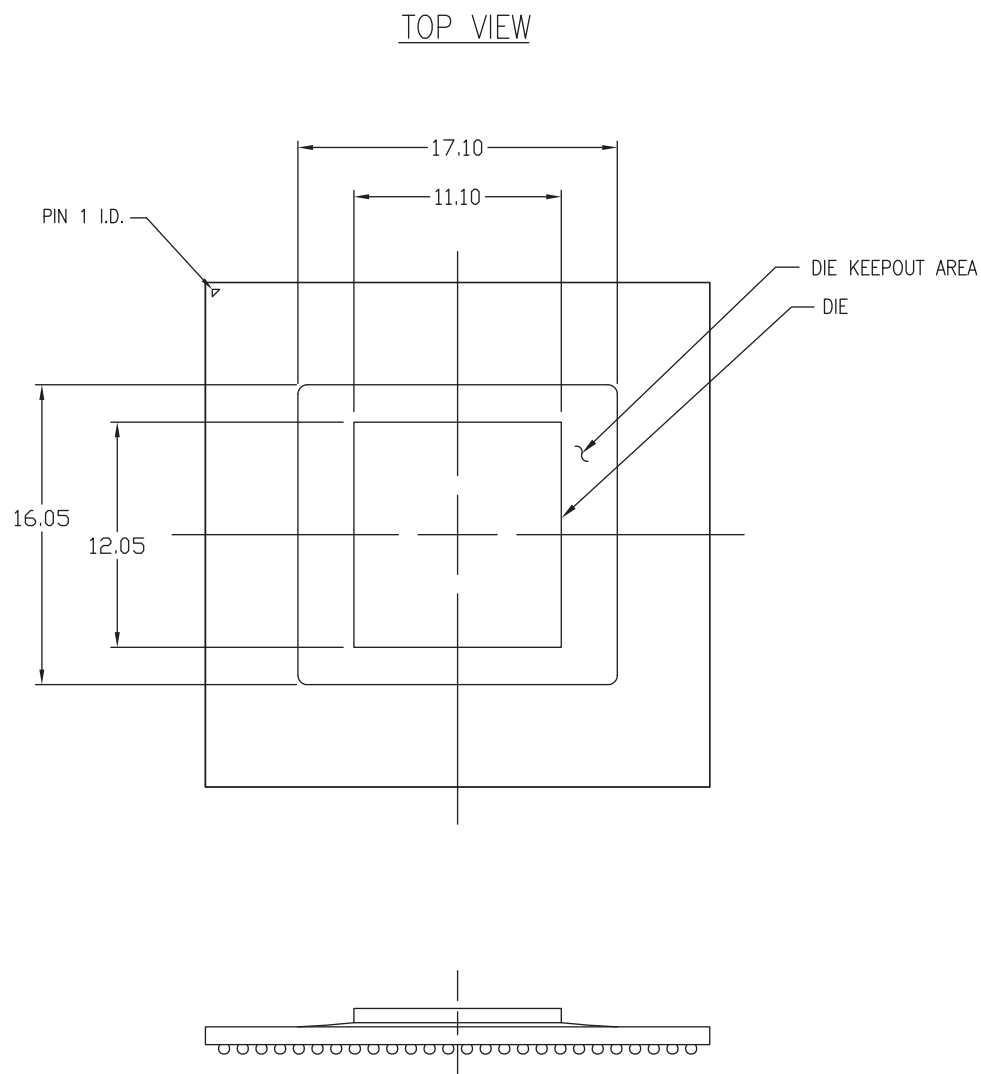
Figure 4-13: **XC7A200T FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Die Dimensions**

FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_106_070516

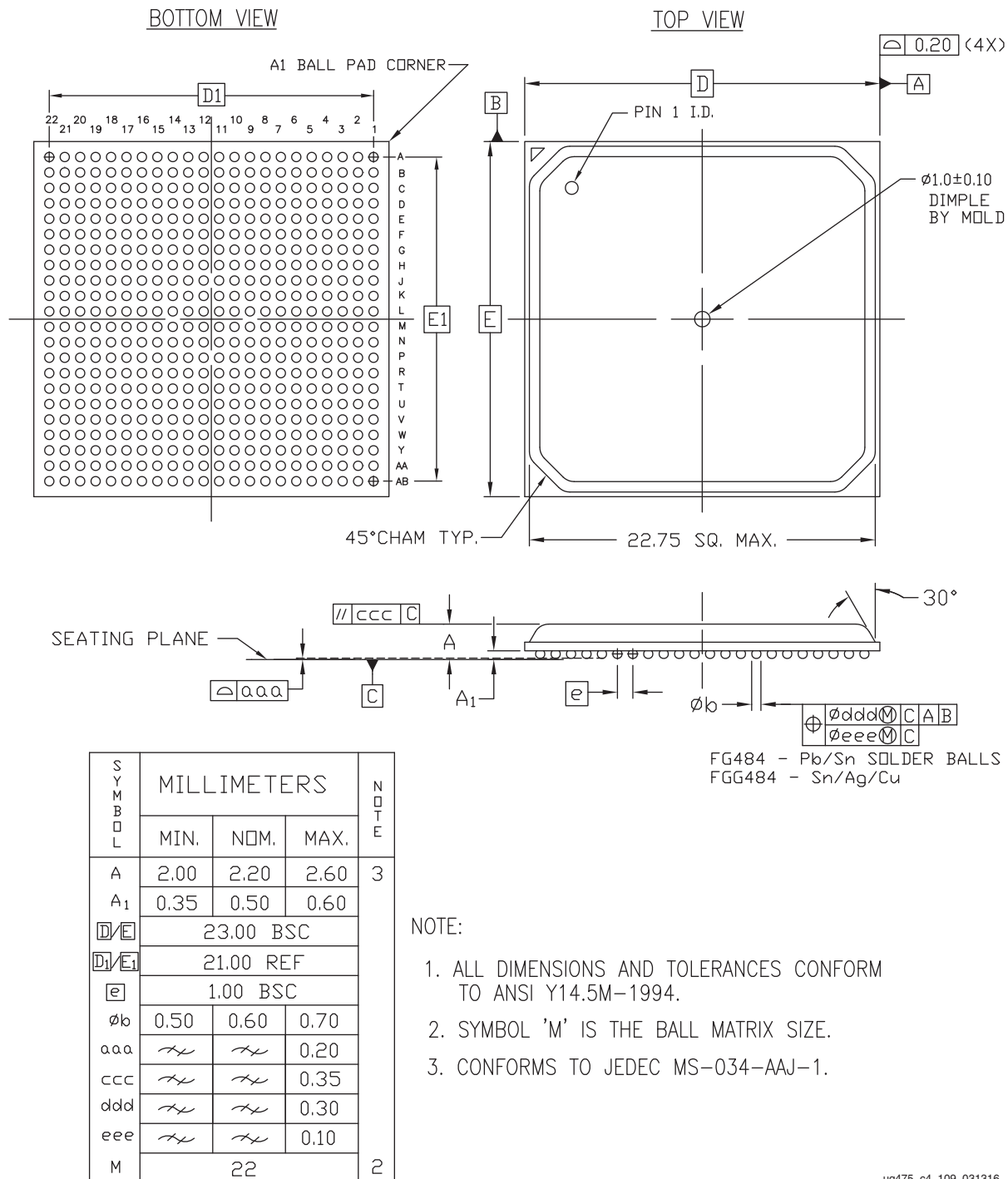
Figure 4-14: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs



ug475_c4_107_070912

Figure 4-15: XC7A200T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions

FG484 and FGG484 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_109_031316

Figure 4-16: FG484 and FGG484 Wire-bond Fine-Pitch BGA Package Specification for Artix 7 FPGAs

FG676 and FGG676 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Wire-Bond Fine-Pitch BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

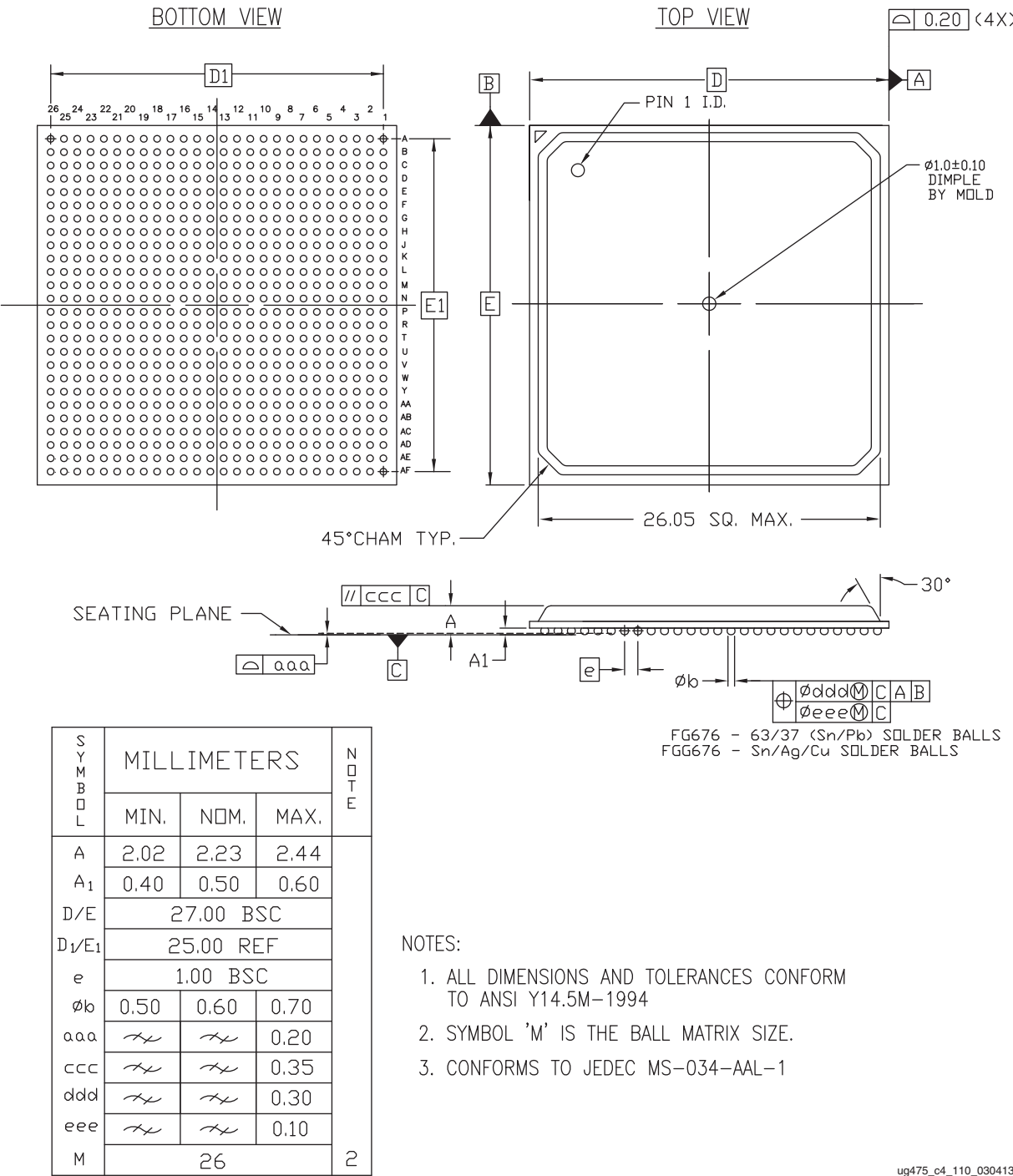


Figure 4-17: FG676 and FGG676 Wire-bond Fine-Pitch BGA Package Specification for Artix 7 FPGAs

FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

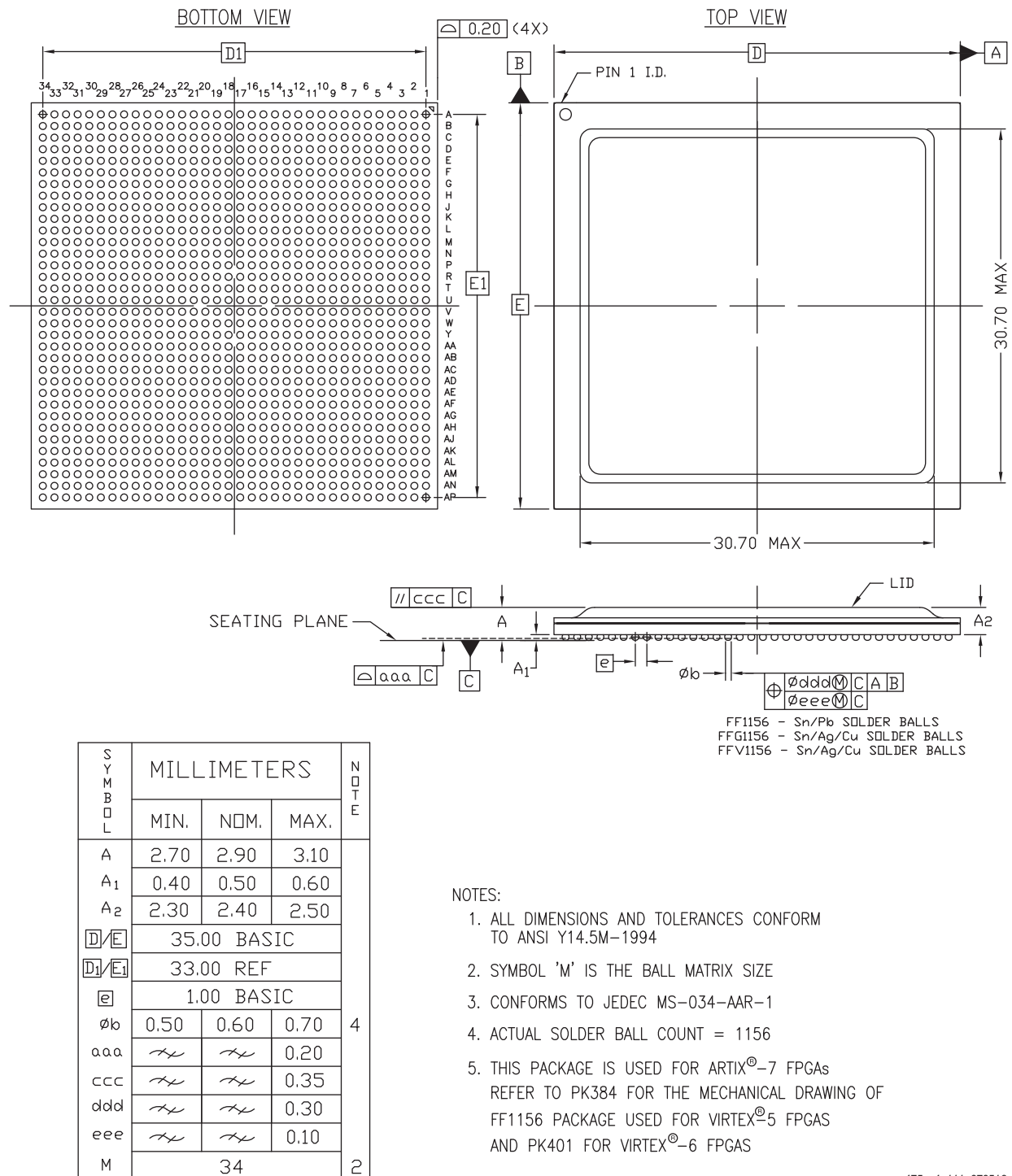
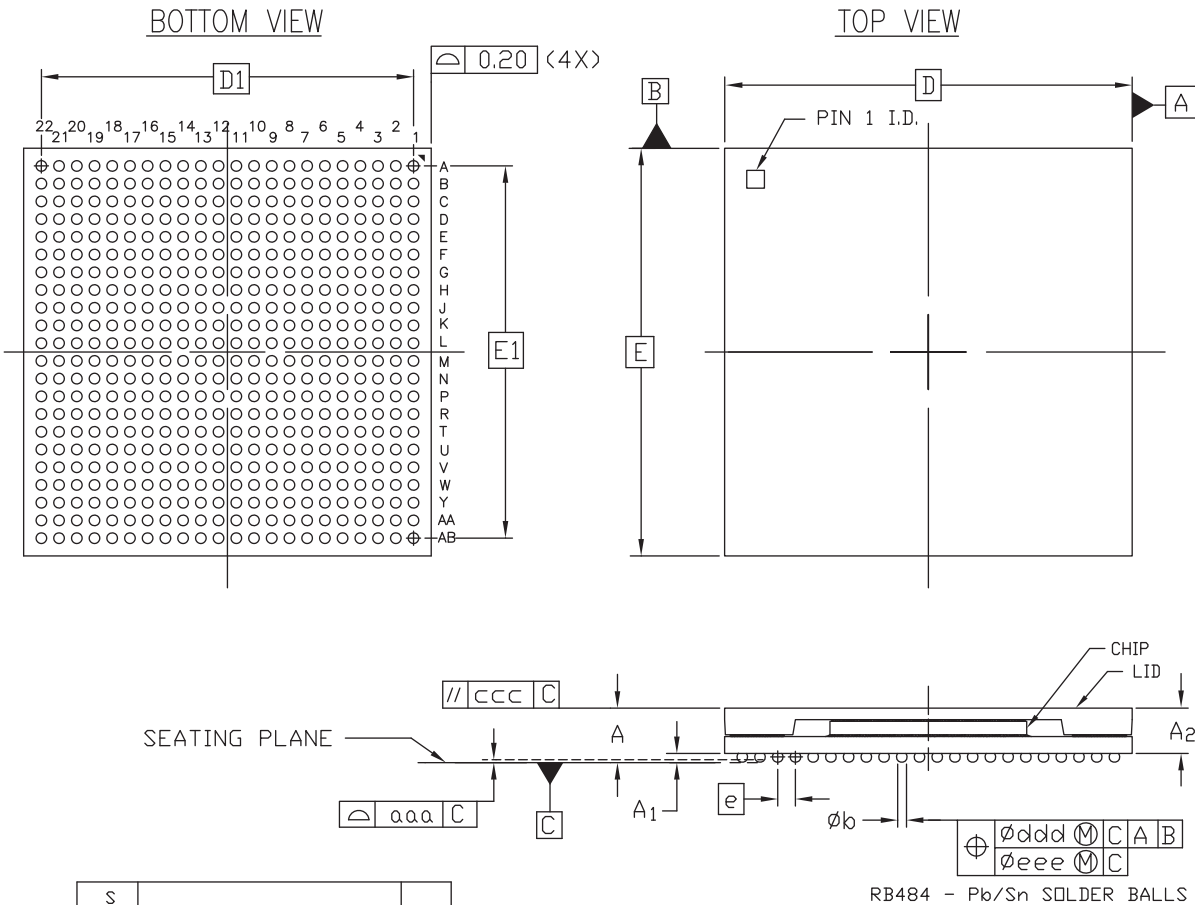


Figure 4-18: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for Artix 7 FPGAs

RB484 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

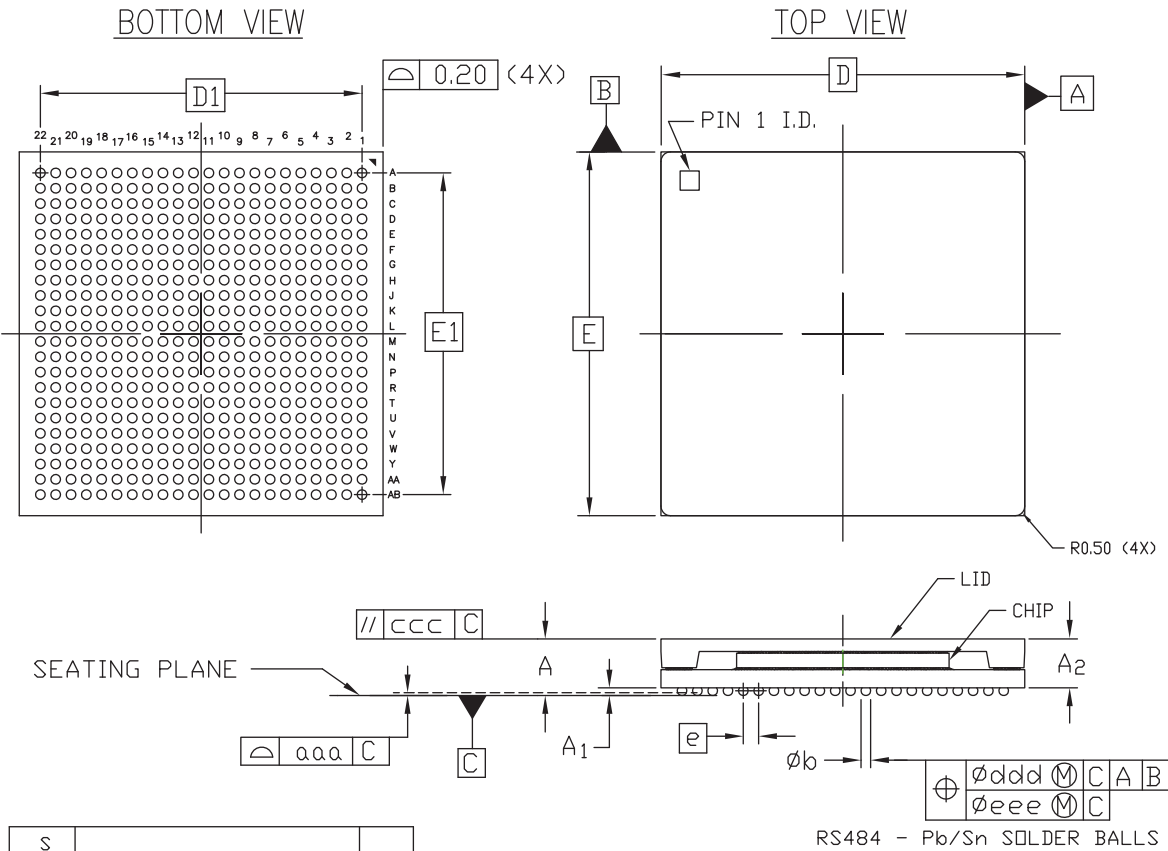


- NOTES:
1. ALL DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1994
 2. SYMBOL 'M' IS THE BALL MATRIX SIZE
 3. CONFORMS TO JEDEC MS-034

ug475_c4_112_070516

Figure 4-19: RB484 Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs

RS484 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA (0.8 mm Pitch)



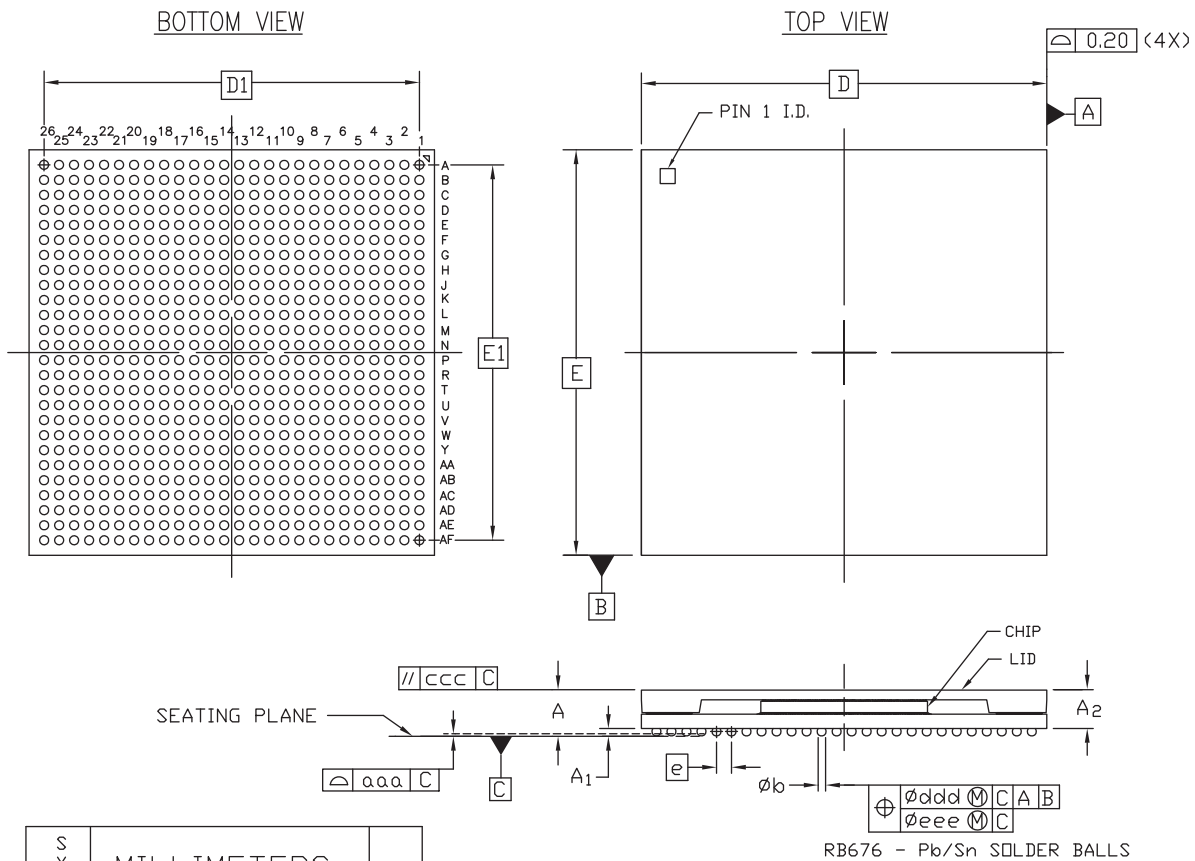
SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS			NOTE
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	2.71	2.95	3.19	2
A ₁	0.36	0.40	0.44	
A ₂	2.35	2.55	2.75	
D/E	19.00 BASIC			
D ₁ /E ₁	16.80 REF			
e	0.80 BASIC			
øb	0.45	0.50	0.55	
aaa			0.20	
ccc			0.20	
ddd			0.15	
eee			0.08	
M	22			

- NOTES:
1. ALL DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1994
 2. SYMBOL 'M' IS THE BALL MATRIX SIZE
 3. CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO-275-PPA2 EXCEPT DIM "A"

ug475_c4_113_070516

Figure 4-20: RS484 Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs

RB676 (Artix 7 FPGAs) Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS			NOTE
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	2.75	3.05	3.35	2
A ₁	0.40	0.50	0.60	
A ₂	2.35	2.55	2.75	
D/E	27.00 BASIC			
D ₁ /E ₁	25.00 REF			
e	1.00 BASIC			
øb	0.50	0.60	0.70	
aaa	xx	xx	0.20	
ccc	xx	xx	0.25	
ddd	xx	xx	0.25	
eee	xx	xx	0.10	
M	26			

NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ANSI Y14.5M-1994
2. SYMBOL 'M' IS THE BALL MATRIX SIZE
3. CONFORMS TO JEDEC MS-034-AAL-1

ug475_c4_114_092613

Figure 4-21: RB676 Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs

FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

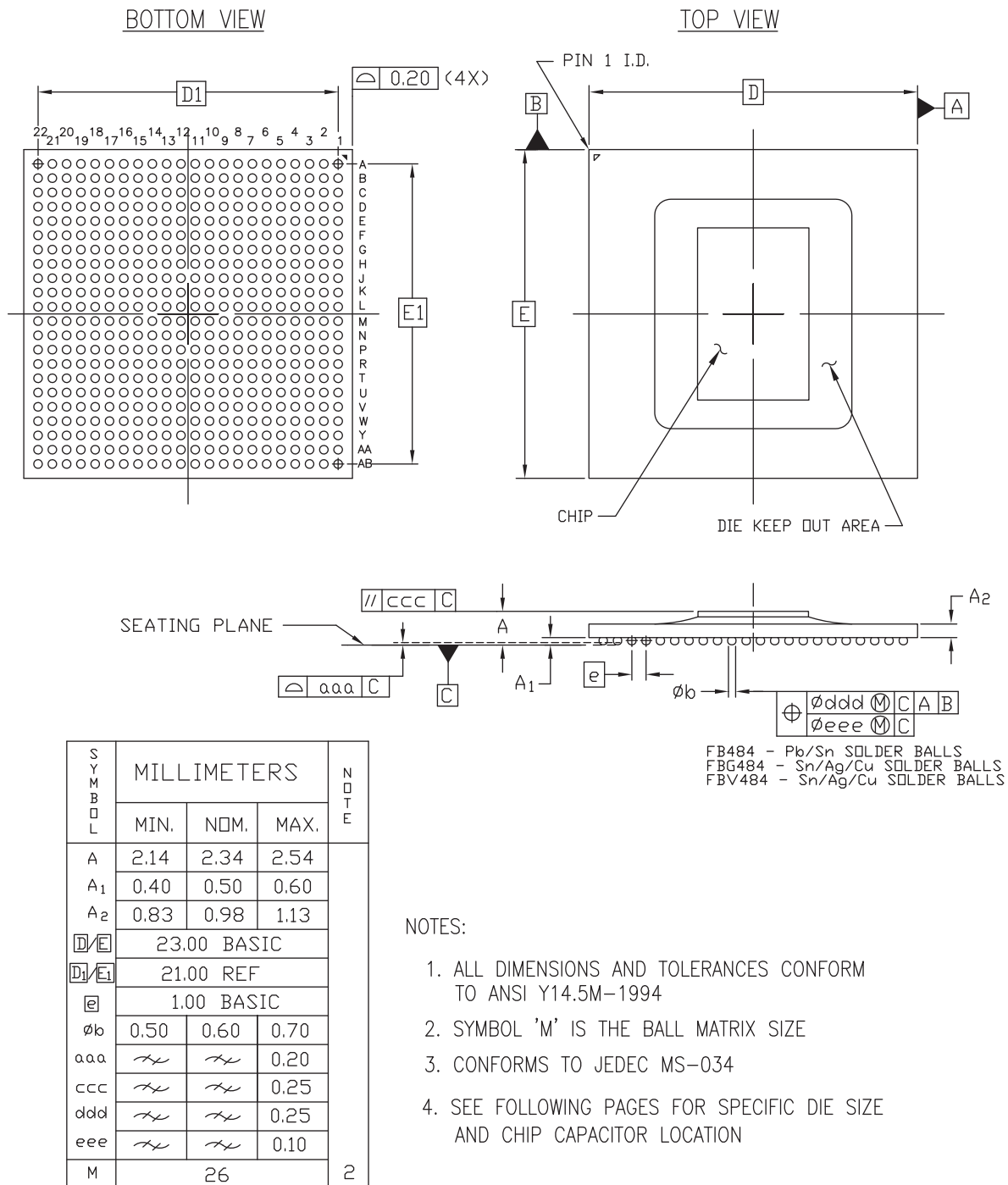
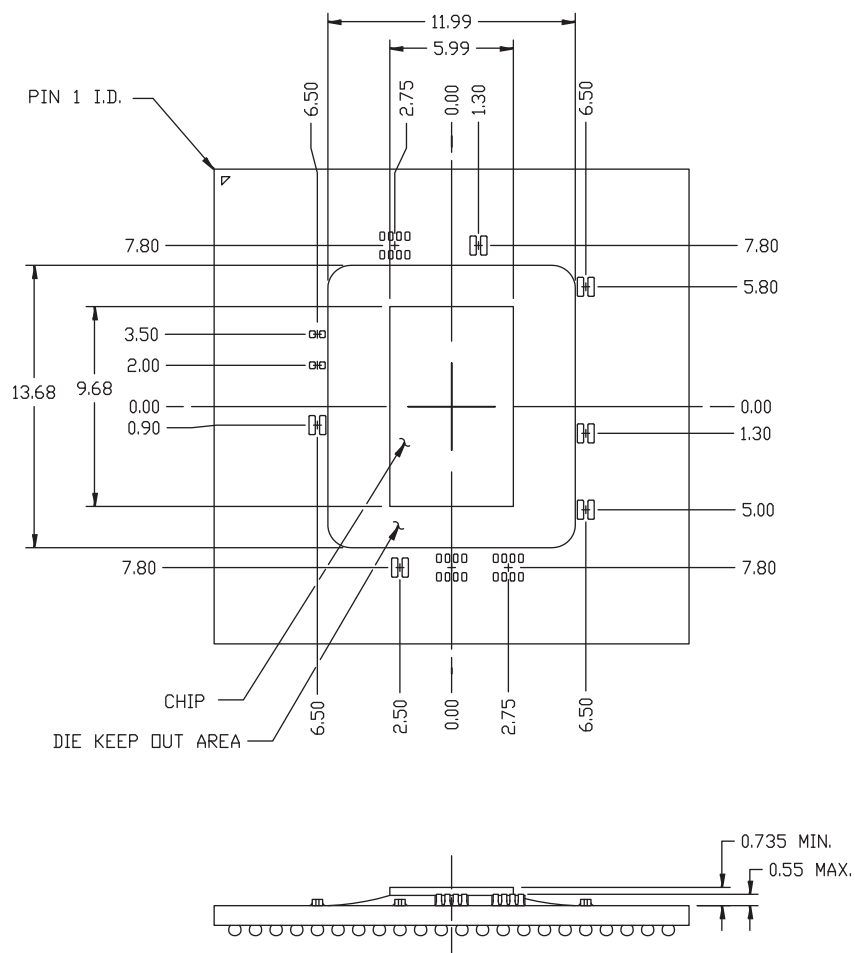
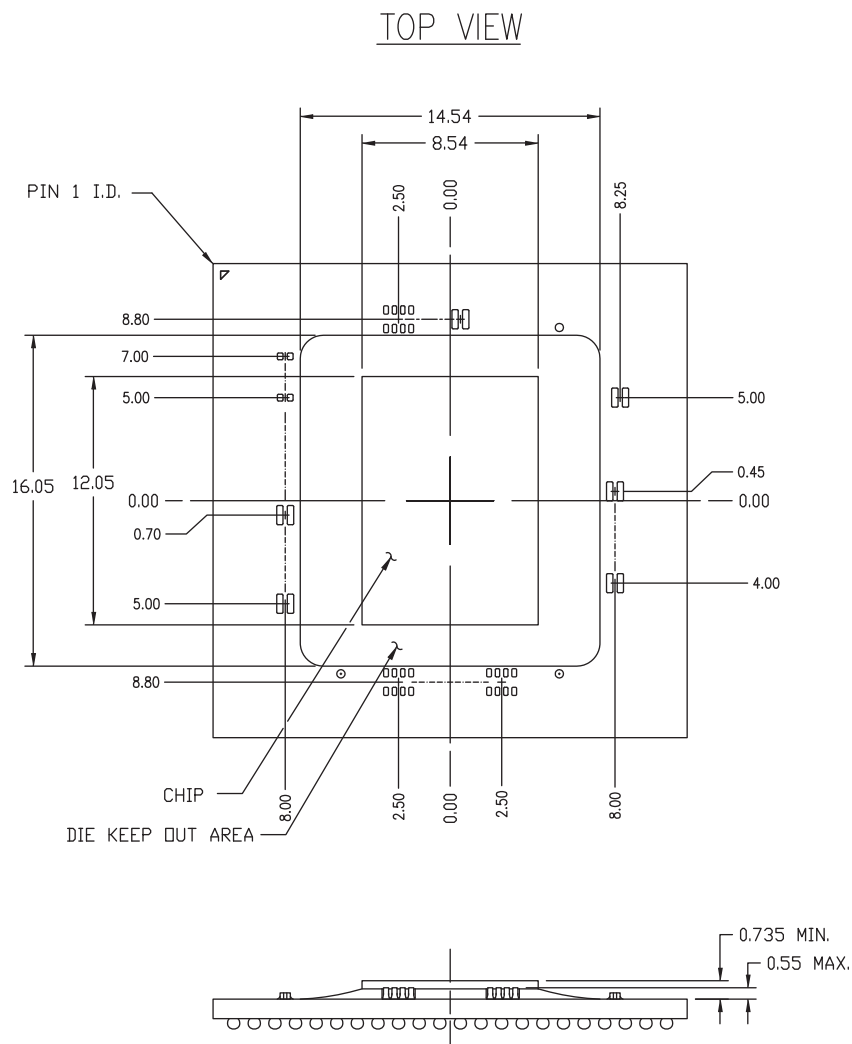


Figure 4-22: FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs



ug475_c4_20_013113

Figure 4-23: XC7K70T FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations



ug475_c4_21_013113

Figure 4-24: XC7K160T FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations

FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

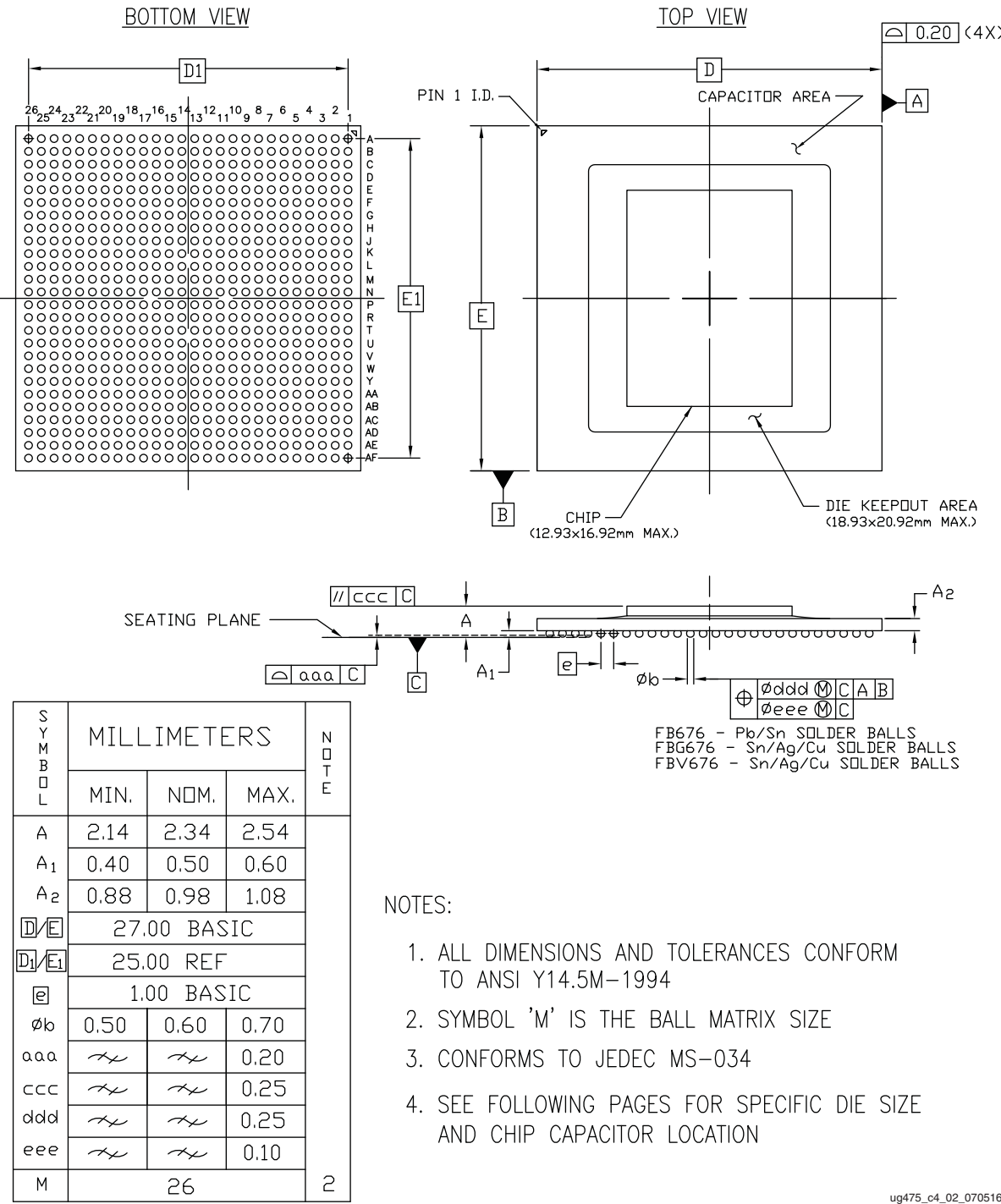


Figure 4-25: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs

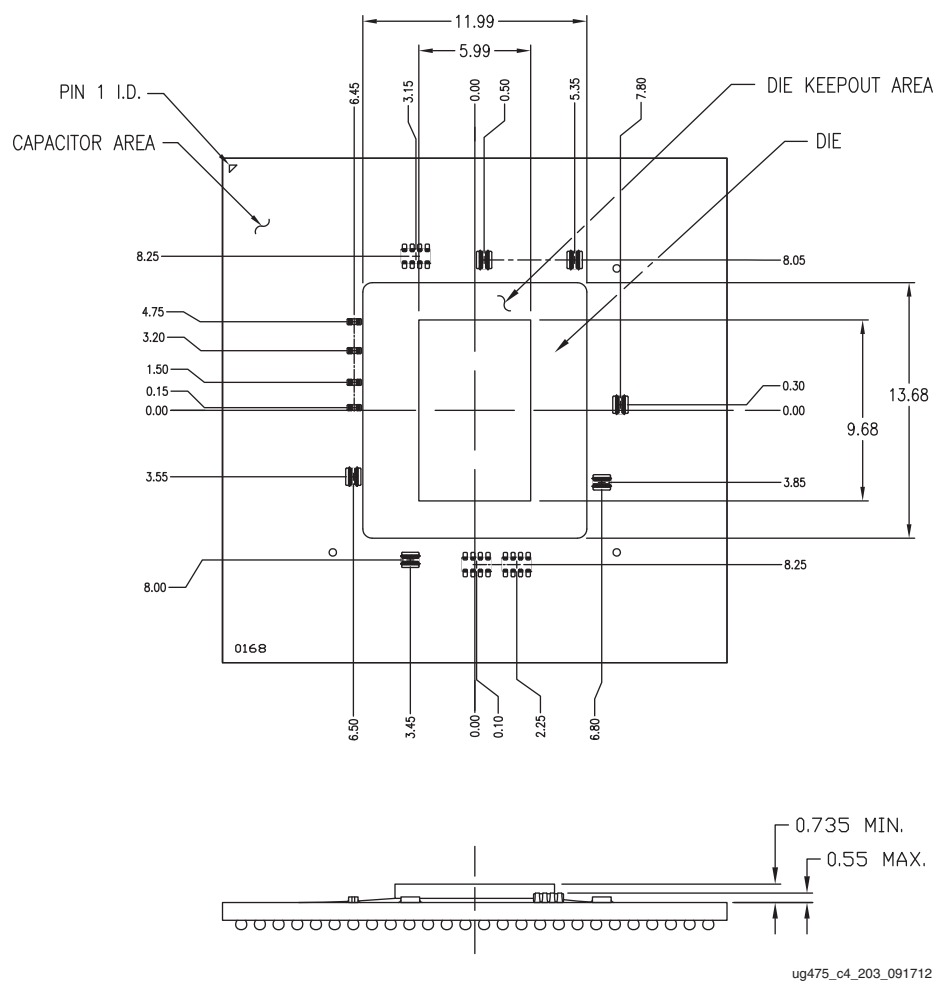


Figure 4-26: XC7K70T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations

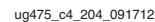


Figure 4-27: XC7K160T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations

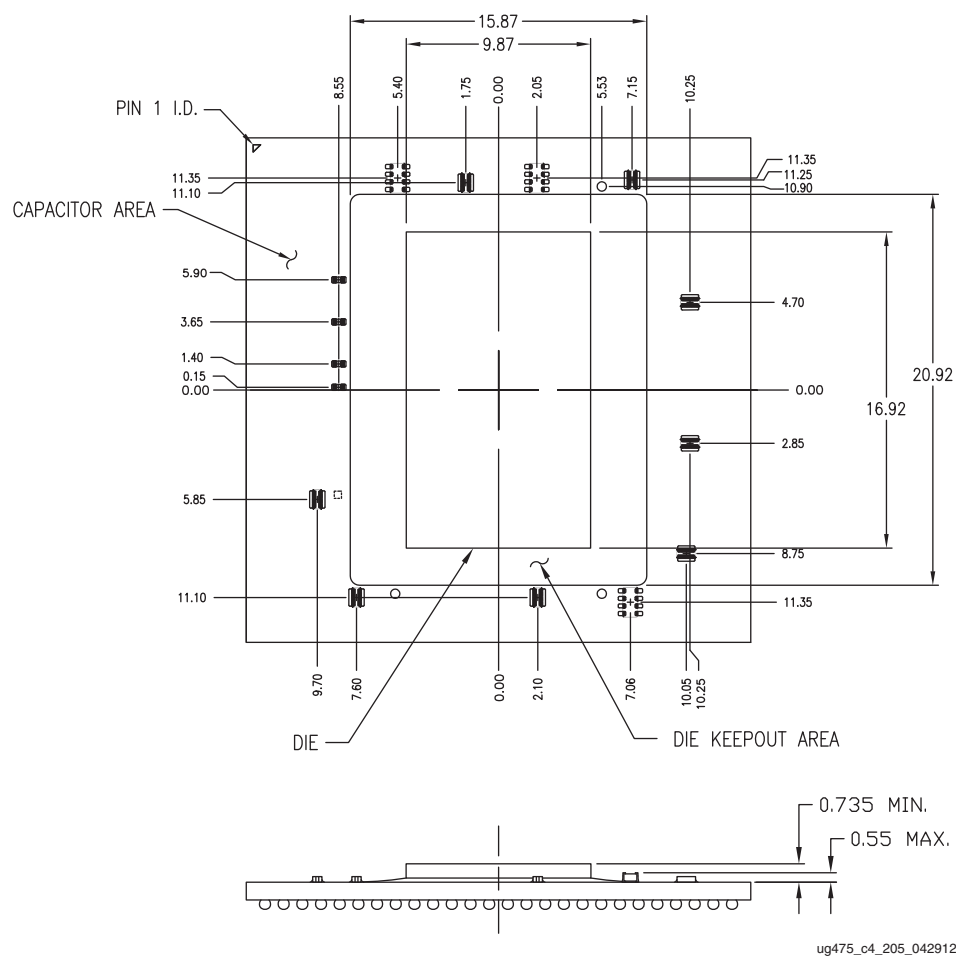


Figure 4-28: XC7K325T FBG676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations

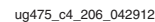


Figure 4-29: XC7K410T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations

FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

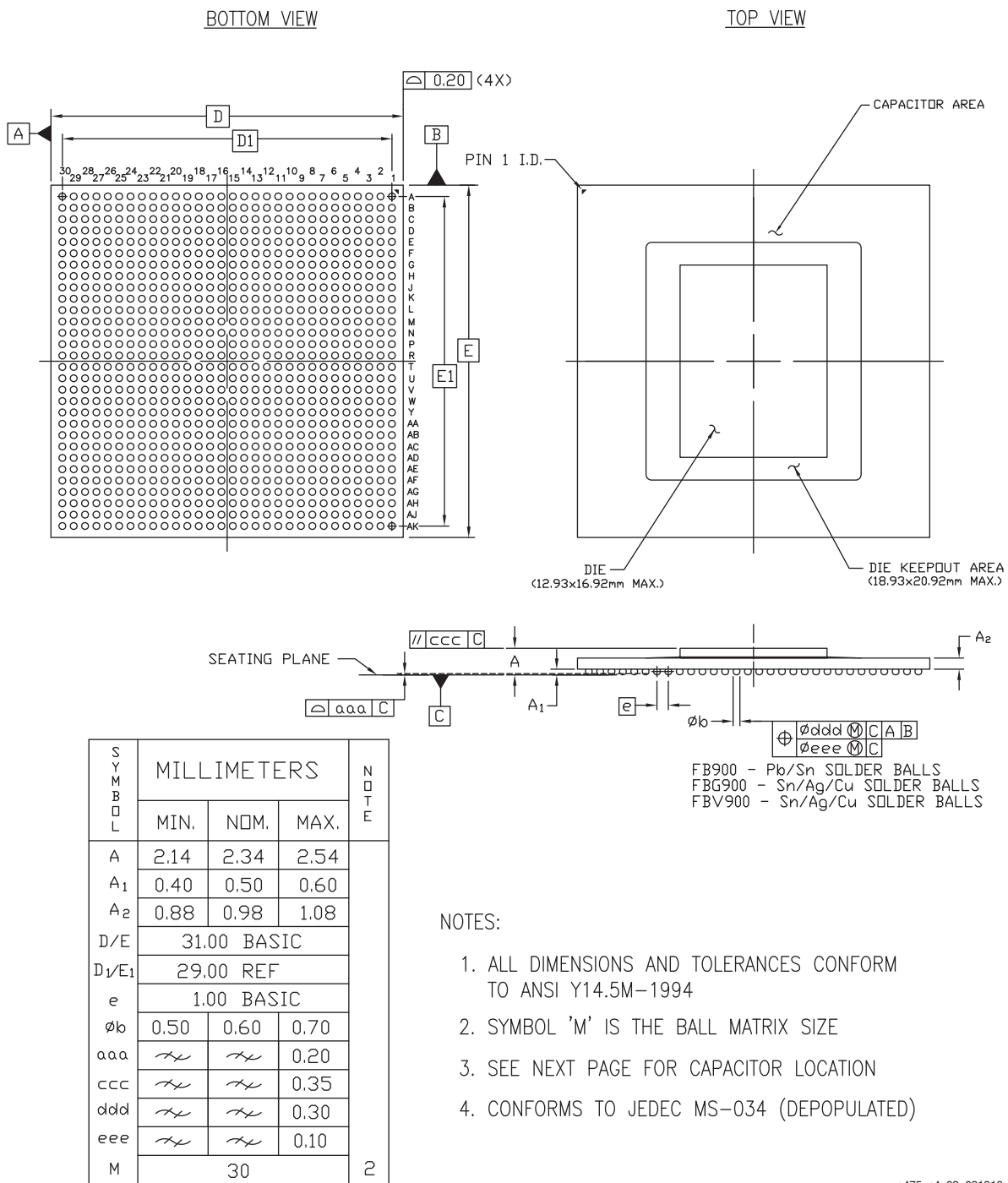


Figure 4-30: FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs

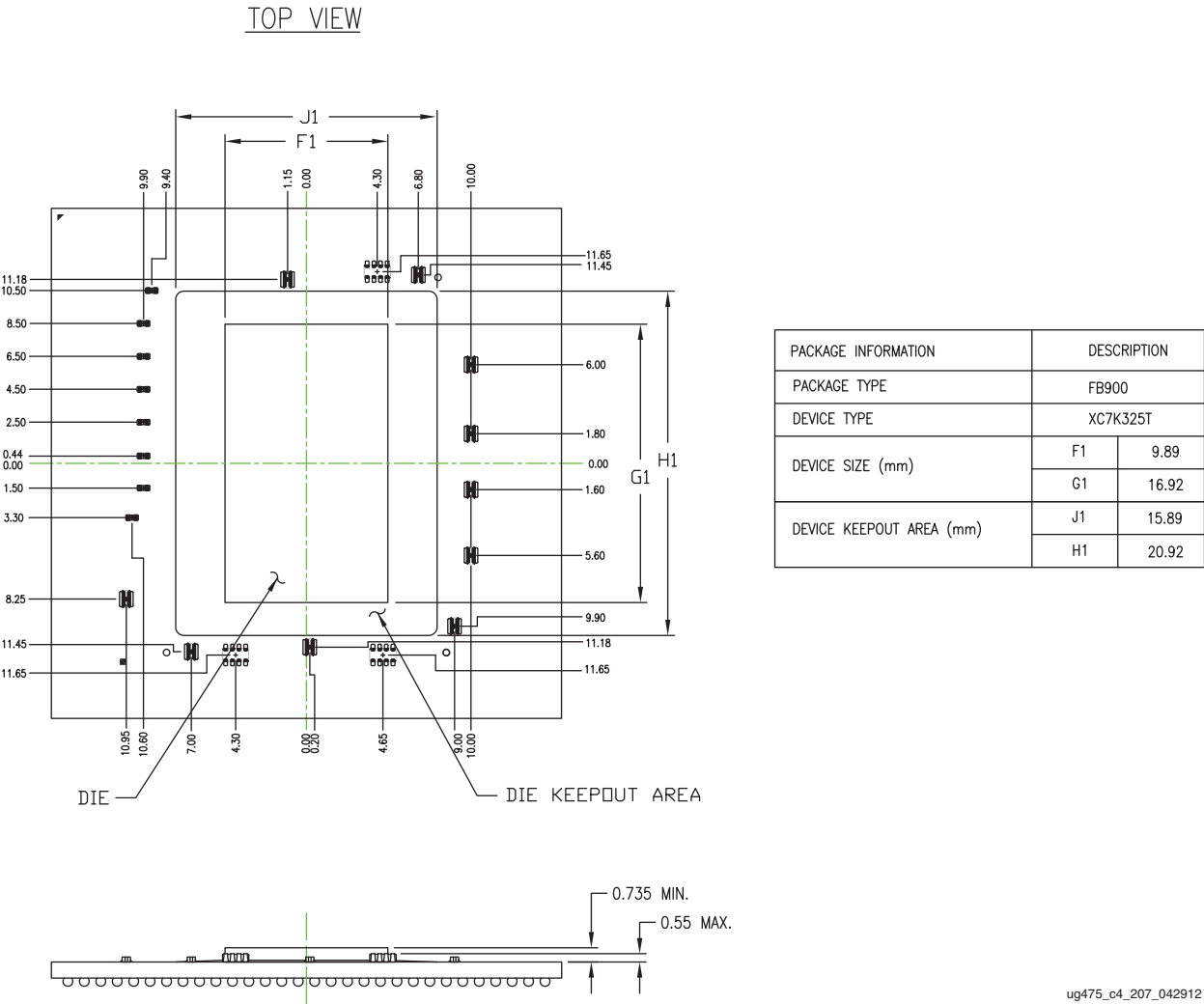


Figure 4-31: XC7K325T FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations

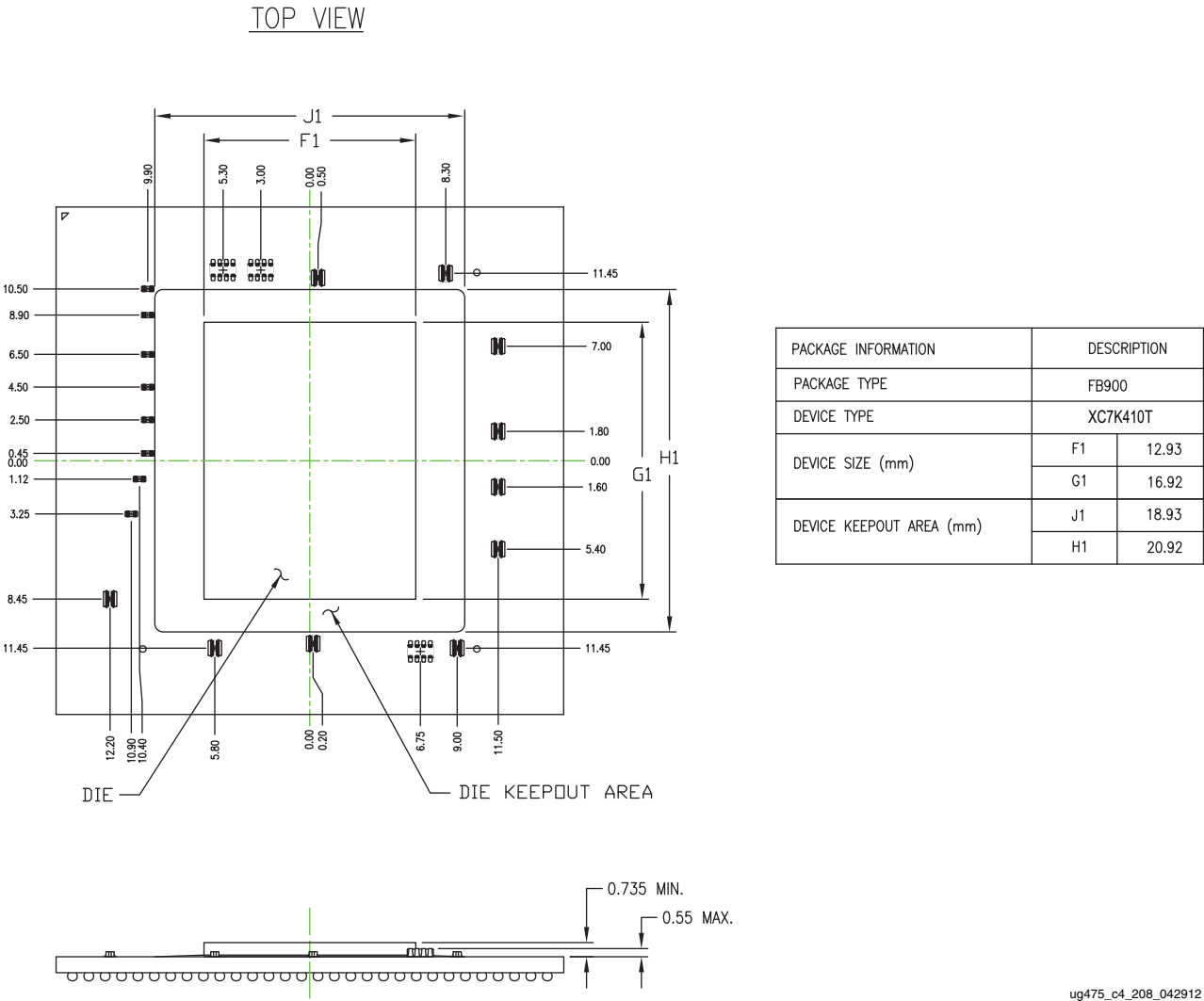


Figure 4-32: XC7K410T FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations

FF676, FFG676, and FFV676 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

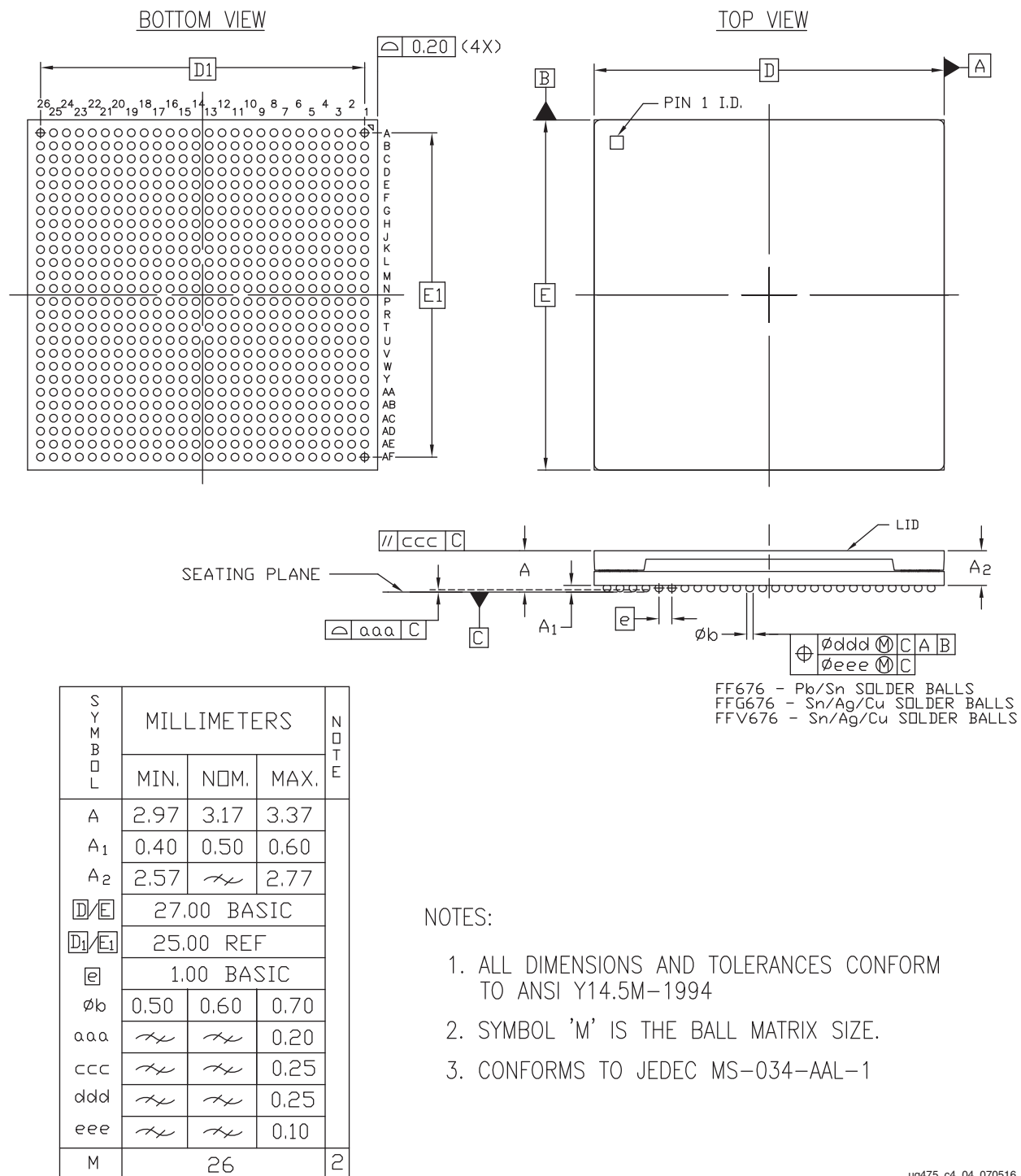
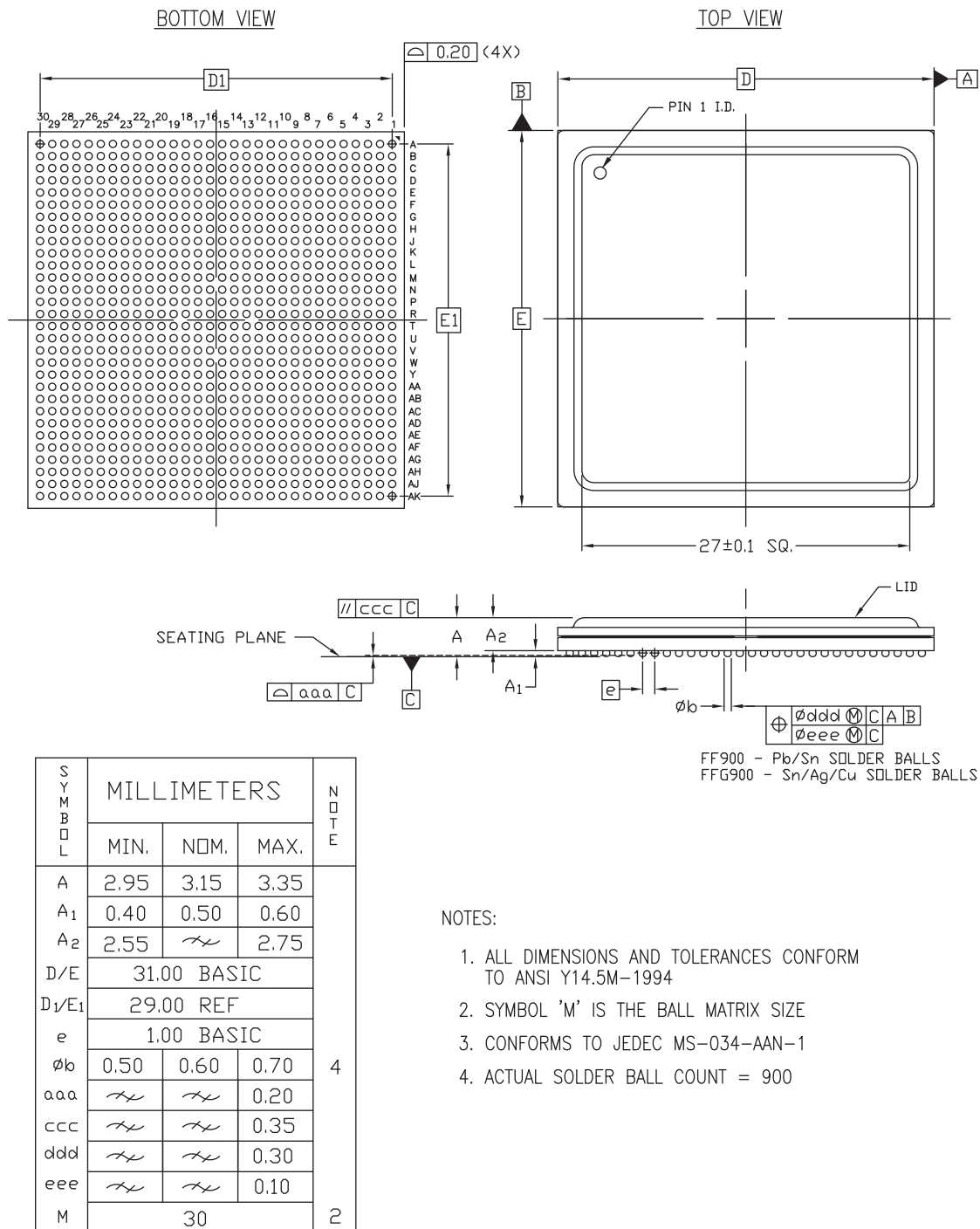


Figure 4-33: FF676, FFG676, and FFV676 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs

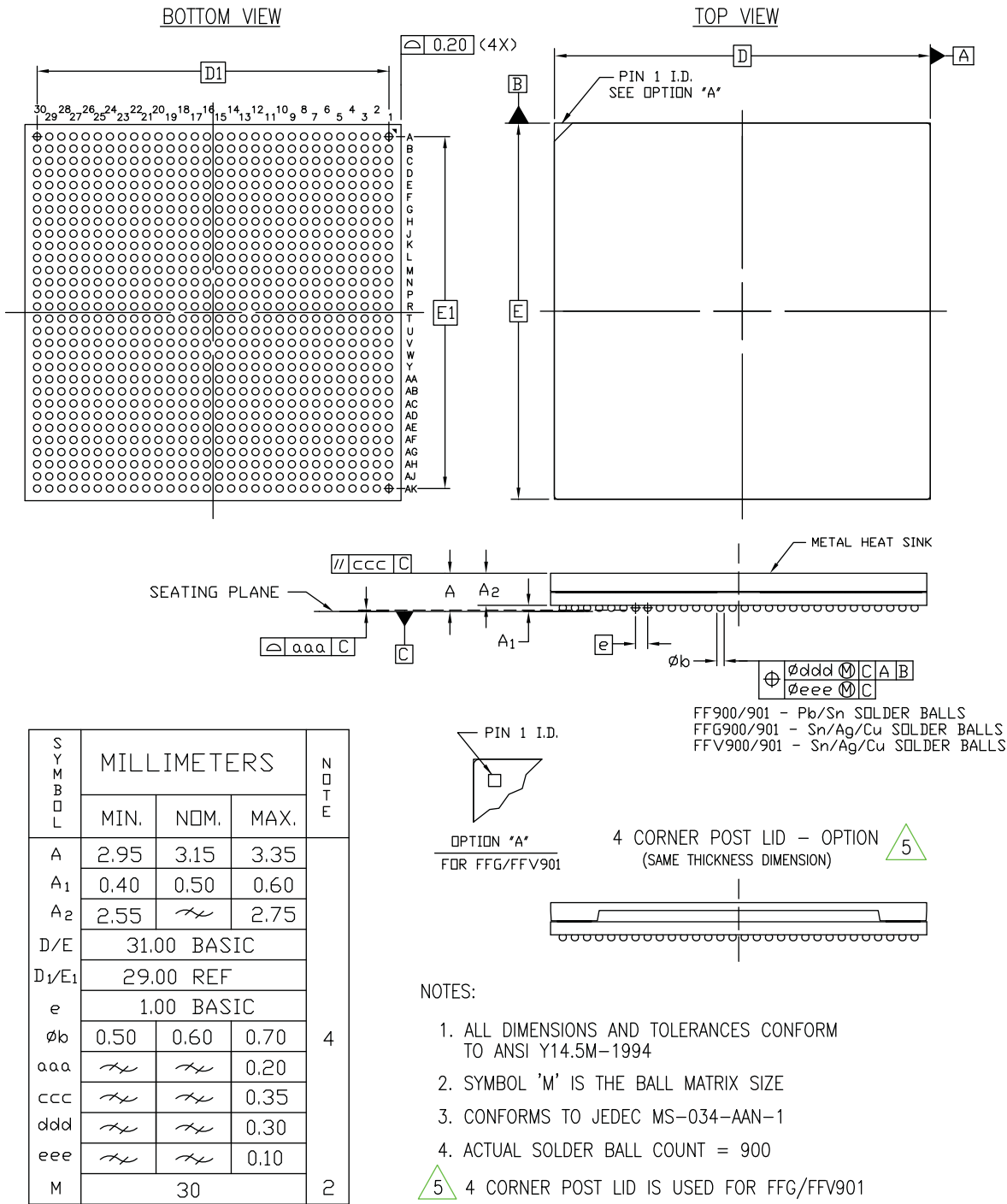
FF900 and FFG900 (XC7K325T and XC7K410T) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) with Stamped Lid



ug475_c4_ffg900_k7_020818

Figure 4-34: FF900 and FFG900 (XC7K325T and XC7K410T) Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications

FF900, FFG900, FFV900, FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_05_070516

Figure 4-35: FF900, FFG900, FFV900, FF901, FFG901, and FFV901 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs

FF1156 and FFG1156 (XC7K420T and XC7K480T) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) with Stamped Lid

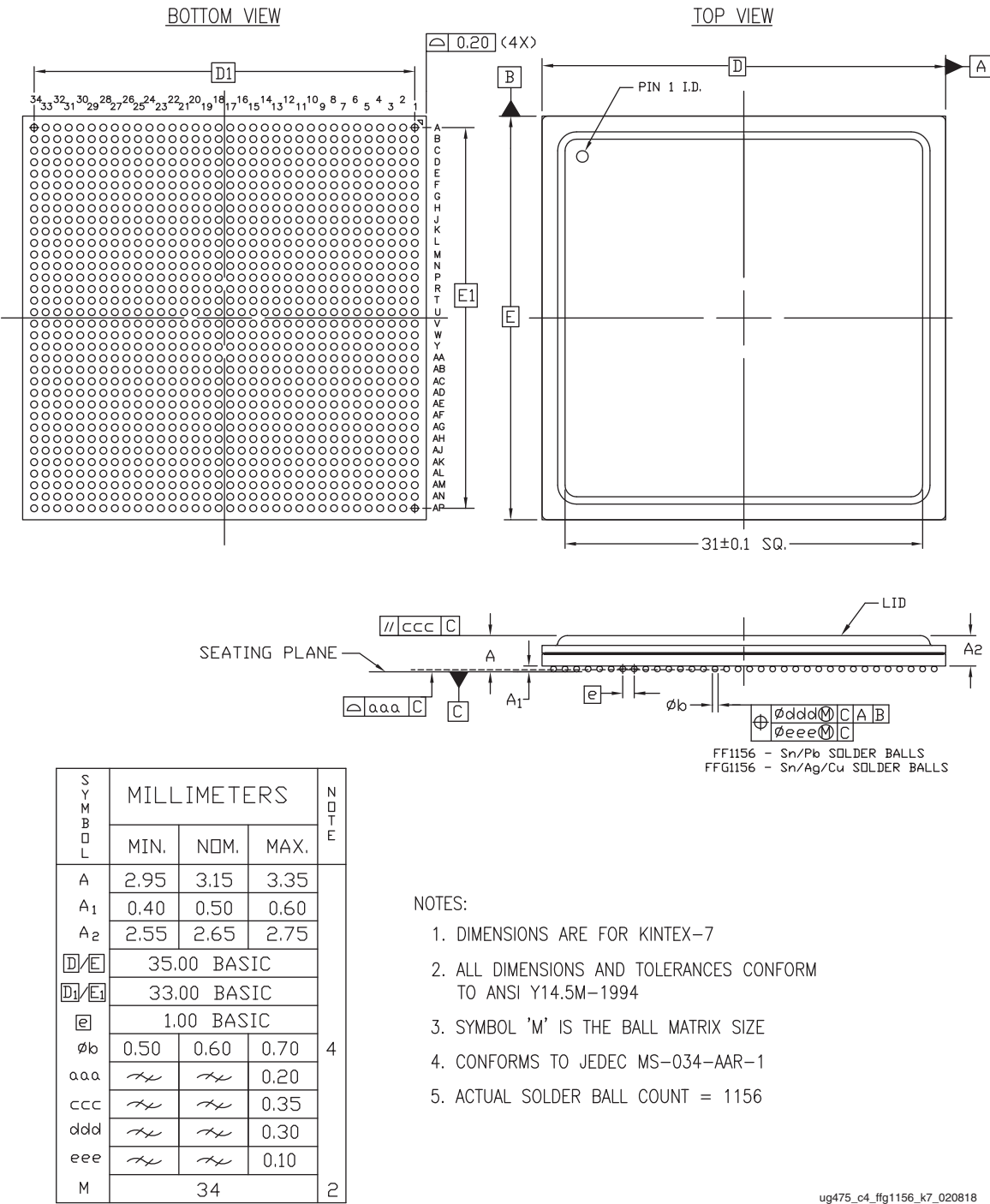
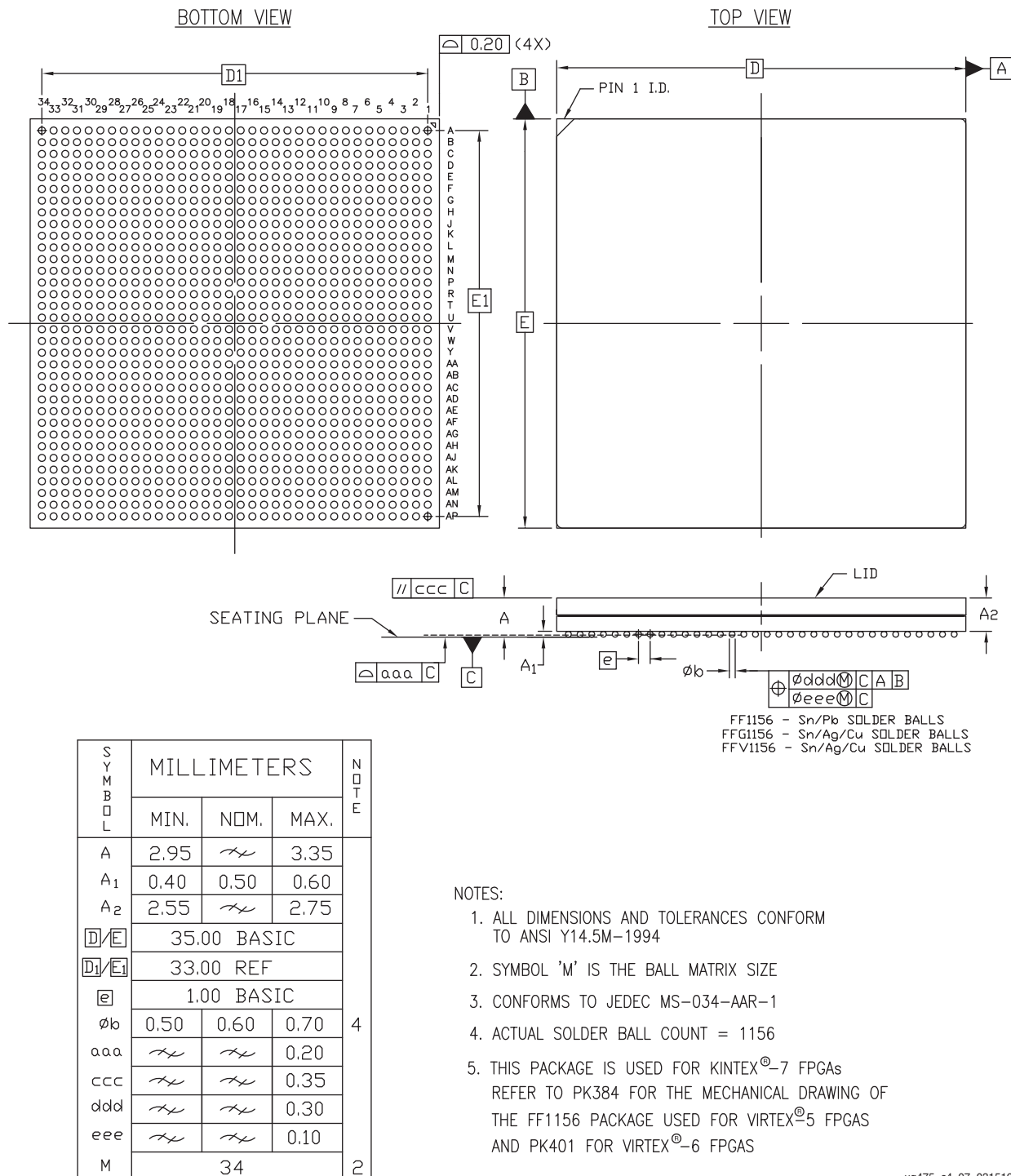


Figure 4-36: FF1156 and FFG1156 (XC7K420T and XC7K480T) Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification

FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_07_031516

Figure 4-37: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for Kintex 7 FPGAs

RF676 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

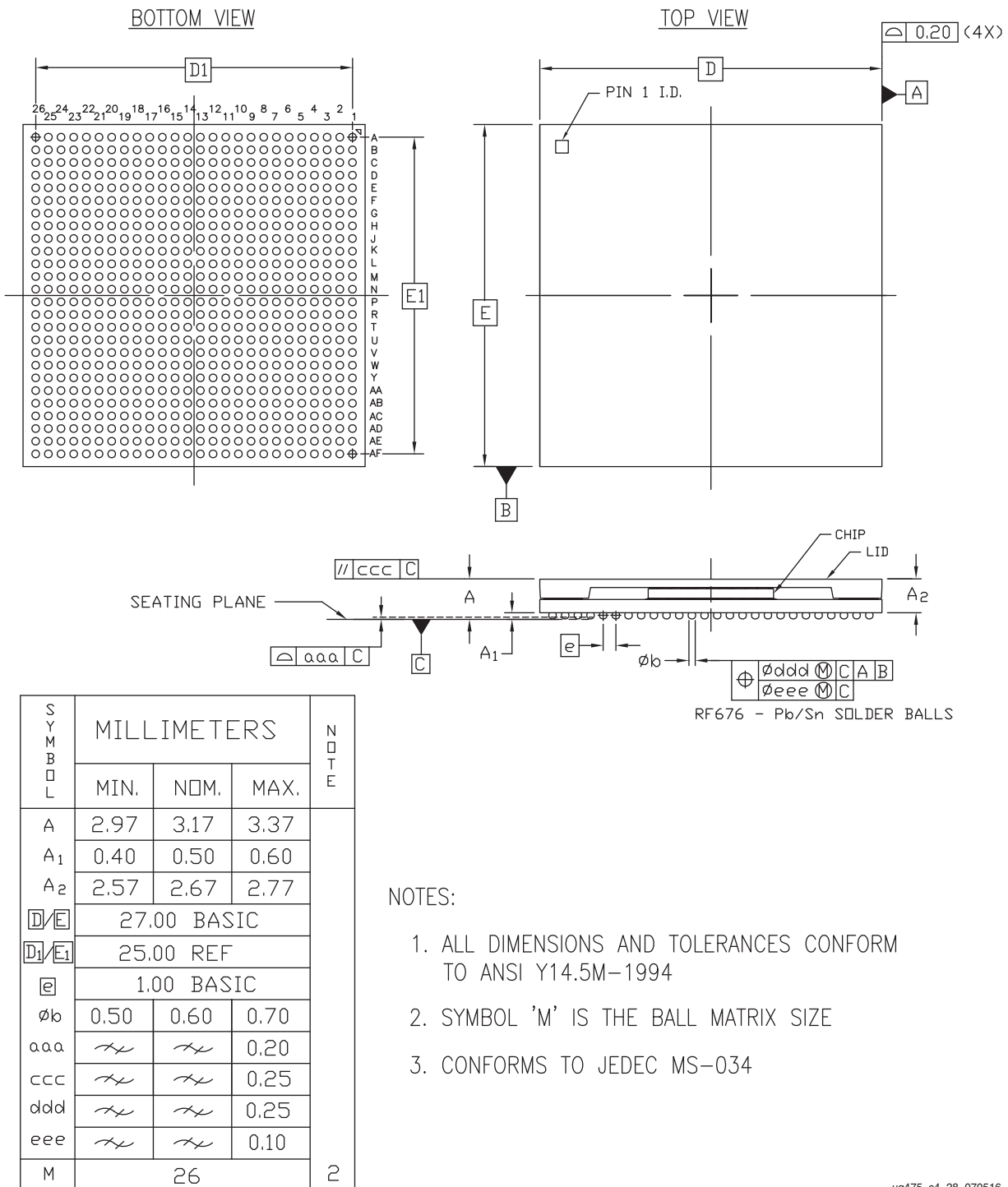
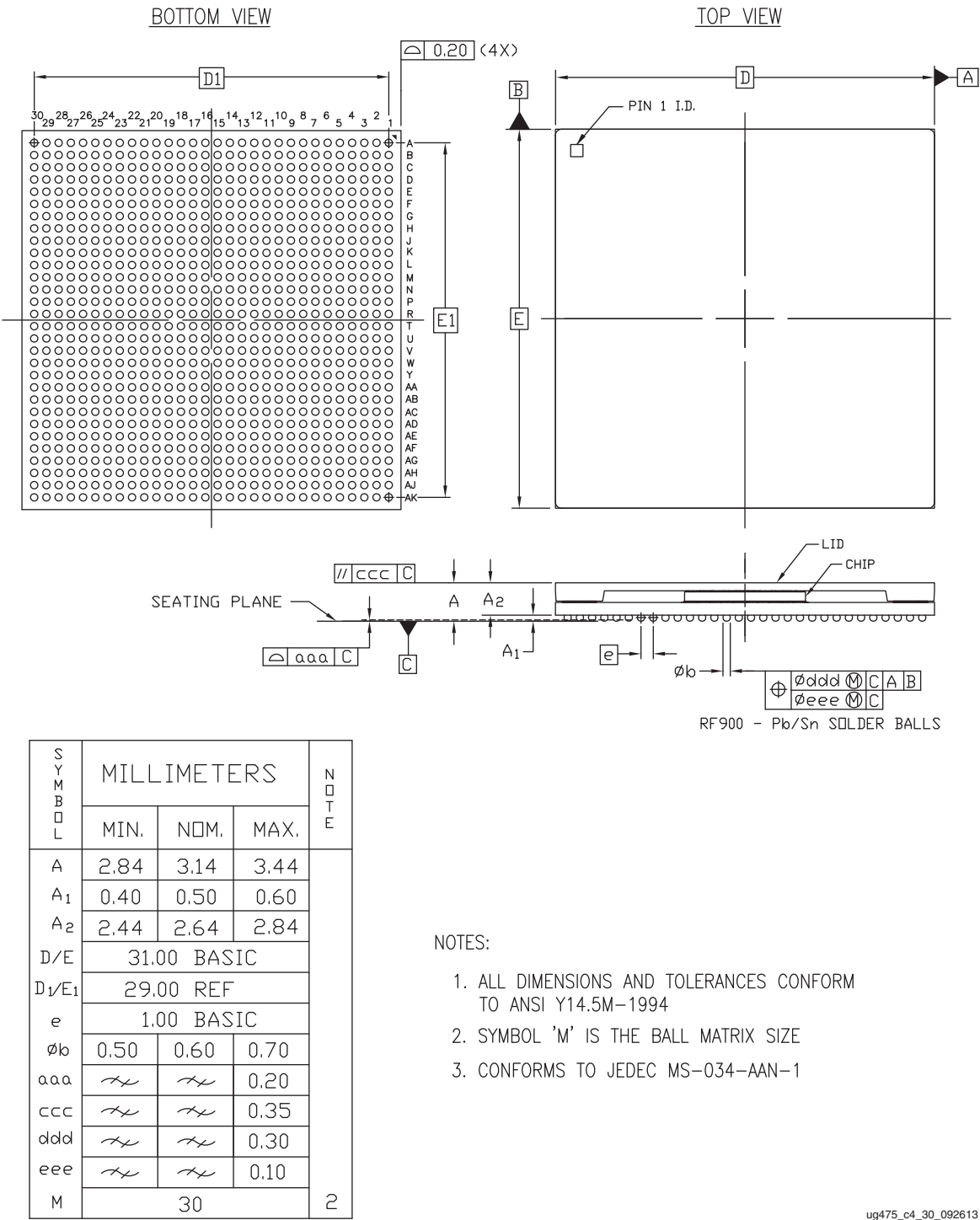


Figure 4-38: RF676 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs

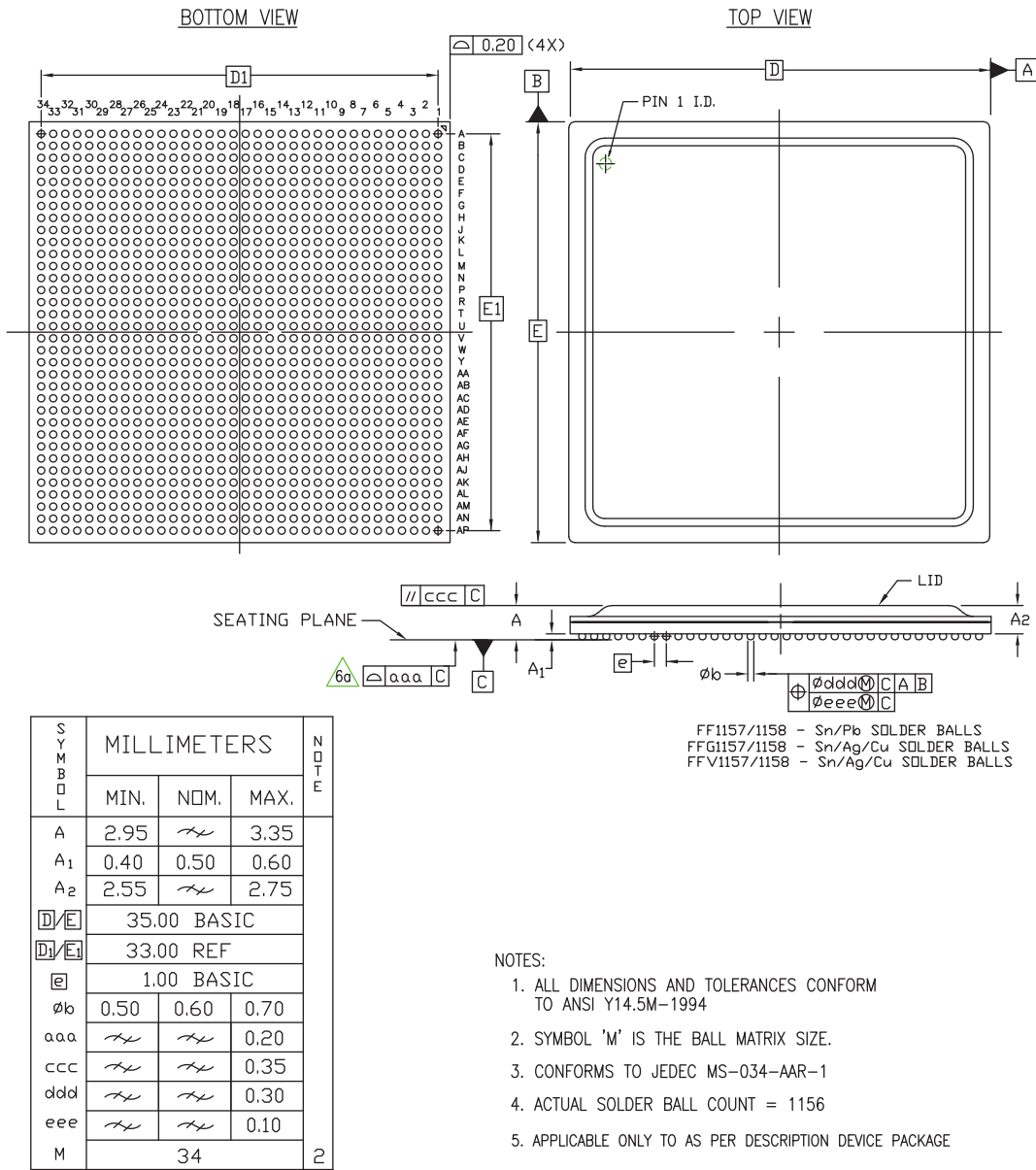
RF900 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA
(1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_30_092613

Figure 4-39: RF900 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs

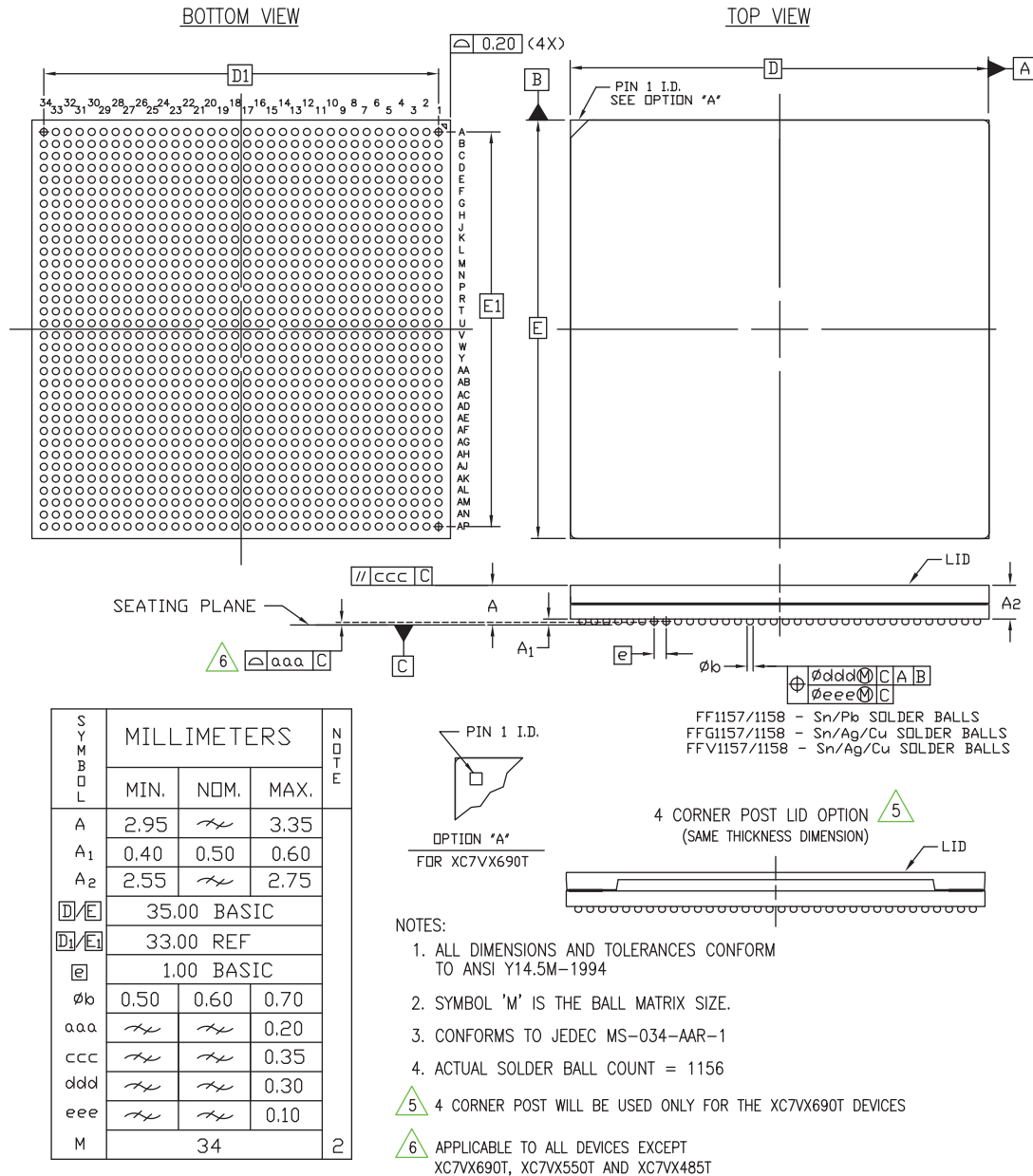
FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157–XC7VX330T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_vx330t_022121

Figure 4-40: FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157
Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for XC7VX330T FPGAs

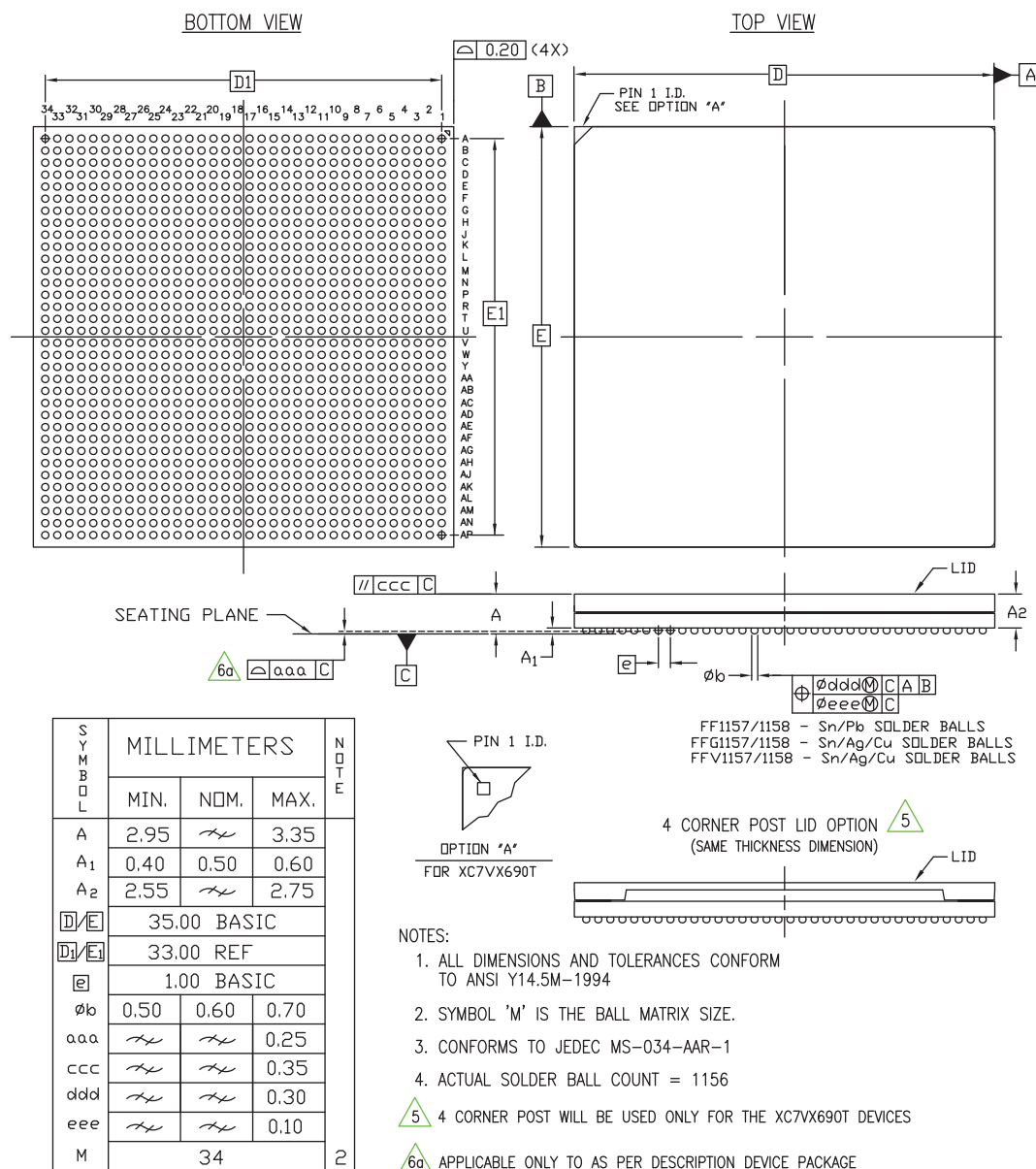
FF1157, FFG1157, FFV1157, FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 for XC7V585T and XC7VX415T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_08_022121

Figure 4-41: FF1157, FFG1157, FFV1157, FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for XC7V585T and XC7VX415T FPGAs

FF1157, FFG1157, FFV1157, FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158–XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_vx485t_vx550t_vx690t_022121

Figure 4-42: FF1157, FFG1157, FFV1157, FF1158, FFG1158, and FFV1158 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T FPGAs

TOP VIEW

0.20 4X

PIN 1 I.D.

BOTTOM VIEW

SEATING PLANE

LID

Δa

A_1

A_2

ϕb

$\oplus$ ddd M C A B

eee M C

SYMBOL

MILLIMETERS

NOTES

FF761 - Sn/Pb SOLDER BALLS

FFG761 - Sn/Ag/Cu SOLDER BALLS

SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS			NOTE
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	3.10	<i>xx</i>	3.50	
A ₁	0.40	0.50	0.60	
A ₂	2.70	<i>xx</i>	2.90	
D/E	42.50 BASIC			
D ₁ /E ₁	41.00 REF			
E	1.00 BASIC			
øb	0.50	0.60	0.70	
aaa	<i>xx</i>	<i>xx</i>	0.25	
bbb	<i>xx</i>	<i>xx</i>	0.25	
dold	<i>xx</i>	<i>xx</i>	0.25	
eee	<i>xx</i>	<i>xx</i>	0.10	
M	42			2

1. ALL DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. SYMBOL "M" IS THE PIN MATRIX SIZE.
3. CONFORMS TO JEDEC MS-034-AAV-1 (DEPOPULATED)
4. ACTUAL SOLDER BALL COUNT = 1760

uq475 c4 vx485t vx690t 022121

7 Series FPGAs Packaging
UG475 (v1.20) March 13, 2024

BOTTOM VIEW

TOP VIEW

The drawing includes a bottom view showing a 42x42 pin grid array with dimensions 42.50mm basic and 41.00mm reference. The top view shows the package footprint with dimensions 42.50mm basic and 41.00mm reference. A side cross-section shows the package height and dimensions A, A1, and A2.

SYMBOL	MILLIMETERS			NOTE
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	3.10	$\sim$	3.50	
A ₁	0.40	0.50	0.60	
A ₂	2.70	$\sim$	2.90	
D/E	42.50 BASIC			
D ₁ /E ₁	41.00 REF			NOTES: 1. ALL DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994 2. SYMBOL "M" IS THE PIN MATRIX SIZE. 3. CONFORMS TO JEDEC MS-034-AAV-1 (DEPOPULATE) 4. ACTUAL SOLDER BALL COUNT = 1760 5. APPLICABLE TO ALL DEVICES EXCEPT XC7VX485T AND XC7VX690T
e	1.00 BASIC			
øb	0.50	0.60	0.70	
aaa	$\sim$	$\sim$	0.20	
bbb	$\sim$	$\sim$	0.25	
ddd	$\sim$	$\sim$	0.25	
eee	$\sim$	$\sim$	0.10	
M	42			

FF1761 - Sn/Pb SOLDER BALLS
FFG1761 - Sn/Ag/Cu SOLDER BALL

Figure 4-44: FF1761 and FFG1761 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for XC7V585T and XC7VX330T FPGAs

FFV1761 (Virtex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

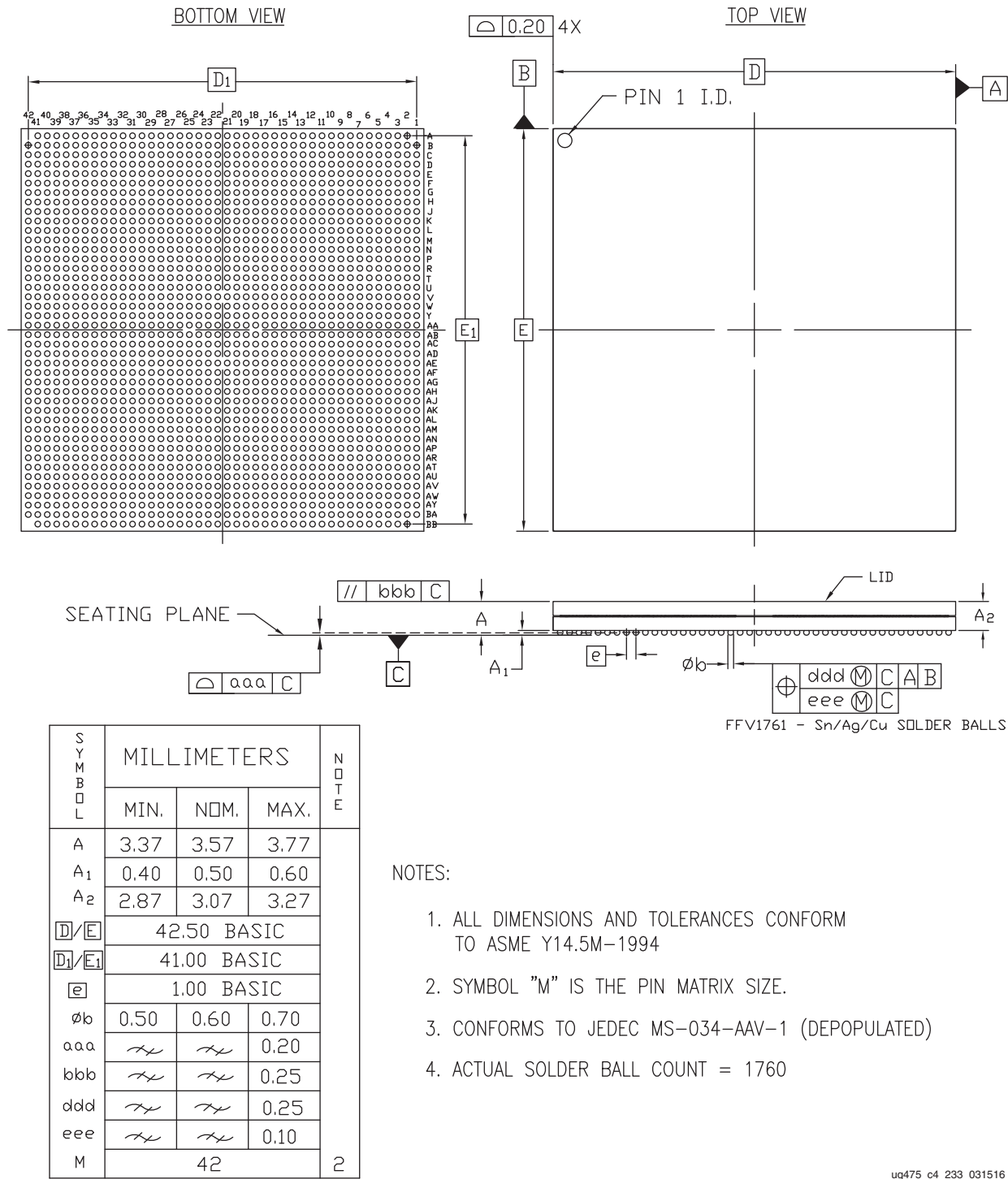
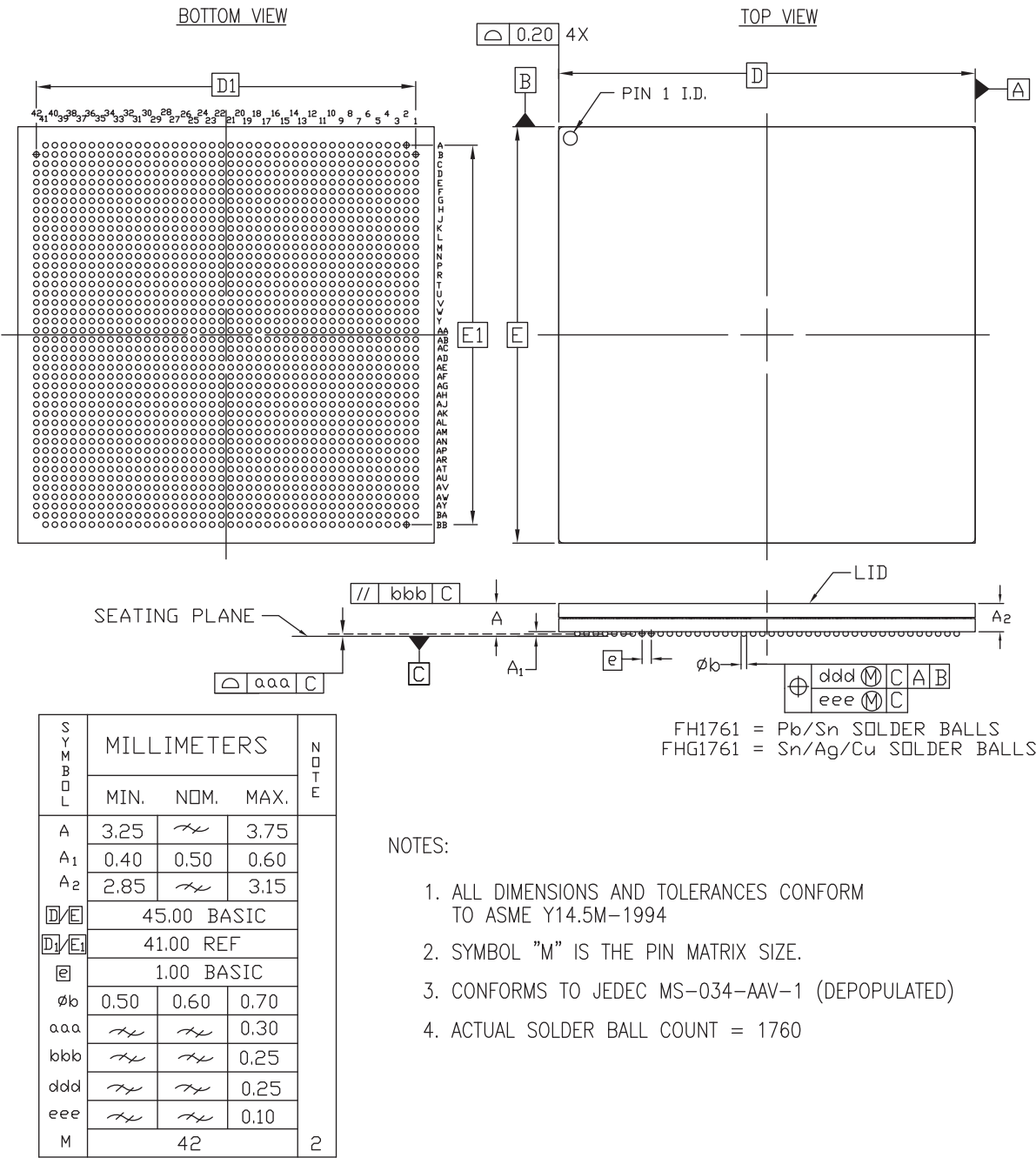


Figure 4-45: FFV1761 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for Virtex 7 FPGAs

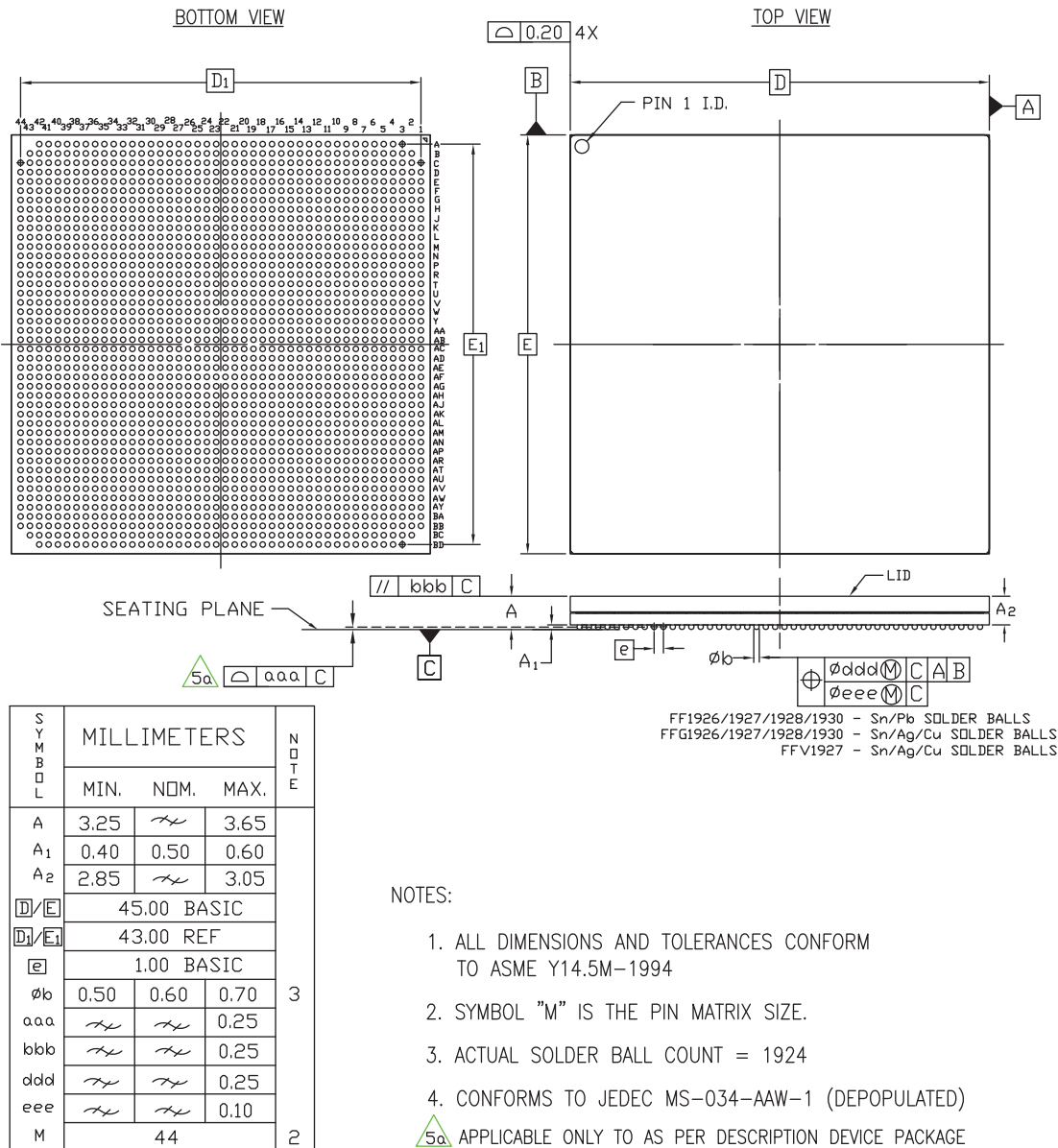
FH1761 and FHG1761 (Virtex 7 T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_10_092412

Figure 4-46: FH1761 and FHG1761 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for Virtex 7 T FPGAs

FF1926, FFG1926, FF1927, FFG1927, FFV1927, FF1928, FFG1928, FF1930, and FFG1930 (XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T, and XC7VX980T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)



ug475_c4_030721

Figure 4-47: FF1926, FFG1926, FF1927, FFG1927, FFV1927, FF1928, FFG1928, FF1930, and FFG1930 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for XC7VX485T, XC7VX550T, XC7VX690T, and XC7VX980T FPGAs

FF1927, FFG1927, FFV1927 (XC7VX415T FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

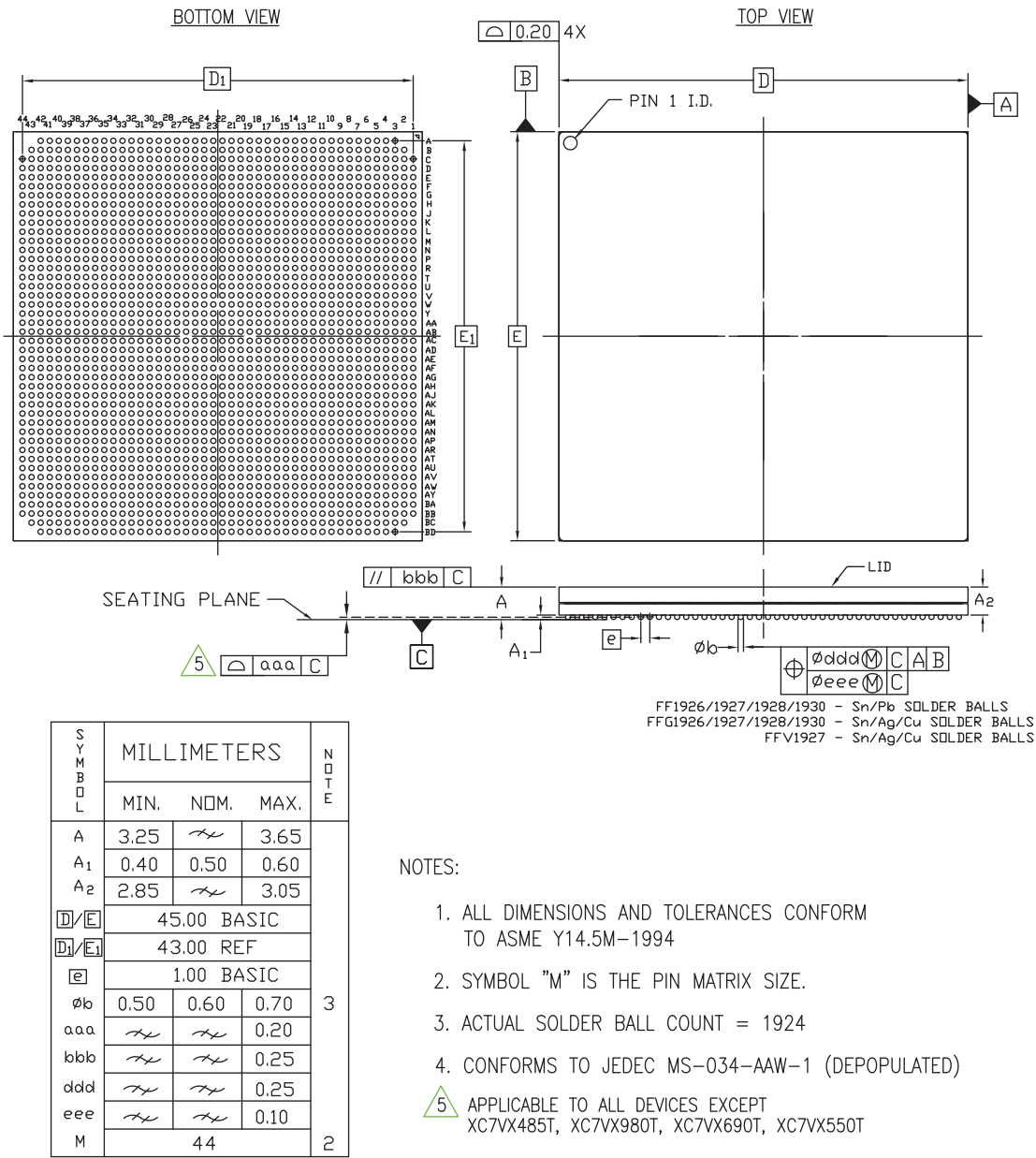


Figure 4-48: FF1927, FFG1927, FFV1927 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for XC7VX415T FPGAs

FL1925, FLG1925, FL1926, FLG1926, FL1928, FLG1928, and FL1930, FLG1930 (Virtex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch)

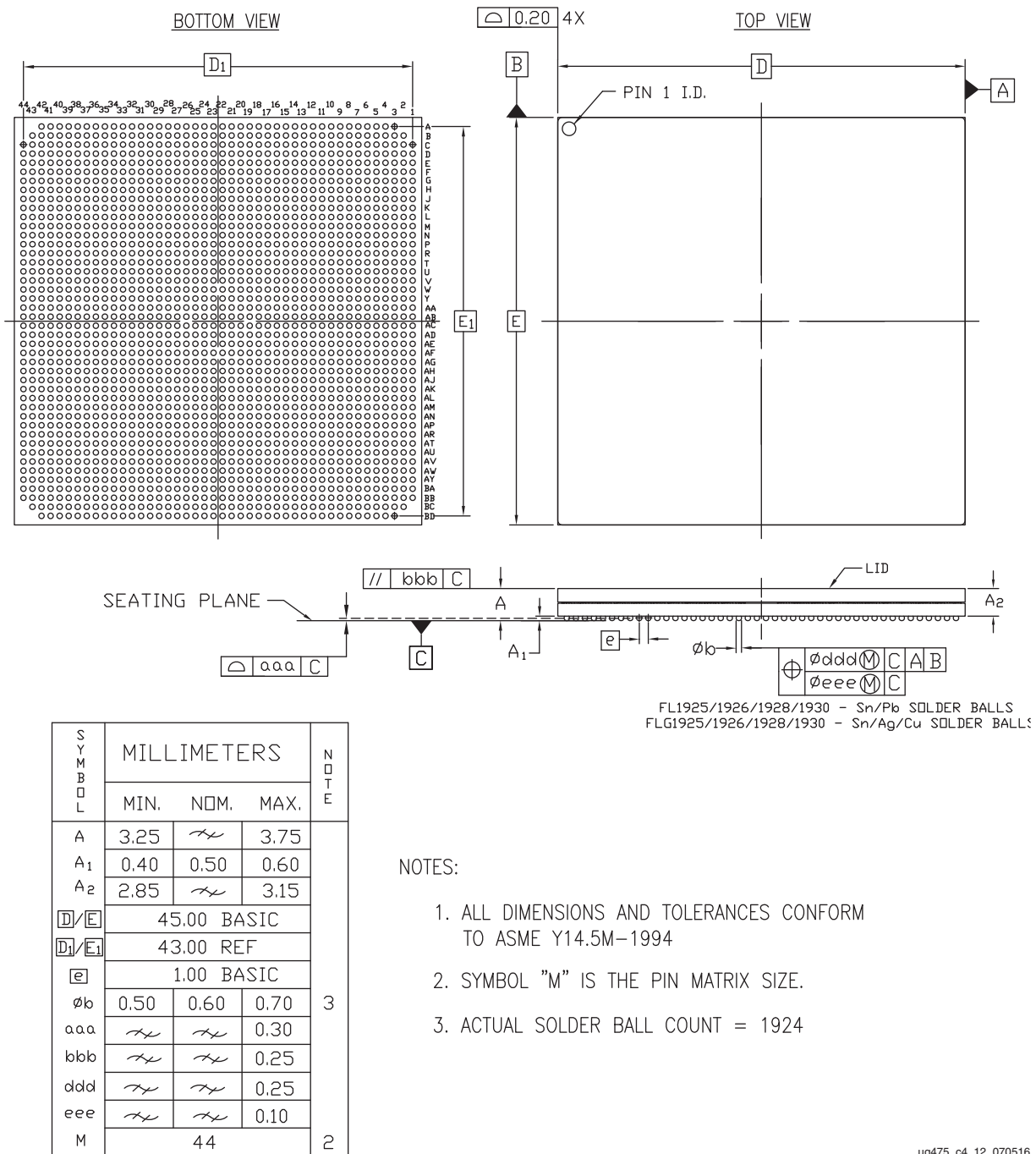


Figure 4-49: FL1925, FLG1925, FL1926, FLG1926, FL1928, FLG1928, and FL1930, FLG1930 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for Virtex 7 FPGAs

RF1157 and RF1158 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs) (1.0 mm Pitch)

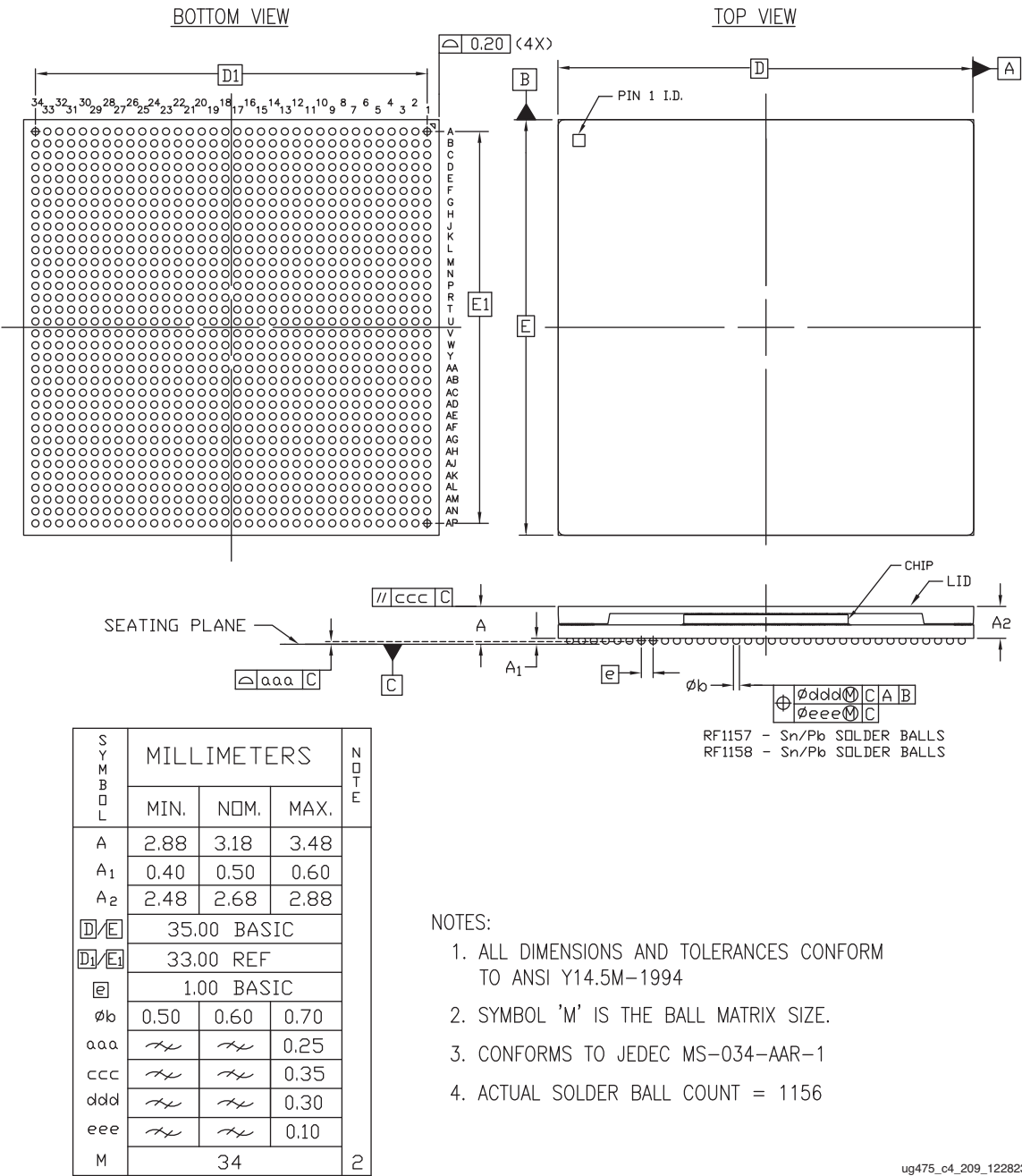


Figure 4-50: RF1157 and RF1158 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Virtex 7 FPGAs

RF1761 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs Except XQ7VX485T and XQ7VX690T) (1.0 mm Pitch)

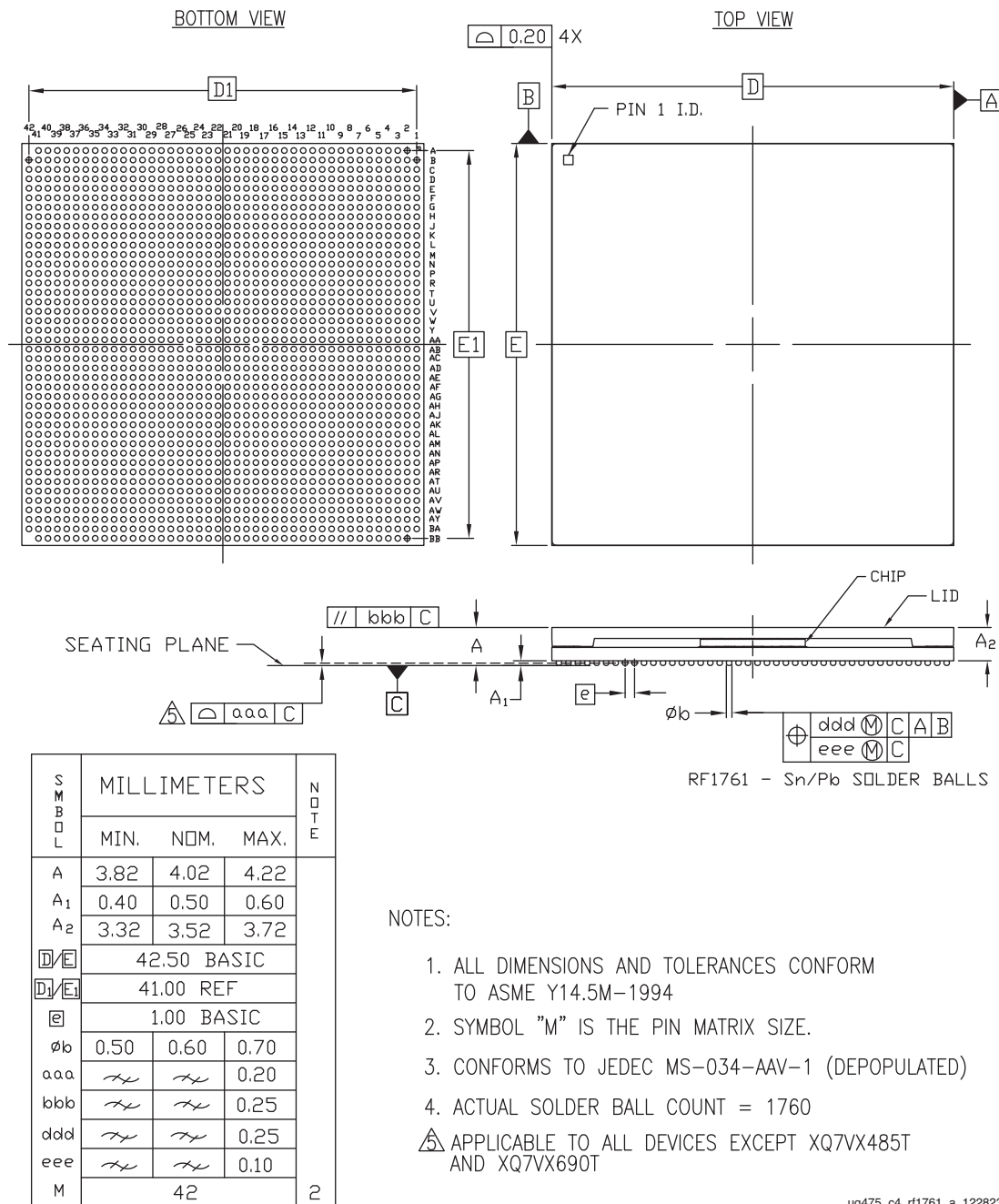


Figure 4-51: RF1761 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Virtex 7 FPGAs

RF1761 Flip-Chip BGA (XQ7VX485T and XQ7VX690T Only) (1.0 mm Pitch)

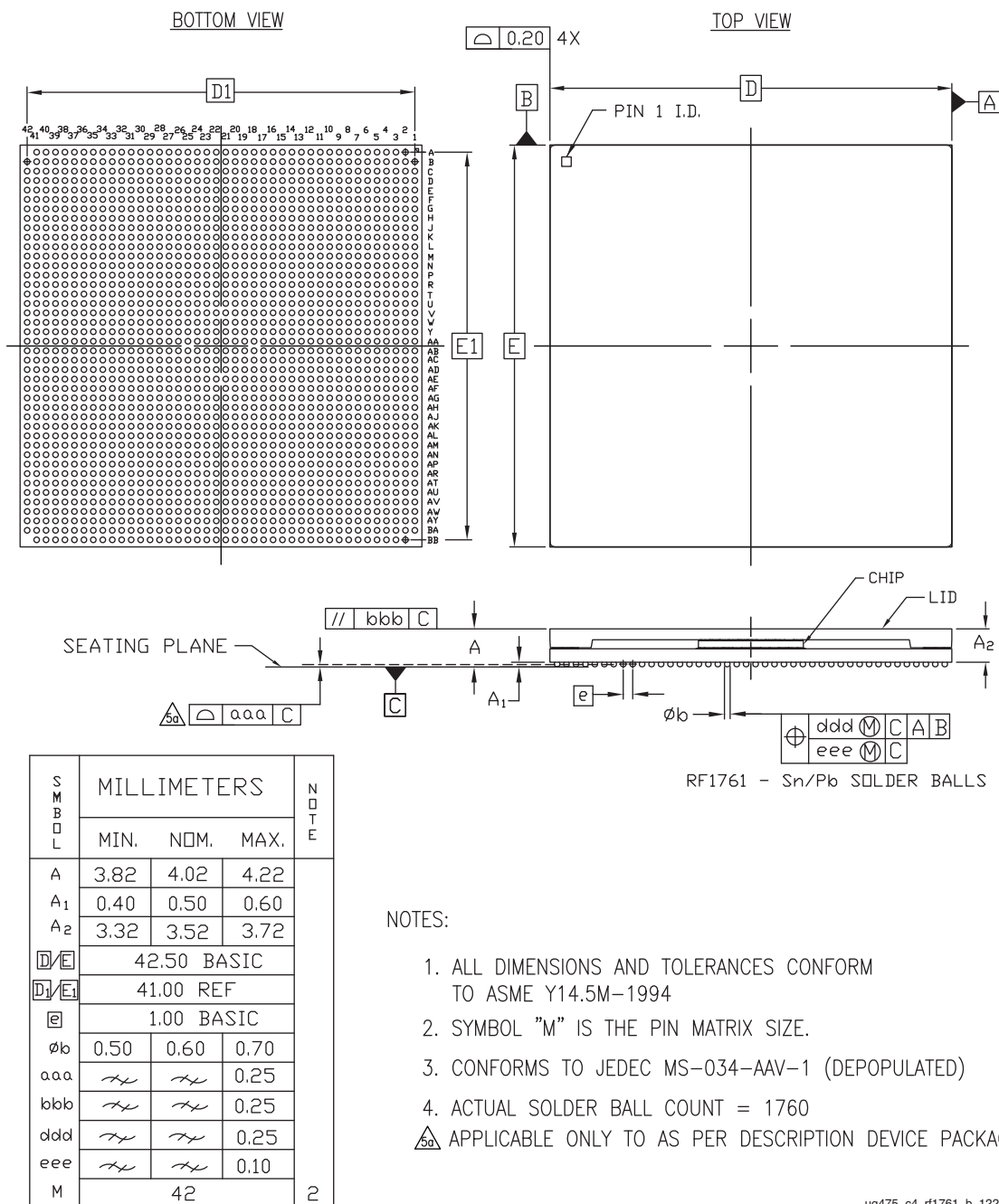


Figure 4-52: RF1761 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Virtex 7 XQ7VX485T and XQ7VX690T FPGAs

RF1930 Flip-Chip BGA (Virtex 7 FPGAs) (1.0 mm Pitch)

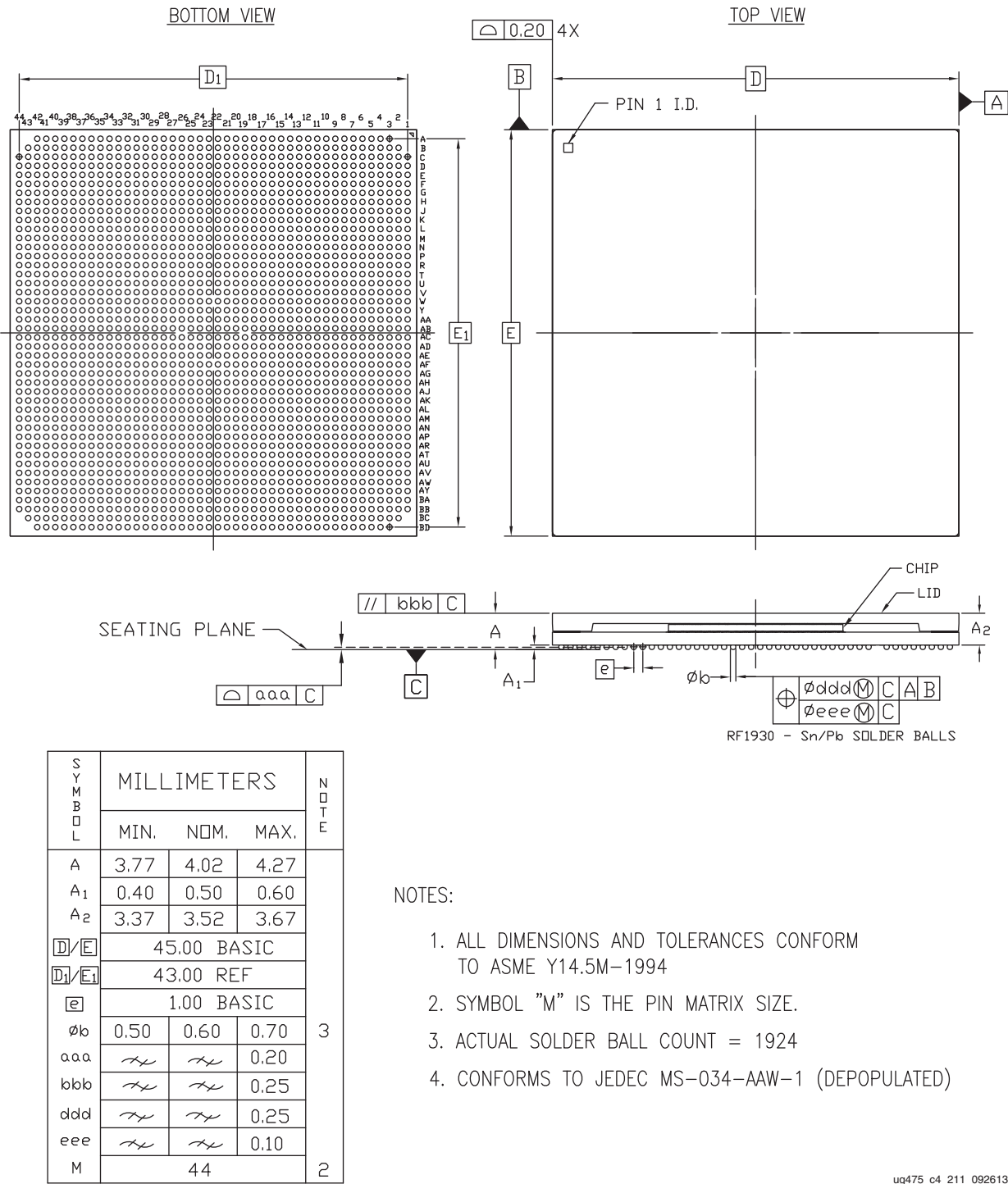


Figure 4-53: RF1930 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Virtex 7 FPGAs

Thermal Specifications

Introduction

Most 7 series FPGAs are offered in thermally efficient flip-chip BGA packages. These 0.5 mm, 0.8 mm, and 1.0 mm flip-chip packages range in pin-count from the smaller 8 x 8 mm CPGA196 to the 45 x 45 mm FFG1930. This suite of packages is used to address the various power requirements of the 7 series devices. All 7 series devices are implemented in the 28 nm process technology (that is Artix™ 7, Kintex™ 7, Spartan™ 7, and Virtex™ 7 FPGAs).

Unlike features in an ASIC or a microprocessor, the combination of FPGA features used in a user application are not known to the component supplier. Therefore, it remains a challenge for AMD to predict the power requirements of a given FPGA when it leaves the factory. Accurate estimates are obtained when the board design takes shape. For this purpose, AMD offers and supports a suite of integrated device power analysis tools to help users quickly and accurately estimate their design power requirements. 7 series devices are supported similarly to previous FPGA products. The uncertainty of design power requirements makes it difficult to apply canned thermal solutions to fit all users. Therefore, AMD devices do not come with preset thermal solutions. The user's operating conditions dictate the appropriate solution.

Thermal Resistance Data

Table 5-1 shows the thermal resistance data for 7 series devices (grouped in the packages offered). The data includes junction-to-ambient in still air, junction-to-case, and junction-to-board data based on standard JEDEC four-layer measurements.

Note: The data in Table 5-1 is for device/package comparison purposes only. Do not apply directly to your system design. Attempts to recreate this data are only valid using the transient 2-phase measurement techniques outlined in JESD51-14.

The thermal data query for all available devices by package is available on the AMD website:

www.xilinx.com/cgi-bin/thermal/thermal.pl

Table 5-1: Thermal Resistance Data—All Devices

Package	Package Body Size	Devices	θ_{JB} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} -Effective (°C/W) ⁽¹⁾		
						@250 LFM	@500 LFM	@750 LFM
Spartan 7 FPGAs								
CPGA196	8 x 8	XC7S6	15.1	35.0	8.46	30.1	28.6	27.9
CPGA196	8 x 8	XA7S6	15.1	35.0	8.46	30.1	28.6	27.9
CPGA196	8 x 8	XC7S15	15.1	35.0	8.46	30.1	28.6	27.9
CPGA196	8 x 8	XA7S15	15.1	35.0	8.46	30.1	28.6	27.9
CSGA225	13 x 13	XC7S6	17.4	32.2	10.6	26.7	25.1	24.2
CSGA225	13 x 13	XA7S6	17.4	32.2	10.6	26.7	25.1	24.2
CSGA225	13 x 13	XC7S15	17.4	32.2	10.6	26.7	25.1	24.2
CSGA225	13 x 13	XA7S15	17.4	32.2	10.6	26.7	25.1	24.2
CSGA225	13 x 13	XC7S25	15.6	30.6	9.4	27.1	23.5	24.4
CSGA225	13 x 13	XA7S25	15.6	30.6	9.4	27.1	23.5	24.4
CSGA324	15 x 15	XC7S25	9.4	22.1	5.65	18.1	16.7	16.2
CSGA324	15 x 15	XA7S25	9.4	22.1	5.65	18.1	16.7	16.2
CSGA324	15 x 15	XC7S50	7.6	20.1	4.47	15.9	14.8	14.1
CSGA324	15 x 15	XA7S50	7.6	20.1	4.47	15.9	14.8	14.1
FTGB196	15 x 15	XC7S6	13.7	27.8	8.9	22.5	21.1	20.0
FTGB196	15 x 15	XC7S15	13.7	27.8	8.9	22.5	21.1	20.0
FTGB196	15 x 15	XC7S25	12.5	26.2	7.1	20.9	19.4	18.6
FTGB196	15 x 15	XC7S50	8.8	22.6	5.3	17.3	15.9	15.1
FGGA484	23 x 23	XC7S50	9.2	17.9	5.85	13.8	12.7	12.1
FGGA484	23 x 23	XA7S50	9.2	17.9	5.85	13.8	12.7	12.1
FGGA484	23 x 23	XC7S75	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
FGGA484	23 x 23	XA7S75	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
FGGA484	23 x 23	XC7S100	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
FGGA484	23 x 23	XA7S100	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
FGGA676	27 x 27	XC7S75	6.8	15.0	3.71	11.2	10.2	9.7
FGGA676	27 x 27	XA7S75	6.8	15.0	3.71	11.2	10.2	9.7
FGGA676	27 x 27	XC7S100	6.8	15.0	3.71	11.2	10.2	9.7
FGGA676	27 x 27	XA7S100	6.8	15.0	3.71	11.2	10.2	9.7
Artix 7 FPGAs								
CP/CPG236	10 x 10	XC7A15T	7.9	24.8	5.29	20.3	18.9	18.0
CPG236	10 x 10	XA7A15T	7.9	24.8	5.29	20.3	18.9	18.0
CP/CPG236	10 x 10	XC7A35T	7.9	24.8	5.29	20.3	18.9	18.0

Table 5-1: Thermal Resistance Data—All Devices (Cont'd)

Package	Package Body Size	Devices	θ_{JB} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} -Effective (°C/W) ⁽¹⁾		
						@250 LFM	@500 LFM	@750 LFM
CPG236	10 x 10	XA7A35T	7.9	24.8	5.29	20.3	18.9	18.0
CP/CPG236	10 x 10	XC7A50T	7.9	24.8	5.29	20.3	18.9	18.0
CPG236	10 x 10	XA7A50T	7.9	24.8	5.29	20.3	18.9	18.0
CPG238	10 x 10	XC7A12T	8.5	25.4	8.42	20.9	19.5	18.8
CPG238	10 x 10	XA7A12T	8.5	25.4	8.42	20.9	19.5	18.8
CPG238	10 x 10	XC7A25T	8.5	25.4	8.42	20.9	19.5	18.8
CPG238	10 x 10	XA7A25T	8.5	25.4	8.42	20.9	19.5	18.8
CS/CSG324	15 x 15	XC7A15T	6.9	19.6	4.03	15.4	14.3	13.6
CSG324	15 x 15	XA7A15T	6.9	19.6	4.03	15.4	14.3	13.6
CS/CSG324	15 x 15	XC7A35T	6.9	19.6	4.03	15.4	14.3	13.6
CSG324	15 x 15	XA7A35T	6.9	19.6	4.03	15.4	14.3	13.6
CS/CSG324	15 x 15	XC7A50T	6.9	19.6	4.03	15.4	14.3	13.6
CSG324	15 x 15	XA7A50T	6.9	19.6	4.03	15.4	14.3	13.6
CS/CSG324	15 x 15	XC7A75T	5.7	18.2	3.25	14.1	13.0	12.3
CSG324	15 x 15	XA7A75T	5.7	18.2	3.25	14.1	13.0	12.3
CS/CSG324	15 x 15	XC7A100T	5.7	18.2	3.25	14.1	13.0	12.3
CSG324	15 x 15	XA7A100T	5.7	18.2	3.25	14.1	13.0	12.3
CS/CSG324	15 x 15	XQ7A100T	5.7	18.2	3.25	14.1	13.0	12.3
CSG325	15 x 15	XC7A12T	9.4	22.1	5.65	18.1	16.7	16.2
CSG325	15 x 15	XA7A12T	9.4	22.1	5.65	18.1	16.7	16.2
CS/CSG325	15 x 15	XC7A15T	6.9	19.6	4.05	15.4	14.3	13.6
CSG325	15 x 15	XA7A15T	6.9	19.6	4.05	15.4	14.3	13.6
CSG325	15 x 15	XC7A25T	9.4	22.1	5.65	18.1	16.7	16.2
CSG325	15 x 15	XA7A25T	9.4	22.1	5.65	18.1	16.7	16.2
CS/CSG325	15 x 15	XC7A35T	6.9	19.6	4.05	15.4	14.3	13.6
CSG325	15 x 15	XA7A35T	6.9	19.6	4.05	15.4	14.3	13.6
CS/CSG325	15 x 15	XC7A50T	6.9	19.6	4.05	15.4	14.3	13.6
CSG325	15 x 15	XA7A50T	6.9	19.6	4.05	15.4	14.3	13.6
CS/CSG325	15 x 15	XQ7A50T	6.9	19.6	4.05	15.4	14.3	13.6
FT/FTG256	17 x 17	XC7A15T	8.4	19.8	4.24	15.6	14.4	13.7
FT/FTG256	17 x 17	XC7A35T	8.4	19.8	4.24	15.6	14.4	13.7
FT/FTG256	17 x 17	XC7A50T	8.4	19.8	4.24	15.6	14.4	13.7
FT/FTG256	17 x 17	XC7A75T	6.9	18.2	3.34	14.1	12.9	12.2
FT/FTG256	17 x 17	XC7A100T	6.9	18.2	3.34	14.1	12.9	12.2

Table 5-1: Thermal Resistance Data—All Devices (Cont'd)

Package	Package Body Size	Devices	θ_{JB} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} -Effective (°C/W) ⁽¹⁾		
						@250 LFM	@500 LFM	@750 LFM
SB/SBG/SBV484	19 x 19	XC7A200T	5.0	14.8	0.08	10.9	9.8	9.2
RS484	19 x 19	XQ7A200T	4.7	14.2	0.33	9.9	8.7	8.0
FB/FBG/FBV484	23 x 23	XC7A200T	4.8	13.9	0.08	9.9	8.9	8.3
FG/FGG484	23 x 23	XC7A15T	8.7	17.7	4.89	13.6	12.6	12.1
FG/FGG484	23 x 23	XC7A35T	8.7	17.7	4.89	13.6	12.6	12.1
FG/FGG484	23 x 23	XC7A50T	8.7	17.7	4.89	13.6	12.6	12.1
FG/FGG484	23 x 23	XQ7A50T	9.1	18.1	5.42	14.1	13.0	12.5
FG/FGG484	23 x 23	XC7A75T	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
FGG484	23 x 23	XA7A75T	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
FG/FGG484	23 x 23	XC7A100T	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
FGG484	23 x 23	XA7A100T	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
FG/FGG484	23 x 23	XQ7A100T	6.8	15.8	3.85	12.1	11.0	10.4
RB484	23 x 23	XQ7A200T	4.0	12.5	0.26	8.3	7.2	6.7
FB/FBG/FBV676	27 x 27	XC7A200T	4.7	13.0	0.08	9.2	8.2	7.7
FG/FGG676	27 x 27	XC7A75T	6.8	15.0	3.71	11.2	10.2	9.7
FG/FGG676	27 x 27	XC7A100T	6.8	15.0	3.71	11.2	10.2	9.7
RB676	27 x 27	XQ7A200T	3.7	11.4	0.33	7.3	6.2	5.6
FF/FFG/FFV1156	35 x 35	XC7A200T	2.6	9.3	0.32	6.1	5.2	4.7
Kintex 7 FPGAs								
FB/FBG/FBV484	23 x 23	XC7K70T	6.8	16.4	0.13	11.7	10.7	10.1
		XC7K160T	5.3	14.6	0.10	10.5	9.5	8.9
FB/FBG/FBV676	27 x 27	XC7K70T	6.7	15.7	0.13	11.8	10.8	10.2
		XC7K160T	5.2	14.0	0.10	9.8	8.8	8.3
		XC7K325T	4.2	12.9	0.06	8.9	8.0	7.5
		XC7K410T	3.7	12.2	0.05	8.6	7.6	7.1
FF/FFG/FFV676	27 x 27	XC7K160T	4.0	11.7	0.41	7.5	6.4	5.8
		XA7K160T	4.0	11.7	0.41	7.5	6.4	5.8
		XC7K325T	3.5	11.1	0.26	7.3	6.3	5.8
		XC7K410T	3.3	10.9	0.20	7.0	6.0	5.5
RF676	27 x 27	XQ7K325T	3.5	11.1	0.26	7.3	6.3	5.8
		XQ7K410T	3.3	10.9	0.20	7.0	6.0	5.5
FB/FBG/FBV900	31 x 31	XC7K325T	4.3	12.0	0.06	8.9	7.9	7.3
		XC7K410T	3.7	11.4	0.05	8.3	7.3	6.7

Table 5-1: Thermal Resistance Data—All Devices (Cont'd)

Package	Package Body Size	Devices	θ_{JB} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} -Effective (°C/W) ⁽¹⁾		
						@250 LFM	@500 LFM	@750 LFM
FF/FFG/FFV900	31 x 31	XC7K325T	2.8	9.7	0.26	6.2	5.4	5.0
		XC7K410T	2.6	9.5	0.19	6.0	5.2	4.9
RF900	31 x 31	XQ7K325T	3.3	10.0	0.26	6.4	5.4	4.9
		XQ7K410T	3.0	9.8	0.20	6.3	5.4	4.9
FF/FFG/FFV901	31 x 31	XC7K355T	3.2	10.0	0.23	6.3	5.3	4.8
		XC7K420T	2.9	9.6	0.17	6.2	5.3	4.8
		XC7K480T	2.9	9.6	0.17	6.2	5.3	4.8
FF/FFG/FFV1156	35 x 35	XC7K420T	2.4	8.7	0.17	5.7	4.7	4.3
		XC7K480T	2.4	8.7	0.17	5.7	4.7	4.3
Virtex 7 T FPGAs								
FF/FFG1157	35 x 35	XC7V585T	2.3	8.7	0.14	5.6	4.8	4.3
RF1157	35 x 35	XQ7V585T	2.7	8.9	0.15	5.8	4.8	4.3
FF/FFG1761	42.5 x 42.5	XC7V585T	2.1	7.6	0.11	4.9	4.1	3.7
RF1761	42.5 x 42.5	XQ7V585T	2.4	7.8	0.11	4.9	4.0	3.5
FH/FHG1761	45 x 45	XC7V2000T	2.0	7.0	0.05	4.3	3.5	3.1
FL/FLG1925	45 x 45	XC7V2000T	1.7	6.9	0.06	4.2	3.4	3.0
Virtex 7 XT FPGAs								
FF/FFG/FFV1157	35 x 35	XC7VX330T	2.5	8.9	0.19	5.8	4.9	4.5
		XC7VX415T	2.3	8.8	0.16	5.7	4.8	4.4
		XC7VX485T	2.3	8.7	0.13	5.6	4.7	4.3
		XC7VX690T	2.3	8.7	0.09	5.5	4.6	4.1
RF1157	35 x 35	XQ7VX330T	2.9	9.3	0.19	6.0	5.0	4.4
		XQ7VX690T	2.3	8.7	0.09	5.3	4.4	3.9
FF/FFG/FFV1158	35 x 35	XC7VX415T	2.3	8.8	0.16	5.7	4.8	4.4
		XC7VX485T	2.3	8.7	0.13	5.6	4.7	4.3
		XC7VX550T	2.3	8.7	0.09	5.5	4.6	4.1
		XC7VX690T	2.3	8.7	0.09	5.5	4.6	4.1
RF1158	35 x 35	XQ7VX690T	2.3	8.7	0.09	5.3	4.4	3.9

Table 5-1: Thermal Resistance Data—All Devices (Cont'd)

Package	Package Body Size	Devices	θ_{JB} (°C/W)	θ_{JA} (°C/W)	θ_{JC} (°C/W)	$\theta_{JA-Effective}$ (°C/W) ⁽¹⁾		
						@250 LFM	@500 LFM	@750 LFM
FF/FFG/FFV1761	42.5 x 42.5	XC7VX330T	2.3	7.8	0.19	5.1	4.3	3.9
		XC7VX485T	2.1	7.6	0.13	4.9	4.1	3.6
		XC7VX690T	1.9	7.5	0.09	4.7	3.9	3.5
RF1761	42.5 x 42.5	XQ7VX485T	2.3	7.7	0.14	4.8	3.9	3.4
		XQ7VX330T	2.7	8.0	0.20	5.0	4.1	3.6
		XQ7VX690T	2.1	7.5	0.09	4.7	3.8	3.3
FF/FFG1926	45 x 45	XC7VX690T	1.9	7.1	0.09	4.5	3.7	3.3
		XC7VX980T	1.8	7.1	0.09	4.4	3.6	3.2
FF/FFG/FFV1927	45 x 45	XC7VX415T	2.1	7.4	0.16	4.7	3.9	3.5
		XC7VX485T	2.0	7.3	0.13	4.6	3.8	3.4
		XC7VX550T	1.8	7.1	0.09	4.4	3.6	3.2
		XC7VX690T	1.8	7.1	0.09	4.4	3.6	3.2
FF/FFG1928	45 x 45	XC7VX980T	1.8	7.1	0.09	4.4	3.6	3.2
FF/FFG1930	45 x 45	XC7VX485T	2.0	7.3	0.13	4.8	3.9	3.5
		XC7VX690T	1.9	7.1	0.09	4.5	3.7	3.3
		XC7VX980T	1.8	7.1	0.09	4.4	3.6	3.2
RF1930	45 x 45	XQ7VX485T	2.4	7.5	0.14	4.8	3.9	3.5
		XQ7VX690T	2.2	7.3	0.10	4.5	3.6	3.1
		XQ7VX980T	2.1	7.3	0.09	4.5	3.6	3.1
FL/FLG1926	45 x 45	XC7VX1140T	1.7	6.9	0.06	4.2	3.4	3.0
FL/FLG1928	45 x 45	XC7VX1140T	1.7	6.9	0.06	4.2	3.4	3.0
FL/FLG1930	45 x 45	XC7VX1140T	1.7	6.9	0.06	4.2	3.4	3.0

Notes:

1. All $\theta_{JA-Effective}$ values assume no heat sink and include thermal dissipation through a standard JEDEC four-layer board. The power estimation tools (Vivado® Power Analysis, and Xilinx Power Estimator), which require detailed board dimensions and layer counts, are useful for deriving more precise $\theta_{JA-Effective}$ values.

Support for Thermal Models

Table 5-1 provides the traditional thermal resistance data for 7 series devices. These resistances are measured using a prescribed JEDEC standard that might not necessarily reflect the user's actual board conditions and environment. The quoted θ_{JA} and θ_{JC} numbers are environmentally dependent, and JEDEC has traditionally recommended that these be used with that awareness. For more accurate junction temperature prediction, these might not be enough, and a system-level thermal simulation might be required. Though AMD continues to support these figure of merit data, for 7 series FPGAs, boundary conditions independent thermal resistor network (Delphi) models are offered. These compact models seek to capture the thermal behavior of the packages more accurately at predetermined critical points (junction, case, top, leads, and so on) with the reduced set of nodes as illustrated in Figure 5-1.

Unlike a full 3D model, these are computationally efficient and work well in an integrated system simulation environment. Delphi models are available for download on the Xilinx website (under the [Device Model tab](#)).

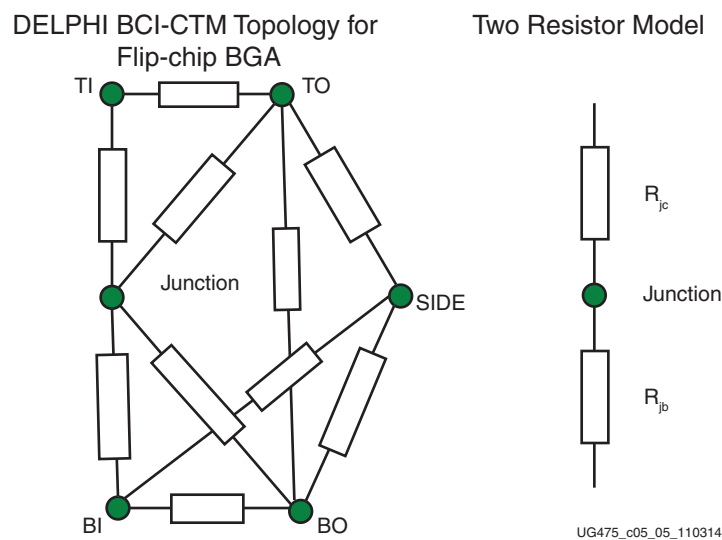


Figure 5-1: Thermal Model Topologies

Note: AMD recommends the use of the Delphi thermal model during thermal modeling of a package. The Delphi thermal model includes consideration of the thermal interface material parameters and the manufacture variation on the thermal solution. Examples of manufacture variations include the tolerance in airflow from a fan, the tolerance on performance of the heat pipe and vapor chamber, and the manufacture variation of the attachment of fins to the heat-sink base and the flatness of the surface.

Thermal Management Strategy

As described in this section, AMD relies on a multi-pronged approach with regards to the heat-dissipating potential of 7 series devices.

Cavity-Up Plastic BGA Packages

BGA is a plastic package technology that utilizes area array solder balls at the bottom of the package to make electrical contact with the circuit board in the users system. The area array format of solder balls reduces package size considerably when compared to leaded products. It also results in improved electrical performance as well as having higher manufacturing yields. The substrate is made of a multi-layer BT (bismaleimide triazene) epoxy-based material. Power and GND pins are grouped together and signal pins are assigned to the perimeter for ease of routing on the board. The package is offered in a die-up format and contains a wire-bond device covered with a mold compound. As shown in the cross section of [Figure 5-2](#), the BGA package contains a wire-bond die on a single-core printed circuit board with an overmold.

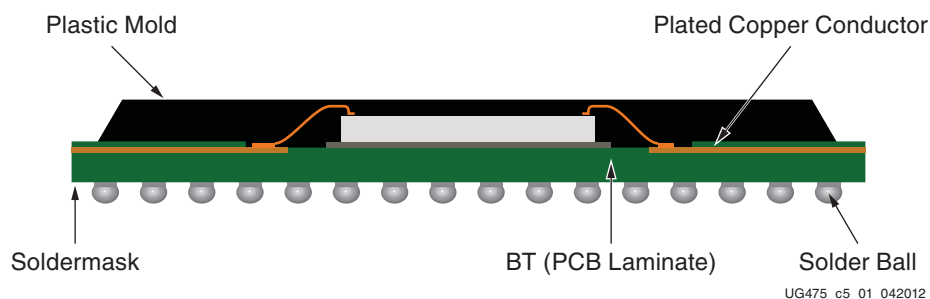


Figure 5-2: Cavity-Up Ball Grid Array Package

The key features/advantages of cavity-up BGA packages are:

- Low profile and small footprint
- Enhanced thermal performance
- Excellent board-level reliability

Wire-Bond Packages

Wire-bond packages meet the demands required by miniaturization while offering improved performance. Applications for wire-bond packages are targeted to portable and consumer products where board space is of utmost importance, miniaturization is a key requirement, and power consumption/dissipation must be low. By employing 7 series FPGA wire-bond packages, system designers can dramatically reduce board area requirements. AMD wire-bond packages are rigid BT-based substrates (see [Figure 5-3](#)).

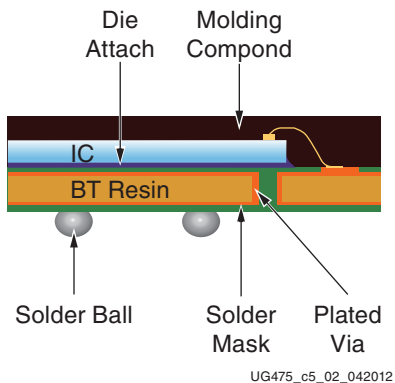


Figure 5-3: Rigid BT-Based Substrate Wire-Bond Packages

The key features/advantages of wire-bond packages are:

- An extremely small form factor which significantly reduces board area requirements for portable and wireless designs and PC add-in card applications.
- Lower inductance and lower capacitance
- The absence of thin, fragile leads found on other small package types
- A very thin, light-weight package

Flip-Chip Packages

For larger 7 series devices, AMD offers the flip-chip BGA packages, which present a low thermal path. These packages incorporate a heat spreader with additional thermal interface material (TIM), as shown in [Figure 5-4](#).

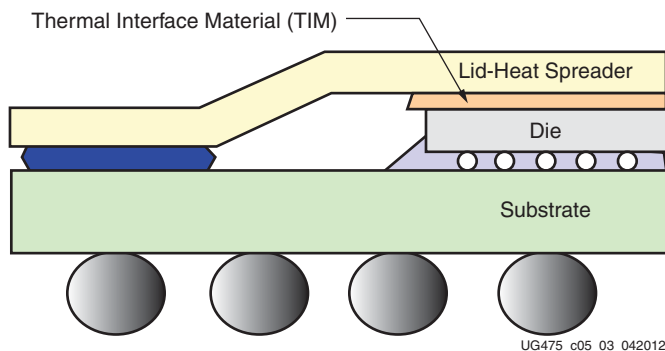


Figure 5-4: Heat Spreader with Thermal Interface Material

Materials with better thermal conductivity and consistent process applications deliver low thermal resistance up to the heat spreader. The junction-to-case thermal resistance (top of heat spreader) of all 7 series FPGA packages is typically less than 0.20°C/W. These packages deliver a low resistance platform for heat-sink applications.

A parallel effort to ensure optimized package electrical return paths produces the added benefit of enhanced power and ground plane arrangement in the packages. A boost in copper density on the planes improves the overall thermal conductivity through the laminate. In addition, the extra dense and distributed via fields in the package increase the vertical thermal conductivity. These packages offer up to 20% lower θ_{JB} compared to previous flip-chip packages.

System Level Heat Sink Solutions

To complete a comprehensive thermal management strategy, an overall thermal budget that includes custom or OEM heat sink solutions depends on the physical and mechanical constraints of the system. A heat-sink solution, managed by the system-level designer, should be tailored to the design and specific system constraints. This includes understanding the inherent device capabilities for delivering heat to the surface.

Thermal Interface Material

When installing heat sinks for AMD FPGAs, a suitable thermal interface material (TIM) must be used. This thermal material significantly aids the transfer of heat from the component to the heat sink. For optimum heat transfer, AMD recommends the use of thermal interface materials.

For lidless flip-chip BGAs, the surface of the silicon contacts the heat sink. For lidded flip-chip BGAs, the lid contacts the heat sink. The surface size of the lidless flip-chip BGA and lidded flip-chip BGA are different. AMD recommends a different type of thermal material for long-term use with each type of flip-chip BGA package.

Thermal interface material is needed because even the largest heat sink and fan cannot effectively cool an FPGA unless there is good physical contact between the base of the heat sink and the top of the FPGA. The surfaces of both the heat sink and the FPGA silicon are not absolutely smooth. This surface roughness is observed when examined at a microscopic level. Because surface roughness reduces the effective contact area, attaching a heat sink without a thermal interface material is not sufficient due to inadequate surface contact.

A thermal interface material such as phase-change material, thermal grease, or thermal pads fills these gaps and allows effective transference of heat between the FPGA die and the heat sink.

The selection of the thermal interface (TIM) between the package and the thermal management solution is critical to ensure the lowest thermal contact resistance. Therefore, the following parameters must be considered.

1. The flatness of the lid and the flatness of the contact surface of the thermal solution.

2. The applied pressure of the thermal solution on the package, which must be within the allowable maximum pressure that can be applied on the package.
3. The total thermal contact of the thermal interface material. This value is determined based on the parameters in [step 1](#) and [step 2](#), which are published in the data sheet of the thermal interface supplier.

Types of TIM

There are many type of TIM available for sale. The most commonly used thermal interface materials are listed.

- Thermal grease
- Thermal pads
- Phase change material
- Thermal paste
- Thermal adhesives
- Thermal tape

Guidelines for Thermal Interface Materials

Five factors affect the choice, use, and performance of the interface material used between the processor and the heat sink:

- [Thermal Conductivity of the Material](#)
- [Electrical Conductivity of the Material](#)
- [Spreading Characteristics of the Material](#)
- [Long-Term Stability and Reliability of the Material](#)
- [Ease of Application](#)
- [Applied Pressure from Heat Sink to the Package via Thermal Interface Materials](#)

Thermal Conductivity of the Material

Thermal conductivity is the quantified ability of any material to transfer heat. The thermal conductivity of the interface material has a significant impact on its thermal performance. The higher the thermal conductivity, the more efficient the material is at transferring heat. Materials that have a lower thermal conductivity are less efficient at transferring heat, causing a higher temperature differential to exist across the interface. To overcome this less efficient heat transfer, a better cooling solution (typically, a more costly solution) must be used to achieve the desired heat dissipation.

Electrical Conductivity of the Material

Some metal-based TIM compounds are electrically conductive. Ceramic-based compounds are typically not electrically conductive. Manufacturers produce metal-based compounds with low-electrical conductivity, but some of these materials are not completely electrically inert. Metal-based thermal compounds are not hazardous to the FPGA die itself, but other elements on the FPGA or motherboard can be at risk if they become contaminated by the compound. For this reason, AMD does not recommend the use of electrically conductive thermal interface material.

Spreading Characteristics of the Material

The spreading characteristics of the thermal interface material determines its ability, under the pressure of the mounted heat sink, to spread and fill in or eliminate the air gaps between the FPGA and the heat sink. Because air is a very poor thermal conductor, the more completely the interface material fills the gaps, the greater the heat transference.

Long-Term Stability and Reliability of the Material

The long-term stability and reliability of the thermal interface material is described as the ability to provide a sufficient thermal conductance even after an extended time or extensive. Low-quality compounds can harden or leak out over time (the pump-out effect), leading to overheating or premature failure of the FPGA. High-quality compounds provide a stable and reliable thermal interface material throughout the lifetime of the device. Thermal greases with higher viscosities are typically more resistant to pump out effects on lidless devices.

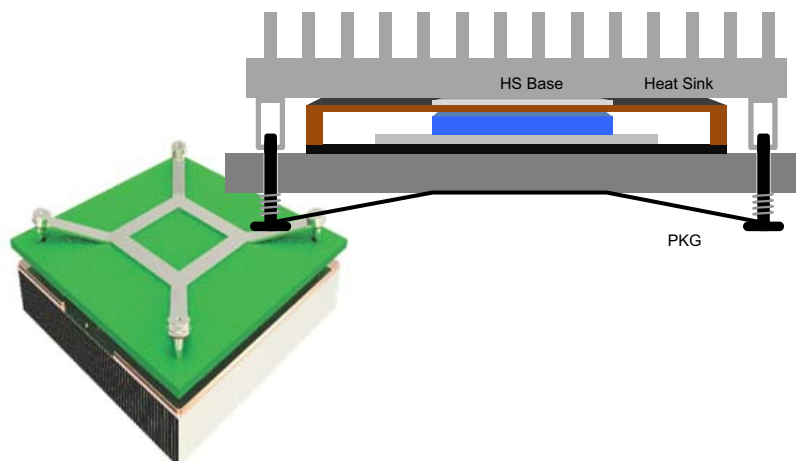
Ease of Application

A spreadable thermal grease requires the surface mount supplier to carefully use the appropriate amount of material. Too much or too little material can cause problems. The thermal pad is a fixed size and is therefore easier to apply in a consistent manner.

Applied Pressure from Heat Sink to the Package via Thermal Interface Materials

AMD recommends that the applied pressure on the package be in the range of 20 to 40 PSI for optimum performance of the thermal interface material (TIM) between the package and the heat sink. Thermocouples should not be present between the package and the heat sink, as their presence will degrade the thermal contact and result in incorrect thermal measurements.

AMD recommends using dynamic mounting around the four corners of the device package. On the PCB, use a bracket clip as part of the heat sink attachment to provide mechanical package support. See [Figure 5-5](#).



X15431-050217

Figure 5-5: Dynamic Mounting and Bracket Clips on Heat Sink Attachment

Heat Sink Removal Procedure

The heat spreader on the package provides mechanical protection for the die and serves as the primary heat dissipation path. It is attached with an epoxy adhesive to provide the necessary adhesion strength to hold the package together. For an application in which an external heat sink subjects the lid adhesion joint to continuous tension or shear, extra support might be required.

In addition, if the removal of an attached external heat sink subjects the joint to tension, torque, or shear, care should be exercised to ensure that the lid itself does not come off. In such cases, it has been found useful to use a small metal blade or metal wire to break the lid to heat sink joint from the corners and carefully pry the heat sink off. The initial cut should reach far in enough so that the blade has leverage to exert upward pressure against the heat sink. Contact the heat sink and heat sink adhesive manufacturer for more specific recommendations on heat sink removal.

Soldering Guidelines

To implement and control the production of surface-mount assemblies, the dynamics of the solder reflow process and how each element of the process is related to the end result must be thoroughly understood.

Note: AMD recommends that customers qualify their custom PCB assembly processes using package samples.

The primary phases of the reflow process are:

1. Melting the particles in the solder paste
2. Wetting the surfaces to be joined
3. Solidifying the solder into a strong metallurgical bond

The peak reflow temperature of a plastic surface-mount component (PSMC) body should not be more than 250°C maximum (260°C for dry rework only) for Pb-free packages (220°C for eutectic packages), and is package size dependent. For multiple BGAs in a single board and because of surrounding component differences, AMD recommends checking all BGA sites for varying temperatures.

The infrared reflow (IR) process is strongly dependent on equipment and loading. Components might overheat due to lack of thermal constraints. Unbalanced loading can lead to significant temperature variation on the board. These guidelines are intended to assist users in avoiding damage to the components; the actual profile should be determined by those using these guidelines. For complete information on package moisture / reflow classification and package reflow conditions, refer to the Joint IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020C.

Sn/Pb Reflow Soldering

Figure 5-6 shows typical conditions for solder reflow processing of Sn/Pb soldering using IR/convection. Both IR and convection furnaces are used for BGA assembly. The moisture sensitivity of PSMCs must be verified prior to surface-mount flow.

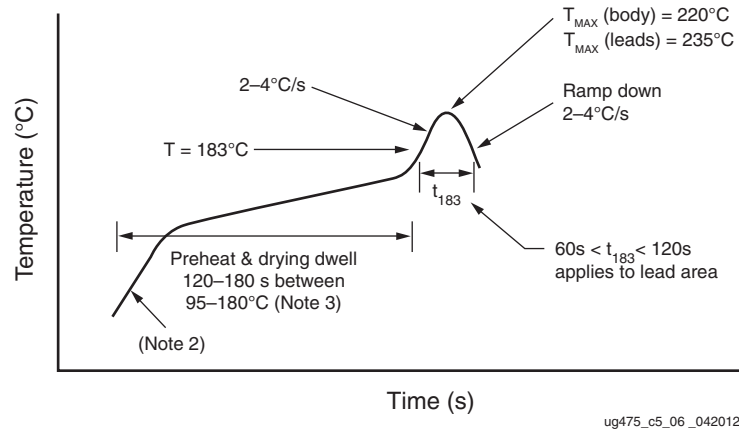


Figure 5-6: Typical Conditions for IR Reflow Soldering of Sn/Pb Solder

Notes for Figure 5-6:

1. Maximum temperature range = 220°C (body). Minimum temperature range before 205°C (leads/balls).
2. Preheat drying transition rate 2–4°C/s
3. Preheat dwell 95–180°C for 120–180 seconds
4. IR reflow must be performed on dry packages

Pb-Free Reflow Soldering

AMD uses SnAgCu solder balls for BGA packages. In addition, suitable material are qualified for the higher reflow temperatures (250°C maximum, 260°C for dry rework only) required by Pb-free soldering processes.

AMD does not recommend soldering SnAgCu BGA packages with SnPb solder paste using a Sn/Pb soldering process. Traditional Sn/Pb soldering processes have a peak reflow temperature of 220°C. At this temperature range, the SnAgCu BGA solder balls do not properly melt and wet to the soldering surfaces. As a result, reliability and assembly yields can be compromised.

The optimal profile must take into account the solder paste/flux used, the size of the board, the density of the components on the board, and the mix between large components and smaller, lighter components. Profiles should be established for all new board designs using thermocouples at multiple locations on the component. In addition, if there is a mixture of devices on the board, then the profile should be checked at various locations on the board.

Ensure that the minimum reflow temperature is reached to reflow the larger components and at the same time, the temperature does not exceed the threshold temperature that might damage the smaller, heat sensitive components.

[Table 5-2](#) and [Figure 5-7](#) provide guidelines for profiling Pb-free solder reflow.

In general, a gradual, linear ramp into a spike has been shown by various sources to be the optimal reflow profile for Pb-free solders ([Figure 5-7](#)). SAC305 alloy reaches full liquidus temperature at 235°C. When profiling, identify the possible locations of the coldest solder joints and ensure that those solder joints reach a minimum peak temperature of 235°C for at least 10 seconds. It might not be necessary to ramp to peak temperatures of 260°C and above. Reflowing at high peak temperatures of 260°C and above can damage the heat sensitive components and cause the board to warp. Users should reference the latest IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 standard for the allowable peak temperature on the component body. The allowable peak temperature on the component body is dependent on the size of the component. Refer to [Table 5-2](#) for peak package reflow body temperature information. In any case, use a reflow profile with the lowest peak temperature possible.

Table 5-2: Pb-Free Reflow Soldering Guidelines

Profile Feature	Convection, IR/Convection
Ramp-up rate	2°C/s maximum
Preheat temperature 150°–200°C	60–120 seconds
Temperature maintained above 217°C	60–150 seconds (60–90 seconds typical)
Time within 5°C of actual peak temperature	30 seconds maximum
Peak temperature (lead/ball)	235°C minimum, 245°C typical (depends on solder paste, board size, components mixture)
Peak temperature (body)	245°C–260°C, package body size dependent (reference Table 5-3)
Ramp-down rate	2°C/s maximum
Time 25°C to peak temperature	3.5 minutes minimum, 5.0 minutes typical, 8 minutes maximum

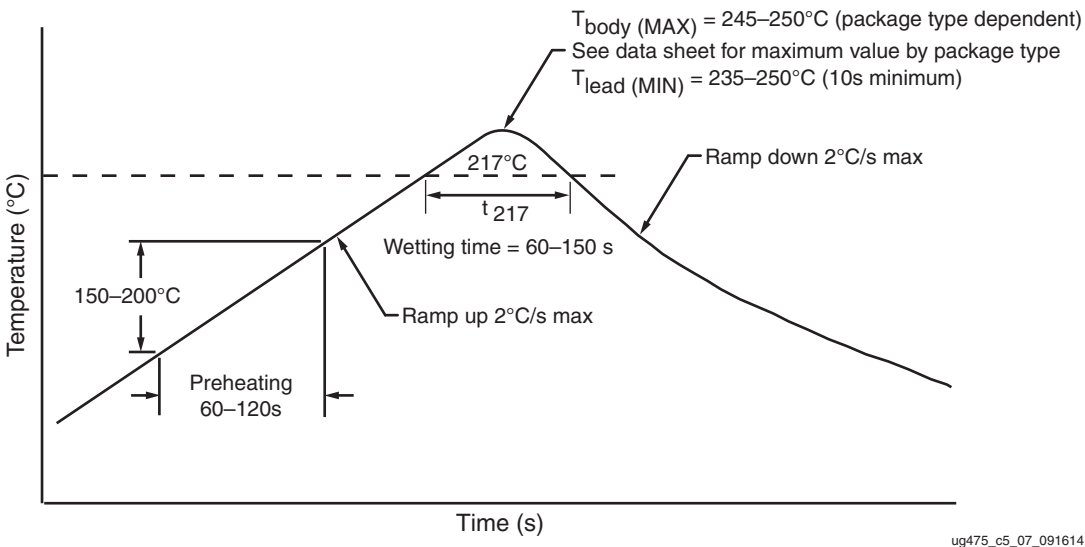


Figure 5-7: Typical Conditions for Pb-Free Reflow Soldering

Table 5-3: Peak Package Reflow Body Temperature for Packages (Based on J-STD-020 Standard)

Package		Peak Package Reflow Body Temperature	JEDEC Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)
BGA			
Wire Bond	CPGA196	260°C	3
	FTGB196		
	CSGA225		
	CPG236		
	CPG238		
	CSG324		
	CSGA324		
	FTG256		
	FGG484		
	FGGA484		
	FGG676		
	FGGA676		

Table 5-3: Peak Package Reflow Body Temperature for Packages (Based on J-STD-020 Standard) (Cont'd)

Package		Peak Package Reflow Body Temperature	JEDEC Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)
Flip-Chip	FLG1925 FLG1926 FLG1928 FLG1930 FHG1761 FFG900/FFV900 FFG901/FFV901 FFG1156/FFV1156 FFG1157/FFV1157 FFG1158/FFV1158 FFG1761/FFV1761 FFG1926 FFG1927/FFV1927 FFG1928 FFG1930	245°C	4
	SBG484/SBV484 FBG484/FBV484 FBG676/FBV676 FBG900/FBV900 FFG676/FFV676	250°C	4
	RF676 RF900 RF1157 RF1158 RF1761 RF1930	225°C	4

Notes:

- See specific 7 series device data sheets at the [AMD Adaptive Computing Documentation Portal](#).

For sophisticated boards with a substantial mix of large and small components, it is critical to minimize the ΔT across the board ($<10^{\circ}\text{C}$) to minimize board warpage and thus, attain higher assembly yields. Minimizing the ΔT is accomplished by using a slower rate in the warm-up and preheating stages. AMD recommends a heating rate of less than 1°C/s during the preheating and soaking stages, in combination with a heating rate of not more than 2°C/s throughout the rest of the profile.

It is also important to minimize the temperature gradient on the component, between top surface and bottom side, especially during the cooling down phase. The key is to optimize cooling while maintaining a minimal temperature differential between the top surface of the package and the solder joint area. The temperature differential between the top surface

of the component and the solder balls should be maintained at less than 7°C during the critical region of the cooling phase of the reflow process. This critical region is in the part of the cooling phase where the balls are not completely solidified to the board yet, usually between the 200°C–217°C range. To efficiently cool the parts, divide the cooling section into multiple zones, with each zone operating at different temperatures.

Post Reflow/Cleaning/Washing

Many PCB assembly subcontractors use a no-clean process in which no post-assembly washing is required. Although a no-clean process is recommended, if cleaning is required, AMD recommends a water-soluble paste and a washer using a deionized-water. Baking after the water wash is recommended to prevent fluid accumulation.

Cleaning solutions or solvents are not recommended because some solutions contain chemicals that can compromise the lid adhesive, thermal compound, or components inside the package.

Conformal Coating

AMD has no information about the reliability of flip-chip BGA packages on a board after exposure to conformal coating. Any process using conformal coating should be qualified for the specific use case to cover the materials and process steps.

Note: AMD does not recommend using Toluene-based conformal coatings because they can weaken the lid adhesive used in AMD packages.

Package Marking

Introduction

All 7 series devices (Spartan™ 7, Artix™ 7, Kintex™ 7, and Virtex™ 7 FPGAs) have package top-markings similar to the examples shown in the following figures. The markings are explained in [Table 6-1](#).

Spartan 7 Devices

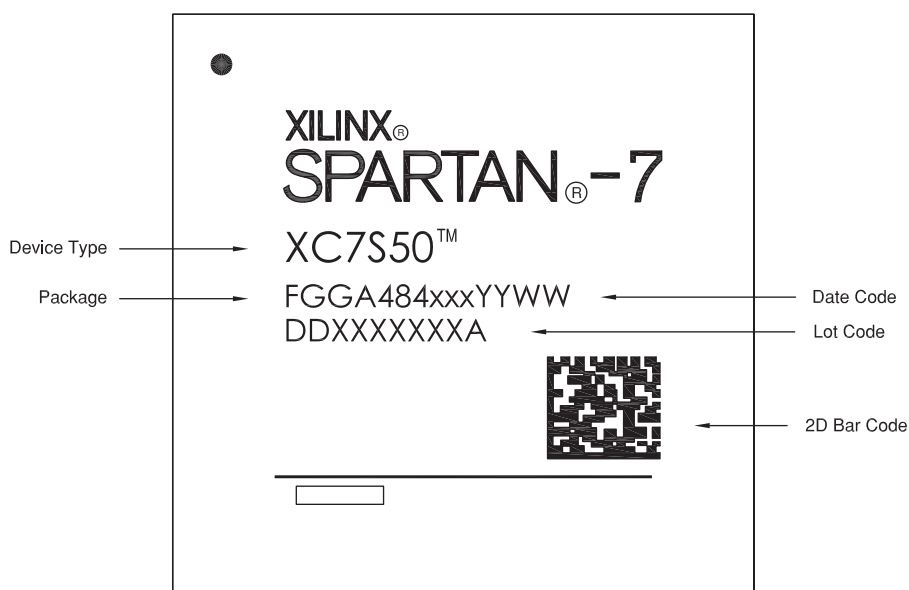


Figure 6-1: Spartan 7 Device Package Marking

Artix 7 Device Markings



Figure 6-2: Artix 7 Device Package Marking with 2D Bar Code

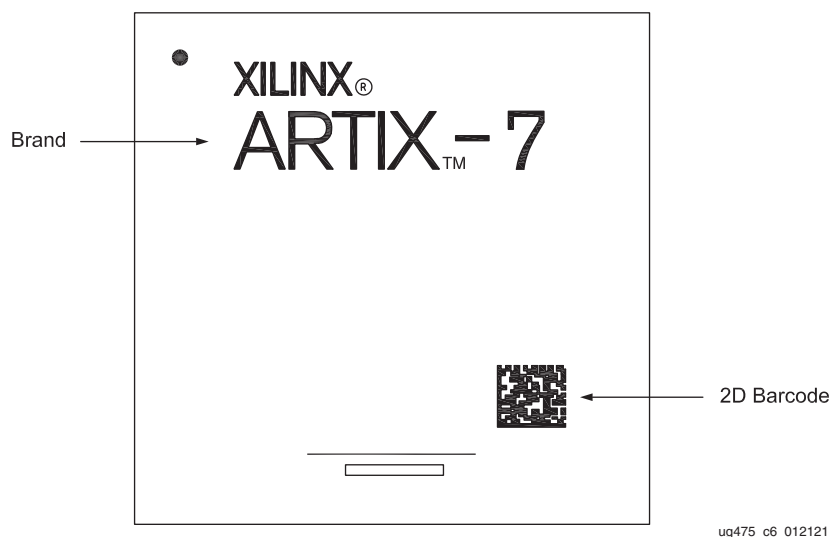


Figure 6-3: Artix 7 Device Package Marking with Simplified 2D Bar Code

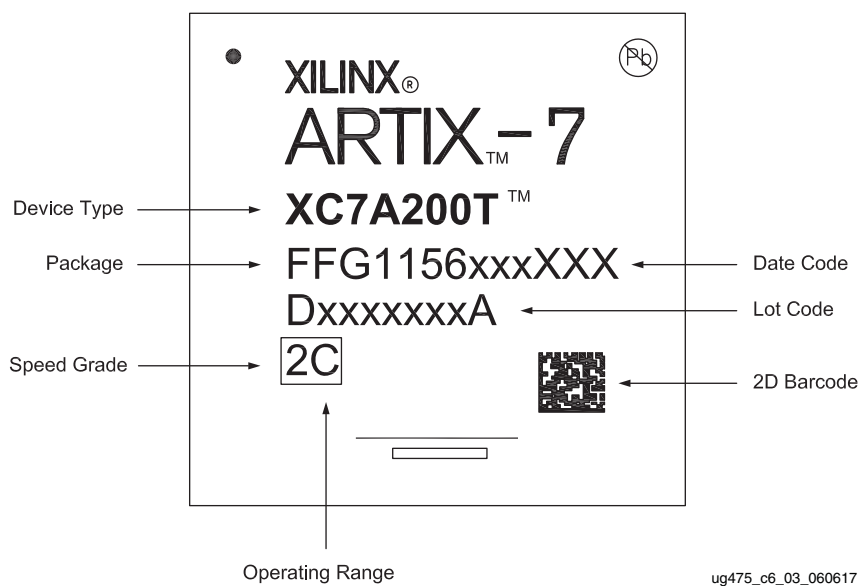


Figure 6-4: Legacy Artix 7 Device Package Marking

Kintex 7 Device Markings



Figure 6-5: Kintex 7 Device Package Marking with 2D Bar Code

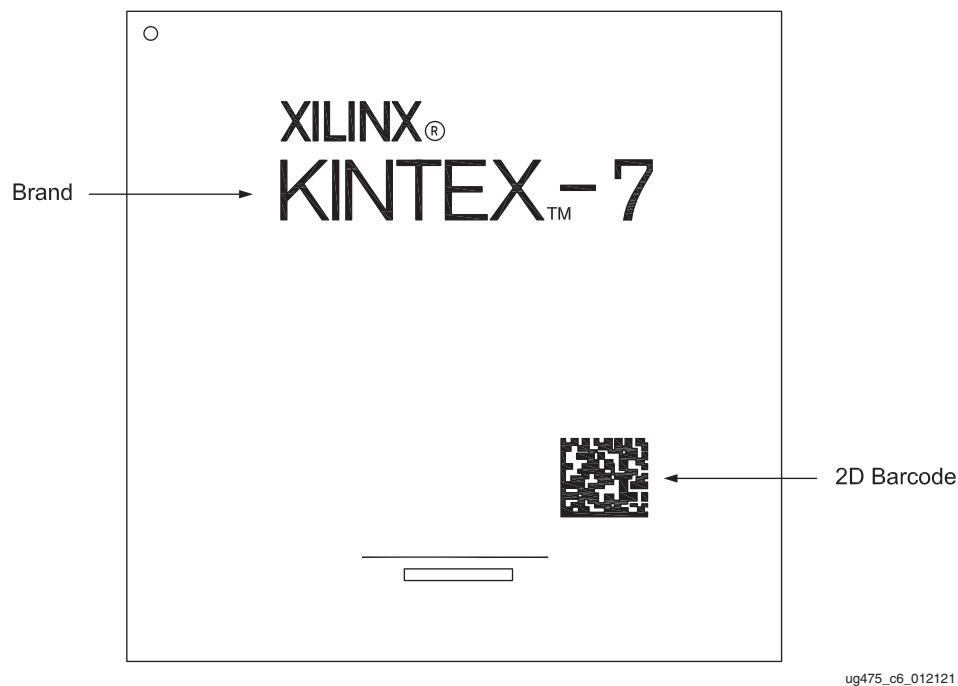


Figure 6-6: Kintex 7 Device Package Marking with Simplified 2D Bar Code



Figure 6-7: Legacy Kintex 7 Device Package Marking

Virtex 7 Device Markings



Figure 6-8: Virtex 7 Device Package Marking with 2D Bar Code

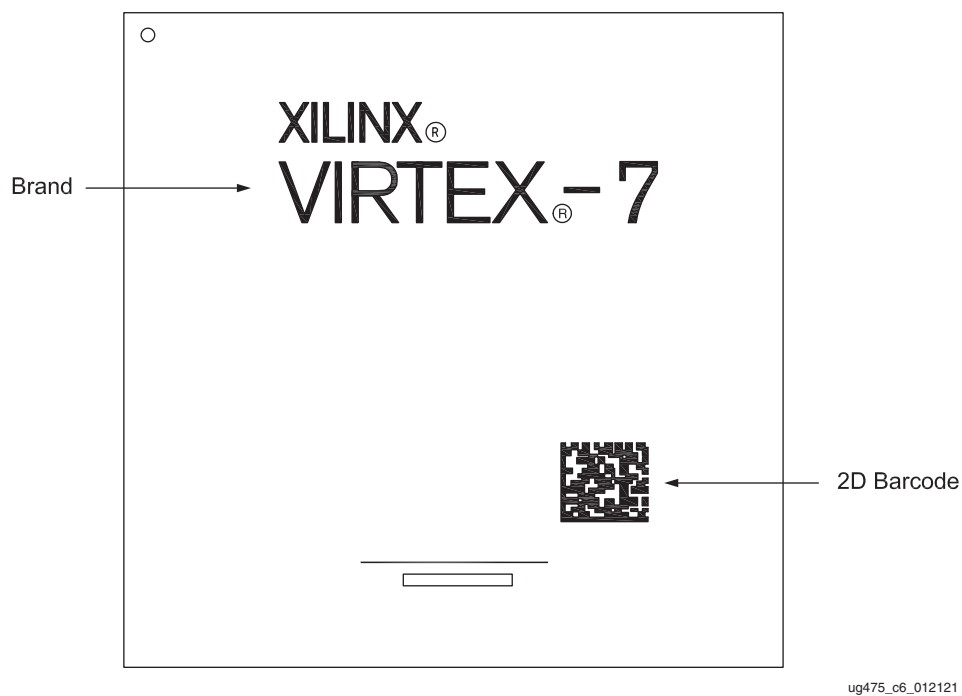


Figure 6-9: Virtex 7 Device Package Marking with Simplified 2D Bar Code



Figure 6-10: Legacy Virtex 7 Device Package Marking

Table 6-1: Xilinx Device Marking Definition—Example

Item	Definition
Xilinx Logo	Xilinx logo, Xilinx name with trademark, and trademark-registered status.
Pb-free Character	For FFG, FBG, or SBG packages, a Pb-free character is marked in the upper right corner of the device to denote that the device is manufactured using a lead-free material set as described in <i>Cross-ship of Lead-free Bump and Substrates in Lead-free (FFG/FBG/SBG) Packages (XCN16022)</i> .
Family Brand Logo	Device family name with trademark and trademark-registered status. This line is optional and could appear blank.
1st Line	Device type. This line is not marked on some devices. Refer to the bar code for device information.
2nd Line	Package code, circuit design revision, the location code for the wafer fab, the geometry code, and date code. This line is not marked on some devices. Refer to the bar code for device information. A G (or V) in the third letter of a package code indicates a Pb-free RoHS compliant package. For more details on Pb-Free and RoHS Compliant Products, see: www.xilinx.com/pbfree .
3rd Line	Ten alphanumeric characters for Assembly, Lot, and Step information. The last digit is usually an A or an M if a stepping version does not exist. This line is not marked on some devices. Refer to the bar code for device information.

Table 6-1: Xilinx Device Marking Definition—Example (Cont’d)

Item	Definition	
4th Line	When marked, this line describes the device speed grade and temperature range. For more information on the ordering codes, see the <i>7 Series FPGAs Overview</i> (DS180). Other variations for the 4th line:	
	L2E	The <i>L2E</i> indicates a -2LE device. The -2LE speed grade offers reduced maximum power consumption. Artix 7 and Kintex 7 FPGAs are capable of operating at lower core voltage. The E is for the extended temperature operating range. For more information, see the specific device data sheets at: 7 series FPGAs .
	1C xxxx	The xxxx indicates the SCD for the device. An SCD is a special ordering code that is not always marked in the device top mark.
	1C ES	The addition of an <i>ES</i> indicates an Engineering Sample.
	This line is not marked on some devices. Refer to the bar code for device speed grade and temperature range information.	
Bar Code	A device-specific bar code is marked on each device. Refer to the <i>FAQ: Top Marking Change for 7 Series, UltraScale, and UltraScale+ Products</i> (XTP424).	

Packing and Shipping

Introduction

The 7 series devices are packed in trays ([Table 7-1](#)). Trays are used to pack most of AMD surface-mount devices because they provide excellent protection from mechanical damage. In addition, they are manufactured using anti-static material to provide limited protection against ESD damage and can withstand a bake temperature of 125°C. The maximum operating temperature is 140°C.

Table 7-1: Standard Device Counts per Tray and Box

Package	Maximum Number of Devices Per Tray	Maximum Number of Units In One Internal Box
CPGA196	360	1800
FTGB196	126	630
CP/CPG236	240	1200
CPG238		
FT/FTG256	90	450
CSGA225	160	800
CS/CSG/CSGA324	126	630
CS/CSG325		
SB/SBG/SBV484	84	420
RS484		
FG/FGG/FGGA484	60	300
FB/FBG/FBV484		
RB484		
FG/FGG/FGGA676	40	200
FB/FBG/FBV676		
FF/FFG/FFV676		
RB676		
RF676		

Table 7-1: Standard Device Counts per Tray and Box (Cont'd)

Package	Maximum Number of Devices Per Tray	Maximum Number of Units In One Internal Box
FB/FBG/FBV900	27	135
FF/FFG/FFV900		
FF/FFG/FFV901		
RF900		
FF/FFG/FFV1156	24	120
FF/FFG/FFV1157		
RF1157		
FF/FFG/FFV1158		
RF1158		
FF/FFG/FFV1761	12	60
RF1761	12	36
FHG1761	12	36
FL/FLG1925	12	36
FF/FFG1926		
FL/FLG1926		
FF/FFG/FFV1927		
FF/FFG1928		
FL/FLG1928		
FF/FFG1930	12	36
FL/FLG1930		
RF1930		

Recommended PCB Design Rules for BGA Packages

BGA Packages

AMD provides the diameter of a land pad on the package side. This information is required prior to the start of the board layout so the board pads can be designed to match the component-side land geometry. The typical values of these land pads are described in [Figure A-1](#) and summarized in [Table A-1](#) for both 0.8 mm and 1.0 mm pitch packages. For AMD BGA packages, non-solder mask defined (NSMD) pads on the board are suggested to allow a clearance between the land metal (diameter L) and the solder mask opening (diameter M) as shown in [Figure A-1](#). An example of an NSMD PCB pad solder joint is shown in [Figure A-2](#). It is recommended to have the board land pad diameter with a 1:1 ratio to the package solder mask defined (SMD) pad for improved board level reliability.

The space between the NSMD pad and the solder mask as well as the actual signal trace widths and via dimensions depend on the capability of the PCB vendor. The cost of the PCB is higher when the line width and spaces are smaller.

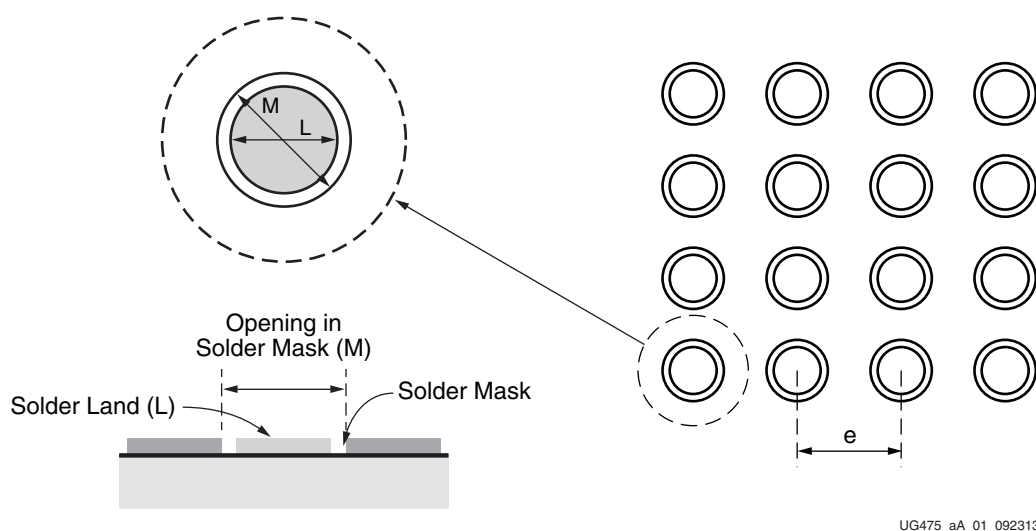
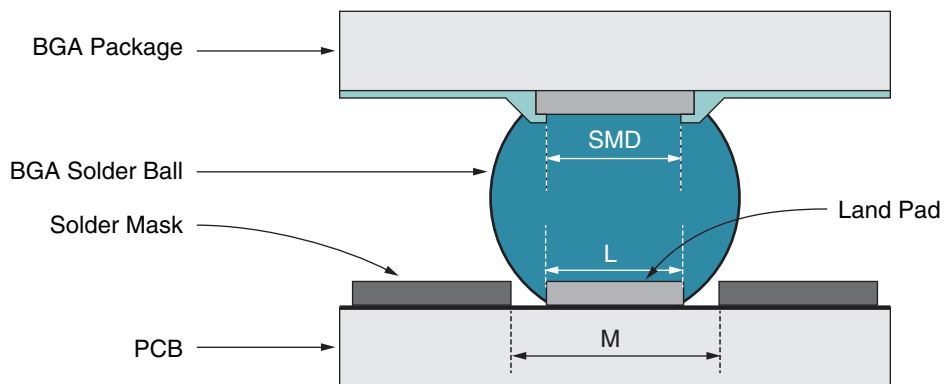


Figure A-1: Suggested Board Layout of Soldered Pads for BGA Packages



UG475_aA_02_110513

Figure A-2: Example of an NSMD PCB Pad Solder Joint

Table A-1: BGA Package Design Rules

Packages	0.5 mm Pitch	0.8 mm Pitch	1.0 mm Pitch		
	CPG	SB/SBG/SBV CS/CSG CPGA	FF/FFG/FFV, FB/FBG/FBV, FH/FHG, FL/FLG, RF/RB/RS	FG/FGG	FT/FTG
Design Rule	Dimensions in mm (mils)				
Package land pad opening (SMD)	0.275 mm (10.8 mils)	0.40 mm (15.7 mils)	0.53 mm (20.9 mils)	0.50 mm (19.7 mils)	0.40 mm (15.7 mils)
Maximum PCB solder land (L) diameter	0.275 mm (10.8 mils)	0.40 mm (15.7 mils)	0.53 mm (20.9 mils)	0.50 mm (19.7 mils)	0.40 mm (15.7 mils)
Opening in PCB solder mask (M) diameter	0.375 mm (14.76 mils)	0.50 mm (19.7 mils)	0.63 mm (24.8 mils)	0.60 mm (23.6 mils)	0.50 mm (19.7 mils)
Solder ball land pitch (e)	0.50 mm (19.7 mils)	0.80 mm (31.5 mils)	1.00 mm (39.4 mils)	1.00 mm (39.4 mils)	1.00 mm (39.4 mils)

Notes:

- Controlling dimension in mm.

Heat Sink Guidelines for Lidless Flip-Chip Packages

Heat Sink Attachments for Lidless Flip-chip BGA (FB/FBG/FBV and SB/SBG/SBV)

Heat sinks can be attached to the package in multiple ways. For heat to dissipate effectively, the advantages and disadvantages of each heat sink attachment method must be considered. Factors influencing the selection of the heat sink attachment method include the package type, contact area of the heat source, and the heat sink type.

Silicon and Decoupling Capacitors Height Consideration

When designing heat sink attachments for lidless flip-chip BGA packages, the height of the die above the substrate and also the height of decoupling capacitors must be considered (Figure B-1). This is to prevent electrical shorting between the heat sink (metal) and the decoupling capacitors.

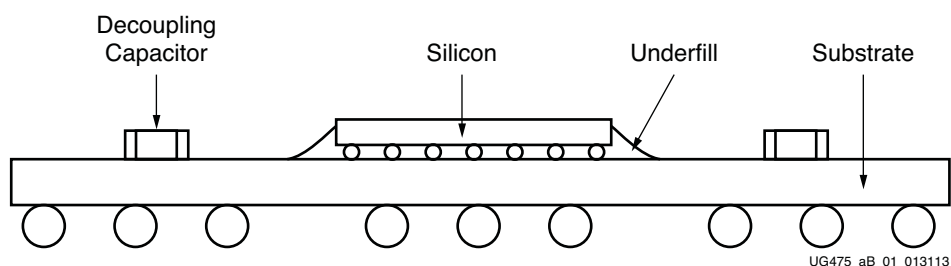


Figure B-1: Cross Section of Lidless Flip-chip BGA

Types of Heat Sink Attachments

There are six main methods for heat sink attachment. [Table B-1](#) lists their advantages and disadvantages.

- [Thermal tape](#)
- [Thermally conductive adhesive or glue](#) (epoxy)
- [Wire form Z-clips](#)
- [Plastic clip-ons](#)
- [Threaded stand-offs \(PEMs\) and compression springs](#)
- [Push-pins and compression springs](#)

Table B-1: Heat Sink Attachment Methods

Attachment Method	Advantages	Disadvantages
Thermal tape	• Generally easy to attach and is inexpensive. • Lowest cost approach for aluminum heat sink attachment. • No additional space required on the PCB.	• The surfaces of the heat sink and the chip must be very clean to allow the tape to bond correctly. • Because of the small contact area, the tape might not provide sufficient bond strength. • Tape is a moderate to low thermal conductor that could affect the thermal performance.
Thermally conductive adhesive or glue	• Outstanding mechanical adhesion. • Fairly inexpensive, costs a little more than tape. • No additional space required on the PCB.	• Adhesive application process is challenging and it is difficult to control the amount of adhesive to use. • Difficult to rework. • Because of the small contact area, the adhesive might not provide sufficient bond strength.
Wire form Z-clips	• It provides a strong and secure mechanical attachment. In environments that require shock and vibration testing, this type of strong mechanical attachment is necessary. • Easy to apply and remove. Does not cause the semiconductors to be destroyed (epoxy and occasionally tape can destroy the device). • It applies a preload onto the thermal interface material (TIM). Pre-loads actually improve thermal performance.	• Requires additional space on the PCB for anchor locations.

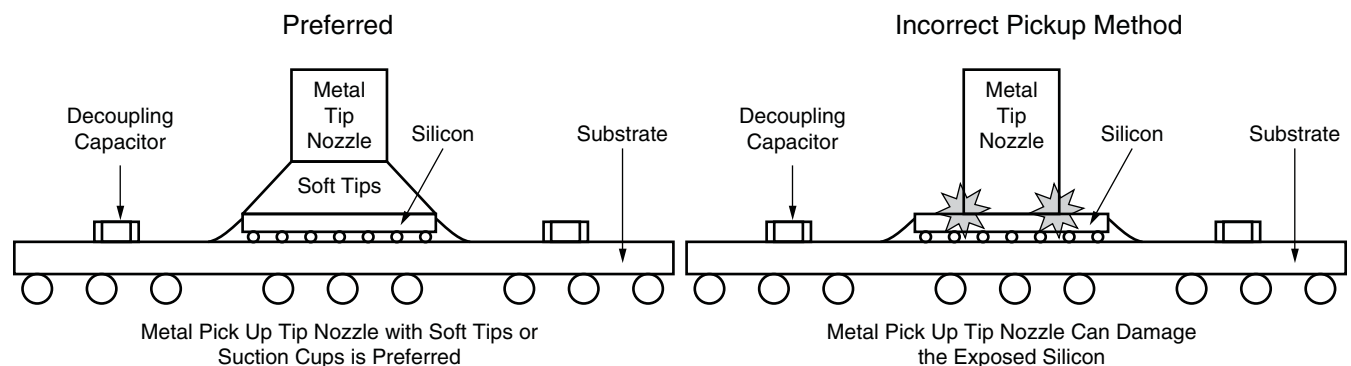
Table B-1: Heat Sink Attachment Methods (Cont'd)

Attachment Method	Advantages	Disadvantages
Plastic clip-ons	- Suitable for designs where space on the PCB is limited. - Easy to rework by allowing heat sinks to be easily removed and reapplied without damaging the PCB board. - Can provide a strong enough mechanical attachment to pass shock and vibration test.	- Needs a keep out area around the silicon devices to use the clip. - Caution is required when installing or removing clip-ons because localized stress can damage the solder balls or chip substrate.
Threaded stand-offs (PEMs) and compression springs	- Provides stable attachments to heat source and transfers load to the PCB, backing plate, or chassis. - Suitable for high mass heat sinks. - Allows for tight control over mounting force and load placed on chip and solder balls.	- Holes are required in the PCB taking valuable space that can be used for trace lines. - Tends to be expensive, especially because holes need to be drilled or predrilled onto the PCB board to use stand-offs.
Push-pins and compression springs	- Provides a stable attachment to a heat source and transfers load to the PCB. - Allows for tight control over mounting force and load placed on chip and solder balls.	Requires additional space on the PCB for push-pin locations.

Heat Sink Attachment

Component Pick-up Tool Consideration

For pick-and-place machines to place lidless flip-chip BGAs onto PCBs, AMD recommends using soft tips or suction cups for the nozzles. This prevents chipping, scratching, or even cracking of the bare die (Figure B-2).



UG475_aB_02_013113

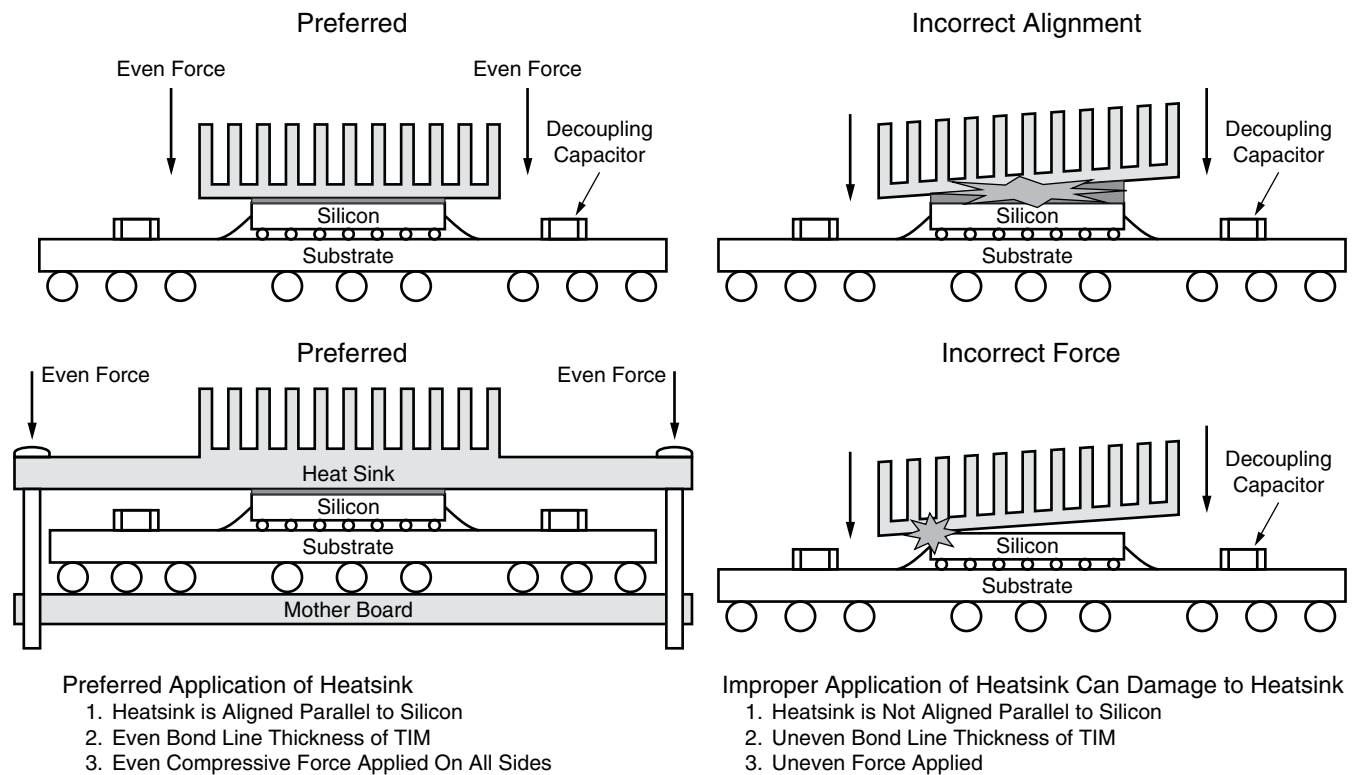
Figure B-2: Recommended Method For Using Pick-up Tools

Heat Sink Attachment Process Considerations

After the component is placed onto the PCBs, when attaching a heat sink to the lidless package, the factors in [Table B-2](#) must be carefully considered (see [Figure B-3](#)).

Table B-2: Heat Sink Attachment Considerations

Consideration(s)	Effect(s)	Recommendation(s)
In heat sink attach process, what factors can cause damage to the expose die and passive capacitors?	- Uneven heat sink placement - Uneven TIM thickness - Uneven force applied when placing heat sink placement	- Even heat sink placement - Even TIM thickness - Even force applied when placing heat sink placement
Does the heat sink tilt or tip the post attachment?	Uneven heat sink placement will damage the silicon and can cause field failures.	- Careful handling not to contact the heat sink with the post attachment. - Use a fixture to hold the heat sink in place with post attachment until it is glued to the silicon.



UG475_aB_03_013113

Figure B-3: Recommended Application of Heat Sink

Standard Heat Sink Attach Process with Thermal Conductive Adhesive

Prior to attaching the heat sink, the FPGA needs be surface mounted on the motherboard.

1. Place the motherboard into a jig or a fixture to hold the motherboard steady to prevent any movement during the heat sink attachment process.
2. Thermoset material (electrically non-conductive) is applied over the backside surface of silicon in a pattern using automated dispensing equipment. Automated dispensers are often used to provide a stable process speed at a relatively low cost. The optimum dispensing pattern needs to be determined by the SMT supplier.

Note: Minimal volume coverage of the backside of the silicon can result in non-optimum heat transfer.

3. The heat sink is placed on the backside of the silicon with a pick and place machine. A uniform pressure is applied over the heat sink to the backside of the silicon. As the heat sink is placed, the adhesive spreads to cover the backside silicon. A force transducer is normally used to measure and limit the placement force.
4. The epoxy is cured with heat at a defined time.

Note: The epoxy curing temperature and time is based on manufacturer's specifications.

Standard Heat Sink Attach Process with Thermal Adhesive Tape

Prior to attaching the heat sink, the FPGA needs be surface mounted on the motherboard.

1. Place the motherboard into a jig or a fixture to hold the motherboard steady to prevent any movement during the heat sink attachment process.
2. Thermal adhesive tape cut to the size of the heat sink is applied on the underside of the heat sink at a modest angle with the use of a squeegee rubber roller. Apply pressure to help reduce the possibility of air entrapment under the tape during application.
3. The heat sink is placed on the backside of the silicon with a pick and place machine. A uniform pressure is applied over the heat sink to the backside of the silicon. As the heat sink is placed, the thermal adhesive tape is glued to the backside of the silicon. A force transducer is normally used to measure and limit the placement force.
4. A uniform and constant pressure is applied uniformly over the heat sink and held for a defined time.

Note: The thermal adhesive tape hold time is based on manufacturer's specifications.

Push-Pin and Shoulder Screw Heat Sink Attachment Process with Phase Change Material (PCM) Application

Prior to attaching the heat sink, the FPGA needs be surface mounted on the motherboard.

1. Place the motherboard into a jig or a fixture to hold the motherboard steady to prevent any movement during the heat sink attachment process.

Note: The jig or fixture needs to account for the push pin depth of the heat sink.

2. PCM tape, cut to the size of the heat sink, is applied on the underside of the heat sink at a modest angle with the use of a squeegee rubber roller. Apply pressure to help reduce the possibility of air entrapment under the tape during application.
3. Using the push-pin tool, heat sinks are applied over the packages ensuring a pin locking action with the PCB holes. The compression load from springs applies the appropriate mounting pressure required for proper thermal interface material performance.

Note: Heat sinks must not tilt during installation. This process cannot be automated due to the mechanical locking action which requires manual handling. The PCB drill hole tolerances need to be close enough to eliminate any issues concerning the heat sink attachment.

Additional Resources and Legal Notices

Finding Additional Documentation

Documentation Portal

The AMD Adaptive Computing Documentation Portal is an online tool that provides robust search and navigation for documentation using your web browser. To access the Documentation Portal, go to <https://docs.xilinx.com>.

Documentation Navigator

Documentation Navigator (DocNav) is an installed tool that provides access to AMD Adaptive Computing documents, videos, and support resources, which you can filter and search to find information. To open DocNav:

- From the AMD Vivado™ IDE, select **Help > Documentation and Tutorials**.
- On Windows, click the **Start** button and select **Xilinx Design Tools > DocNav**.
- At the Linux command prompt, enter `docnav`.

Note: For more information on DocNav, refer to the *Documentation Navigator User Guide* (UG968).

Design Hubs

AMD Design Hubs provide links to documentation organized by design tasks and other topics, which you can use to learn key concepts and address frequently asked questions. To access the Design Hubs:

- In DocNav, click the **Design Hubs View** tab.
- Go to the [Design Hubs](#) web page.

Support Resources

For support resources such as Answers, Documentation, Downloads, and Forums, see [Support](#).

References

The following websites contain additional information on heat management and contact information.

- Wakefield: www.wakefield-vette.com
- Aavid: www.aavidthermalloy.com
- Advanced Thermal Solutions: www.qats.com
- CTS: www.ctscorp.com
- Radian Thermal Products: www.radianheatsinks.com
- Thermo Cool: www.thermocoolcorp.com

Refer to the following websites for interface material sources:

- Henkel: www.henkel.com
- Bergquist Company: www.bergquistcompany.com
- AOS Thermal Compound: www.aosco.com
- Chometrics: www.chomerics.com
- Kester: www.kester.com

Refer to the following websites for CFD tools AMD supports with thermal models.

- Mentor: Flotherm:
<https://plm.sw.siemens.com/en-US/simcenter/fluids-thermal-simulation/flotherm>
- ANSYS Icepak: www.ansys.com

Revision History

The following table shows the revision history for this document.

Date	Version	Revision
03/13/2024	1.20	In Chapter 1: In Table 1-1, revised the maximum I/Os for CSA225/CSGA225 from 100 to 150. Updated description of PUDC_B in Table 1-12. In Chapter 3: Updated legend in Figure 3-45. In Chapter 4: Added/updated the mechanical drawings for the RF1157/RF1158 (Figure 4-50) and RF1761 (Figure 4-51 and Figure 4-52). In Chapter 5: Reversed θ_{JA} and θ_{JA} values for CPG238 in Table 5-1. In Table 5-2, revised the upper limit of peak temperature (body) from 250°C to 260°C.
4/07/2021	1.19	In Chapter 1: Updated Note 3 in Table 1-12. In Chapter 3: Updated Figure 3-92 and Figure 3-96 with MGT bank numbers. In Chapter 4: Revised the A, A₁, A₂ heights in Figure 4-4 (CSGA324) and Figure 4-9 (CSG324/CSG325). Added/updated the mechanical drawings for all devices in the FF(G)1157/8 (Figure 4-40, Figure 4-41, Figure 4-42). Revised the A and A2 heights for FFG1761 mechanical drawings in Figure 4-43 and Figure 4-44, leaving Figure 4-45. Also updated the FF1926 mechanical drawing (Figure 4-47) and added Figure 4-48. In Chapter 6: Updated the top-mark images per XCN16014 and XCN19014. Updated Table 6-1 to include the bar code only description of the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd lines in the images.
7/16/2019	1.18	Added the XA7K160T-FFG676 device specifications throughout the document. In Chapter 1: Updated description of the Pb-free character markings on page 9. In Table 1-8, revised the user I/O for the CPG238 package to 112 (from 110). Added the RSVDGND pins to Table 1-12. Updated the XC7A12T, XA7A12T, XC7A25T, and XA7A25T Banks CSG325 Package description. In Chapter 3: Updated the FTGB196 Package—XC7S6 and XC7S15 and FTGB196 Package—XC7S25 and XC7S50 sections to show the available devices. Added RSVDGND to Figure 3-53. In Chapter 5: Updated Table 5-1 to show the devices offered in the FTGB196 package (removed the XA7S6, XA7S15, XA7S25, and XA7S50).
8/17/2018	1.17	In Chapter 1: Added XA devices to Table 1-7. Added an Important note about Tandem PROM configuration on page 21. Updated the Die Level Bank Numbering Overview section to include the XA Spartan 7 devices. In Chapter 2: Updated the links to individual ZIP files in Table 2-1 and moved the status to production on many of the devices. In Chapter 3: Added XA Spartan 7 devices to Table 3-1. Where applicable, added the XA devices.

Date	Version	Revision
3/14/2018	1.16	In Chapter 2: Updated the links to individual ZIP files in Table 2-1 and Table 2-2. In Chapter 3: Added XC7A12T, XC7A25T, and Spartan 7 device diagrams. In Chapter 4: In response to XCN16004: Forged to Stamped Lid Conversion for Monolithic FPGA Flip Chip Packages, added Figure 4-34: FF900 and FFG900 (XC7K325T and XC7K410T) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) with Stamped Lid and Figure 4-36: FF1156 and FFG1156 (XC7K420T and XC7K480T) Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) with Stamped Lid.
7/24/2017	1.15	Added the XC/XA Spartan 7 devices, the XC7A12T/XA7A12T and XC7A25T/XA7A25T devices, and the CPG238 package. Removed the <i>Preface</i>. In Chapter 1: Added an Important note on page 15. Updated the DDR DQS strobe pin direction in Table 1-12. Added the Migrating between Devices section. Updated the CPG236 package on page 35. Corrected the package list in XC7VX485T and XQ7VX485T Banks. In Chapter 2: Added Package Specifications Designations section. In Chapter 4: Revised Figure 4-51, the RF1761 mechanical drawing. In Chapter 5: Added devices to Table 5-1. In Table 5-3, changed the Peak Package Reflow Body Temperature for some packages to 245°C. In Chapter 6: Added Figure 6-1: Spartan 7 Device Package Marking. Updated Figure 6-4, Figure 6-7, and Figure 6-10 to add the bar code marking and the Pb-free character. Added the Pb-free Character description as outlined in XCN16022: Cross-ship of Lead-free Bump and Substrates in Lead-free (FFG/FBG/SBG) Packages. Revised the Bar Code section of Table 6-1 to include changes outlined in XCN16014: Top Marking change for 7 Series, UltraScale, and UltraScale+ Products. In Chapter 7: Added packages to Table 7-1. Added Appendix C, Additional Resources and Legal Notices. Moved the Disclaimer Notices and References sections to Appendix C.
3/23/2016	1.14	Updated to add the XQ7VX690T in the RF1158 package. Added RoHS compliant options (FFV packages) where applicable. In Table 1-12, updated the SRCC description. Updated Figure 4-7 with solder ball composition changes. Refined the A2 dimensions in Figure 4-12 and Figure 4-22. Added the FFV1761 package (Figure 4-45). Added the RF1158 to Figure 4-50. Completely revised Chapter 5, Thermal Specifications with industry standard guidelines for all sections. Updated the Thermal Management Strategy section. Updated the Thermal Interface Material section previously in Appendix B. Added the Applied Pressure from Heat Sink to the Package via Thermal Interface Materials section. In Appendix B: Moved and renamed the <i>Reasons for Thermal Management</i> section to Chapter 5. Removed the <i>Package Loading Specifications</i> section.
11/13/2014	1.13	Added XC7A15T and XA7A15T devices throughout the specification.

Date	Version	Revision
10/28/2014	1.12	Added a discussion on ULA materials on page 10. Added clarifications with regards to Artix 7 devices throughout the document including Pin Compatibility between Packages and Note 1 to Table 3-2. Updated Note on page 67. In Table 5-2 and Figure 5-7, revised the Peak temperature (body) values and the Ramp-up rate and Ramp-down rate to 2°C/s. Removed references to CL/CLG packages in Table 5-3 and Appendix A. Updated Figure 5-4. Also added the Peak Package Reflow Body Temperature values to Table 5-3. Added Heat Sink Removal Procedure, Package Pressure Handling Capacity, Post Reflow/Cleaning/Washing, and Conformal Coating. Added Chapter 7, Packing and Shipping.
3/18/2014	1.11	Added the XC7A35T, XC7A50T, and XC7A75T throughout document including Table 1-3, Table 1-8, Figure 1-6, Figure 1-7, Figure 1-8, Table 2-2, Table 3-2, Table 5-1, and added or updated Figure 3-41 through Figure 3-80. Also added the automotive XA Artix-7 FPGA versions (XA7A35T, XA7A50T, XA7A75T, and XA7A100T) and the defense-graded Artix-7Q device (XQ7A50T) with applicable packages. In Table 1-1, updated Note 1. In Table 1-12, updated Note 2 and the description of PUDC_B. Added links to all the ruggedized packages in Chapter 2, 7 Series FPGAs Package Files. Updated the DCI pin description in the legends for all the Memory Groupings diagrams in Chapter 3, Device Diagrams. Added CPG236 package to document including Figure 4-7, Table 5-1, and Table A-1. Added CSG325 to document including updating Figure 4-9. This update includes a change in the A₂ dimensions for the CSG324. Replaced Figure 4-16: FG484 and FGG484 Wire-bond Fine-Pitch BGA Package Specification for Artix 7 FPGAs, page 270 with a new drawing with updated dimensions. Replaced Figure 4-17: FG676 and FGG676 Wire-bond Fine-Pitch BGA Package Specification for Artix 7 FPGAs, page 271 with a new drawing with an updated mechanical drawing. Updated the M specification in Figure 4-19: RB484 Ruggedized Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs, page 273. Replaced Figure 4-33: FF676, FFG676, and FFV676 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs, page 287 with a new drawing where the lid is updated with four corner posts. Updated the References links in Chapter 5, Thermal Specifications. Revised the M diameter for FF/FFG, FB/FBG, FH/FHG, FL/FLG, and RF/RB/RS packages in Table A-1.

Date	Version	Revision
11/15/2013	1.10	Updated disclaimer. Added the XQ devices and RB/RF/RS package information throughout document. Added Note 1 to Table 1-2 and Note 6 to Table 1-12. Revised the super logic region numbers in Figure 1-20. Removed the Virtex 7 HT devices (HCG packages). Before removal, revised the super logic region numbers in Figure 1-20: XC7VH870T Banks. For packaging and pinout information on the Virtex 7 HT devices see www.xilinx.com/member/gtz/index.htm. Updated the legend in Figure 3-141, Figure 3-144, Figure 3-145, Figure 3-148, Figure 3-209, Figure 3-212, Figure 3-213, Figure 3-216, Figure 3-217, and Figure 3-220. Updated the A and A2 dimensions in Figure 4-18: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for Artix 7 FPGAs, page 272. Added Note 1 and updated the data in Table 5-1. Updated the Pb-Free Reflow Soldering in Chapter 5 discussion. Removed the engineering sample notation from the top mark drawings in Figure 6-4, Figure 6-7, and Figure 6-10. Updated the L2E description in Table 6-1. Updated Appendix A.
2/14/2013	1.9	Clarified pins in Figure 3-89. Updated Figure 4-18 and Figure 4-22 and added Figure 4-23 and Figure 4-24. Revised Figure 4-35 and Figure 4-40. In Table 5-1, updated data for Artix 7 FPGAs, XC7K160T FF/FFG/FFV676, Virtex 7 T FPGAs and XC7VX1140T. Updated Appendix B.
10/15/2012	1.8	Removed the following devices: XC7A350T, XC7V1500T, XC7VH290T. Added Figure 4-26 and updated drawing in Figure 4-27. Added Note 5 to Figure 4-40. Updated A2 dimension in Figure 4-48. Updated the aaa dimension in Figure 4-46 and Figure 4-49. Updated the JEDEC Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) for the Flip-Chip packages on page 325.
7/20/2012	1.7	In Table 1-12, updated the Other Pins section. Added the XC7VH290T, XC7VH580T, and XC7VH870T and associated HCG packages to all appropriate chapters, tables, and figures. Added the SBG484 package for the XC7A200T devices to all appropriate chapters, tables, and figures. Updated the XC7VX1140T-FLG1926 headings in Table 2-5, Figure 3-209 through Figure 3-212, and Figure 4-49. Updated GTP Quad numbers in Figure 1-9, Figure 3-74, and Figure 3-78. Also added numbers to Figure 3-77 and Figure 3-80. Updated the XC7V585T-FFG1761 figures: Figure 3-137 and Figure 3-140. Added new mechanical drawings for the Artix 7 FPGAs in Chapter 4 along with Figure 4-27, Figure 4-35, and Figure 4-36, and updated Figure 4-35. In Table 5-1, updated data throughout and added XC7VX1140T (FL1926) and XC7VH580T data. Added Figure 6-4: Legacy Artix 7 Device Package Marking.

Date	Version	Revision
5/24/2012	1.6	Removed the FFG1933 and FLG1933 packages throughout. Added the FLG1926 package where appropriate. Updated the Introduction in Chapter 1. Updated XC7K420T in Table 1-10. Added Note 7 to Table 1-12. Updated the description and figure in the XC7K420T Banks and XC7VX550T Banks sections. Updated Figure 3-86, Figure 3-90, Figure 3-94, and Figure 3-34. Added Figure 3-209 through Figure 3-212. Added Figure 4-14: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Artix 7 FPGAs. Revised specifications and added capacitor location figures for: Figure 4-25: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs Figure 4-28: XC7K325T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations Figure 4-29: XC7K410T FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations Figure 4-30: FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Flip-Chip Lidless BGA Package Specifications for Kintex 7 FPGAs Figure 4-31: XC7K325T FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations Figure 4-32: XC7K410T FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 Die Dimensions with Capacitor Locations Figure 4-37: FF1156, FFG1156, and FFV1156 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for Kintex 7 FPGAs Figure 4-40: FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157 Flip-Chip BGA Package Specification for XC7VX330T FPGAs Added Thermal Management Strategy, Heat Sink Removal Procedure, and updated Soldering Guidelines in Chapter 5. Updated Table A-1.

Date	Version	Revision
2/03/2012	1.5	Updated Table 1-3 and Table 1-5 and added Table 1-6. Updated Table 1-7 and Table 1-9 and added Table 1-10. Revised Note 2 in Table 1-12. Removed Figures 1-1 and 1-2 along with references to the XC7A8, XC7A15, XC7A30T, and XC7A50T. Added Figure 1-10 and Figure 1-3. Clarified Figure 1-14 though Figure 1-17, Figure 1-19, Figure 1-23, and Figure 1-26. Updated Table 2-4 and added Table 2-5. Added devices to Table 3-2 and revised Table 3-3 (XC7K420T and XC7K480T). Updated Table 3-4 and added Table 3-5 and Table 3-5. Revised specifications in: Figure 4-22: FB484, FBG484, and FBV484 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch). Figure 4-25: FB676, FBG676, and FBV676 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch). Figure 4-30: FB900, FBG900, and FBV900 (Kintex 7 FPGAs) Flip-Chip Lidless BGA (1.0 mm Pitch) and combined with Figure 4-6. Figure 4-40: FF1157, FFG1157, and FFV1157–XC7VX330T Flip-Chip BGA (1.0 mm Pitch). Added thermal resistance data to Table 5-1 and added the Soldering Guidelines section. Added Appendix B.
10/17/2011	1.4	Revised the FBG484 and FBV484 Package section describing XC7K160T and XA7K160T Banks. Added the mechanical drawings: Figure 4-43 and Figure 4-49. Updated Figure 4-48 to include the FF(G)1928 package. Added thermal resistance data to Table 5-1.
10/03/2011	1.3	Added Artix 7 device information including updating Table 1-1, adding Table 1-3, Table 1-8, Table 2-2, and Table 3-2. Clarified the interposer in Figure 1-12 and Figure 1-19. Revised horizontal center for the XC7VX415T in Figure 1-21. Updated the DXP_0, DXN_0 description and notes in Table 1-12. Added devices to the Die Level Bank Numbering Overview section. Clarified the I/O banks summary section. Added Artix 7 device diagrams in the CSG324 package. Added XC7V585T device diagrams Figure 3-133 through Figure 3-140. Moved AD4P/N, AD12P/N, and AD5P/N pins from [IO_L2P_T0_35:IO_L4N_T0_35] to [IO_L1P_T0_35:IO_L3N_T0_35] in Figure 3-141, Figure 3-145, Figure 3-165, Figure 3-169, Figure 3-173, Figure 3-177, and Figure 3-181. Fixed the labeling for EMCCLK in Figure 3-125, Figure 3-133, Figure 3-141, Figure 3-145, Figure 3-165, Figure 3-169, Figure 3-173, Figure 3-177, and Figure 3-181. Updated the mechanical drawings for Figure 4-43 and Figure 4-48. Updated thermal resistance data in Table 5-1. Updated Chapter 6, Package Marking.

Date	Version	Revision
6/14/2011	1.2	Added Virtex 7 device information including updating Table 1-1, adding Table 1-3, Table 1-10, Table 2-4, and Table 3-4. In Table 1-12, updated Note 3, the Configuration Pins section, and the Analog to Digital Converter (XADC) Pins section. Updated Figure 3-99, Figure 3-100, Figure 3-103, Figure 3-104, Figure 3-107, Figure 3-108, Figure 3-111, Figure 3-112, Figure 3-115, Figure 3-116, Figure 3-119, and Figure 3-120. Added Figure 3-120 through Figure 3-184. Added Figure 4-37 the mechanical drawing for the Kintex 7 devices FFG1156 package. Also added some Virtex 7 device mechanical drawings in Figure 4-37 through Figure 4-48. Added thermal resistance data to Table 5-1.
4/06/2011	1.1	Removed the SBG324 package from the entire document. Added three Kintex™ 7 devices: XC7K355T, XC7K420T, and XC7K480T. Updated disclaimer and copyright on page 352. Updated package size of FF1156 in Table 1-1. Updated DXP_0, DXN_0 in Table 1-12. The Table 2-3 single ASCII device files have been updated for both the XC7K70T and XC7K160T. All ASCII TXT files and the overall ZIP file have been updated on the web. Updated the XC7K70TFBG676 figures: Figure 3-101, Figure 3-102, Figure 3-103, and Figure 3-104. Added information to Chapter 4, Mechanical Drawings, Chapter 5, Thermal Specifications, and Chapter 6, Package Marking.
3/01/2011	1.0	Initial Xilinx release.

Please Read: Important Legal Notices

The information presented in this document is for informational purposes only and may contain technical inaccuracies, omissions, and typographical errors. The information contained herein is subject to change and may be rendered inaccurate for many reasons, including but not limited to product and roadmap changes, component and motherboard version changes, new model and/or product releases, product differences between differing manufacturers, software changes, BIOS flashes, firmware upgrades, or the like. Any computer system has risks of security vulnerabilities that cannot be completely prevented or mitigated. AMD assumes no obligation to update or otherwise correct or revise this information. However, AMD reserves the right to revise this information and to make changes from time to time to the content hereof without obligation of AMD to notify any person of such revisions or changes. THIS INFORMATION IS PROVIDED "AS IS." AMD MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE CONTENTS HEREOF AND ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY INACCURACIES, ERRORS, OR OMISSIONS THAT MAY APPEAR IN THIS INFORMATION. AMD SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF NON-INFRINGEMENT, MERCHANTABILITY, OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. IN NO EVENT WILL AMD BE LIABLE TO ANY PERSON FOR ANY RELIANCE, DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, OR OTHER CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES ARISING FROM THE USE OF ANY INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN, EVEN IF AMD IS EXPRESSLY ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.

AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS DISCLAIMER

AUTOMOTIVE PRODUCTS (IDENTIFIED AS "XA" IN THE PART NUMBER) ARE NOT WARRANTED FOR USE IN THE DEPLOYMENT OF AIRBAGS OR FOR USE IN APPLICATIONS THAT AFFECT CONTROL OF A VEHICLE ("SAFETY APPLICATION") UNLESS THERE IS A SAFETY CONCEPT OR REDUNDANCY FEATURE CONSISTENT WITH THE ISO 26262 AUTOMOTIVE SAFETY STANDARD ("SAFETY DESIGN"). CUSTOMER SHALL, PRIOR TO USING OR DISTRIBUTING ANY SYSTEMS THAT INCORPORATE PRODUCTS, THOROUGHLY TEST SUCH SYSTEMS FOR SAFETY PURPOSES. USE OF PRODUCTS IN A SAFETY APPLICATION WITHOUT A SAFETY DESIGN IS FULLY AT THE RISK OF CUSTOMER, SUBJECT ONLY TO APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS GOVERNING LIMITATIONS ON PRODUCT LIABILITY.

© Copyright 2011-2024 Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. AMD, the AMD Arrow logo, Artix, Kintex, Spartan, Virtex, Vivado, and combinations thereof are trademarks of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. Other product names used in this publication are for identification purposes only and may be trademarks of their respective companies.